THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 28 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY JANUARY 3, 1913. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

REPORT ANOTHER FAILURE

A Strike on the Canadian Pacific Railroad System Has Proved Ineffective

Toronto, Jan. 3.—The Industrial Banner is authority for the statement that "another purely national or Canadian labor organization is on the rocks." The strike of the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway Employes on the Canadian Pacific Railway system proved ineffective. This organization was organized and maintained upon the theory of "Canada for the Canadians," a slogan which the employers of labor are very enthusiastic over, this for the reason that the employers feel that if the strength of the American labor movement can be eliminated they will be able to successfully dictate to the unions in Canada as to all conditions. With the local unions in Canada attached to their respective international unions, thereby entitling them to receive the assistance of a powerful and effective labor movement, they are able to meet the employers in Canada on more equal terms and secure from them conditions and wages to which they are entitled. The experiences of purely local unions in Canada are of such a character as to prove to the Canadian trade unionists that the imaginary line which divides the United States and Canada should not be used as a means of dividing the forces of labor.

PROPOSE LABOR BILLS

Three Bills Relating to Labor Conditions in the District of Columbia Were Introduced.

Congressman Lafferty recently introduced three bills relating to labor conditions in the District of Columbia. These bills provide for the limiting of hours of labor in the District, a public service commission, and a minimum wage commission. One bill provides that the hours of labor in the District be limited to eight, per day or forty-eight a week, in building or construction work, or in any manufacturing or mercantile establishment, laundries, hotels, restaurants, telegraph or telephone exchanges, or in any express company. This bill follows closely the lines of the bill recently introduced in the Senate by Senator La Follette. The bill to create a public service commission provides for three members and, if adopted, the commission would be empowered to fix a minimum scale of prices, fares, and charges, keep public utilities service to a proper standard and preserve statistics and data affecting all public utilities of the District. Another bill provides for a minimum wage commission to consist of three members appointed by the President, and not more than one member of the commission to be an employer of labor. It is provided that the commission be vested with power to determine whether or not wages sufficient for living standards are paid to all employes in any occupation in the District of Columbia. This bill further provides that the employers who fail to accept the commission schedule of wages shall be reprimanded by having their names published, with a further provision that no action for damages on account of such publication shall follow. Fines of from $25 to $500 are also provided.

MANAGER A DODGER.

Wheeling, W. Va., January 3.—A strike has been on in this city for many weeks against the Imperial Glass Factory by the Glass Packers' Union. The manager of the company caused it to be known that he was willing to discuss the situation with men outside the Glass Packers' Union. Accordingly an organizer for the American Federation of Labor proceeded to this city and endeavored to secure a conference with the manager of the concern, but to the surprise of the organizer, in face of the statement made by the manager, the latter absolutely refused to take the matter up with a representative of the general labor movement. The strike will be continued with vigor.

TROLLEYMEN GET RAISE.

Hamilton, Jan. 3.—The organized motormen and conductors on the street railway lines in this city have arrived at an amicable agreement between the company and the men as to wages and the extension of the present agreement. The employes are at present receiving 18 cents an hour for the first year; 20 cents for the second, and 22 cents for the third year and thereafter. The new schedule increases the wage to 20 cents for the first year, 22 cents for the second, and 25 cents for the third year and thereafter. The present agreement, which will expire in March, 1914, has been extended with the rates above referred to incorporated for two years, or until 1916.

INSTITUTE PENSION SYSTEM.

St. Louis, Jan. 3.—It is announced by the management of the Frisco Railway system that the 25,000 employes of that railway are to be the recipients of old age and disability pensions. The plan for granting these pensions, according to the announcement, will be effective July 1, 1913.

COMPENSATION BILL

The Bill If Enacted Into Law Will Take Effect On July 1st, 1913.

Portland, Oregon, Jan. 3.—The commission named by Gov. West to draft a workmen's compensation act, has made public a report in which a copy of a proposed law is incorporated. This proposed bill will go to the legislature with a good chance of passage, as it is modeled after the statute adopted by the State of Washington, but with increased benefits. A State industrial commission is also provided for, with ample power to carry out the provisions of the act. The benefits accruing under the proposed bill, if enacted into law, will average twenty-eight per cent higher than in the State of Washington. The first aid feature is given much prominence and the bill, if enacted, will take effect July 1, 1913. Some of the features are that the benefits are elective and not compulsory, and benefits may be extended to occupations not included by the original draft. The findings of fact are to be final by the commission. Three-fourths of the fund is to be contributed by the employer and one-eighth each by the State and the workmen, and the benefits are not liable for debts of the beneficiary.

LABOR BUREAU EFFECTIVE

Representatives of Three Factories Charged With Hiring Child Labor Fined $25 Each.

Alexandria, Va., Jan. 3.—Representatives of nine business firms of this city were recently arrested on warrants issued at the instance of the Bureau of Labor, charging them with violations of the State law. Pleas of guilty were entered by the representatives of three factories charged with employing child labor, and fines of $25 each were imposed. Another fine was imposed upon another company charged with working employes more than ten hours per day. One other case was dismissed on account of compliance with the law having been had prior to the trial date. Two or three other cases were held in abeyance, the parties agreeing to comply with the law. The Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics of this State is doing splendid work in enforcing the statutes relating to the employment of children, hours of labor, and other humanitarian statutory provisions.

RESENTS COURT INTERFERENCE.

Denver, Jan. 3.—The official count of jail, but I have the satisfaction of knowing every employe of the city will have his salary to take to his family Christmas," declared Mayor Arnold, when he was cited for contempt of court after having compelled the city commission to issue the monthly pay checks. The Mayor sometime ago was restrained by order of court from interfering with the commissioners. When Judge Whitford learned of the Mayor's action he ordered him to appear Christmas Eve and explain why he should not be punished for contempt of court. Judge Whitford is the same judge that sentenced to prison the sixteen striking coal miners in the Northern District of Colorado for violating a blanket injunction, and the judge has an unsavory reputation so far as his attitude toward labor is concerned.

MOTORMEN WANT HEAT.

Wheeling, W. Va., January 3.—The organized street railway employes of this city recently held a meeting to approve a bill to be introduced in the next State legislature providing for heating apparatus to be installed in the motormen's vestibule on all street cars in the State of West Virginia. The duties of a motorman in severe cold weather are of such a character that sufficient heat in the forward vestibule is necessary for the safe handling of street cars. Pinched with cold it cannot be expected that a motorman can control a car with as much safety to himself and the public as he would where sufficient heat is provided so that he can exercise his physical strength in operating his car. There are States that have statutes in force regulating the heating of the forward vestibule, and it is desirable that this State should have a similar law.

RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 3.—Two new charters have been issued by the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen. One lodge has been organized near Bainbridge, Ga., and the other one is located in Pennsylvania, but owing to obvious reasons the name of the city where the organization is located is not given. A satisfactory schedule has also been secured on the M. D. & S. R. Railway in Georgia.

PAINTERS WIN STRIKE.

Waco, Tex., Jan. 3.—The painters and papermangers of this city have practically won their three weeks' strike for 60 cents per day increase. Twenty-eight out of thirty contracting firms have agreed to the new wage scale of $3.60 per day for painters and $4 per day for paperhangers.

SEAMEN'S HEARINGS END

The Hearings on the Seamen's Bill For Two Weeks Have Been Concluded.

The hearings before the Senate Committee on Commerce on the Seaman's bill, continued for over two weeks have ended. The committee, after holiday adjournment, will begin active work upon its report. There are many interests involved in this question. There is a conflict of opinion in evidence between the Eastern and Western seaboard vessel owners, and a still further difference of opinion between vessel owners on the Great Lakes. There can hardly be a question, however, as to the feasibility and righteousness of securing for the seamen a restoration of their natural rights and the abolition of involuntary servitude. At the last session of Congress a bill acceptable to the organized seamen passed the House of Representatives, and from indications at this time, it is believed that an acceptable bill will be brought out of the Senate Committee on Commerce and passed by the Senate early in the coming year. Legislation on behalf of the seamen has been accentuated since the great Titanic disaster, and as the United States Senate, under the guidance of Senator Smith, of Michigan, inquired into the tragedy referred to, bringing out clearly the incompetent crew employed by this vessel, it is confidently expected that the Senate, in the light of these facts, will pass a bill which will not only restore to the seaman his normal rights, but protect the seatraveling public.

NEWS FROM SAVANNAH

A Charter Will Be Sought From The Building Trades Department of the A. F. of L.

Savannah, Ga., January 3.—Building Trades Department is about to be organized, all preliminary arrangements having been made, committees now working on constitution and by-laws to govern the new organization. A charter will be sought from the Building Trades Department, A. F. of L. The electricians, who were organized here a few months ago, have established one of the best unions in the city. The membership includes every eligible electrician in the city and agreements have just been signed with all shops calling for the eight-hour day and a wage rate of 50 cents per hour. One of the most successful strikes has been won by the ladies' tailors. This organization was organized about a year ago, and began efforts to secure an increase in wages and better conditions. Finally an agreement was drawn up and presented to the employers, but it was turned down. After a contest of short duration the employers receded from their position, the agreement was signed and the tailors went back to work.

STATUS OF HATTERS' CASE.

Reference has been made to action being taken by the Loewe Hat Company to get the payment of its judgment against the Hatters' Union by having summons issued to the owners of the homes of union hatters in Danbury, Conn., which have been attached to satisfy the judgment referred to. It now develops that in all probability the plaintiffs in this suit, the Loewe Hat Company, are taking this action in order to preserve the legal status of the attachments against these homes. It is not believed, however, that the complaining hat company will care to take the risk of an actual levy on execution, for the reason that if execution was had and the homes sold and the present judgment reversed, a refund with the consequent expenses would be necessary. The American Federation of Labor, on behalf of the hatters, is perfecting an appeal in this case, which will be filed within the limitations usually accompanying the right of appeal.

JOIN A. F. OF L.

Boston, Jan. 3.—The employees of the various hotels in this city some time ago organized under the International Hotel Workers, an independent organization. This organization soon learned that without affiliation with the general labor movement it would be impossible to make any material progress. Realizing this, it has secured affiliation with the Hotel and Restaurant Employes' International Alliance and a charter has been secured through the efforts of General Organizer Frank H. McCarthy. An organizing campaign will now be instituted to secure the affiliation of all the hotel employes in the city.

DISTRICT CARPENTERS.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 3.—A conference was recently held by the delegates from the Fourth district, comprising several Southern States, of the local unions of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners. The general conditions of the Southern territory were gone into thoroughly, and from the reports submitted it appears that the conditions have improved wonderfully since a year ago. Plans were adopted for further activities during the coming year. The next meeting place will be Memphis, Tenn.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY LAW

A Workman Cannot Receive More Than $10 Or Less Than $4 For Liabilities.

Worcester, Mass., January 3.—Compensation approximating $597,000 has been awarded workmen in the first five months' operation of the employers' liability law. There has been 4,000 accidents reported since July 1, the date upon which the law took effect. Of these 80 per cent were not disabled longer than the two weeks required before the workman can get any compensation. Compensation has been awarded to 20 per cent of all the cases reported. Of the whole number less than 30 per cent have preferred to take the recourse afforded them by the law, that of trial by jury. About $15,000 has been awarded to workmen who have suffered from accidents other than fatal. Injured workmen have received half their wages for periods averaging a month. The most that a workman can receive is $10 a week and the least is $4, no matter how large or small his salary may be. The average wage of all the workmen is $12 and the average compensation is $6. Owing to the fact that the loss from accidents to employes has been made a fixed charge against industry has operated as a powerful incentive to prevent accidents. Dangerous occupations are becoming less so, for the insurance companies, with experts acting as do the fire underwriters, are teaching the employers how to eliminate danger. Not a case disposed of by the commission has been taken to court. The speed of operation which the commission has attained has been commendable and few, if any, cases have been undecided two weeks after the accident was reported, thus providing the injured with opportunity to draw compensation immediately the applicant is entitled to it.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY

The Government is Now Ready to Carry Into Effect the New System.

Government supervision over wireless telegraphy is effective, the law having been passed four months ago. The arrangements have been completed to carry into effect the new system of wireless telegraphy, both as to the shore stations and steamships operated by commercial companies and the army and navy stations. Government licenses hereafter will be required for all shore stations and for steamers leaving American ports. There are several hundred shore stations along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, the Gulf and the Great Lakes and Porto Rico. The number of steamships required to carry wireless under the new law is estimated at 1,000. Every steamer with a carrying capacity of fifty passengers on trips exceeding 200 miles is required to have two operators for its wireless equipment. Safeguards for quick communication between the bridge of steamers and the wireless operating room are also provided. Government inspectors are required to visit the shore stations and ships and to report upon the equipment and efficiency of instruments. These reports are to be made the basis for licenses issued by the government. No station or ship will be permitted to operate a wireless plant without such license. Wireless operators also must be licensed.

IT PAYS TO ORGANIZE.

Boston, January 3.—For some time the American Federation of Labor has been endeavoring to secure the organization of the men employed in the packing houses of this city. Success has been attained in large degree, and as a result of the organization of a large per cent of the employes in this industry an increase in the wage rate has been announced by some of the packing companies. The management of the packing houses in Cambridge recently announced an increase of $1 per week to all employes. This increase went into effect on Monday, December 23. Fifteen thousand persons will participate in this increase in wages.

AGGRESSIVE CARPENTERS.

Quincy, Ill., Jan. 3.—Some time ago the carpenters in this city inaugurated a strike against a number of the manufacturing concerns for better conditions. As a result an agreement has been reached with all firms, with the exception of three, and the men have returned to work at the factories where a settlement has been arrived at. Owing to the fact that good mechanics are difficult to obtain, the companies endeavoring to run with inefficient employes are having great difficulty, and the carpenters are confident of eventually securing an agreement from the three firms now endeavoring the defeat the carpenters' union.

DESIGNATES LABOR PAPER.

Bellingham, Wash., Jan. 3.—The Bellingham Journal, the official organ of the Central Labor Council of this city, has been designated as the official city paper of Bellingham, the contract for the city printing for 1913 having been awarded to this paper by the City Council. The Journal has a wide circulation in the city.

COMMISSION REPORTS

As Was To Be Expected It Is Entirely In Favor of The Coal Operators.

The commission appointed by Gov. Glascock of West Virginia to investigate conditions of miners and causes leading up to the present conditions in the Kanawha coal field, has submitted its report. As was to be expected, it is entirely in favor of the coal operators, and in no wise recommends that the coal miners be guaranteed those rights to which every citizen of the United States is entitled. In the face of the fact that coal miners and other sympathizers are being railroaded to the penitentiary for trivial offenses, the commission fails to give any recognition to this phase of the situation. As a matter of fact, the commission is favorable to using the entire machinery of the State government to take from the coal miners of the State the right to organize or any other rights which American citizens are usually guaranteed. Notwithstanding the nature of the report of the commission, the United Mine Workers of America propose to continue their campaign until the time comes when the coal miners of that State shall have the right to organize and to sell their labor at the price fixed upon as fair, and to enjoy the privileges extended to citizens of the State in other walks of life.

OPPOSED TO THE A. F. OF L.

Fire Commissioner Disapproves of The Russell Club Being Affiliated With A. F. of L.

Boston, Jan. 3.—There is an organization in this city composed of members of the city fire department, known as the Russell Club. This club has had under consideration the advisability of taking out a charter of affiliation from the American Federation of Labor. The fire commissioner of the city, Charles H. Cole, has registered his disapproval of this action, and while he is not violent in his opinions, yet a letter from him which was given general publicity, is based upon a misconception of the attitude of the American Federation of Labor toward organizations of this character. The general organizer of the American Federation of Labor in Boston, Frank H. McCarthy, has replied to the argument of the commissioner, in which the attitude of the American Federation of Labor is fully set forth. The representatives of the American Federation of Labor were confronted by a similar question before the committee on civil service reform of the House of Representatives last year in the matter of the organization of the men in the postal service. Secretary Frank Morrison, who appeared before the civil service reform committee, in substance, stated that the last resort of the organizations of labor in securing an adjustment of their grievances from private employers was the strike, but the last resort of organizations of labor whose members are employed by national, State and city governments, was legislation. The attitude of the Russell Club, composed of city firemen, toward the government of the city of Boston, would not be changed in any respect with reference to cessation of work were they to be affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, except by an affiliation with the last-named organization it would be incumbent upon the city firemen to recognize and accept the policy of the American Federation of Labor.

COLORADO ADOPTS AMENDMENTS.

Denver, Dec. 28.—The official count of the thirty-two constitutional amendments just completed shows that the headless ballot, recall of judicial decisions, recall of elective officers, including judges; women's eight-hour law, and the mothers' compensation act are the more important measures that were adopted by the vote of the people at the recent election.

CLEVELAND PAINTERS.

Cleveland, January 3.—There is a well-defined disposition on the part of the union painters in this city to secure an increase in the wage rate paid in this city. Recently the carpenters secured an advance in wages, without friction, effective next April, and it is believed that the painters also will be able to secure a similar advance.

FREE SPEECH ANNIVERSARY.

The first step toward free speech and a free press was taken in England in the year 1621, on December 19, or 291 years ago, when the right of free discussion was claimed by the House of Commons. Up to that time parliamentary debate, adverse to the ruling powers, was not at all safe, and critics of the government were likely to lose their lives or their liberty.

LOSE BY SMALL MARGIN.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 3.—The State canvassing board has completed its work so far as the woman suffrage amendment is concerned, and it has been announced that this amendment has been defeated by the small majority of 760.

FRAUDULENT PRACTICE

Government Charges Fraudulent Practice By Railroad Company in Securing Patents.

Los Angeles, Cal., January 3.—A billion dollars' worth of California oil bearing lands, it is stated, will eventually be involved in the government's litigation, which has begun here with the filing of the $250,000,000 action in equity against the Southern Pacific Railway and its subsidiary corporations. Other suits are to follow in which the government will contest the ownership of a total of $750,000,000 worth of land. The suit is brought under the act of Congress, passed July 27, 1866, requiring the Department of Interior to exempt mineral bearing lands in issuing patents to railroads. The government will contend that of 440,000 acres of land on the main line of the Southern Pacific, in California, 45,726 acres are mineral bearing, and must revert to the public domain. The government charges fraudulent practice on the part of the railroad company in securing patents. The land for the most part is in the Coalinger oil fields, and is under lease of a subsidiary corporation of the Southern Pacific, and is a joint defendant in the suit. This illustrates, in part, the piratical policy pursued by the Southern Pacific Railroad in the domain it traverses, and is illuminating in the way of showing the tremendous influence which it has drown to itself during the long years it has been in peaceful possession of these lands in defiance of the law.

OFFICIALS DISCUSS LAWS

The Commission or A Portion of It Favor Amending the Miners' Certificate Law.

Shamokin, Pa. January 3.—The officials of the United Mine Workers of the anthracite district met in this city recently to discuss the work of the commission appointed to codify the anthracite mine laws. It seems that the commission, or at least a portion of it, is in favor of amending the miners' certificate law in such manner as to permit the issuance of certificates to miners who have two years' experience in any sort of a mine instead of an anthracite coal mine, and that no person but the mine inspector can recommend to the court any person who is eligible to serve on the examining board. In fact, it is stated that some members of the commission desire to entirely overturn the present system now in vogue, with reference to the securing of miners' certificates, together with withdrawing the right of the people to elect inspectors. The United Mine Workers' officials desire some minor changes made and are in the main favorable to the law as it now stands.

TRADE EDUCATION AND ABILITY

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 3.—Secretary Frank Duffy, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, states that in Winnipeg, Canada, classes in building construction and steel square have been instituted. In one school alone the instructor has sixty pupils in his class, three nights a week. The Winnipeg Union has one instructor in each of the two technical schools. In Calgary, Canada, every man who joins the Carpenters' Union is subject to a strict examination by a special committee of first-class mechanics appointed by the local union. This step was taken by the Calgary Union to remove any prejudice which may exist at present on the score of the oft-heard assertion that any one who uses a hammer and saw can join this union of mechanics and receive the top wage.

NEW COUNCIL ORGANIZED.

Boston, Jan. 3.—The Boston American Federation of Labor Longshoremen's Trade Council has been organized. This council contains the longshoremen's unions which have recently changed their affiliation from the Knights of Labor to the recognized Longshoremens' International Union, together with the Steamship Clerks' Union and the Dock Freight Handlers' Union. This places practically all the waterfront organizations in the council and also in affiliation through their international unions with the American Federation of Labor.

COMMENDABLE CAMPAIGN.

Sacramento, Cal., January 3.—James F. Brock, president of the International Union of Laundry Workers, has been very successful in building up the Laundry Workers' Union in this city. From one small institution, employing only a few people, a number of other laundries have been organized, and the membership is increasing at every meeting held.

RE-ELECT WHITE.

Indianapolis, Jan. 3.—It is practically a foregone conclusion that John P. White, now president of the United Mine Workers of America, has been re-elected, as there was no opposition candidate against him in the election which has just closed. As to the other offices over which there was a contest, no report has been given out.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

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John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF WASHINGTON ALLIED TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 3, 1913.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

We trust that one of those "New Year Resolves" was that you are going to pay for your subscription to "The Trades Unionist," and that you are also going to procure another subscriber. We feel that it is an oversight on your part that you have not sent in the price of your subscription and as bills must be met and as our creditors are not as lenient with us as we are with you, we hope that you will see to it at once and make remittance. We are very thankful for past favors and will deeply appreciate future ones. Try and procure for us a new subscriber and it will not be long before your labor paper will take first rank with any in the country. We hope that this reminder will be a sufficient notice to delinquents.

Why not be a faithful member of the union and honestly do everything that you think the other fellow ought to do?

There is more to a trade union than the extra dollar it brings—real trades unionism means real brotherhood.

The agitator can afford to soar as far Pegasus will carry him; but the leader must stay within reasoning distance of his fellows.

You can't teach a "new" trade unionist old tricks. He insists upon learning in his own way and at the cost of his own bumps.

When our enemies say we seek to drag the best workmen down to a level with the poorest, they knowingly and deliberately lie. Organized labor seeks a living wage for all, but puts no maximum on any man's wages. We want him to get all he can, but not less than a living wage.

Don't think you have done your full duty when you pay your dues. Who is to do the necessary committee work? Suppose all said, "Let the other fellow do it." How long would you retain your present conditions? Be true to yourself. Do your fair share of the work. Don't be a leech.

The meetings of your local should never be neglected. That's where the business concerning your employment is conducted. Don't stand on the corners and criticise those who do the work. Go to the meeting and do your share.

As long as workingmen continue to buy non-union made goods, just so long will respect for them be less and merchants continue to handle that class of goods whose existence proclaims labor's servility. It signifies that human life is becoming more highly prized in the production of human commodities than mere profit. It warns you that by patronizing a firm that does not uphold it, you assist in building up the business of a tyrant who extracts a fortune from the drudgery and degredation of his fellow men. Therefore create the demand. Ask for a union label wherever you go, whatever you purchase. Even though you are aware that a label is not on the market, nevertheless demand it. Demand governs supply.

Officials of the Chicago Telephone Company appeared before the city council, gas, oil and electric light committee and attacked the report of E. W. Bemis, the city's public utility expert, on the question of a revision of the company's rates for service. The report, which was made several weeks ago, stated that a reduction of about $700,000 annually could be given telephone subscribers in the Chicago field of the company without depriving the corporation of a fair return on its investment.

It is a mistake on the part of labor to attempt the refutation of the "class" theory by insistence upon the mutuality of the interests of labor and capital. These are merely elements of the same principle—the productive capacity. To speak, therefore, of the mutuality of interest between labor and capital as of two principles is of itself to recognize two classes, the laborer and the capitalist.

When a merchant spends his money to advertise in a labor paper he certainly deserves the trade of organized labor. It is up to you, trade unionist, to see that he gets it.

Organization of the organized is a great thing and should be pushed vigorously. By properly supporting present organizations this work can be pushed forward—this means the union label.

Unionism is what its adherents make it. Its principles are good and its aims are noble, but it will give back only in proportion to what the wage earners put into it.

Can you think of any business institution which pays as large dividends on the money invested as your local union? Are you doing your part to maintain it?

It is a cheap union man who stays away from his union meeting because some member says something that he doesn't like.

GETTING RESULTS

Anybody can do it. Some can get better results than others, but we all can get some results.

There are several important advantages in using literature. The leaflet that you give a man always sticks to the point. We don't always do that. Therefore, it never gets side-tracked by a specious argument. It never loses its temper. It never gets "rattled." Frequently it will tell the story far better than you can put it.

You should be familiar with the arguments or appeals which you are making in the printed page; first, because you should know just what leaflet is needed for a particular case; second, because you should know just what to use next in order to follow up your previous effort.

It is helpful, sometimes, to underscore certain words or sentences. This for two reasons. It will call attention to the most important parts of the leaflet, and it catches the eye of the casual reader who may not care to take time to read the entire leaflet. These outstanding "catch-words" may hold his attention, and possibly interest him to the extent that he may want to study the entire pamphlet.

Yru should have a system in your plan, in order to get the best results. Mail regularly to those who think should oead them, such leaflets as you think will be most effective. Plan to get a series of leaflets with a cumulative value. A one-cent stamp will carry (unsealed) two ounces of such matter. If this is kept up for a month, sending the leaflet weekly, so that they will be received each Saturday morning for instance, it is bound to make an impression. There is value in sending them at stated periods, rather than at irregular times. It is the steady, rythmic, repeated blow in the same place that counts. If this method is continued, you will hear of something definite being accomplished. Somebody should become directly responsible for such a campaign.

If it is not possible to enter into so thorough a system, the leaflet may be placed in your ordinary letters, written to those who need such help as they may give.

Make arrangement with the newspaper carrier to have the leaflet placed in the papers which he delivers at the homes of workingmen, or which he sells on the streets. No one will mind receiving this extra reading matter, and it may do good. It is true that some of the leaflets may be wasted by this method, but so are a good many sermons wasted because they are not heard. Enlist in your cause a workingman in a particular shop who will regularly distribute the printed matter. Literature distributed among men in the shop is passed from man to man is usually very thoroughly discussed at the noon hour, as their lunches are being eaten.

Leaflets may be used at the close of a public address on some phase of trades unionism, or they may be used as advertising matter before the address is given. Housekeepers may give them to the men who call at their back doors to deliver groceries, meat, milk, ice, etc.

Sometimes leaflets which counteract error regarding trades unionism may be handed to the audience as it leaves a hall in which error has been preached. Occasionally, good, crisp, up-to-date leaflcts, will be printed by your local paper.

There is no reason why every trades union in the land should not push good literature. In some instances men are spending fortunes for the sole purpose of sending broadcast the printed matter which tells of something in which they are interested. Every political party uses it. Reformers employ it. General advertisers send out tons of it. They do it because they have found that it pays. If it pays them it will pay the labor union. It is one of the cheapest ways of attracting attention and telling your message.

International associations could invest money in no better way than by supplying locals with such materials as will meet the particular needs of their crafts.

Written in a fair, rational spirit, free from bitterness and from slander of every description—such material will bring in a rich harvest of increased membership and a more intelligent conception on the part of the public with regard to the aims and aspirations of organized labor.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

ACTIVITY IN MICHIGAN.

Grand Rapids, Mich., January 3.—The Central body of this city has decided to call upon the national and international unions to send representatives to this portion of the State for the purpose of arousing a greater interest in the organized labor movement during the coming year. The movement in this city is progressing, with new organizations being formed and a general revival of interest. In other portions of the State there is also added interest. The president of the State Federation of Labor and the legislative committee of the same body are preparing legislation to be introduced at the coming session of the legislature. On the whole, the movement in this State is apparently taking on greater activity than for many years.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Did you ever try going to bed backwards? I did, and was laid up with a broken rib for three weeks and over as a result.

A postal from our former office mate, D. H. McDonald, informs me that he is located at the Home, is in good health and spirits, and well pleased with the surroundings.

A postal from chairman J. B. Sullivan informs me that he is making excellent progress in learning the mechanical construction of the Monotype machinery. He is taking his lessons at the Monotype Company's school in Philadelphia.

A communication from Miss Julia M. Burke, of the G. P. O., informs me that she visited Miss Jennie Fulle at the asylum on Christmas day and found her in good spirits. She desires to extend her thanks to the members of Columbia Union for their kindly remembrance of her at the December meeting.

Mr. Ralph B. Myers visited Pittsburg friends Christmas week.

Mr. W. E. Halstead is doing stone work and otherwise helping out on the job side.

S. Arthur Eyler and R. B. Galleher have completed their apprenticeships and are now full fledged key-board operators.

OFF TO MEXICO.

Son of Prominent Washington Printer Accepts Important Position.

Mr. David L. C. Hoover, son of Mr. L. C. Hoover, son of Mr. L. C. Hoover of the Washington Herald, and Mrs. Hoover, who has been spending the holidays here with his parents, left Saturday evening for Asarco, State of Durango, Mexico, where he will represent the American Smelting and Refining Company in the capacity of the company's expert relay chemist. Before being promoted to the Mexico position Mr. Hoover was employed by the Smelting Company at Perth Amboy, N. J. Mr. Hoover, who is only 24 years of age, stands at the head of his profession, and Mr. and Mrs. Hoover are justly proud of the rapid advancement of their son and the receipent of many congratulations upon his promotion.

FIREMEN OFFER TO ARBITRATE.

New York, Jan. 3.—Immediately subsequent to the award of the arbitration board in the matter of the locomotive engineers and the fifty Eastern railroads, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen made demands upon these same railroads for an advanced scale of wages. As noted in last week's News Letter, the committee of managers of the roads mentioned agreed to concede to the firemen advantages similar to those awarded by the board of arbitration in the case of the locomotive engineers, and requested the firemen to waive the demand for additional firemen on certain types of locomotives. It is now reported that the president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen has notified these roads that in preference to a strike vote he is willing to arbitrate under the Erdman act the demands for increased pay and better working conditions.

OFFICIALS RESIGN.

Indianapolis, Jan. 3.—M. W. Mitchell, president, and James F. McHugh, secretary, of the Journeymen Stone Cutters' Association of North America, at the recent convention held in this city, resigned their respective positions. To fill the vacancies thus caused Samuel Griggs, of Cleveland, Ohio, was elected president and Walter W. Drayer, of Columbus, Ohio, was elected secretary by action of the convention. The general offices of the organization are to be removed from Washington, D. C., to this city on January 1, 1913.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

The first week in January the American newspaper jokesmith makes "phat." It is the open season for the water-wagon "witticism."

* * *

"Those who ask for office will stand the least chance of getting it," is the way a daily newspaper I recently read outlines President-elect Wilson's policy. Is it possible that the new Executive is going to send the "ask-and-ye-shall-receive" contingent to the "beautiful isle of nowhere?"

* * *

William A. ("Jake") Peffer, of the G. P. O. proof room, known to almost all the printers of this city, has been quite ill for some time past. Castlemon P. Boss, of the mono keyboard section, a sufferer from typhoid fever, is considerably improved, though still a very sick man. John Mulroy, a Printery veteran, suffered a slight stroke of paralysis a few days ago.

* * *

Under the head of "Miscellaneous for sale," a Washington daily had an ad reading "Irish maid—in good condition—$2." At least six ciphers should have been added to that "2" for even $2,000,000 would be a bargain for one of Erin's fair daughters! However, the Christmas-cheer-crazed compositor was doubtless struggling to say "Irish mail." I trust the boss chased the pudding-headed proof reader out of town.

* * *

Two old friends met in the sanctum of the Congressional Record and cordially shook hands.

"Well," said one, "I guess the change in administration isn't going to affect us any."

"No danger," said the other. "The Record can't do without you and me."

They both laughed, shook hands again, and strolled into the copy room.

One was "Laughter."

The other "Applause."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

* * *

Mr. George W. Howland, an old and honored member of Columbia Union, and well known in the Government Printing Office, where he has been employed for many years, continues quite ill. He has been away from work for the greater part of the past year, and has the sympathy of many friends. Howland is, when one knows him well, a most companionable man, and even the confinement and sufferings of his long sickness have failed to banish his good nature or rob him of his pleasing power to entertain.

* * *

Mrs. Mary L. Sheldon, widow of the late Charles A. Sheldon (who worked in the Government Printing Office for several years and represented Columbia Union as a delegate to the I. T. U. convention held in Milwaukee in 1900), was the recipient, during the holidays, of a substantial testimonial from friends here. A handsome carving set was "chanced off," a popular young lady of the G. P. O. proof room being the winner, and more than $100 was realized for the needy widow. The credit for the success of this helpful action is due in large measure to President John B. Dickman and Elmer Johnson.

* * *

From Seattle, Wash., comes the intelligence that a party of the name of Stork visited the home of Mr. Frank E. Wright in that city on December 22, 1912, and left thereat a precious bundle—a wee lady of about 9 pounds avoirdupois. This new member of a happy family has been christened Margaret, and is doing finely and growing famously. Mr. and Mrs. Wright are receiving many congratulations, especially from the proof room of the Government Printing Office, where the "Deacon" was until recently a popular and valued employee.

* * *

Along about the Christmas holidays I had the great pleasure of meeting an old and valued friend and co-worker in the person of Mr. Merlin Hull, now of Black River Falls, Wis. Since leaving Washington (where he worked in the Government Printing Office by day and went to a local law school at night) Mr. Hull has prospered in his Northwestern home. Seven times he has been a candidate for office in his county, and has always been successful. He is now serving his third term in the Wisconsin legislature, and has a fine law business and an excellent weekly newspaper and well-equipped job office at Black River Falls. Brother Hull is endowed with a combination that nearly always spells success—brains, industry, and integrity.

* * *

C. B. Ratcliffe, who recently left this city for the Union Printers' Home, has this to say about that institution in a letter to the writer:

"You often read, no doubt, of the splendid care that is bestowed upon residents, but to be known and properly appreciated one has to be a partaker of its unpurchasable benefits. It is splendidly managed; in every detail for the uplift and comfort and happiness and entertainment of residents I can find absolutely nothing lacking. Any man who will 'kick' here would not be satisfied anywhere. The weekly concert and moving picture entertainment Sunday evening was a 'top-notcher.' There is a library with a fine assortment of the different classes of reading matter—daily papers from every section; well-supplied larder, with excellent service, cleanliness in the service, etc, Everything necessary is done, and done promptly and systematically.

"I have met many 'old-timers,' associates of the 'road,' New York, and the West. McDonald is here and sat beside me at the first breakfast. 'Jumbo' Robinson, well known in Washington, greeted me and 'showed me around.' The weather is mild and bright sunshine has prevailed every day, so far.

"I thank God and my friends in No. 101 for my present surroundings, and shall hope to prove worthy.

"My kind regards to Dickman and Seibold, and for yourself be assured of my sincere regard and gratitude."

W. N. BROCKWELL.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS

The relations existing between Local 247, the Central Labor Union and Mr. J. W. Gregg, of the National Dairy, are of a satisfactory and friendly nature, Mr. Gregg being the first large dairy proprietor to sign the contract submitted by the union. This firm is also the only union dairy delivering milk in the Government Printing Office.

Just as the blue label of the Cigar Makers' Union on the box is your only safe guide in purchasing cigars, so, too, is the monthly button issued free of charge to the driver and worn by him, your saftest way of recognizing a union milk man.

The annual election of officers for the present year will be held Thursday, January 9, in Typographical Temple.

FRED W. FOX.

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TRADE UNION POINTERS

Organized labor welcomes employers' associations which are organized for the purpose of safe-guarding the interest of their members, but it deplores "union smashing" alliances of any kind which deny the same right of mutual protection to organized labor. Organized labor does not stand for equal earnings of all workingmen, thus reducing the skilled workingman to the level of the lowest; it simply insists upon the minimum amount which shall be paid all workingmen. There is no rule which prevents an employer from paying an employee as much more as he pleases. It does not insist upon the employment of incompetent men. The employer may hire whom he pleases. It is only when the employer discriminates against an employee because of his membership in the trade union that organized labor thinks it necessary to protect him.

Organized labor does not draw the color line. A portion of the pledge taken by every candidate who becomes a member of the American Federation of Labor, is as follows:

"I promise never to discriminate against a fellow worker on account of creed, color or nationality." That a colored man is not always as acceptable as a white man is sometimes true, but in such cases it is true, not because trades unionism is opposed to the colored man, but because the general sentiment of the community is against him. No one has a right to charge against trade unionism exclusively, that which can be brought home to other organizations and institutions in the same community which are supposed to have a higher standard of ethics.

Trades unionism is not a "Labor Trust." A trust excludes the many for the benefit of the few. Trades unionism opens wide its door to every man in the craft, frequently reducing or abrogating the initiation fee in order to make it easier for the candidate. A trust is a close corporation; a trades union diligently seeks new members.

The "Walking Delegate" does not have unlimited power in the matter of calling a strike. The men do not blindly follow his dictation. The Business Agent can order a strike only when the question has been voted upon by the members of the Union. He then simply announces the strike. Sometimes he is given power to order the strike by the men themselves in any extraordinary case, but even in such instances the action must be endorsed by those directly concerned. It is not his business to "stir up trouble" for peaceably inclined workmen. He is considered the most successful Business Agent who keeps his men at work. Frequently he winks at open violation of stipulated agreements on the part of the employer in order to prevent a strike. He is really the "Pastor" of his Union. He visits the sick, he finds work for the unemployed, he cares for those who are in distress of any kind.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

LEGAL INFORMATION

Frank Fuller, Attorney. 'Phone M. 1826.
(This column is devoted to legal matters of interest to laboring men, and to answering such legal questions as may be asked by our readers. It is open to all without charge. Direct all inquiries to THE TRADES UNIONIST.)

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

To everyone—a lucky 13.

Washington's birthday is the next stop.

The private secretary to Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is a woman's writer.

Defective memory is at its best on the witness stand.

Mr. Rockefeller's chief exercise is in dodging the legal lasso.

The skating season to date is short in its quota of thin ice casualties.

A very noticeable thing about the average tramp is when he changes his collar.

From all accounts there's nothing quite so successful as a surgical operation.

To make sure, several New Year resolutions are postponed until after March 4.

Dropping a good egg in water amounts to about the same as dropping a nickel in the slot.

Gloves should wear longer than they do, and they would except for the strain in putting them on.

Opponents of the eight-hour work day may derive some consolation from the fact that the days are growing longer.

The women suffragists have been granted freedom of the city to give vent to their feelings by a parade and banner display on March 3. Washington will agree to most anything, so long as it does not disturb the serenity of the "safe-and-sane" 4th of July, otherwise known as "slumber day."

Paymaster Wilver, of the Government Printing Office, rounded out the old year by characteristic mindfulness in "first aid" service to those who were slightly crippled while meeting the extra demands of the holiday season. The favor was timely and greatly appreciated.

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SAMUEL G. STEWART, Heurich Brewing Company's Beers and popular brands of Whiskies, 1141 Seventh Street N. W.

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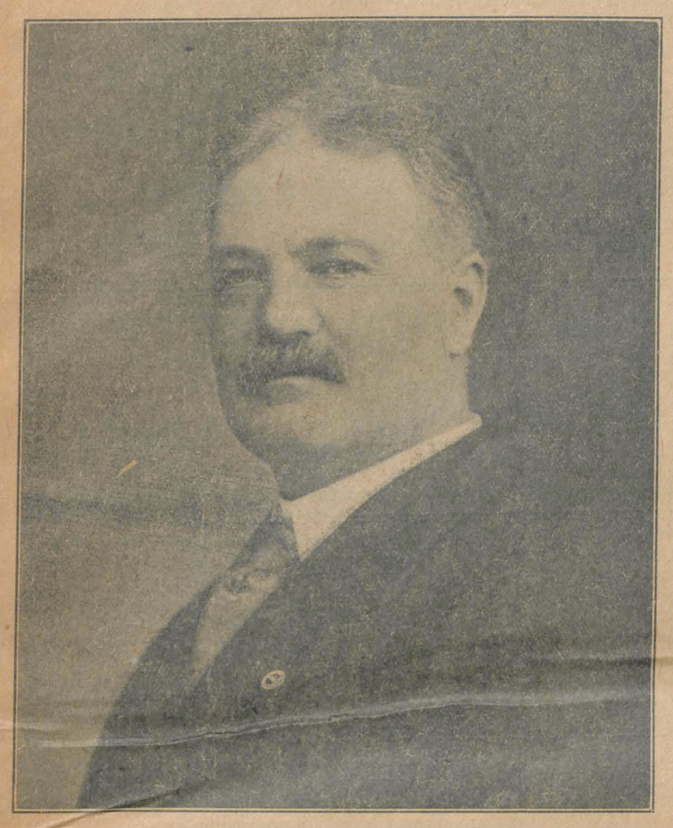
THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 29 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY JANUARY 10, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

NEWLY ELECTED PRESIDENT



FRANK A. KIDD

C. L. U. ELECTS OFFICERS

Semi-Annual Election of Officers A Friendly Spirited Affair

The semi-annual election of officers of the Central Labor Union was held on Monday night. It brought out one of the largest attended meetings held for several months owing to the rivalry for the office of President. A strenuous campaign had been waged between the friends of Frank A. Kidd who was chosen President and that of his opponent A. C. Hayden. The best of feeling prevailed between the forces of each candidate and the election left no sore spots to be healed.

John A. McDonald was unanimously elected Vice-President and all the old officers were re-elected without any opposition. The following officers were installed by retiring President Snellings for the ensuing term:

Frank A. Kidd, president, delegate from the Typographical Union; John A. McDonald, vice-president, delegate from the plumbers; John B. Colpoys, secretary; Newton A. James, financial secretary; Luke F. Ludlow, treasurer, and sergeant-at-arms, Joseph Clark. Trustees chosen were W. T. Baum, P. A. Sugrue, and Frank Rom.

SEEK OVERTIME PAY.

New York, Jan. 10.—One hundred and twenty-five widows of workmen formerly employed in the Brooklyn Navy Yard have organized a committee which hopes to secure from the government $30,000 in overtime wages, which workmen had claimed was due them. The claims have been hanging fire for nearly thirty-five years. On March 21, 1878, an order signed by the Secretary of the Navy was posted in the navy yard, which stated that eight hours would constitute a day's work. It said also that any workman who chose to labor ten hours a day should get a proportionate increase in pay. Most of the men worked overtime on the strength of the order. During the time this order was in operation many earned six months' extra pay, but they never received it.

PULMOTORS SUCCESSFUL.

Pittsburg, Jan. 10.—Forty minutes after they had been declared dead of suffocation, seven out of twelve firemen overcome by smoke and gas during the destruction of the Westinghouse Electric plant by fire were revived by pulmotors at a local hospital, and owe their lives to this life-saving invention. The Bureau of Mines in Washington, D. C., has a full equipment of pulmotors for its life-saving crew, and they have proved successful in many instances. It is now stated that the fire department in this city will at once add to its equipment a sufficient number of pulmotors to meet any emergency which might arise in the future.

HOUSING OF MINERS.

Pittsburg, Jan. 10.—The United States Coal Company recently let contracts for the building of a number of modern miners' houses close to the company's mines on the Keyser and Saylor farms near Boswell, Somerset County. The houses will be supplied with running water and electric lights, and will be the best houses of their kind at any of the mines in this section of the country.

NEW MEXICO NEWS.

Roswell, N. Mex., Jan. 10.—The president of the State Federation of Labor, together with Organizer John L. Lewis, of the American Federation of Labor, have organized a Central Labor Union in this city. Organized labor of the State is active and the membership of the local unions is increasing.

REYNOLDS' VIEW.

London, Jan. 10.—Under the caption "A Forlorn Hope," Reynolds' Newspaper has this to say: "Mr. Arnold Hills first tried to save the Thames Ironworks Company by getting the Admiralty to give its contracts at a higher rate than those given to the North of England firms. That attempt having failed, he put forward an ingenius scheme for the Trade Unions to invest £100,000 in the business. The one idea is as preposterous as the other. At a mass meeting of workmen at Deptford Broadway the strongest exception was taken to locking up Trade Union funds in a business the unions might at any moment be fighting. The workman's chief interest is, and must remain, the price at which he can sell his labor, and no scheme for making him a capitalist in a small way can change that."

REMEMBERED.

Fall River, Mass., Jan. 10.—Innumerable are services performed by members of labor organizations in the interest of humanity. Simon S. Sullivan, formerly president of the Central Labor Union, performed a valuable service in aiding the Steam Firemen's Association in securing better conditions of labor, and in recognition thereof the firemen took occasion during the holiday season to remember in a substantial way the efforts put forth in their behalf by Simon Sullivan. Well-directed effort in humanitarian channels returns its own reward in a consciousness of having advanced a worthy cause, but when added to by personal appreciation one is doubly repaid.

A BIG SUM.

From financial quarters a statement was made declaring that there are still two years during which the Steel Corporation's lease of the Hill ore lands has to run, for the year that is now ending and for 1913 and 1914. The trustees of the Hill property are to receive $16,651,000 from the corporation. That sum equals $11 on each of the 1,500,000 Great Northern Ore certificates that are outstanding.

ELECT VICE PRESIDENT.

Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 10.—Joseph F. Clarke, of this city, has been elected fourth vice president of the International Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators, and Paperhangers at an election recently held to fill a vacancy in that office.

UNION ACTIVITY CAN SECURE PASSAGE OF BOOHER CONVICT LABOR BILL

To Secretaries of State Federations and City Central Bodies:

The following is official, and you are urged to secure compliance with the request contained therein. Prompt action is essential.

FRANK MORRISON, Secretary A. F. of L. — *SAMUEL GOMPERS, President A. F. of L.*

The Booher convict labor bill, which passed the House of Representatives during the last session of Congress, was before a subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee on January 3, and favorable report is expected to be made to the full Judiciary Committee. Senator Brown, of Nebraska, is chairman of the subcommittee. The Booher bill provides:

"That all goods, wares, and merchandise manufactured, produced, or mined, wholly or in part, by convict labor, or in any prison or reformatory, transported into any State or Territory, or remaining therein for use, consumption, sale, or storage, shall, upon arrival and delivery in such State or Territory, be subject to the operation and effect of the laws of such State or Territory to the same extent and in the same manner as though such goods, wares, and merchandise had been manufactured, produced or mined in such State or Territory, and shall not be exempt therefrom by reason of being introduced in original packages or otherwise."

It is important that all State Federations, Central Bodies, and Local Unions should take favorable action looking to have communications, under official seal, forwarded to their United States Senators and to the members of the Senate Judiciary Committee, as well, urging that the Booher convict labor bill—H. R. 5601—be favorably reported to the Senate and passed. The Senate Judiciary committee is composed of the following members:

Clark of Wyoming, chairman; Nelson of Minnesota, Dillingham of Vermont, Sutherland of Utah, Brandegee of Connecticut, Borah of Idaho, Brown of Nebraska, Cummins of Iowa, Root of New York, Bacon of Georgia, Culberson of Texas, Overman of North Carolina, Paynter of Kentucky, Chilton of West Virginia, and O'Gorman of New York. There is one vacancy upon the committee, Senator Rayner of Maryland having recently died.

Prompt action upon the part of the organizations of labor will have much influence in securing the passage of this measure, which has the indorsement of the American Federation of Labor. Address all communications to Senate Office Building, Washington, D. C.

NEWS FROM BIRMINGHAM

Organized Labor is Active and the Movement is Having a Healthy Growth

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 10.—Organized labor in this city is active and the movement is having a healthy growth. A local of the International Alliance of Bill Posters and Billers of America has been organized by a local organizer of the American Federation of Labor. This local starts off with bright prospects. There is a movement on foot also among the clerks employed by the various railroad companies entering this city to revive the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks. At one time practically 70 per cent of those employed in the capacity indicated were members of this organization, but for some unaccountable reason the organization dwindled in membership and went to pieces. An organizer for the craft is soon to be here for the purpose of reorganizing. An agreement has been reached between a local lodge of machinists and the United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Company. Under the agreement the machinists are to receive an increase of 2½ cents per hour and the working day reduced from ten hours to nine, with time and a half for overtime. The apprentices secured a reduction in hours without a decrease in pay. Through the efforts of the Allied Printing Trades Council a new local of mailers has been organized with a fair-sized charter list.

U. A. STEAMFITTERS.

The decision of the A. F. of L. at the recent annual convention in Rochester, revoking the charter of the International Association of Steam Fitters, and giving entire jurisdiction over the pipe fitting trades of the United Association of Plumbers, has had the effect of securing many accessions to its ranks from the International Association. In St. Louis the Anheuser Busch Brewing Company, heretofore employing I. A. steamfitters, is now employing steamfitters that are affiliated with the United Association of Plumbers. In San Francisco the I. A. Steamfitters' Union has withdrawn from its parent organization and affiliated itself with the United Association of Plumbers.

CHILD LABOR BLAMED.

Buffalo, Jan. 10.—The growth of immorality among young girls, a yearly increase in the number of illegitimate births and in the birth of sickly children was laid directly at the feet of employers of child labor and women, who fail to provide sanitary workshops for them. The foregoing statement was made by Dr. Francis E. Fronczak, Commissioner of Health, of Buffalo, who recently testified before the State factory investigation commission. The commissioner stated that employers who allowed children and women to work under such conditions as obtain should be indicted as criminals.

CHARGE VIOLATION OF LAWS.

Alexandria, Va., Jan. 10.—A number of business firms in this city have been charged with violation of the laws of the State by the Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics. This bureau is making a strong effort to enforce the labor laws of the State, and convictions in a number of cases have been had.

CELEBRATE ANNIVERSARY

The Central Trade and Labor Union Celebrated Its Twenty-fifth Anniversary

St. Louis, Jan. 10.—The Central Trades and Labor Union of this city celebrated its twenty-fifth anniversary on Saturday evening, December 21. The organization of the Central Trades and Labor Union occurred in 1887, just subsequent to the time when the general assembly of the Knights of Labor concurred in a resolution to compel the Cigarmakers' International Union to take its choice between the American Federation of Labor and Knights of Labor. Conspicuous among the men who were among the early officers of the Central Trades and Labor Union were David Kreyling, a cigarmaker, now and for many years secretary; Philip Hofher, another cigarmaker; Harry Blackmore, carpenter; J. P. Marnell, a printer; Owen Miller, secretary-treasurer of the American Federation of Musicians. A charter was granted the organization by the A. F. of L. in the year of its organization in 1887. This body is one of the most deliberative and effective central bodies in the United States.

TO ASK GOVERNMENT AID.

Albany, Jan. 10.—The States most affected by the problem of the alien insane have accepted an invitation to co-operate with this State in an effort to induce Congress to enact legislation designed to relieve the States of the burden of caring for the mental defectives admitted to this country. The State of New York has had an expensive experience with alien insane, and it is becoming a problem of great magnitude. It is pointed out that the next New York State legislature will be asked to appropriate nearly $12,000,000 to care for the insane for 1913, an increase of approximately $3,500,000 over last year. Thousands of the insane patients cared for by the State are aliens, and it is assumed to be only fair that the Federal government, which controls entirely the admission of aliens into this country, should foot the bills for the care of the mental defectives admitted.

SOME MERCHANTS ARE FAIR.

Pueblo, Colo., Jan. 10.—The merchants in this city, at a meeting recently held, unanimously refused to co-operate with Denver business men in an effort to set aside the women's eight-hour law, adopted at the recent election. It is stated that this action has put a damper upon the efforts of the Denver merchants to thwart the will of the people, and that the law will probably be allowed to remain in effect without a contest in the courts. The action of the Pueblo business men is not only commendable, but evinces a spirit for fair play and a proper regard for the rights of those who are employed by mercantile institutions.

RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 10.—The organizing campaign of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen continues. Recently two lodges have been organized, one located in Illinois and one in Arkansas. For the best of reasons the location of the lodges is not given.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

A Commission Was Appointed to Study Industrial Education in Indiana

Indianapolis, Jan. 10.—Agreeable to an action taken by the State legislature, a commission was appointed to study industrial education in Indiana. The commission, after an investigation has reported and recommended a levy of approximately 10 cents on every $100 of assessed property to give each boy and girl a useful training. The proposing of this levy is causing some opposition, but it is believed that out of the recommendations of the commission some plan will be evolved whereby sufficient funds can be secured and an effective vocational training system be instituted in this State. There are 25,000 boys and girls in the State between the ages of fourteen and sixteen who have not secured adequate preparation for life work in the schools and are working in occupations that hold no promise of future competence or advancement.

LOOKING FOR TROUBLE.

Aurora, Ill., Jan. 10.—It is stated that a number of manufacturing establishments in this city and vicinity are preparing to establish the "Taylor system" in their factories. As is well known, this system is a plan worked out whereby men are timed on particular pieces of work for the purpose of setting a standard. The standard is arrived at by compelling workmen to work at breakneck speed. In a word, it is a scheme for the purpose of compelling workmen to employ every ounce of physical energy in their make-up, with a view to reducing the cost of manufacture, without a compensating increase to the workmen for greater production. It is asserted that if this system is inaugurated, serious difficulty will likely follow, as has been the case in nearly every instance where the so-called "Taylor system" has been introduced.

PROFITS STILL GROWING.

According to a late statement of the railroad earnings for November, which became public recently, the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific exhibit large gains in comparison with the figures for November, 1911. Union Pacific's November gross was $8,731,119, an increase of $1,653,196; net was $3,442,452, an increase of $540,096. Southern Pacific showed a gross in November of $12,651,418, an increase of $694,505; net was $4,055,030, an increase of $305,674. The earnings of each road for the year so far constitute a new high record. The earnings of the Santa Fe for November show $10,828,880, which is an increase of $880,465 over November, 1911, and $4,110,725 net, an increase of $293,593.

TRUST ANNOUNCES RAISE.

Chicago, Jan. 10.—Clerks, bookkeepers, stenographers, and other office employes of the Pullman Company, to the number of 2,500 are to receive an increase in pay from 6 per cent to 12 per cent, the increase taking effect January 1. This is in accordance with a statement given to the public press by officials of the company. So far as the shop workmen are concerned no intimation is given as to whether they are to participate in any increase or not—probably not.

IN THE FIGHTING CLASS

Retail Clerks Have Been on a Strike Twenty-one Consecutive Weeks

Lafayette, Ind., Jan. 10.—The strike of the retail clerks of this city against a local department store is still being vigorously prosecuted. The strike has been on for twenty-one consecutive weeks, and the ranks of the strikers are still unbroken. The clerks are fighting for a minimum wage of $5 per week for saleswomen; a 5:30 o'clock closing, except on Saturdays, during the months of January, February, July, and August. The retail clerks' organization, during almost its entire history, has not been what might be termed a militant organization. Within the last two or three years, however, numerous strikes have been inaugurated by the retail clerks, with considerable success. While the strike mentioned is proving a long-drown-out contest, it will undoubtedly prove beneficial in the end to the employes of the department store against which the strike is being conducted, as well as having a salutary influence on other commercial enterprises where clerks are employed. Organized labor in Lafayette and vicinity are giving valuable support to the clerks in their present contest.

PARCELS POST RATE

From Indications the Parcels Post is Striking a Harder Blow Than Was Anticipated

With the parcels post established on January 1, the express companies are meeting the rates adopted by the Post-office Department, and in some instances, at least, are cutting under the parcels post rates. One instance is reported where a prune shipper in California proposed to ship that fruit in eight-pound boxes, and under the parcels post rate would amount to 96 cents per box. The express companies, which formerly have had a monopoly of shipments of this character, cut the rate to 35 cents. This fact will no doubt stimulate many other shippers to pack their products in containers coming within the weight allowed by the parcels post (eleven pounds being the limit of weight permitted in packages). The express companies, in order to maintain their business, will be compelled to meet the parcels post rate, or as in the instance given, cut below it. Indications are that the parcels post is striking a harder blow at the express monopoly than was anticipated. That express rates will be reduced to rock bottom by both the express companies and railroads is practically a foregone conclusion. While the limit of weight necessarily will compel shippers to use small packages, yet the big cut in rates which undoubtedly will take place will cover and exceed in most instances the extra cost of packing. Car shortages will become a thing of the past, so far as the shippers of perishable foodstuffs are concerned, as the government will not suffer produce in its cars to become ruined by the policy of railroads in withdrawing cars. The outlook is indeed bright for the parcels post to revolutionize the transportation business of the entire country.

LATE, BUT ACCEPTABLE.

New York, Jan. 10.—It has been given out by officials of the steel trust that material increases in wages, particularly with respect to the wages paid unskilled laborers, are to be inaugurated by the trust. This announcement coming as it does after a campaign of education among the employes of the steel trust by the American Federation of Labor, for organization purposes, indicates the effectiveness of the Federation's campaign. A statement to the effect that "The exact amount of increase and the date on which it will go into effect are being considered and will be determined within a few days," has been promulgated. The United States Steel Corporation had 196,888 employes on its rolls in 1911, with a total annual salaries and wages of $161,419,000. A very large per cent of the employes are unskilled laborers, yet in the information which has been given out it is stated that "not less than 30,000 laborers will be benefited, and it is considered not improbable that many other employes in various minor capacities also will share the new scale." If only 30,000 laborers are to be benefited it has every appearance of being a "phony" increase.

WEAVERS STRIKE.

Utica, N. Y., Jan. 10.—A large number of weavers employed in the Utica Steam Cotton Mill and the Mohawk Valley Cotton Mill are on strike, with indications that it may spread to other mills. Some of the mill owners agreed some time ago to reduce hours without a reduction in wages, but failed to make good their agreements. There is much unrest among the foreign working people and a general strike may be the outcome.

TEXTILE WORKERS LOCKED OUT.

Ibbenburg, Germany, Jan. 10.—Because the textile union supported strikers in a local factory, 20,000 of its members have been locked out by the Manufacturers' Association.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PAINTING TRADES DISTRICT COUNCIL WASHINGTON = FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 10, 1913.

MR. BAILEY'S SWAN SONG

Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas, in his last forensic effort as a Senator, delivered, as he himself stated, a message to the people. He spoke over the heads of his colleagues, and in his message to the people told them that they did not know what they wanted when they clamored for popular government, such as the initiative, the referendum, and the recall, and under no circumstances should it be given them. The Senator need have no anxiety on his part as to the people getting that which they have at last realized is the only means of keeping such people as Senator Bailey and his ilk from our legislative halls. The people of this country can be trusted with popular government, and the closer it is brought to them the better off this country will be, and until such time as an amendment will be made to our Constitution as will give them the right to elect their Senators by popular vote, just so long will be delayed the popular government for which they wisely and justly clamor.

It is assumed by Mr. Bailey and others that these new principles will be employed unwisely. They distrust the people and evidently misjudge them. Let the gentleman from Texas, and others of the same type, watch the course of the Republic and they will find that the people will use power only to protect themselves from injustice. Mr. Bailey's address is described as an oratorical effort of note, and undoubtedly it will read well, but time will prove that he was sounding a false alarm.

The line of demarcation between trade unions that properly embrace men of different callings and those that should contain only men of a particular craft lies between those callings that are interchangeable, i. e., at which certain men work by turns, and those to which men are exclusively confined. In the former case the workers may, and in fact should, organize together; in the latter they should organize separately.

A disposition on the part of a trade union to talk with its employers is no sign of its inability to adopt other means of securing justice if need be. And, per contra, the trade union that denies or ignores the wisdom of conferring whenever possible generally displays little stomach for sterner methods when forced to meet them.

Business men would do well to remember that the logical remedy for any disadvantage in competition suffered by them through the employment of organized labor is not less trade unionism in their own business but more trade unionism in the business of their competitors.

The man who confines himself too closely to the facts of the labor movement is as little qualified to judge the scope and direction of that movement as is the man who stands right up to the cornerstone to judge the height and symmetry of a cathedral. In both cases distance lends proportion as well as enchantment to the view.

The labor movement, like every other movement that moves, is subject to a good deal of uncomplimentary remarks from those who stand still and sneer. Probably the mule who looks over the fence and wobbles an ear at the lightning express has a rather small opinion of railroad speed.

The man who in these days will seriouly debate the affirmative of the question, "Resolved, That trade unions are a menace to the prosperity of the country," belongs to that order of persons who, when the case goes against them, find their only relief in cursing the court.

The most valuable lessons that trade unionism can learn are the lessons of patience and mobility—the lessons of how to wait for victory and the less of how to change a position in a fight.

The history of the labor movement will repeat its successes oftener and it failures seldomer whenever the laborer learns to accept experience as a gift from the past instead of insisting upon purchasing it with his own good coin.

A certain philosopher has said that "instinct guided by reason is never wrong." This observation explains much of the success of trade unionism, which is primarily an expression of the instinct of self-preservation.

Those who regret the limitations of the trade union movement may find some consolation in the reflection that, after all, the only movement that has not fallen short of the highest hopes is that which has not yet been put to the test of practice.

Next to the family, the trade union is the highest exemplification of the gregarious instinct.

SEEING THE BIG THINGS

The microscope has its uses. But you cannot see the stars through a microscope. You cannot get a broad view of nature—the rivers, the mountains, the green earth. You cannot see even a single tree through a microscope.

There are men who always look at life through this little instrument. They seem to take a peculiar delight in searching for the small things in life—the petty, the mean things—in others' lives. They never have a vision. They never take into the sweep of their horizon the really great and good things. If they were to be shown a beautiful painting, they would search for flyspecks upon the frame. And because their outlook is narrow, they become pessimistic and bitter and censorious.

Unfortunately, the labor movement is sometimes retarded by these unhappy individuals. Occasionally they are found within the ranks of the workers. They are the ones who are dead weights to the really earnest men who are bravely making a fight for better things. But they are also found outside the labor movement. To them, the labor movement consists of unreasonable strikes and unscrupulous agitators. They do not see the millions of children in the mills and the factories who should be at home and in the schools, and for whom organized labor is making a strong fight, while the great mass of even intelligent people are strangely indifferent to their struggles. They seem to be ignorant of the terrible sweat shop in which thousands of the toilers are wearing out their lives in the hopelessness of abject poverty, and for whom the labor union almost single-handed is battling, in what is bound to be a winning fight.

Who is doing more for the woman that toils? What institution stands more courageously for a squarer deal for our sisters and mothers? Not in a weak, sickly, sentimental way, but with a vigor and a red-bloodedness that is sometimes startling in its persistency and in its effectiveness.

Look through your telescope for a little while—and forget the fly-specks. Nobody likes them. We can't get rid of them altogether, but there is something else on the horizon.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

RAILROAD DISASTERS

Proper Precautions or the Use of Suitable Devices Wrecks Might be Averted

Ten men were injured, and two engines prepared for the scrap heap, and an electric passenger car demolished, as the result of two train wrecks in this city recently, when a B. & O. Railroad freight came into headon collison with a Chesapeake Beach Railway passenger train, and the other when an Annapolis freight train crashed into a passenger car of the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Railway. Within a few miles of Cumberland, Md., a double-header passenger train on the B. & O. was derailed, both engines, the mail, baggage, and express cars leaving the track and rolling down an embankment. One engineer was injured, but the passengers escaped. At Lehigh Gap, Pa., twenty-five cars were completely wrecked and a brakeman is missing as a result of a collision between two Lehigh Valley Railway freight trains. Some of the cars caught fire and others tumbled into the Lehigh River, and the brakeman's body is thought to be under the wreckage in the river. Six killed and five missing is the result of a collision between a street car and a Lake Shore and Michigan Southern coal train, at Ashtabula, Ohio.

RECOMMENDS FREE BOOKS.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 10.—The Mayor of this city has recommended to the city council that the free text book system be installed in all grades. This means that, in addition to the first, second, and third grades that are furnished free books at present, and as arrangements have already been made by the board of education for free books for the fourth and fifth grades, effective at the beginning of the spring term in January, it will not be long before every child will have free books in the grammar grades. According to the recommendation now made, if carried out, which is almost a foregone conclusion, free text books will be furnished to children in all grades up to the time they are ready to enter high school.

MEXICO STRIKE ON.

Laredo, Tex., Jan. 10.—The Mexican government is facing the greatest strike in its history, as thousands of men employed in the shops of the national railway are on strike because their demand for increase in pay has not been granted. In addition to an increase in wages the employes asked for the eight-hour day. The government's attitude was not satisfactory in any manner, and the strike followed, as noted above. It is impossible to ascertain the entire number involved in the strike, but it reaches into the thousands.

PAINTERS AFTER INCREASE.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 10.—The painters in this city, by practically unanimous vote, have decided to make an effort to secure a new wage scale to go into effect the coming April. The new scale is raised to 50 cents an hour, and the prospects are that it will be inaugurated without much friction.

OFFICERS INSTALLED

The officers of Local No. 22, I. A. T. S. E., of Washington, D. C., were duly installed at a meeting held Sunday, January 5, 1913, by the retiring Vice-President, Chas. Lenman, according to form prescribed by International Alliance and A. F. of L. The standing committees of 1913.

Executive: James W. Hurley, Frank Nelson, Harry A. Sollers. Thos. I. Trundle, Secretary, 1062 Jefferson Street N. W.

Board of Examiners: W. H. Dawes, Leonard Rubel, W. A. Burke, B. Lawson, J. Johnson, F. Nelson, H. Hepburn, Chas. White.

Stewards: H. A. Sollers, Belasco; J. A. Gayer, Academy; F. Nelson, Columbia; T. I. Trundle, Poli's; J. Johnson, Lyceum; Chas. Lenman, Chases; J. Geracci, Gayety; J. G. Ratto, National.

Grievances and Adjustment: F. M. Walter, John A. Gayer, T. I. Trundle, Leonard Rubel, Joseph Mueller.

Finance nnd Auditing: Harry Hepburn, Chas. White, Harry Wills.

Law: John A. Gayer, Leonard Rubel, Jacob Johnson, Chas. Lenman, Thos. I. Trundle.

Good of Order: All officers, chairman each committee.

AMBITION.

When he made just three pluuks a week,
He thought if he made five
He'd surely be the happiest
Young business man alive.

He finally got five a week,
But wasn't happy then,
He never would be satisfied
Until he pulled down ten.

When he got ten a week he thought
His compensation mean.
He knew he'd reach his heart's desire
If he could get fifteen.

He got his fifteen, then he knew
A person could not thrive
In this expensive day and age
On less than twenty-five.

He finally got twenty-five,
The sum he'd thought so nifty,
But found he couldn't be content
And live on less than fifty.

He got his fifty one fine day,
And then he found out that
He never could be happy quite
Without one hundred flat.

He made some wise deals after that
And gathered in a million,
But was he happy? No, indeed,
He had to have a billion.

And it is safe to say that if
He really got his billion
Old age would find him fighting to
Accumulate a trillion.

BAKERS ELECT OFFICERS

The annual election of officers of Local Union No. 118 of Bakery and Confectionery Workers was held on last Saturday. The meeting was one of the largest attended for many months, and it is the wish of the new officers that the members will come to all the meetings and take an active interest in the affairs of the local. The following are the newly elected officers:

President, Wm. H. Young; Vice-President, C. P. Reichel; Recording Secretary, Edw. Stansfield; Financial Secretary, Geo. Kraus; Treasurer, Fred Hanold; Sergeant-at-Arms, E. H. Franke; Trustees, C. Susan, J. Geiger, and K. Marty; Business Agent, John G. Schmidt.

ONE DAY OFF IN FIVE.

Holyoke, Mass., Jan. 10.—The proposition to give the firemen of the city a day off in five was carried by a large majority when submitted to the vote of the people. Only one precinct in the city voted in opposition to this humanitarian provision.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

Robert W. Christian, of the Printery's night proof room, is even more chipper and bright than usual these days, which is saying much. Bob is now a grandfather, a girl baby having been born to his daughter, Mrs. Edward Willis, on January 3, 1913. Should the new arrival grow up with a disposition as optimistic as that of her grandfather, a sunshiny existence awaits her.

* * *

R. M. Johnson, the new Texas Senator, is, I am told, a printer, and it is further said of him that, years ago, as president of Fort Worth Union, he administered the obligation to Joe M. Johnson, ex-delegate and ex-president of Columbia Union. The Johnson family are all right, and if R. M. is as good a representative of the tribe as Joe M. he ought to make a first-class Senator.

* * *

Miss Mary A. Connolly, of the monotype keyboard section of the Government Printing Office, was called to her home at Randolph, Vt., a few days ago, owing to the death of her brother William, who lost his life in a hotel fire near his home in North Dakota, another brother sustaining severe injuries in the same catastrophe. The deceased was a promising youth of 22, and his untimely end was a great shock to his loved ones. His funeral took place at his old home in Vermont. Miss Connolly, herself possessing a most sympathetic and kindly nature, has the sincere condolence of many friends in this crushing sorrow.

* * *

Debate in the American Congress embraces a wide range of subjects and occasionally waxes quite personal. Discussing the hour at which the Members' baths should be closed some days ago, things got real warm, and in the course of some remarks by "the gentleman from Oregon," Mr. Lafferty, he thus addressed the "gentleman from Pennsylvania," Mr. Olmsted:

"The gentleman from Pennsylvania is going out of Congress, and I do not think he has taken a bath very often while he has been here!"

I got away before the bathless gent replied. Even my vigorous constitution and rigorous training have their limitations.

By the way, Congressmen get $7,500 per annum and have to work at the job almost six months out of the year—poor things!—and they quite naturally get a little peeved if anyone threatens to limit the business hours of their free baths.

* * *

A copy of the Red Man, published at Carlisle (Pa.) Indian School, has recently been received by me. From a statement therein I learn that it is "printed by Indians of many tribes under the direction of Arthur G. Brown." The typography of the publication (a monthly which has been a feature of Carlisle for some years past) is excellent and shows that the talented instructor is imparting his genius to his Indian pupils. Mr. Brown was for several years an employee, as compositor and reader, of the Government Printing Office, leaving Washington a year or so ago to assume the position he now holds at Carlisle, and will be pleasantly remembered by many here. Arthur's printers likewise issue a weekly paper, The Arrow, which also exhibits a creditable knowledge of the printer's art.

Another ex-Government Printing Office typo who is teaching Indian youngsters the "art preservative of all arts" is James M. Weaver, for several years connected with the Printery as compositor and operator. He has charge of the printing office comprising a part of Haskell Institute, a widely known Indian school at Lawrence, Kans. Copies of a book recently printed there have reached friends here, and all pronounce the work of Mr. Weaver and his pupils excellent.

* * *

At lunch time one day in the proof room of the Government Printing Office the conversation was on the subject of various jobs—good and bad, but mostly good—which had been held by those who were talking. Some mighty fine sits, where wondrous bills were made, had appeared in the proceeding, and others were doubtless coming down the chute, when William A. Pratt put in his contribution.

"Speaking of good jobs," said the gentleman from the Everglades, "you fellows don't seem to grasp what a real good job means. Good jobs go by comparison. The best job I ever did have I captured way down in my native State of Florida, and"——

"Florida!" interrupted a New Yorker who had been all over the country. "Why, man, that State only has one or two cities, and they're what old roadsters formerly called 'small pica towns,' and such a thing as a good job there at printing is"——

"Hold on there!" Pratt came back. "I didn't say anything about a printing job, did I? Still, I was printing when I had this 'best job,' but IT was not printing. I was learning to pile up small pica and bourgeois and to run the ancient press and to do the many other things that a 'devil' has to do in a country printing office, which was, you may be sure, about the WORST job I ever had. As the office was a family affair—my father was 'editor and proprietor' and had a fierce scuffle to make a living out of the paper and the shop—of course I got no salary"——

"And you talk about that being the best job you ever"——

"Hold on some more," said Pratt, good naturedly. "Let me finish. As I said, I got no wages in the print shop. But I had a good job on the 'side,' where I did get wages, and that was the best job I ever had—while it lasted. I was the sexton of the village church—swept out the edifice, made the fires, rung the bell, brought in the water, placed fresh flowers on the altar, put the pulpit to rights, etc., and occasionally carried the preacher's bundles home. As sexton I received the sum of one dollar per month, and I tell you 'twas a princely income to a boy who had no other financial resources. First Sunday in the month was pay day, and how I did revel in wealth on that auspicious day. Yes, sir; that was a good job—the best one I ever had, under the circumstances. And—to think of it!—I was 'ratted' out of it."

"Ratted out of it—a dollar-a-month job?"

"I certainly was. A wave of economy swept over the congregation about that time, and a deacon of the church took the job, for nothing, to save expenses! I have always shied at the word 'economy' from that day to this, and had I been a profane youth—which of course I was not—I think that I should have muttered many times, as I run the hand press or piled the small pica, 'Durn that deacon!'"

W. N. BROCKWELL.

BEGIN TEXTILE PROBE.

Little Falls, N. Y., Jan. 10.—The State board of arbitration has commenced an investigation into the local textile strike, its causes, and the prospective adjustment between the mill owners and their employes.

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Named Shoes are Frequently Made in Non-Union Factories
DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE
No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of this Union Stamp. All shoes without the Union Stamp are always Non-Union. Do not accept any excuse for absence of the Union Stamp
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"Keep in Mind the NATIONAL Always Sells It for Less"
The National Sporting Goods Co., 424 9th N. W.
FULL LINE OF HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Philander McMullen, watchman, reinstated.

Thomas A. Lynch and James Warden, emergency plasterers.

William T. Curran, Harry H. Geisbert, Frank O. Hart, and Ernest A. Hurdle, temporary compositors.

Mrs. Blanch A. Bradley, temporary press feeder.

Albert W. Gates, probationary messenger boy.

Separations.

William W. Nunley, skilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

William J. Manning, medical and sanitary officer, $2,500 per annum to $2,600 per annum; Michael Shaen, foreman foundry section, $2,250 per annum to $2,350 per annum; John Greene, assistant foreman of printing, $2,250 per annum to $2,350 per annum; James K. Wallace, computer in charge to cost accountant; Frank A. Kidd and Marion E. Bullock, copy editors in charge, 70 cents per hour to 75 cents per hour, office of foreman of printing; Henry W. Weber, reviser in charge, 70 cents per hour, proof section; John L. Wrenn, Edward H. Brien, and Dennis A. Manson, electricians in charge, 60 cents per hour to 65 cents per hour, electrical section; Casper R. Taylor, machinist in charge, 60 cents per hour to 65 cents per hour, machine shop section; John T. Roberts, press corrector, 55 cents per hour to 60 cents per hour, press division night; Charles E. Allison, steamfitter 50 cents per hour, to steamfitter in charge 60 cents per hour, engineer's section; James W. Burdette, clerk, office superintendent of work to electrical section; Miss Lillian W. Carter, folder, pamphlet binding section day to intermediate; James R. Johnson, linotype operator, linotype section night to day; Harrison F. Wilson and James T. Ray, compositors, document section to State section; Charles P. Peake, monotype keyboard operator, monotype section day to night; John R. Purvis, monotype keyboard operator, monotype section to departmental detail roll; William E. Wise, clerk, $1,252 per anuum to $4 per day, computing section; Miss Mathilda H. Koehler, tabulator, 40 cents per hour to $3.20 per day, computing section; Mrs. Margaret C. Carr and Clara P. Jerdone, Misses Clara E. Dowell, Katie H. Raedy, Josephine J. Mulcahy, Laura Mitchell, Ellen A. Manchester, Grace C. Jenkins, Lacelia Hutchinson, Amelia Stern, Gertrude Stern, C. L. B. Reisinger, and Nellie J. Grant, tabulators, 35 cents per hour to $2.80 per day, computing section; Miss Edna Parsons and Eva L. Waters, tabulators, 30 cents per hour to $2.40 per day, computing section; Charles C. Allen, helper, 35 cents per hour to 40 cents per hour, linotype section; George W. Nairn, helper, 30 cents per hour to fireman 40 cents per hour, engineer's section; Ernest L. Mills, Edward B. Henderson, Dennis Gleason, and Thomas J. Arrington, helpers, 35 cents to 40 cents per hour, electrical section; Richard B. Nelson, John F. Waple, Christian C. Hansen, Edward D. Boteler, Douglas B. Baskerville, George Kraus, James E. Youngs, firemen, 35 cents per hour to 40 cents per hour, engineer's section; Miss Lillian W. Carter, folder, pamphlet binding section intermediate to day; Mrs. Ruby S. Johnson, skilled laborer (female), pamphlet binding section day to intermediate; George H. Freeman, skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section day to night; Miss Martha E. Porter, skilled laborer (female), ruling and sewing section to pamphlet binding section night; Mrs. Elizabeth F. Skeen, Miss Carie L. Tyrell, and Miss Bertha H. Langsdale, skilled laborers (female), 25 cents per hour to helpers 27 1-2 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section; Ralph A. Murdock, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour to helper 30 cents per hour, proof section; William J. Collins, messenger, 30 cents per hour to $2.40 per day, computing section; Benjamin A. Nicholson, messenger boy 15 cents per hour to skilled laborer 25 cents per hour, proof section to pamphlet binding section.

A NOVEL ISSUE.

Holyoke, Mass., Jan. 10.—A novel issue has been presented by the local Upholsterers' Union in a suit in equity brought by a furniture company as a result of a strike. The upholsterers endeavored to secure a forty-seven hour week and a wage scale of $21. The company refused to accept the hours and scale demanded and a strike ensued. The company charges that the union sought to have the strike-breakers cease work, and that in some cases it offered a weekly allowance and car fare to distant points. The Upholsterers' Union, in filing its answer, contended that the company did not come into court with clean hands, and was, therefore, not entitled to relief, because it had violated the law against advertising for and soliciting workmen to fill the places of the strikers without mentioning the fact of the existence of the strike; also that it had hired men to fill the strikers' places by means of false inducements contained in contracts executed by its agents, which were later repudiated by the company, after the men had been induced to accept employment, and also that the contracts were unequal and unfair. The outcome of this case will be watched with interest.

AFTER 'INJUNCTION' GOULD

The House of Representatives Adopts the Johnson Resolution

The House of Representatives adopted the Johnson resolution, calling for a Congressional investigation into certain fire insurance companies in this city. Immediately following the passage of the resolution Congressman Mann of Illinois, the measure, severely criticised two judges whose names appear as directors of the companies to be investigated, namely, Judge Ashley M. Gould, of the District of Columbia Supreme Court, and who had strongly urged the adoption of Judge George W. Atkinson, of the Court of Claims. Congressman Mann said: "I notice that there is published as a director of this company Hon. George W. Atkinson, Justice of the United States Court of Claims, and as a director and vice president, Hon. Ashley M. Gould, Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. I simply wish to put on record my opinion that it is wholly improper for those on the bench to be appointed or selected as directors and officers of life insurance companies or other companies, especially those that are involved in business complications and seeking to sell stock by employing the names of honorable and eminent gentlemen as directors. I know these two gentlemen, and I do not intend to criticise them, but I believe that if they apprehend their duty they will retire from these companies at once, and the sooner the better." Justice Gould is the gentleman who issued the first injunction against the officials of the American Federation of Labor, and the recent incident is interesting from the point of view that a Congressman criticises the justice for allying himself with commercial enterprises in the jurisdiction over which he has judicial authority, and indicates that it is an incongruous situation for a judge to enter into business relations as referred to above.

PROFIT IN CHILD LABOR.

Directors of the Lorillard Tobacco Co. have declared the regular 2½ per cent dividend and an extra dividend of 2½ per cent on its common stock. The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock was also declared. The extra dividend on the common puts that stock on a 20 per cent basis. The American Snuff Company has also declared an extra dividend of 3 per cent on the common stock, together with the regular quarterly dividend of 3 per cent on the common and 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock. Both companies are lineal decendants of the recently dissolved American Tobacco Company, noted for its employment of child labor.

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Trades Unionist
offical organ of the Central Labor Union of the District of Columbia, and of the Trades Council of Alexandria, Va., goes into the homes of several thousand wageworkers in the District of Columbia, Virginia and Maryland. It is a paper that is read, which makes it a valuable Advertising Medium.
卐
A large or small display advertisement, or business card will bring satisfactory results, and will at the same time indicate to these unionists, their friends and sympathizers that you are in sympathy with them.
If you desire advertising terms, drop a postal to the Manager, or Phone M. 3915, and he will call.
The
Trades Unionist
604 FIFTH STREET N. W.,
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LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northeas
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Stree

THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 30 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 17, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS

The Union of the Boot and Shoe Workers Make A Notable Achivement.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 17.—The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union of this city has just made a notable achivement. For a number of years the union has been in agreement with one of the large shoe manufacturers, but the cutters employed at the other factories, with a few exceptions, have remained outside the union. This fact was a deterrent to the activities of the union, and a campaign was inaugurated some time ago to bring into the union the non-union cutters. This campaign has been successful and about 85 per cent of all the cutters in this city have affiliated themselves with the local union. Following the strengthening of the organization, a schedule of wages was agreed on and presented to the several manufacturers of the city. Negotiations were then commenced, and, as a result, the manufacturers, with one exception, agreed to pay the scale of prices asked by the union. In this one exception a strike was called, which only lasted for a day, when the demands of the union were conceded. As the net result of these efforts a minimum wage scale of $19.50 per week on fine work and $18 on the cheap grades has been established, and every shoe cutter in St. Paul, whether he be a member of the union or not, has secured an increase in wages ranging from $1.50 to $3 per week. It is stated that efforts will now be made to organize the nonunion cutters in Chicago and Milwaukee, thus increasing the scope of influence of the boot and shoe workers in what is generally called the Northwest.

A. F. OF L. APPEALS

This is the Second Appeal Made by the Federation Officials on the Same Question.

The A. F. of L., through its attorneys, has filed in the District Court of Appeals a brief, setting forth numerous reasons why the finding and judgment in the lower court in the contempt case should be set aside. This is the second appeal which the Federation officials have taken from the judgment of the District Supreme Court on the same question. In the former appeal the case went to the Supreme Court of the United States and the District courts were reversed. The decree of injunction alleged to have been violated was signed by Justice Gould December 3, 1907, whereas the contempt proceeding was not instituted until May, 1911. The points upon which the appeal is taken are numerous, alleging seventeen errors, and also that there was a lapse of three years between the decree of injunction and the institution of the contempt proceedings. The "committee of prosecutors," which was brought into the case by Justice Wright, will have until February 5 to reply to the brief filed.

BILL TO WRAP BREAD.

Senate McCumber of North Dakota has introduced a bill requiring all bread sold in the District of Columbia to be wrapped. This measure provides that persons, firms, or corporations engaged in the manufacture of bread must, before removing the same from the bakery, inclose it in a suitable sanitary wrapper or package that will protect it from dust, insects, or other contamination. The proposed measure also makes it unlawful for a dealer or other persons to sell or deliver bread which has not been properly wrapped, the penalty for which offense is a fine not to exceed $100 or imprisonment not to exceed three months or both.

"KISS OF DEATH" SHUTTLE.

New Bedford, Mass., Jan. 17.—Vigorous demands are being made upon the Attorney General of the State for the enforcement of the "anti-kiss-of-death" law, and the mill owners are fighting for a still further extension of time on the pretext that no practical hand threading shuttle can be secured to take its place. The use of this shuttle is a frequent cause of tubercular trouble. The so-called "kiss-of-death" shuttle can be threaded only by drawing the thread through the eye by the suction of the breath.

DRAFTING COMPENSATION LAW.

Waco, Jan. 17.—A conference of the legislative committee and other representative members of the Texas State Federation of Labor has been held. The purpose of this conference was to draft a tentative bill for workmen's compensation, to be introduced in the coming session of the legislature. The salient provisions contained in the compensation laws of the States where compensation laws have been inaugurated were incorporated, with changes suggested by defects developed in the actual administration of them.

FLORIDA STATE FEDERATION.

Lakeland, Fla., Jan. 17.—The thirteenth annual convention of the Florida State Federation will meet in this city beginning on January 14.

W. H. BAILEY IS NO MORE.

Prominent Printer, Known the Land Over, Dies Suddenly at His Home Here.

W. H. BAILEY.

Regret was general and surprise profound when, on Wednesday morning, January 8, 1913, announcement was made of the sudden death of William H. Bailey, veteran printer, soldier, Mason, Shriner, and Red Man. Completing his eight hours of work in the proof room of the Government Printing Office, he left that institution with his coworkers on Tuesday, January 7. When his wife called him the following morning it was found that he had answered another and a final call, death coming, it is believed, an hour or two before his usual time of rising. Heart disease was the death cause.

Few printers in the confines of the International Typographical Union were more widely known than Mr. Bailey. He had mingled with his brethren of that great organization in many places and for many years and had been active and useful among them.

Mr. Bailey was born in Albany, N. Y., on June 28, 1840, and joined the Typographical Union at Peoria, Ill., in 1860. After the war he went to New York City and soon became active in the affairs of No. 6 and had a wide acquaintance among its members. For almost a quarter of a century he was a member of the New York Herald Chapel. Coming to Washington about 1894, he became an employee of the Government Printing Office, serving there from the date named to the time of his death. While, owing to advancing years and the duties of his Grand Army connections, he did not do a great deal of the work of the union here, he was nevertheless intensely devoted to the organization and its high principles. Among his greatest pleasures in years past was his visits to the annual conventions of our International, and at many of them he was one of the well-known and much-sought figures.

He was much interested in Grand Army work, being a member of a local post and also of the Union Veteran Legion. As a soldier his service covered practically all of the four years of the Civil War, having enlisted in the Second Kentucky Infantry at Cincinnati in 1861 and being mustered out at the conclusion of the strife.

Mr. Bailey's funeral, which was held on Friday, January 10, and was conducted by Federal City Lodge of Masons, of which he was a useful member, was attended by a large number of friends. Burial was at Arlington National Cemetery.

Mr. Bailey is survived by his wife, who was Miss Frederika Knight, of New York City, and one sister, Mrs. Mary O'Keefe, who lives in New Jersey.

"Bill" Bailey, as he was commonly known among his associates, was a man whose love of his fellows made him most companionable and fraternal. He "dwelt in the house by the side of the road, where the races of men go by," and he loved to mingle with them, joying in their joys and sorrowing in their sorrows, and always and ever his heart, his hand, and his purse were open to them.

W. N. B.

GET SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY.

Minneapolis, Jan. 17.—Beginning with the first Saturday of January, 1913, members of the Plumbers' Union, of this city, began the enjoyment of the Saturday half holiday. This is the last large city in the State to secure this boon, St. Paul and Duluth having had the Saturday half holiday for a long time.

APPOINTEES ON THE INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS COMMISSION ARE PROTESTED

Immediately subsequent to the appointment of the nine members by President Taft to serve on the Industrial Relations Commission, the commission authorized by Congress to inquire into the various phases of industrial conditions, a protest was filed against the appointees by the industrial relations committee of the Commission on the Church and Social Service. In compliance with the act creating the commission, President Taft transmitted his appointments to the Senate for confirmation. The matter of confirmation was referred by the Senate to the Committee on Education and Labor, and to this committee the protests were presented. A letter also was sent out announcing the protesting action to the members of the Federal Council of the Commission on the Church and Social Service, and requesting that letters and telegrams be forwarded to members of the Senate, urging that the appointees be not confirmed.

Charles S. Macfarland, secretary of the Commission on the Church and Social Service, stated in his communication transmitting the action of the Industrial Relations Committee to the Federal Council above-mentioned, that the industrial relations committee was unanimous in its disapproval of the appointees. It was asserted that "the appointees are not only largely unknown and without adequate weight, but the commission as proposed by President Taft does not contain a woman, a social worker, or an economic student in any true sense of the words."

Considerable feeling has been engendered by the action of the industrial relations committee of the Commission of the Church and Social Service, in that the wording of the protest, in substance, assumes that the appointees representing organized labor "are not only largely unknown and without adequate weight, and are not social workers or economic students in any true sense of the words."

This assumption falls within the category of arrogance. The organized labor movement is the only institution that deals in a practical manner with the social problems of the day. "Economic students" in the trade unions may not have attached to them the appendages signifying that they are the possessors of university or college degrees, but the results accomplished by them are far more important and far-reaching than the combined achievements of theoretical economists.

Letters have been transmitted to Secretary Macfarland severely criticising the position taken by the industrial relations committee of the organization he represents. In consequence thereof Secretary Macfarland, in answering one of the letters referred to, assumes that, according to his interpretation, the industrial relations committee did not have in mind the appointees representing organized labor in drafting the protest. Other letters, however, from individual members of the committee take an opposite view, and vigorously assert that the indictment against all the appointees on the Industrial Relations Commission was intended. A letter from one member of the committee condemns in plain terms all officials of the trade unions and the American Federation of Labor.

The presumptuousness of some members of the protesting committee in their attitude toward the appointees representing organized labor is in accord with the monopolistic tendencies of the day, in that it is easily discernible that some of the protestants, at least, are imbued with the idea that they are in possession of all the economic acumen, and none but they are fitted to carry forward the work of meeting and solving the social problems of our day.

In connection with this subject, an incident of recent occurrence is appropos. John B. Andrews, secretary of the American Association of Labor Legislation, is one of the leading protestants against the confirmation of the commission. A few days ago Mr. Andrews, in a letter to President Gompers, notified him that he (Mr. Gompers) had been re-elected vice president of the American Association of Labor Legislation. In reply thereto President Gompers states in succinct and clear language his attitude in the controversy. The letter follows:

Washington, D. C., Jan. 3, 1913.

Mr. John B. Andrews, Secretary American Association of Labor Legislation, 131 East Twenty-third Street, New York City.

Dear Sir—Your favor of January 2 received, in which you notify me of my re-election as vice president of the American Association of Labor Legislation at the sixth annual meeting in Boston, December 28, 1912. I am glad to accept the position, and am willing to serve as best I can.

But I cannot fail to reflect upon the peculiar position presented, in that you and several of our associates should have entered protest against the two representatives of the American Federation of Labor being appointed by the President on the Industrial Relations Commission, the commission to inquire into the causes of unrest among the working people of our country, and to inquire into the relations between workmen and employers—a protest against two men who have made a life study, not as diletantes, but who have given more than thirty years of their time in dealing with the every-day problem of the relations between workmen and their employers.

In all of the years of my long experience in the labor movement, whenever any professor, or student, or so-called social worker, many of whom have Ph. D. and other titles, desired any real information regarding labor and labor conditions they have invariably applied to the men whom your association characterizes as having little weight, and as reactionaries, and lacking in knowledge of economics.

Of course, you know that the Rev. Mr. Macfarland has issued a circular letter asking the recipients to protest against the appointees. It may not be uninteresting to call to your mind a sentence or two of Mr. Macfarland's address to the delegates at the Atlanta, 1911, convention of the American Federation of Labor. After stating that he was writing to his wife every night his impressions of the day's proceedings and of the men who participated in them at the convention, he said:

"This is an historic meeting, charged with most serious and solemn tasks. I like its profoundly ordered ways and measures.

"Old Samuel Gompers (the descriptive adjective, Mr. President, is in the nature of a term of affection, and relates to your length of service rather than to the number of your days) gave his address to-day. Had he been the leading actor in the Old Testament story of the Prophet Daniel, that story would have been the same. His companions in the apartment would have taken him for one after their own heart. But I more than suspect that the old man's heart is as big as his head, and his address to-day was a classic in economics, an epitome of history, and a moral phillipic that would do credit to an inspired ancient or modern prophet. TO READ THAT ADDRESS IS TO TAKE A COURSE IN POLITICAL ECONOMY.

"If James Duncan were to wear a black frock coat and a white tie to set forth his measured dignity in fitting garb, I would never be taken as the representative of the churches at this convention. His review to-day of his recent trip abroad was a masterpiece of serious statesmanship, wide information, broad vision, and keen discernment.

"John Mitchell has grown still shyer during a year, when he has grown to be a bigger man than ever in the estimation of his fellows and of the world at large, because he has gone through the crucible of a severe test of loyalty.

"If I were to go back to the local pastorate again, I would like to be called to the Presbyterian Church at Bloomington, Ill., that I might have John Lennon as my senior deacon to keep me in the straight and narrow way.

"Why is it that all our moral leaders do not see that in the American Federation of Labor, with its tried and proven economic machinery, the most gigantic economic force of any day or generation, we have, in the midst of our seething, threatening social unrest one great safety value, one great conserving, constructive social agency, one clear speaking voice amid the many clamoring tonges, so many of which—

"'Are like infants crying in the night,
Like infants crying for the light,
And with no language but a cry,'

one great evolutionary force that is, more than anything else, bringing order out of chaos, because it mingles light with heat and serves not only to incite but also to restrain. My profound belief is that, far more than they know, these men hold the destinies of human social order.

"You can readily see, gentlemen, that my utterances need be somewhat cautious and guarded, because, at least in an ideal sense, I commit by them a constituency of 100,000 churches and 18,000,000 men and women, and the utterances which I am now to make are not without premeditation." * * *

Now compare that statement with the circular, the protest bearing your name, and the circular letter issued by Mr. Macfarland, and then compare it again with Mr. Paul Kellogg's article in the Survey.

You should all be thoroughly ashamed of yourselves, and you will have cause to be for this piece of stupidity and arrogance. Very truly yours,

Sam'l Gompers.

President American Federation of Labor.

TROLLEY EMPLOYES STRIKE.

Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 17.—The trolley men in this city, 300 in number, are still on strike against the Yonkers Railway Company. City officials have endeavored to secure an adjustment, but have failed, and the council has been urged to repeal the ordinance forbidding the importation of strike-breakers into Yonkers, but it is not believed this will be done. Not a single car is running, and the president of the traction company has notified the Mayor that as long as the prohibitive ordinance remains in force the service will not be restored. An adjustment of the difficulty at the present time is not in sight.

GOES TO ARBITRATION.

Toronto, Canada, Jan. 17.—It is given Grand Trunk Railway, has consented to arbitrate the wage question with the machinists employed on the system. A out that President Chamberlain, of the strike occurred some time ago in the Transcona shops, and has been continued with the result noted. It is understood that the company agrees to reinstate all the strikers who apply for positions within thirty days, the present rate of wages to remain the schedule until the decision of the arbitration board has been awarded.

BAR CHINESE RESTAURANTS.

Prince Albert, Canada, Jan. 17.—As the result of the agitation of the Trades and Labor Council, followed by the action of the police commission, all white girls employed in Chinese restaurants have been induced to quit their positions. The Labor Council is only newly formed and this is one of the first problems taken up. The Chinese here objected strenuously, but the police commission approves the movement, being in accord with the new provincial law passed last session. The girls quit their jobs quietly, but the Chinese, not only of Prince Albert, but the provinces are understood to be preparing to combat the law.

DARROW TRIAL POSTPONED.

Los Angeles, Jan. 17.—The second trial of Clarence Darrow, charged with alleged jury bribing, has been continued until January 20.

URGES DIRECT VOTE.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 17.—Gov. Sulzer's initial special message to the Legislature on January 6 urged speedy ratification of the constitutional amendment for the election of United States Senators by popular vote. Gov. Sulzer said: "I think I can truthfully say that I was the author of the original resolution introduced in Congress providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people. When I offered it the late Thomas B. Reed drawled out: 'Young man, when you have been in public life a bit longer you will learn that your proposition will be as slow of locomotion as a fly in a molasses barrel.'"

JOHN MITCHELL IN FLORIDA.

Jacksonville, Jan. 17.—John Mitchell, second vice president of the American Federation of Labor, who is achieving notable success as a platform speaker, delivered an address in this city on the evening of January 8, under the auspices of the Central Trades and Labor Council. John Mitchell is a stalwart trade unionist, and his knowledge of trade union history and present-day union activity, coupled with his wide experience, places him in the position whereby he is much sought to present the aims and objects of the organized workmen of the country.

CONSTRUCTING SUBMARINES.

The Navy Department is preparing for the construction of eight submarines, and the work will be divided between plants on the East and West coast. At the present time eight submarines are under construction on the West coast and seven on the East coast of the United States; five at San Francisco, three at Seattle, four at Quincy, Mass., two at Bridgeport, Conn., and one at Philadelphia, Pa.

AGREEMENT REACHED.

Houston, Tex., Jan. 17.—It is announced that no strike will take place on the Sunset Central Railroad lines. An agreement has been reached between the company and the conductors and trainmen, but the terms have not been made public. United States Labor Commissioner Neill has been here assisting in negotiations which brought about a settlement.

MINIMUM WAGE BILL.

Duluth, Jan. 17.—The Minnesota State Federation of Labor has prepared a minimum wage bill to be introduced in the coming session of the State Legislature. The bill proposes to establish industrial boards to consist of members representing the employers, employes, and general public, each board to represent a given industry. The duty of these boards shall be to fix minimum rates of wages for women and children. It is proposed that the rates of wages shall not be fixed arbitrarily, but shall be established to safeguard in a reasonable degree the health and general welfare of women and minor workers. The club women of this city are favorable to the provisions of the proposed bill and many members of the Legislature also are on record as being in favor of it.

CHILD LABOR BILL.

New York, Jan. 17.—The National Child Labor Committee in this city has been circularizing the clergymen throughout the country, asking that occupiers of pulpits devote their remarks on January 25 or 26 to the subject of "child labor day." This campaign has been carried on for a number of years. This year special attention is called by the committee to child labor in tenement house manufacturing. Clergymen are also reminded that child laborers become unskilled adult workers, recounting that the Chicago vice commission gives this as the second greatest cause why 40,000 girls are sacrificed annually to an immoral life.

CARPENTERS ACTIVE.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 17.—The United Brotherhood of Carpenters, during the month of December, 1912, issued charters to local unions in the following cities: Winnemucca, Nev.; Pompton Lakes, N. J.; West Point, Iowa; Boston, Mass.; Douglas, Ariz.; Morgan City, La.; Webster, Mass.; Pauls Valley, Okla.; Porterville, Cal.; Murfreesboro, Ark.; Biloxi, Miss., and Santa Anna, Cal.

EXECUTIVE COUNCIL MEETING.

The regular quarterly meeting of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor will convene in Washington on January 20.

CARPENTERS PRESIDENT

W. LEE MORRIS.

The above picture represents the newly elected president of United Brotherhood of Carpenters Local 132. Mr. Morris has been a member of the United Brotherhood for the past 18 years, having been a member of the Knights of Labor previous to this time. He has been honored with the presidency of Local 396, at Newport News, and also the presidency of Local 1774, at Norfolk, Va. He is a hard working member of the International and his friends predict a successful administration for him. It will be his ambition to bring about the thorough organization of carpenters in the District, so that there will be but one large local of this craft in this city.

POWDER MAKERS ORGANIZE

After Organizing Proceeded To Secure An Increase in Wages and Shorter Hours.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 17.—A local union of powder makers was recently organized with every employe in the local plant a member. After organization was completed negotiations were entered into to secure an increase in wages and shorter hours. After a series of conferences with the management of the mill an agreement was entered into covering hours, wages and conditions of employment to run for a period of three years. The employes formerly worked twelve hours under the old agreement, but the new agreement calls for the eight-hour day. An increase in wages was also secured.

GARMENT WORKERS' STRIKE.

New York, Jan. 17.—There are on strike in this city approximately 110,000 garment workers, representing about 85 per cent of the workers in this class of the trade. Negotiations are in progress looking toward a settlement, but nothing definite has yet transpired. The International Ladies' Garment Workers Union is also taking a referendum strike vote of all employees in the dress and waist industry, and it is quite likely that if a settlement is not procured in the immediate future, between 20,000 and 30,000 employes in the latter trade will also strike.

FAVOR BOOHER BILL.

The subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, having in charge the Booher convict labor bill, came to a favorable decision and will report the same to the full Judiciary Committee in the near future. This bill provides that States can adopt prohibitory measures so far as convict labor goods are concerned, thus giving the various States the right to prohibit the transportation lines from shipping convict-made goods into States where laws prohibit such shipments.

VERDICT AGAINST RAILROAD.

New York, Jan. 17.—Richard P. Phelan, a brakeman, has secured a jury verdict of $30,000 against the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad for the loss of both legs. The attorneys for the railroad attempted to have the court set aside the verdict on the ground that it was excessive, but this motion was denied. The law that made it possible for the railroad brakeman to secure this verdict was obtained by the labor organizations of the State of New York.

WORK FOR PRINTERS.

To supply the country with information as to crops and other commodities that come in the jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture, 2,110 different bulletins were issued during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1912. Of the various publications there were printed during the year 34,678,557 copies.

ABANDONS CONVICT LEASING.

Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 17.—The Union Banner is authority for the statement that all leases for convict labor have either expired or contracts voluntarily abrogated, and it is felt certain that Texas will never again resort to placing convicts in competition with free labor.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNITED BUILDING TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON, D. C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 17, 1913.

We must remember that it is what other people think of us and not what we think of ourselves that makes us what we are. The world estimates us at just exactly what we are worth to it and our fellow man, and puts no fancy valuation on us at which perhaps we are prome to estimate ourselves.

Good, plain hard thought with good, plain hard work along these lines will be found effective in the achievement of success. We are put here to produce something, to do something, to add to the general betterment of the world in which we live. A life well and usefully led is neccessarily the life ideal.

What man needs more than anything else when he grows old is the approval of his own conscience and the great satisfaction which comes with the knowledge that he has done his best.

Carry with you every day the courage of your convictions. That is one of the great things that makes a man manly. Learn to enjoy the plain, simple things of this world. They are the things which nature alone can give—wealth cannot buy, cunning steal or power seize.

If the labor unions did nothing else than call attention to the misery that abounds, their existence would be justifiable; but they have done more, they have not only called attention to the effects, they have shown the causes. They have more still; they have produced remedies, upon the merits and demerits of which professors, editors and ministers now discuss and advocate. Labor unions have produced thinkers and educators from out their own ranks, and have drawn students and teachers from the wealthy and professional. And more yet; while doing this, they have bettered the condition of thousands of families, by securing higher wages, shorter hours and greater independence, individually and collectively. The result is something to be proud of. The carpenter, the printer, cigarmaker, clerk, shoemaker, tailor, working long hours on short rations, have stepped boldly to the front and worked revolution in American thought. It is a fact, beyond cavil.

In securing for the workers of the local unions and for all wage earners improved conditions, the central labor unions in all cities have been of tremendous importance.

International unions can do the cause of labor no greater benefit than by encouraging and assisting in strengthening and extending the power and influence of the central bodies.

Let the spirit as well as the letter of the union laws be enforced, requiring that all the local unions shall be represented in the central body.

To say that the creator is greater than the created is well enough as a generalization, but we should be careful not to use that saying in justification of conditions the tendencies of which are in their nature uncontrollable. For instance, we should not say that the creator of a fire in a powder magazine is greater than the thing actually created, i. e., the explosion that follows as a natural sequence. So, in industrial affairs a body of free and intelligent men may easily enough create a condition of affairs that will inevitably reduce them to a state of helplessness.

In the logical view, the trade union is organized for peace, with the strike as an ever-present means of securing it upon honorable terms. In the compulsory arbitrationist's view the trade union is organized for peace, with the dictum and authority of a court to maintain it upon any terms. The only purpose actually served by such an organization is to insure at least the appearance of common consent to a judicial despotism that otherwise would be intolerable.

The lessening of the daily hours of labor increases the total of products by increasing the opportunity and disposition for consuming them. The sum of the difference between a savage and a civilized state is merely the difference between men who have time and inclination to gratify their physical needs only, and men who have time, inclination, and determination to indulge and cultivate the intellectual side of their nature.

Even those persons who oppose the strike on general principles show a disposition to modify their views whenever they realize that a given strike has succeeded, if only in part. If these persons could be brought to realize that almost all strikes succeed in part they would also realize that the general principle upon which their opposition to the strike is based is merely a lack of discernment of the strike's real significance.

When we reflect that one of the chief purposes of the trade union is to restrain the aggressiveness of the Government, the idea of the compulsory arbitrationist that the Government should be vested with authority to supersede the other chief purposes of trade unionism is a striking instance of inconsistency.

In a state of universal organization among the workers one meal would be worth all the money in the world. In that event the advantage would lie with the stomach most inured to abstention. In other words, hunger would be the ally, not the enemy, of the workers.

MINERS' MEETING

Largely Attended Meeting at National Rifles Armory on Friday Night, January 10

The meeting held under the auspices of the United Mine Workers of America was a success. The hall was well filled and the enthusiasm of the audience showed a keen interest in the condition of the miners of the West Virginia coal fields. The chief speaker of the evening was Mother Jones, who told of her personal experiences of the intolerable condition of the striking miners of this region. The meeting was called to order by John B. Colpoys, Secretary of the Central Labor Union, who introduced Honorable William B. Wilson as chairman. Frank Hayes, International Vice-President of the Miners, and J. Brown were the other speakers. The meeting was called for the purpose of protesting against the arrest and sentence of twelve of their members under the military government that was established during the strike. The Democratic papers of West Virginia gave glowing accounts of the meeting of Friday night in their Saturday issues and it seemed to have met with the desired effect, for on Monday Governor Glasscock issued pardons for the twelve men who were imprisoned. A Congressional investigation was demanded at the meeting, through a resolution introduced by F. C. Roberts, but it is likely that this will not be acceded to by the powers at the Capitol. A collection was taken up that noted a tidy sum. All interested in the meeting were greatly pleased at its success.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS

There was a good attendance of members at the annual election of officers held January 9th and much interest was manifested, there being two nominees for president, three for vice-president, and three for recording secretary, the election resulting as follows:

President, C. D. Weaver; Vice-President, J. E. Russell; Recording Secretary. Fred W. Fox; Secretary-Treasurer, E. G. Reed, re-elected by unanimous vote; Trustees, three years, H. L. Slater; two years, D. R. Binns; one year, R. E. Talley.

The local entered upon the new year free from debt, although having purchased during its ten months existence many things necessary for a new organization, and has good reason to feel confident for the future.

FRED W. FOX.

WIN STRIKE QUICKLY.

Everett, Wash., Jan. 17.—One of the most successful strikes has just reached a conclusion in this city. The local electricians for some time have been negotiating with the contractors for an increase in wages up to a point whereby the heavy increased cost of living might be met with an adequate wage. These negotiations were not successful, and the strike was called, which lasted only a short time, when practically all the shops acceeded to the demands of the strikers. The old scale was $4 a day and the new scale, which is now in effect, is $5. This is one more evidence of the value and efficacy of the trade unions to secure for their affiliates substantial benefit.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Geo. P. Hickman, a graduate from this chapel, gave us a pleasant call a few days ago.

The news of the death, at the Home, of our old friend and office mate, D. H. McDonald, came as a shock to the members of this chapel, where he had worked for a number of years prior to the installment of the machines. "Mr. Mack," as he was familiarly known among us, was one of the old time all-around printers. Capable, competent, and efficient until old age unfitted him physically for the rush and push of modern times and relegated him to the piece department of the business. With always a pleasant greeting and genial word for his associates, a cheerful disposition and optomistic view of life, he was a man with many friends and no enemies, one with whom association was pleasant and whose memory will long be cherished by those who knew him well and valued his friendship at its true worth.

A fine colored lithograph of the Home and its surroundings was received this week from I. T. U. Secretary-Treasurer J. W. Hays. It will be framed and hung up in the chapel as a permanent fixture.

When I dropped (accidentally) a steel bar on my toe the other day no one said a word, but I could imagine Mr. M. thinking to himself: "I told you that some day you would break that bar if you dropped it." It didn't break, though—that is, not the bar.

That suffragette parade on "the" avenue March 3d will be something more than worth seeing. Let's all join in and make it unanimous.

OFFICERS ELECTED

The Local Union No. 5, of Plumbers, Gasfitters, Steamfitters, and Helpers, held their annual election of officers at their last meeting. The local also voted to move their quarters and place of meeting to the new Paperhangers Hall on Ninth street. The business agent will have his office there and a room for the members out of work will also be there. The following were elected for the ensuing term:

President, John A. McDonald; Vice-Pretident, J. J. Corridan; Financial Secretary, W. H. Merriman; Treasurer, C. Kalstrom; Recording Secretery, Jas. S. O'Hagan; Inside Guard, H. Sewers; Outside Guard, G. H. Morris; Board of Directors, J. J. Corridan, Chairman; H. Bean, R. Callou, S. De Marzo, P. Wolf; John A. McDonald, Secretary of Board; Business Agent, Fred Koehler.

BREWERY WORKERS' ELECTION.

The official election vote for international officers of United Brewery Workers has been given publicity, the following having been elected: International secretary treasurer, J. Huebner; international corresponding secretary, Louis Kemper; international financial secretary, Joseph Proebstle; international organizer, Albert J. Kugler; editor Brewery Workers' Journal, Gustav Mostler.

IMMIGRATION CONFERREES.

The conferees on the Senate and House Immigration bills are Senators Lodge, Dillingham, and Smith, and Representatives Burnett, Sabath, and Gardner. The question of most importance for the conferrees to solve is the literacy test in the bill passed by the House, the Senate bill eliminating that provision.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

Tariff revision may be all right, but what the hungry politician is hankering after is revision of the civil-service law—in his favor.

* * *

A Washington scientist estimates that an annual loss of $37,000,000 is caused by disease transmitted by flies and mosquitoes. When he attempts to figure out how many cuss words the pests cause in a year he'll doubtless need a new battery of adding machines.

* * *

Automobiles must be very high-priced articles at Calgary, Canada. "Fire completely gutted the premises of the Calgary Motor Transportation Company," says a newspaper of that vicinity. "Thirteen cars were burned and the loss is estimated at $25,000,000!" The printer who put that item in type reminds me of a lot of other people—he's mighty careless with his figures.

* * *

"What's the use, after all, of being prominent in the world?" asked Frank E. Pyne, a well-known member of Columbia Union, of the writer a few days since. "Here I get put on the inaugural committee, and a morning paper tortures my name into 'Frank A. Payne.' It's enough to give one a pain, sure enough!"

Cheer, up, son; it might be worse. The chances for error in a newspaper office are almost limitless. Either the comp. falls down, the reader flukes, or the mighty managing editor butchers, not to mention the dastard merg. lines that sneak into the wrong place with such unerring inaccuracy as to make man gnash his teeth and dishevel his hair. Even so renowned a personage as the author of the Bits has seen his name in print as Rockwell, Brackwell, Stockwell, Stickwell, Bricknell, Bukwell, Bockweil, Brickwheel, Crockwell, Shockwell, Knockwell, and once when I attended a banquet it appeared in the guest list as Brockenheimer!

* * *

Through the courtesy of a thoughtful friend (Mr. F. H. Berger, of the Government Printing Office) I was recently shown a copy of the Milford (Mass.) Daily News, noting the death there, on January 3, 1913, of C. M. W. Earle, who will doubtless be recalled by quite a number of my printer readers as the foreman of the old Third Division, or "Botany Bay," during the first Benedict administration of the Printery. A Vermonter by birth, he was raised and spent much of his time in Michigan, but came to this city from Indianapolis, where he had lived for a number of years. He left Washington about 1889, taking the foremanship of the Daily News, Milford's first daily paper (started by a Mr. Leahy, who resigned from the G. P. O. for that purpose after working here a short while). In that place he remained about four years, and most of the time since has conducted job offices in Dorchester and Milford, retiring from active business about two years ago. He was 77 years of age when he died.

* * *

Recently I mentioned herein Merlin Hull, a former Government Printing Office typo, who has been going ahead rapidly in his Wisconsin home in running a successful newspaper, practicing law, and serving his people in the State legislature. On January 8, 1913, Mr. Hull was elected Speaker of the Wisconsin assembly. I believe (and certainly hope) that still further honors await this brainy and integrious printer.

* * *

David H. McDonald, a member of Columbia Union residing at the Union Printers' Home, died there on January 9, 1913, after a stay there of less than three months. He was almost 77 years of age at the time of his death, and previous to his departure for the Home was connected with the Law Reporter, residing with his son, Donald McDonald, who lives at Clarendon, a near-by Virginia suburb. His death was, I am told, due to accident. While out walking he was overtaken by a violent wind storm and sustained a fall which, owing to his advanced age, caused a shock resulting in his death.

He had been a member of No. 101 but a few years. For many years he was connected with the old Baltimore Sun job office as its foreman, leaving there to take a similar position in the well-known McLaughlin Brothers plant in Philadelphia. From there he came to this city.

The funeral of Mr. McDonald occurred in Baltimore on Tuesday last, and many old friends paid their last tribute to the kindly gentleman whose long and useful career on earth there came to a close.

* * *

For the first time the Proof Section of the Government Printing Office is the home of a sick relief society, such an organization having been recently perfected. The Proof Room Relief Association is the name of this new organization. Alex. J. Watson is the president and W. C. Beddow the secretary-treasurer.

The new association embodies all the features which have proven so beneficial to the members of the older and similar organizations and will probably introduce many new ideas. Among others is the sinking-fund proposition; that is, putting aside a percentage of the receipts for the first 5 or 10 years, this to be used later on as necessary.

It is expected that, about July 1, a feature will be added extending to members the privilege of borrowing a nominal sum at a reasonable rate of interest. This feature will probably be added about July 1.

The minimum benefits per week are $10 and the maximum benefits are $20 weekly. The membership is now well over a hundred and the organization has every appearance of being a lusty one.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

ARBITRATION CLOSED.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 17.—The most important arbitration hearing ever held in this city closed recently, and the arbitration board is now considering the testimony adduced before the board. This case is next in magnitude to the great anthracite coal commission. Nearly 15,000 employes employed on the surface street car lines of this city are involved directly. President Mahon, of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes, presented the case for the street railroad men before the arbitration board in such an able manner as to elicit commendatory statements, not only from labor men in Chicago, but also from the general public. It is well known that President Mahon is one of the best informed and thoroughgoing trade unionists in the country. As his long experience and executive ability have denominated him as one of the brilliant labor officials, this encomium is not applicable within the boundary lines of America only, but overlaps it.

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CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Miss Gladys M. Reinhart, assistant telephone switchboard operator.

Miss Mildred A. Harris, probationary cataloguer.

Marvin B. Balderson, probationary messenger boy.

Joseph H. Polkinhorn, Wilson D. McNelly, Charles H. Lisner, temporary compositors.

Separations.

Charles A. Davison, messenger boy, resigned.

Julius E. Meier, bookbinder-in-charge, resigned.

Robert W. Rider, temporary compositor, resigned.

Miss Mary E. Allen, emergency cataloguer.

Robert C. Scott, Jr., skilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

William L. Pierce, compositor to copyholder; Leonard W. Koon, Arthur H. Rossall, John D. Mets, copy editors to proof readers, 60 cents per hour; Thomas W. Shomo, assistant foreman, to electrotype finisher, 60 cents per hour; Charles H. Hanson, assistant foreman, foundry section (day), to assistant foreman, 70 cents per hour, foundry section (intermediate); George Loughery, electrotyper - finisher - in - charge, to assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour; Walter H. Oliver, bookbinder-in-charge, 70 cents per hour; Albert Lindstrom, bookbinder - in - charge, 70 cents per hour; Paul Scharf, helper, 40 cents per hour; Clement C. Hipkins, compositor, linotype section, day to night; Carl S. Dellinger, skilled laborer, press division, day to night; James T. Sutton, skilled laborer, press division to linotype section; James H. Wheeler, unskilled laborer, stores division to office of snperintendent of documents; George W. Shaffer, compositor, job section to linotype section; Albert B. Anthony, unskilled laborer, stores division to linotype section; Benjamin A. Diggs, unskilled laborer, stores division to office of superintendent of documents.

FIGHT FOR ORGANIZATION

Machinists' Union Have Begun A Organizing Campaign Tendered With Success.

Aurora, Ill., Jan. 17.—Recently the local Machinists' Union commenced an organizing campaign among the machinists employed outside the railroad shops. Success attended their efforts. The Aurora Automatic Machinery Company took exception to its employes exercising the rights to which they are entitled and discharged about seventy men. This act was done for the purpose of intimidating the machinists, for no action had been taken looking toward making any demand for higher wages or any other change in the working conditions by the men. Immediately following the lock-out the Automatic company made application for an injunction, the company desiring the court to issue a sweeping one, but the application was granted only in part, but granted just the same. The organization is being maintained, and a stiff contest is on.

ADVOCATES BUREAU PENSIONS.

A splendidly arranged system of pensions for infirm and superannuated employes of the Bureau of Insular Affairs is recommended by Brig. Gen. Frank McIntyre in his annual report of the work of the Bureau. He also vigorously recommends an increase in the salaries of employes.

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By Cycle.

The need is for fewer idols and more ideals.

Established customs are some of the boulders encountered in the path of progress.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson prefers the two-step and waltz. It was a two-step for Mr. Wilson from Princeton to the White House.

The Federal Constitution is a work of marvelous wisdom and foresight, but its interpreters have marred it by vandalism to serve the suggestions of sordid ambition.

The metropolitan press finds fault with Mr. Gompers without attempting to refute his argaments, thus postponing discussion until the time when discussion is without avail.

Mr. Munsey, representing the progressive wing, has submitted some plans for remodeling the Republican party. He would first jack it up, then put in a new front with modern embellishments, leaving the present foundation and corner stone intact. The proposition has some friends, both among regulars and progressives, but fails to meet the approval of Mr. Roosevelt, who would tear down the ancient structure and use as little of the old material as possible. The case seems to be that of many men of many minds vs. one man with a single thought, one heart that beats for one.

The hatchet-cherry-tree incident, so long associated with the early childhood history of George Washington, gave the impression that young George was one of those meek, mild-mannered boys who could not tell a lie and the very antipode of those who engage in garrulous revelry or dangerous undertakings; but as he is pictured today, bareheaded and in shirt sleeves, learning to ride horseback, the idol of our youth is transformed into a veritable cowboy astride an ungovernable broncho, and we realize that the sales of an up-to-date history depends largely on the vivid imagination of the artist rather than the things which have passed into traditional silence or "innocuous desuetude."

ORDERS CUT IN WAGES.

Denver, Jan. 17.—The city administration has ordered a cut of 10 per cent in all city employes' wages, it being reported that it is the policy of the Mayor to carry out a so-called programme of strict economy. The authors and those who champion the cut of 10 per cent are not affected, as their salaries are fixed by the city charter. The local central body has taken action opposing this reduction, and a vigorous protest will be entered against the reduction of the salaries or wages of those who can least afford it.

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VOLUME XVII. NO. 32 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

PRESENTED WITH CANE

Snellings Remembered by His Friends in the Central Labor Union

As a testimonial of friendship, the friends of Milton Snellings presented him with an ebony gold-handled cane on last Monday night at the meeting of the Central Labor Union. Delegate Ryan, in a very appropriate speech, made the presentation. He briefly related the history attached to the cane, saying that it was odern development of the sword which in olden times distinguished the landlords and barons from the working class people, but that in modern times, in which this distinction between classes has largely been obliterated, the cane has by reason of its usefulness and carriage by all classes, from the professional man to the toiler, placed us all on a footing of equality. He hoped that Milton would carry the cane with the same distinction as marked his administration as President of the Central Labor Union. Milton thanked the delegates for their kind remembrance, and that he would always look back with pride and honor to the time of his occupancy of the position of President of the Washington Central Labor Union, which he considered the banner one of the American Federation of Labor.

NEWS FROM FALL RIVER

One Day Off In Five Rule Is Now Being Enjoyed By Members of the Fire Dept.

Fall River, Mass., Jan. 31.—Members of the Fire Department began the enjoyment of the one day off in five rule that became effective January 1. The Loom Fixers' Alliance of Fall River, New Bedford and Pawtucket is making unusual efforts to increase its membership and field of activity. At the present time the Tri-city combination embraces 90 per cent of the skilled fixers, or approximately 1,600 members. Organizers are to be sent into other New England textile centers with a view of expanding this branch of the trade. The emergency committees of the United Textile Workers of America met recently also. The report of organizers showed that since October 1,000 new members have been added. In the present city administration there are three aldermen who are trade unionists, with paid up cards. The Typographical Union has just completed a new contract, carrying a scale of $25 a week for foremen, $20 for assistant foremen, $22 for linotype operators and machinists, $22 for add foremen and $18 for floor hands. Contract is for three years, with exception of the clause covering the floor hands, which will be opened yearly. A standard scale for apprentices was also incorporated. The new scale is an increase of $2 per week, or approximately 10 per cent.

BRANCH IN THE WEST.

It has been suggested by some of those in Congressional circles that it might be a good idea to establish a branch of the Government Printing office in some Western city. It is claimed that a vast sum of money can be saved to the government by having a proper distribution of the heavy amount of printing done, and that a large saving can be had in the transportation of public documents. It is pointed out that numerous publications by the government, notably the agricultural year book, of which there are several hundred thousand printed and distributed from this city costs about one-third more to get in the hands of the people than it would if there were branch government printing offices in certain sections of the country. In line with the arguments put forth it is stated that the reports of agricultural experiment stations from all over the nation are sent to Washington to be printed and then returned as a document to communities that are located at great distances from Washington. Many other instances of like character are cited. Whether the suggestion will receive sufficient support is a matter which time alone can demonstrate.

CHARGES COLLUSION.

Testifying before the House Appropriation Committee recently, a former employe of the Du Pont Powder Company testified that the Du Pont company maintained a private yacht which contained a well-stocked larder and made frequent trips between Washington and Indian Head, the naval proving ground. It was further charged by the same witness that Attorney General Wickersham through courtesy had created the Du Pont trust into a judicial monopoly and given the exclusive sale of all foreign smokeless powder in the United States into the hands of that concern. An official of the Du Pont company characterized the charges made as a net of falsehoods.

AFTER 1914 CONVENTION.

The C. L. U., of this city has announced that it will make an effort to secure the 1914 convention of the American Federation of Labor. An active campaign will be commenced in the immediate future for the purpose of carrying out the wish of the delegates to the central body.

MONEY WASHING MACHINE

The Work Performed By These Machines Are Not As Satisfactory As Predicted.

For months the Bureau of Engraving and Printing has been experimenting with washing machines designed to clean currency that has become soiled through use. These machines have been in operation for some little time. The work performed by them, however, is not as satisfactory as predicted. The washed note is easily discernable from one that has not been through the process, the ink being faded on the washed bill and the texture is considerably more pliable to the touch. It is asserted that if the washed currency is given any considerable circulation, and it will be, greater opportunity will be afforded for the passing of spurious money. There appears, however, to be an ardent desire upon the part of the controlling spirits in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing to reduce the operating expenses, even though there be presented serious features with reference to the circulating medium. The currency of the United States, when crisp and new, is a work of art. The washing process almost entirely destroys the artistic appearance of the bills. Efforts are being made to have the government abandon the new laundry process.

RAILROAD WRECKS

A Record of A Few Disastrous Wrecks Which Have Occurred Recently.

The following is a record of disastrous wrecks which have occurred upon railroads within the recent past. At Lock Haven, Pa., the Buffalo Flyer ran into a bowlder that had rolled off the mountainside and derailed the entire string of cars with the exception of the rear sleeper. Fortunately, the only person on the train who needed the attention of a physician was an express messenger, who had been badly shaken up when his car overturned. It was a miraculous escape for all those on board. Seven men were killed, two missing, and fifteen were injured recently when a freight train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad went through a bridge over the Guyandotte River, near Huntington, W. Va. Thirty structural ironworkers were on the bridge at the time making repairs when it collapsed. Many of them were thrown into the river and some swam ashore, while others were drowned. The locomotive and eight freight cars went into the river. Recently the Chicago-New Orleans limited of the Illinois Central was in a head-on collision with a freight train near Brookhaven, Miss. Two members of the freight crew were killed and five passengers were injured. Fifteen persons were injured, eight of them seriously, in an accident on the Boston and Albany at Charlton, Mass. The rear truck of a sleeper, the last car of a train, jumped a switch near the Charlton depot, the derailed car bouncing close to the east-bound track and partially onto the track of an approaching freight train. The freight train struck the car, tearing off the side from end to end. Every passenger on the car was injured, some by flying glass and splinters, while others were crushed by heavy chairs. Three men were injured at Hooker, Tenn., recently when a west-bound freight on the Memphis division of the Southern Railway ran into the rear of a north-bound freight on the Northern Central. A car repairer was killed and three men hurt recently at Chicago when an Illinois Central train ran down a gang of workmen.

PRESSMEN GET ADVANCE.

Erie, Pa., Jan. 31.—The Erie Pressmen and Assistants' Union has just signed contracts with the different employing printers in this city, calling for an increase in wages amounting to about 20 per cent. The new agreement will run for a term of three years. The new scale places the Erie pressmen practically on the same basis with those of Buffalo and Cleveland. Negotiations securing this heavy increase were not attended with any friction, and the scale is satisfactory to both employes and employers. The eight-hour day is in vogue.

REPORT READY.

Secretary Carl Legien, of the International Secretariat, Berlin, S. O. 16, Engel-Ufer 15, Berlin, Germany, advises that the ninth annual report of the International Secretariat is now ready for distribution. As special reports of a large number of trade or industrial secretariats have been added, it has increased the size, and necessarily the price to 20 cents per copy. Mr. Legien will furnish copies to any organization or person upon receipt of the amount, or orders can be forwarded through the office of the American Federation of Labor without additional cost.

ADOPTS PROGRESSIVE MEASURE.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 31.—The State Senate has adopted the joint resolution reaffirming Ohio's acceptance of the amendment to the Federal Constitution providing for the direct election of United States Senators.

SULZER STILL WITH US

The Strike On The Yonkers Street Railway Has Been Settled By Mr. Sulzer.

Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 31.—The strike on the Yonkers Street Railway, which has been in progress since January 1, has been settled and the men have returned to work. An agreement was in force between the railway company and the Amalgamated Association of Street and Eletric Railway Emplayes, one provision of which was that the rule of seniority was to be in force at all times, and that new men put on should be taken from the waiting list. This latter provision was disregarded by the president of the company, thus violating the agreement which was in force. Unable to secure satisfaction in this matter, the men upon the line struck. A city ordinance prohibited the importation of strike-breakers, and as a consequence not a car was operated during the difficulty. Efforts had been made to induce the company to recede from its position, and abide by the agreement, but they were unsuccessful. Efforts were also made to repeal the ordinance prohibiting the importation of strike-breakers, but failed, but an ordinance was passed empowering the city government to make arrangements to take over the road and operate it as municipal property. In the meantime, however, the matter was brought to the attention of Gov. Sulzer, who directed the public service commission to take the matter up at once and invoke the law, to the end that the company be compelled to operate its cars. The commission was successful in bringing the company and the employes to an understanding, whereby the two men who were discharged were reinstated and the men immediately returned to work. The two reinstated men manned the first car which left the car barns after the settlement had been reached.

CARPENTERS MAKE GOOD

Carpenters Strike Against The Furniture Factories And Shops Is Progressing.

Quincy, Ill., Jan. 31.—The strike of the carpenters against the furniture factories and shops in this city is making splendid progress. A settlement was reached during the early period of the strike with one of the largest companies, which provided a minimum wage scale of 27 1-2 cents per hour, with the understanding that this wage scale should remain in force until a settlement of the strike was had. Since the 27 1-2 cent scale was entered into progress has been made to the point where another raise has been secured, whereby the minimum wage is raised to 30 cents per hour. Further provisions in the agreement specify that the union label is to be placed upon every piece of work leaving the shop, the shop being run on a strictly "union" shop basis. The Globe Furniture and Fixture Company is the name of the firm that proposes to make extensive use of the union label.

SYRACUSE FORWARD MOVEMENT

Syracuse, N. Y., Jan. 31.—The union labor forward movement was opened in this city by a large mass meeting at which the principal speaker was President James M. Lynch of the International Typographical Union, who sounded the keynote of the purposes for which the new movement had been inaugurated. President Gompers, who had been invited, found it impossible, owing to other pressing engagements, to be present. The opening meeting, however, was such an unqualified success that there is no question that the remaining programme will produce a splendid effect in behalf of organized labor. International organizers for many of the International Unions are in the city and meetings have been arranged for the purpose of presenting labor's side to non-union men and those who are eligible to the various crafts to become members. Already a splendid effect is noticeable.

DARROW ON TRIAL AGAIN.

Los Angeles, Jan. 31.—Clarence Darrow, acquitted a few months ago of alleged jury bribing in the McNamara case, is again before the court to meet another charge similar to the one of which he was acquitted. It is affirmed that the evidence presented at the trial of which he was acquitted will be used in the case now on, and it is believed that the motives promoting this trial can be ascribed to a desire of harassing Darrow on account of his attitude toward labor in general and not for the purpose of seeing that the ends of justice are fulfilled.

FREIGHT HANDLERS WIN.

Boston, Jan. 31.—Four thousand freight handlers, employed on the Boston and Maine, the Boston and Albany, and the New Haven Railroad, have been successful in their fight for better hours and wages. They have been granted a wage increase of 16 cents a day and an advance of 4 1-2 cents an hour on the overtime rates.

OHIO'S LABOR MEN ACTIVE

Executive Board of the Ohio State Federation of Labor Plan Vigorous Campaign.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 31.—The executive board of the Ohio State Federation of Labor recently met in this city and outlined a vigorous campaign for labor legislation. The board discussed the various bills that will be presented, and it was agreed that the eight-hour day and compulsory insurance would be among the hardest fights. Employers of women will resist the first proposal and the private insurance companies will oppose any plan that will force them to turn their business over to the State. Representatives of the Brotherhoods of Trainmen, Telegraphers, and Locomotive Firemen joined with the executive board in a discussion relative to plans that will mean unity of action. The railroad men are working on a scheme that will stop the practice of corporations sending company men to the State capital and working against bills that have been indorsed by the brotherhoods. The executive board of the State federation shortly will issue a call to all unions in the State to make the proposed legislation a special order at the various meetings and also appoint committees to wait on legislators. The prospects for success were never brighter, as the State organization is more thoroughly united and more aggressive than ever before.

CALL FOR A STRIKE VOTE

A Strike Vote By Locomotive Firemen And To Be Complied Not Later Than Feb. 10.

New York, Jan. 31.—The president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, W. S. Carter, has perfected arrangements whereby full information is to be disseminated in the present situation involving the railroads of the East and the Locomotive Firemen in the wage controversy. At the same time, the firemen will be asked to signify whether or not a strike shall take place to enforce the demands made by them for an increased wage. It is estimated that from 25,000 to 30,000 firemen are involved, and it is planned that the strike vote will be taken and compiled not later than February 11, when the railroad managers will be apprised of the result. In all probability the firemen will vote by a large majority to strike. This statement is made in view of the fact that the locomotive engineers recently received an increase as a result of an award by an arbitration court. The firemen were willing to arbitrate the question at issue under the provisions of the Erdman act, but the railroads declined. It is believed that, owing to the settlement reached with the engineers, that an adjustment of the firemen's difficulty will be reached without a strike being made necessary.

A VICTORY WON.

New York, Jan. 31.—An agrement has been signed, covering the conditions of settlement between the Waist and Skirt Manufacturers' Association and the Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. Up to the time of the calling of this strike the Waist and Skirt Manufacturers' Association only numbered 48 members, employing only 8,000 people, with only a small per cent of the latter members of the union. After the strike was inaugurated fifty-five other manufacturers joined the association, making a total of 103. According to the agreement signed all of these manufacturers will come under the terms of the new agreement, and it is very likely that all manufacturers who can qualify as being responsible will become members of the association. There is some little friction in some quarters among the employes relative to the agreement, but it is believed that the objections will be waived, owing to the fact that the agreement is considered a fairly good one. There are 37,000 waist and skirt makers involved, and a large per cent of these have returned to work under the arrangement arrived at, known now in the clothing trades, in lieu of the word "agreement," as the "protocol."

FORMING BIG FEDERAL UNION.

Bellingham, Wash., Jan. 31.—In anticipation of a flood of immigrants to the Pacific Coast upon the opening of the Panama Canal, organization work is being prosecuted in many places in the section noted. In this city a strong Federal union has been organized and an active campaign is being carried on to secure a large membership, and results of a gratifying character are being had. Extraordinary efforts are being made to induce all unskilled laborers to make common cause and join the new union.

UNION REVIVAL.

Watertown, N. Y., Jan. 31.—Union revival meetings will be held in this city during the coming month, under the auspices of the Trades Assembly. Organizers for the American Federation of Labor are scheduled to visit this city and hold open meetings with the various trades during the revival. Much interest is being taken in this movement; more interest, in fact, than for many years.

BILL ON IMMIGRATION

Owing To Differences In Two Measures A Conference Committee Was Appointed.

The immigration bill passed both Houses of Congress, but owing to differences in the two measures a conference committee was appointed. The conference committee agreed upon an amended bill, and the House accepted the report of the conferees, but the Senate on January 20 sent the conferrees' report back to conference again. The objections presented in the Senate against the report were based upon two provisons—one that the powers of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor had been enlarged so that the Secretary would be the sole determining factor in saying when skilled employes should be imported into this country under contract. Under the present law it is provided "that skilled labor, if otherwise admissible, may be imported if labor of like kind unemployed cannot be found in this country." The objectionable clause reads as follows: "And the question of the necessity of importing such skilled labor in any particular instance may be determined by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor upon the application of any person interested, such application to be made before such importation and such determination by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor to be reached after a full hearing and an investigation into the facts of the case." Another objection is the provision requiring certificates of character from the country from which the alien is a native. It is asserted that foreign governments might inaugurate laws of this character in order to prohibit natives who have been convicted of trivial offenses or at the discretion of the police from securing such certificates of character as would admit them to the ports of the United States. As stated, the bill was sent back to conference and the conference committee instructed to insist on its disagreement.

VERMONT SUCCESSFUL,

Legislative Committee Has Been Successful In Having Measures Adopted.

Barre, Vt., Jan. 31.—The Vermont State Federation of Labor, through its legislative committee, has been successful in having the following measures adopted by the legislature and signed by the governor: A trustee process law, exempting $10 of workmen's wages from attachment; a 58-hour work week for women and minors (this is a great victory, as formerly women worked from 65 to 84 hours per week); a bill providing for the heating and ventilating of workshops and factories. A factory inspection bill has passed the house by a large majority and is now before the senate, with indications that it will be passed. A workmen's compensation bill is also being urged with good prospects, for the reason that the whole granite belt is unanimously in favor of such a law, even to the owners of granite and other quarries. "Organized labor in Vermont," says Secretary Alexander Ironsides, "is fully alive to the present situation and is active in support of the present legislative plan, as well as in the routine work of the unions."

ASKS CONGRESS TO PROBE.

Indianapolis, Jan. 31.—John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers of America, is in Colorado for the purpose of gathering information relative to the Colorado coal miners, with the end in view of submitting the facts gathered to a Congressional investigation, if one can be secured. The coal miners in the northern fields of Colorado have been on strike for a long period, and are victims of what is termed the Coal Trust. In fact, an effort has been made to exterminate the union in Colorado. It will be remembered that, owing to this strike, sixteen coal miners, something over a year ago, were sent to prison for contempt of court, it having been alleged that they violated an injunction sued out against them.

ENGINEMEN ON STRIKE.

Bangor, Me., Jan. 31.—Engineers and firemen of the Bangor and Aroostook Railroad are on strike because of the refusal of the management of the road to increase wages. This road extends from the Canadian border to Penobscot Bay, affording the chief outlet for the great print paper mills. The men demand the standard scale paid by other roads. The officials are endeavoring to get strikebreakers to take the place of the men on strike.

JEWISH REPORTERS STRIKE.

New York, Jan. 31.—The four Jewish daily newspapers, with a combined circulation of several hundred thousand copies, are involved in a strike, the members of the Jewish Writers' Union, chartered by the International Typographical Union, having struck to enforce the demands for a shorter workday and a minimum wage of $25 a week.

THE MARK THAT VICK SET

WALKER W. VICK.

Now that the policy of more efficiency in governmental administration has begun gaining popularity and public men like Governor Sulzer have recognized its political value, we should not overlook the ground already broken by a Wilmington man, Walker W. Vick. During the late campaign Mr. Vick was in charge of New York headquarters as right-hand man of Democratic National Chairman William F. McCombs. He wiped out administrative graft and undue perquisites which had never been challenged until then. Whereas previously nobody connected with either Democratic or Republican headquarters had accounted for anything, and there were rake-offs in all directions, Mr. Vick inaugurated a business system at once. "Expenses for headquarters" became itemized instead of one undivided item in the list. It is safe to say that no money used for such purposes ever went so far before. This was eminently fitting, both because the money came in small or moderate sums from the people instead of as boodle from a few great interests and because Mr. McCombs, Mr. Vick and the rest were acting for a public man of Governor Wilson's type. Thanks to these men selected by Governor Wilson, the Democratic party, upon assuming government soon, will already have had its feet set upon one of the paths which it should pursue.—(Editorial in the Charlotte (N. C.) Observer.)

Hon. Walker W. Vick, the subject of the above editorial, is the Secretary of the Inaugural Committee having in charge the ceremonies attending the inauguration of President-elect Wilson, and was Assistant Secretary to the Democratic National Committee in New York during the recent Presidential campaign.

Mr. Vick's personality is making him many friends in the National capital, recently being the guest of honor at the annual banquet of the Knights of Momus, at which covers were laid for 400 people, including twenty-five Congressmen and Senators and a number of government officials. Mr. Vick's speech at the dinner proved him to be a real friend of organized labor, and especially so to the printers.

Governor Wilson displayed a keen knowledge of the qualifications required in managing a national campaign in the wise selection of men of the caliber of Walker Vick.

BROTHERHOOD OFFICERS.

The canvassing board of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners has certified the result of the election of officers, as follows: President, James Kirby; first vice president, Arthur Quinn; second vice president, William Hutchinson; secretary, Frank Duffy; treasurer, Thomas Neale; members of the executive board, Thomas Guerin, Daniel Post, J. E. Potts, James Ogletree, Harry Blackmore, William Cole and Arthur Mortel. The constitution of the United Brotherhood has been amended by the referendum, and on March 1 President Kirby and Secretary Duffy will become members of the executive board. It will be remembered that William D. Huber, now President of the United Brotherhood and also a member of the Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor, declined to again accept the nomination for re-election to the presidency.

PRINTERS GAIN $2 PER WEEK.

Hamilton, Ohio., Jan. 31.—The Union Printers of this city have secured an increase of $2 per week, the increase having been made effective January 1. The scale of the job printer is now $17 per week, with the eight-hour day. The local labor paper asks this illuminating question: "Wonder how much increase the nonunion printer received for his ten hours?"

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 31, 1913.

SIXTY-THREE YEARS YOUNG

Our grand leader Samuel Gompers celebrated the sixty-third anniversary of his birth on last Saturday night, surrounded by his family and friends and when we say "Sixty-three Years Young," we mean it in every sense of the word for the vitality of Sam and his capacity for hard and exacting work is something marvelous. When one considers that more than one half of his life has been entirely devoted to the cause of humanity through the trade union movement, the work of which has been, and is, a mental and physicial strain, we are again prone to remark, at his splendid physical condition, the one word "marvelous."

When the thought enters our mind as to how much longer Sam will be able to carry the burdens that have rested upon his shoulders, and which grow more exacting and arduous as time goes on, we dispel it at once for the wish being father to the thought is that he shall go on, and on, for years to come, and it is the wish of The Trades Unionist and its friends that we will be celebrating the birthday of Sam for years to come and that by his side shall stand his loveable and faithful helpmate, Mrs. Gompers.

A. F. OF L., 1914 CONVENTION

It has been decided by the Washington Central Labor Union that the 1914 Convention of the American Federation of Labor shall come to this, the Capitol City of our country and we wish to serve notice upon, and ask the support of, all our sister cities to help us in our landing the prize. We have made a bid for this honor at various times and believe that our time has come to have our hopes and wishes realized. We want all the delegates to this Convention to come and see the headquarters of their grand organization that they might be in a better position to see and judge for themselves the great work in which we are all engaged. We would like very much to have every member of organized labor of the District write to their International Officers and their delegates wherever they have been elected apprizing them of our desires and let the slogan be from now on "Washington for the 1914 Convention." Secretaries and others will kindly use it on their stationery when sending out mail in connection with labor matters.

NEW YORK STRIKE

The big strike in the clothing industry in New York is entering into its second month without any breaks having occurred in the ranks of the toilers. The great expense incident to keeping this army of unemployed people from want is something enormous and it is for those who are more fortunate in having employment to see that they will not lack for the sinews of war and each one through their local unions contribute their mite and in so doing they will be contributing to a worthy cause. There is something more that each one could do and it would be more lasting in benefit and would be the means of ending this and other strikes for all time, and it is this, that each and every one will resolve that in the future all clothes purchased shall bear the union label. If we should all do this it would be but a short time when the producer would in fact gain a little more of the profits of his product. Insist upon the union label on all purchases.

The general labor movement is too big to be bottled up in any one organization or the officers of an organization. There are some union men who believe the only labor movement is confined to their own organization and that other unions are but an adjunct to their movement. Unions that follow that line of policy will soon fail.

Frequent and hasty strikes based upon passions and impulses of the moment, without cool and calm deliberation, are destructive in tendency. They retard organization, destroy confidence, undermine discipline and create disappointment. An ounce of caution is likely to prevent a pound of failure.

Did you stop to think that many of the trinkets made for Christmas sale were made by people who have no Christmas cheer for themselves? Little children, poorly paid women, prisoners in penal institutions and other unfortunates, are engaged in this class of work. Our duty is plain.

The papers published by organized labor give information and encouragement to the members that cannot be secured any other way. They are worthy of the greatest support, and if every weekly were a daily it would be better.

Labor is a necessity to human existence; being such, it is obvious that under natural conditions it should be a pleasure, not a penance.

As we see in the rainbow the harbinger of fine weather, so labor may see the glories of its future through its tears.

The number of real union men is measured by the number who attend regularly the meetings of the union.

PREACHING SOCIAL GOSPEL

Everybody knows how hard it is to live the Christian life in some details on account of the comparatively low moral and ethical standards in modern business life. Some, indeed, say that it is impossible to apply the principles of Jesus to the business of the twentieth century. To whatever extent this may be true, it is attributable to the fact that the business world has not accepted the standards of Jesus in its every-day practice. Even some Christian men who are in bnsiness must blink at much that they personally resent, and they try to close their eyes to the fact that subordinates in their employ are compelled to do certain things which they themselves would not think of doing, although they are the direct beneficiaries of the immoral practices of their employees.

Many Christian men are compelled to employ little children and pay them a mere pittance, because their rivals in business who are not professing Christians are doing the same thing. The Christian man feels that he will be undersold in the open market if he does not resort to the unchristian practices of his competitors, and he attempts to justify himself by the thought that everybody else is doing the same thing, and that, after all, it is purely a business proposition. This illustration must suffice to cover many similar customs in the social and the economic world—men find it proportionately easy or difficult to apply Christian principles to their businesses as these principles are generally accepted or rejected by the entire community. It would seem logical, therefore, that the ethical standards in business and social life should be elevated, so that the individual may find it less difficult to live the Christian life in his business relationships.

The kind of teaching and preaching which would bring this about for society as a whole is what is known as the "social gospel." It means the observance of the second great commandment: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself," which Christ said was like unto the first. It involves the presentation of social and economic facts which will make men see the injustices that are being suffered by the weak and the defenseless. It will bring home to the powerful individual employer and the still more powerful corporation the truth that they are stewards, and that they are responsible not only for the use of their wealth, but also for the physical, mental and moral well-being of those who are in their employ, those who are living in their tenements, and all of those who, in any way, look to them for the necessities as well as some of the larger benefits of life.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

U. B. SMOKER

United Brotherhood of Carpenters Honor Their Retiring International President

The Local Union of Carpenters, No. 132, held a smoker and reception in honor of William D. Huber at Typographical Temple on Friday, January 24. The guest of honor thanked the members for the many courtesies that this local has extended to him and that he would at all times take an interest in the affairs of the local. The Hon. Frank Buchanan gave a very interesting talk, in which he mingled some good advice in the lessons of tradesunionism. Others who addressed the meeting were William Spencer, Secretary of the Building Trades Department of the American Federation of Labor, Emmett L. Adams, and C. H. Adams. Refreshments were served by the committee having the affair in charge, and all present had a thoroughly enjoyable evening.

H. S. HOLLOHAN.

HONOR RETIRING PRESIDENT

General Organizer George W. Crosby and the local Executive Board of No. 132, United Brotherhood of Carpenters, were hosts at a banquet to their retiring International President, William D. Huber, and the officers of the American Federation of Labor. The affair was held on Wednesday, January 22, at Schmidt's, Seventh and G streets. Brother Lew Luebkert acted as toastmaster of the occasion, and President Sam Gompers made the principal address. Good cheer prevailed during the entire evening and all present had an enjoyable time. Among those present were: William D. Huber, Gabaiel Edmonston, the first International President of the Brotherhood; Sam Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor; John Mitchell, Frank Morrison, John B. Lennon, James Duncan, D. A. Hayes, James O'Connell, H. P. Perham, James A. Short, William Spencer, Albert Berries, Thomas F. Tracy, E. B. Byrne, Harry S. Hollohan, R. H. Burdette, James H. Ryan, M. A. Foley, Gus Luebkert.

H. S. HOLLOHAN.

NEW MEXICO NEWS.

Santa Fe, N. Mex., Jan. 31.—Secretary Hay, representing the New Mexico State Federation of Labor, is actively engaged in an effort to secure remedial legislation at the hands of the State Legislature now in session. The State administration, as well as the present Legislature, is favorably disposed toward progressive labor legislation.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

From the "International Typographical Union Dispensary," at Indianapolis, Ind., I received a prescription the other day that is good medicine for all union printers. It can be taken in alopathic, homeopathic, or any other old kind of doses, by members of the I. T. U., as their needs require, and has proved most beneficial in thousands of cases. It carries the union label and prescribes, first, to all working members of the union: "Hours per day, not to exceed eight. Workrooms, sanitary and hygienic." To the more unfortunate of the craft the following specifics are recommended (all free): "60 years, incapacitated, $5 per week; 20 years membership, disease incurable, $5 per week; tuberculosis, immediately on development, Home; old age, superannnated, Home; at death, benefit, $400; apprentices, correspondence course, education; for entire membership, higher wages, better conditions. Directions: Take as required. (Signed) James M. Lynch, President; J. W. Hays, Sec'y-Treas." Inclosed in a gelatine capsule is a picture of the Home at Colorado Springs, Colo., labeled: "Good Union Medicine."

And this prescription is backed up and administered by the International Union's 60,000 members, free of charge, to those of the craft who "carry a card." The Home is, as the I. T. U. officers proclaim, "the only institution of its kind in the world."

Recent callers: Samuel M. Briscoe, Jr., Boyd Henry, Geo. P. Hickman, J. E. Wayson.

Boyd Henry, formerly of this chapel, now with the National Printing Company, has the sympathy of our entire force, in the death of his only child.

Ralph B. Myers, of this chapel, Sundayed with friends in Richmond, Va.

TALKING THAT PAYS

Once a month or so the Public Library sends to The Trades Unionist a little "talk" about its work in general or about some useful books in particular. There's a good reason for these talks. The Library doesn't buy books for the sake of filling up the shelves. It buys them to make them of use to the people. But they won't be of use to the people if the people don't know about them. And the people won't know about them it the Library doesn't talk about them. That's the reason for talking, In other words, "it pays to advertise."

If the people didn't use the books the Library would have no reason for existing. But they do use them, when they know about them. For example, the Library has a good many books on plumbing. A good many men were using them, but not enough men, so the Library began to talk to the plumbers about the books and magazines they could get for the asking. Very soon most of the books on plumbing were just where they ought to be—not on the Library shelves, but in the homes or shops of various plumbers, loaned for two weeks or a month, and being used.

That's the kind of thing that makes the Public Library a good investment of the people's money.

TELEGRAPHERS' UNION BUSY.

Chicago, Jan. 31.—The Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, is conducting an organizing campaign that is bearing fruit. This work is being carried on quietly and with the end in view of securing better conditions for the keymen. The Western Union Telegraph Company, according to a circular sent out by the organization in question, is using every effort within its power to thwart organization, and still continues to show hostility toward its employes. The officers of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union are working unceasingly to bring about a condition whereby it will be possible to successfully increase wages and better working conditions.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

Candidates for delegate to represen Columbia Union at the coming Nashville convention are beginning to materialize quite rapidly. Joseph E. Colton, the first to announce himself, has been followed in that line by Frank H. Long, Edward M. Nevils, and Dale C. Sheriff, all of the three last named employed on the Congressional Record. Valentine Ruff, of the Spess make-up force, some time ago told the writer that he expected to be a candidate. John Sherman, in times past a warhorse in union matters, tells me that he will also be a candidate.

* * *

A Costa Rican damsel of twenty-six and great wealth, after vainly seeking in England and America for a man who would fill her ideal as a husband, has given up the search and departed for her Central American home in despair. It is unfortunate (for the young lady) that the Bits is a married man.

* * *

The death of George W. Howland, which occurred in this city on Sunday morning, January 26, 1913, removes an aged and integrious citizen whose long life, covering a period of 75 years, had been spent almost entirely in the printing business. For more than fifty years he had been a member of the International. As early as 1862 Mr. Howland was an I. T. U. delegate, representing Grand Rapids (Mich.) Union in the convention of our organization, which that year held its meeting in New York City. At this session John M. Farquhar, elected the year before at Nashville, Tenn., was reelected president, and T. J. Walsh, a New York man, was elected secretary-treasurer. The following year, in the convention held at Cleveland, Ohio, Mr. Howland was also a delegate, again representing Grand Rapids Union. Many years ago he came to this city, and, save for two or three years (spent at his former home in Michigan) during Mr. Benedict's first administration, had been employed in the Government Printing Office ever since, much of the time in the Job Room and the branches. His last work was in the Spess Make-up Chapel, of which he was an honored member when he died. He had been ill for several months preceding his death. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Vinnie Howland, and that gentlewoman has the sympathy of many friends in her sorrow.

* * *

In Secretary Siebold's office some days since that official showed me a large and fairly well preserved picture of the late George E. Dummer, whom many of the oldtimers hereabouts will readily recall. The likeness, a most correct one, by the way, certainly carried me back among old scenes and brought up many persons of the past. Dummer was a delightful old character, and, though somewhat impracticable, was possessed of a bright intellect and an ever-ready fund of information which made him a most entertaining workfellow. The picture, which shows Mr. Dummer in his characteristic pose as a hand typesetter, was rescued from a second-hand store and brought to the Temple by Latta O. Early, of the Record chapel. This picture of "Tontine George," as Mr. Dummer was known to many of his intimates—for, next to talking unionism, the old veteran's best conversation was devoted to a tontine scheme in which he was interested—is a craft relic of the past which should be properly framed and hung in Typographical Temple. The author of the Bits would be much pleased to head a popular subscription for the purpose.

* * *

In the recent debate at the McKinley High School a son of Mr. Walter D. Morgan, a well-known member of Columbia Union employed in the Government Printing Office, took the highest honors. The subject was "Resolved, That Chinese should be admitted to this country," and young Mr. Morgan took the affirmative. The youthful debater of course won on the merits of his oratory, but Brother Morgan will nevertheless be busy for some time to come explaining why the son of such an ardent unionist should be permitted by the "old man" to take sides with the heathen Chinee!

* * *

William Y. Clarke, well known to a large number of his brethren of Columbia Union, has enrolled himself among printer men who have gone into other business. His neat card (of course ornamented with the union label) says that he deals in cigars, tobacco, etc., and newspapers, periodicals, etc. He is located at 1234 1-2 Ninth street N. W., and you are due to give him a call when you want anything in his line.

* * *

John H. Page, whom quite a number of us here recall as a G. P. O. printer along about 1895, and who, after returning to his native Arkansas at that time to engage in the newspaper business, has succeeded therein and made for himself a place of prominence and usefulness among his people. At the election last fall he was elevated to the position of Commissioner of Mines, Manufactures, and Agriculture, assuming that office (which pays about $3,500) on January 15, 1913. As he is still a young man, and active and popular, his friends hope and believe that he will reach higher honors as a public man.

* * *

Recently in Secretary Siebold's office I met Mr. D. M. Spence, a member of Columbia Union formerly well known here, his last work in this city being, I believe, at the Judd & Detweiler shop. Brother Spence is now and has been for two or three years past living at Easton, Md., where he runs a linotype machine on the Star-Democrat, a successful weekly of that town. Mr. Spence still retains his membership in Columbia Union, even though working where a card is not necessary.

* * *

Mr. Charles J. A. Fiesse, a well-known and much esteemed member of Columbia Union, died in this city on the morning of January 22, 1913. Mr. Fiesse had worked in his place in the First Division of the Government Printing Office the day before, and his sudden death (due to an attack of heart trouble and acute indigestion) was a great surprise and sorrow to his friends. He was born in Paris, France, in 1846, and in his youth took active part as a soldier in the great Franco-Prussian war, his capture by the Germans and subsequent escape and safe raturn to the French lines being one of the incidents of the struggle which he always vividly recalled and pleasingly related. He emigrated to the United States abont 40 years ago, working in New York City until 1894, when he came to this city and has since been employed in the Government Printing Office, being a member of the First Division Chapel at the time of his death. Much of his labor, owing to his knowledge of foreign languages, was given to work on the Surgeon General's Catalogue.

Being of an inventive turn of mind, he had devoted much time of late to the invention of a hydro-aeroplane, in the development of which, last summer, the Technical Institute of Paris took much interest.

Mr. Fiesse leaves two nieces (his wife having died several years ago), Mrs. Fannie A. Ford and Mrs. Georgette Ochsner, of this city.

Funeral services were held at Lee's on Friday last, being attended by many fellow-craftsmen and members of the National Union (he being for several years past a member of Nonpariel Council of that order), Rev. Father Dailey, of the Holy Comforter Church, conducting the religious ceremonies. Pallbearers were Henry N. Boernstein, George Burklin, Harry O'Donnell, and P. J. Talbot. Burial was at Rock Creek.

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It is hardly a fair shake to blame the barber for damage done by the safety razor.

The number is variously estimated of those who will skirt the Avenue on March 3.

It is feared that Chief Moore will exhaust all of his good weather ammunition before March 4.

The pay-as-you-enter cars are objected to, but mainly by those whose greatest objection is in paying at all.

An over supply of gold is given as one of the causes of the high cost of living. Not guilty, your Honor.

Advertising is the business man's invitation for trade. Search THE TRADES UNIONIST and see if you are invited. If so, go.

Mr. Rudolph suggests life tenure for District Commissioners. This may be his way of letting it be known that he likes his job.

A Pennsylvania man was pronounced dead, and embalming was about to take place when the supposed dead man came to a sitting posture and called for something to eat. Imagine the disappointment of that undertaker.

Under the wise and competent direction of Dr. W. J. Manning events are daily transpiring to prove the necessity of, and valuable means for, first-aid service in relieving such as are suddenly stricken or disabled while in the performance of their daily duties at the Government Printing Office. Other departments of the Government are now adopting like means as a helpful service to employees.

The Herald cartoonist has appropriated "Billy" Reed's scheme for creating consternation among the women marchers, by turning loose an army of rats and mice along Pennsylvania Avenue on March 3. Attention is called to this matter, not so much to endorse the proposition, but rather to see that credit shall not be misplaced, for be it known that, as a matter of principle, when a member of the art preservative hatches a good thing every member of the craft is in duty bound to stand by the hatchee.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS' BOOST.

Dallas, Tex., Jan. 31.—Electrical workers of this city have secured an increased wage scale without friction. Their wages have been increased from $4 to $4.50 per day, with approximately 100 members having been benefited by the raise, and all are at present employed.

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Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Daniel A. Campbell, Arthur Scofield, and Michael E. Flanagan, probationary pressmen.

John R. Lantz, watchman.

Emory B. Sudler, temporary skilled laborer.

Separations.

Thomas A. Lynch and James Warden, emergency plasterers, dropped.

Michael E. Flanagan, pressman (temporary), dropped.

Charles F. Blett, compositor, dropped.

Miss Edna B. Cross, office helper, resigned.

Mrs. Ollu C. Miller, folder, resigned.

James E. Brunemer, watchman, resigned.

Archie Harrod, James McCarthy, John R. Lantz, and Walter B. Burke, skilled laborers, resigned.

Isaiah Cutler, unskilled laborer, dropped.

John W. West, unskilled laborer, dismissed.

Transfers, &c.

Elmer E. Schooley, compositor, to copyholder; Mrs. Mary Wise, press feeder, to press division; Burnett H. Ackert, William J. Burr, and Thomas L. McEneany, compositors, to hand section; Mrs. Annie E. Hoagland, skilled laborer, and Mrs. Ollu C. Miller and Mrs. Maggie C. Talbot, folders, to pamphlet binding section; Charles M. Richardson, in charge of section, $2,000 per annum; Peter R. Lee, skilled laborer, to office of superintendent of documents (emergency); Jacob Faye, bookbinder, to pamphlet binding section; Mrs. Margaret Whaley, skilled laborer, to ruling and sewing section; James T. Ray and Harrison F. Wilson, compositors, to hand section; Isaiah Perry, unskilled laborer, to chauffeur 30 cents per hour, delivery section; John R. Nalls, elevator conductor, to helper 35 cents per hour, carpenter and paint shop section; Frederick A. Poore, probationary skilled laborer, press division day to monotype section night; George W. Shaffer, linotype section to hand section; Marcellus Hart, unskilled laborer, stores division to linotype section night; William H. Brown, unskilled laborer, buildings division to sanitary section.

INTERPRETS STATUTE.

Springfield, Ohio, Jan. 31.—Recently an amendment to the State constitution, which was adopted at the last election, was questioned as to its constitutionality, and the city solicitor has given as his opinion that this amendment, which prohibits the working of city employes more than eight hours a day, is constitutional, and, further, that the statute applies to all contractors who are doing work for the city. The amendment was placed in the new constitution because the courts under the old constitution had declared illegal the right of the general assembly to establish an eight-hour workday on public works. It is likely that the new amendment, if further questioned, will be tested in the courts, the Ohio State Federation of Labor being intensely interested in establishing the eight-hour day on all public work in the State.

DUFFY'S BUFFET
Wines and Liquors
309 G Street Northwest

Mr. Business Man
Do you want UNION TRADE? If you do, the best way to let the workingmen know it is for you to place an advertisement in the paper which represents these men and women. The
Trades Unionist
offical organ of the Central Labor Union of the District of Columbia, and of the Trades Council of Alexandria, Va., goes into the homes of several thousand wageworkers in the District of Columbia, Virginia and Maryland. It is a paper that is read, which makes it a valuable Advertising Medium.
A large or small display advertisement, or business card will bring satisfactory results, and will at the same time indicate to these unionists, their friends and sympathizers that you are in sympathy with them.
If you desire advertising terms, drop a postal to the Manager, or Phone M. 3915, and he will call.
The
Trades Unionist
604 FIFTH STREET N. W.,
Washington - - D. C.

"THE HOUSE OF GOOD SHOWS"
(918 9th St. N.W.)
YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF TO SEE OUR
SPECIAL FEATURE
SUNDAY SHOWS
10c CHILDREN 5c

THIS COUPON AND 5 CENTS will ADMIT ONE to
MT. VERNON THEATER
TO SEE
"PALACE OF FLAMES"
SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 9TH
MATINEE ONLY 3 to 6 P. M.

OUR DAILY PROGRAMME IS ALWAYS FINE
4 SPLENDID REELS 5c
MT. VERNON THEATER
(918 9th St. N.W.)

THE DRILLERY
1100 NEW YORK AVE. N. W.
Stenography, Typewriting, Business and Civil Service Courses.
OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
SESSION DAILY 9 A. M. TO 2 P. M.
SUMMER RATES.

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COSMOS
POPULAR CLEAN VAUDEVILLE
EQUAL TO THE
Highest Priced Show Houses
Our Success Is Based on Merit
10c and 20c
If You Like Pictures See Them at
COLONIAL
PICKWICK
OR PALACE
The Censored and All Approved Plays Are Shown There First Time in City

Union Men, Save Your Shoes
For one-fourth of the cost of a new pair we will make them like new. When we say new we mean it, for our factory machine repairing is not to be compared with the cobbler crude craft.
We Call For and Deliver
THE HOME SHOE REPAIRING COMPANY
719 Ninth Street Northwest

WIENER BEER (Light) CONGRESS BREW (Dark)
— ALE —
Arlington Brewing Co.
— PORTER —
Tel. West 129 ROSSLYN, VA.

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A guarantee with everything you buy here--- and you can buy here everything you and the boys wear.
Leopold Morse Company's Union Clothing Sold by Us

Representative Houses
OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
The Following Wholesale and Retail Business Firms and Professional Men Are Friendly to Organized Labor and Desire and Are Entitled to Its Patronage:

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
RALSTON, SIDDONS & RICHARDSON, Bond Building, Fourteenth Street, and New York Avenue.
FRANK FULLER Room 421. Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

BANKS
THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue
THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

TITLES TO REAL ESTATE
LAWYERS' TITLE AND GUARANTY INSURANCE COMPANY, 412 Fifth Street N.W.

WINES AND LIQUORS
SAMUEL G. STEWART, Heurich Brewing Company's Beers and popular brands of Whiskies, 1141 Seventh Street N. W.

FRANK'S BUFFET
OLD GLORY AND ROYAL PILSEN ON TAP
Fourth and G Sts., N. W. Phone M. 5572

DRUGGISTS
CHARLES HAWKINS, Prescription Druggist, Corner Fourth Street and Virginia Avenue S. E.
ASTORIA PHARMACY, Third and G Streets Northwest. Price and Product Right.
THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. For old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

SOFT DRINKS, ETC.
THE SAMUEL C. PALMER CO. (INC.) SODA WATER, SYRUPS, Etc., 1066 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

PHOTO SUPPLIES
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GROCER AND COFFEE ROASTER
SOMERSET R. WATERS, 1342 Seventh Street N. W.

FIRE INSURANCE
FIREMAN'S INSURANCE COMPANY, Seventh Street and Louisiana Avenue.

DRY GOODS
WM. H. BURCH, Dry Goods, Notions, Ladies and Men's Furnishings. Hoisery, a specialty, 806-808 H Street N. E. Phone Lincoln 946.

UNDERTAKERS
J. WILLIAM LEE
UNDERTAKER AND LIVERY
332 Penna. Avene N. W.

MACHINIST
G. W. FORSBERG, Formerly with Forsberg and Murray, Elevate Boilers. Eighth and Water Streets S. W. Phone Main 751 and 742

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, ETC.
THE W. H. BUTLER COMPANY, 607 and 609 C Street N W.

LIME, SAND, GRAVEL, CEMENT
NATIONAL MORTAR COMPANY, First and M Street, Northea s
COLUMBIA GRANITE & DREDGING COMPANY, 3036 K Stree

THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 33 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

NEWS FROM COLORADO

Unions Are Active And Their Efforts Are Being Attended With Success.

Denver, Feb. 7.—Roady Kennehan, of the Horseshoers' Union, is now State Treasurer; James B. Pearce, of the Railway Telegraphers, is Secretary of State, and Mary C. C. Bradford, of the Women's Trade Union League, is the new State superintendent of public instruction, these unionists just having been inducted into office. A minimum wage has been adopted by the city government of $2.25 for unskilled labor and $4.50 for men and teams. The women's eight-hour law, providing that women shall not be employed in excess of eight hours in mercantile, manufacturing or mechanical establishments, went into effect on January 23. Some 7,500 women and girls in this city are directly affected by the law. It is reported that the Western Union Telegraph Company will refuse to comply with the law, and it employs several hundred women in the State. The company claims it does not come within the meaning of the statute, but the State labor commissioner declares that the company will either abide by the law or suits will be instituted. At the last election two miners' eight-hour laws were adopted, one of which was bona fide and had a large majority, while the other was initiated by the corporations and pulled through by a small vote. A claim is made that one law repeals the other. A ten-hour law for street railway employes has been introduced in the State Legislature by Representative Kavanaugh, a member of the Street Carmen's Union of Colorado Springs.

MOVING PICTURE NOTES

Brother Thomas has just returned from a visit to West Virginia.

Brother Bush, late of Piedmont, has been elected guide to fill the vacancy made by Brother Roberts.

Brother Armes, our amiable Corresponding Secretary, has been elected Recording Secretary, in the place of Brother Bablets.

On the night of January 27th a large delegation of our boys went to Baltimore as guests of Local 181, and had a very pleasant visit.

Brother Martin is in our midst again.

The first regular meeting in February will be held Monday, the 3d. Let every member be present.

Candidates for base ball team report every Sunday at Fifth street and Florida avenue northeast.

COURT DECIDES FOR MOTORMEN.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 7.—The Kentucky Court of Appeals held, in the case of Silva vs. City of Newport, that an ordinance requiring that every street car owned and operated by any person, company, or corporation maintaining a street railway within the limits of the city should be provided by such person, company, or corporation with a stool upon the forward platform as a seat for the driver, motorman, or gripman, or other person in control of such car, and providing a penalty for its violation, was not unreasonable or oppressive in its operation, and that power to pass the ordinance was conferred upon the board of commissioners of the city by a statute authorizing it "to pass all ordinances not inconsistent with the provisions of this act or the laws of the State as may be expedient in maintaining the peace, good government, health, and welfare of the city, its trade, commerce, and manufactures."

PREDICTS PUBLIC OWNERSHIP.

Boston, Feb. 7.—The Governor of Massachusetts, in his recent inaugural address, declared that immediate and adequate State regulation of transportation systems was necessary or the alternative would be ownership and operation of transportation lines by the Federal Government. He said: "The greatest problem before the American people is to maintain the government above railroad domination. This problem has reached a crisis in Massachusetts. It is clear that if a Commonwealth does not control the railroad situation the demand for control in the ownership and operation by the Federal Government will soon become irresistible."

CHILD LABOR SUNDAY.

From various sections throughout the country come reports daily indicating that the child labor Sunday schedule for January 26 was observed in a large number of cities and towns throughout the country. Without doubt, much good will result from the general discussion of child labor problems from the pulpits, and it is a programme that should receive encouragement from the Central Bodies throughout the country.

RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 7.—The Brotherhood of Railway Carmen has chartered a new lodge at Alexandria, La., and also one at Union Bridge, Md.

GARMENT WORKERS

The General Secretary of the United Garment Workers' Appeals For Financial Aid.

New York, Feb. 7.—The fifth week of the strike of 125,000 garment workers in the men's clothing industry for a shorter work week, increase in wages, and general improvement in working conditions has just closed. During the recent past two individual temporary injunctions have been granted to two manufacturing companies, while on January 22 a blanket injunction, applicable to the former employes of the nineteen members of the New York Clothing Trades Association, was granted temporarily. Appeals for financial aid have been issued by the general secretary of the United Garment Workers of America, as funds are greatly needed, and the members of the United Garment Workers throughout the country are urged to respond generously and promptly to the appeal. While the injunctions referred to prohibit practically every activity of the garment workers, still the campaign is being prosecuted with just as much vigor as prior to the issuance of these injunctions. Negotiations are in progress for a settlement, but up to the present time no definite understanding has been reached.

C. L. U. DRAWING

The following numbers were the ones voted for at the meeting of the Central Labor Union on last Monday night:

No. 5008, a suit of clothes, donated by Joseph A. Wilner. The holder of the number was F. Engel, 1624 E street southeast.

No. 221, a $5 gold piece, donated by THE TRADES UNIONIST. Columbia Typographical Union held this number.

No. 5603, a box of Adams Regalia Cigars, donated by the Royal Tobacco Company, went to the Bookbinders Union. The affair, from a financial standpoint, was not as successful as was expected, but the proceeds will help greatly.

AN ADVERSE DECISION.

A case before the New Jersey Court of Errors and Appeals has just been decided adversely to the workmen. Where a common carrier engaged in interstate commerce purchased certain rails, and after their arrival at destination caused them to be moved to the place where they were to be laid and employed persons to unload them from the cars, and one of those so employed was injured by the dropping of one of the rails on his foot through the negligence of his fellow-employes, the New Jersey Court of Errors and Appeals held (Pierson vs. New York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad Company) that the service in which the injured man was engaged was not work done in interstate commerce, and therefore that he could not recover under the Federal employers' liability act of 1908.

FIGHTING FOR BABIES.

"The United States is now losing 300,000 babies a year," says Miss Julia Lathrop, Chief of the Children's Bureau, in her first public bulletin since the creation of the bureau. "Experience has demonstrated that half of these might be saved if the simple methods already known to science could be brought to bear. To apply these methods, however, it is necessary to have good statistics and an immediate report of every birth. Without these it is practically impossible to reduce the high rate of infant mortality. Immediate notification of births is necessary so that the babies born under adverse circumstances may be sent the assistance which may be given so readily by the health authorities, visiting nurses or other agencies."

WANTS TRUTH STUCK TO.

A bill introduced by Representative Dent of Alabama, it would be made an offense, punishable by a fine or imprisonment, or both, for a person or concern in the District of Columbia to cause to be distributed advertising matter containing any assertion, representation, or statement of fact which is willfully untrue. The punishment would apply whether the objectionable advertising matter was sent out in circular form or through the columns of newspapers. The limit of fine fixed by the measure is $500, while six months is the maximum prison sentence that could be imposed.

OKLAHOMA IN THE VAN.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 7.—A bill has been introduced in the State Legislature for the purpose of restricting the hours of labor for women in all avocations to eight per day. From a cursory investigation it is found that a large majority of the members of the State Legislature are favorable to a bill of this character and it will undoubtedly be passed and become a law in the near future.

STEEL TRUST, TRUE TO ITS HISTORY, TAKES THE LAW INTO ITS OWN HANDS

Pittsburg, Feb. 7. —When the American Federation of Labor undertook the task of organizing the steel workers, it was given out from trust sources that no opposition from the company would be made to the organization of its employes. This assertion was not in accord with the previous policy of the Steel Trust, and, consequently, it did not bear the mark of veracity. It was expected that whenever the Federation commenced actual organizing the entire power of the steel Moloch would be brought to bear to thwart the organization of the employes of the trust. The expected has happened. Without provocation, mercenaries and bad men have commenced the usual tactics employed by the Steel Trust in former times, and, as a result, at Rankin, Pa., a large number of peaceful strikers, returning from a meeting, were met by special officers and private detectives, and assaulted. The result was that one man was killed and fourteen injured. No discrimination was used, women and children not escaping the wrath of the detectives and special officers. Charges have been made that the Sheriff of the county is blameable. The occurrence was of such importance that Secretary Morrison wired to the president of the Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor, who is a member of the State Legislature, and who is now at Harrisburg, to secure, if possible, action by the Legislature, which is now in session, to protect the employes of the Steel Trust, and also the representatives of the American Federation of Labor who are conducting the organizing campaign. Secretary Morrison has also taken the matter up with Congressman Stanley, chairman of the Steel Trust investigating commission, and he has given the assurance that he will give full co-operation in the matter. The Congressional delegation from Pennsylvania has also been notified of the state of affairs, and asked to cooperate in securing for the workmen employed by the trust treatment to which they are entitled under the laws.

TRADES COUNCIL ACTIVE

Promotes The Best Interests Of The Labor Movement And Active In Other Matters.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 7.—The Trades Council of this city is an active body and not only bestirs itself in promoting the best interests of the labor movement, but is interested and active in other matters. Recently the Central Body protested to the City Council that the vice commission was not performing its duty. In addition to this the Trades Council adopted a resolution demanding the city council to investigate the wages and living conditions of women workers. The city council adopted a resolution and appointed four members of organized labor on the commission to make the investigation. The first result has been that the city council has authorized the operation of a coal yard for the benefit of the city at large, with a sale price of 95 cents per ton less than the usual rate charged by dealers.

OREGON'S ACCIDENT TOLL.

Portland, Feb. 7.—The report of the labor commissioner for the period included between May 20, 1911, and September 30, 1912, shows that 5,179 accidents were reported, and of these 164 were fatal. The largest number of accidents occurred in the lumber industry, there having been 930 accidents in the saw and planing mills of the State, with 21 fatalities in that number. There were 544 accidents in machine shops, foundries, etc., while the balance of the number reported occurred in various avocations. This high rate of industrial accidents should be a salient argument before the present Legislature for the passage of a compensation law, which the unionists of this State have prepared and are urging.

CALIFORNIA ACTIVE.

Sacramento, Cal., Feb. 7.—Among the first bills to be introduced in both houses of the Legislature were several important measures demanded by organized labor, chief among these being the anti-injunction and anti-conspiracy bills. Another bill has been introduced requiring that manufacturers of cement shall provide dustproof compartments for packing their product, and that cement shall be packed in dustproof containers. A bill also is introduced limiting the age of teamsters to eighteen. Another bill introduced requires employers to furnish pure drinking water on the premises.

OPPOSE GOVERNOR'S SCHEME.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 7.—The labor men of the State are not in agreement with Gov. Baldwin in his proposition to consolidate the office of factory inspector with that of the Labor Bureau. A conference called by the executive committee of the Connecticut State Federation of Labor has passed a resolution opposing the proposition. The conference also went on record as approving the workmen's compensation bill, which was submitted to them by an ex-member of the Legislature.

PAGE BILL PASSES.

The Page Industrial Education bill passed the Senate on January 29. The Lever bill, dealing with the same subject, but narrow in scope, passed the House some time ago. The Lever bill came up in the Senate and the Page bill was substituted in its entirety for the Lever bill and passed. The Page bill has been indorsed by the American Federation of Labor, and is a comprehensive and meritorious measure, and efforts are to be made to secure the concurrence in the conference, which is necessary, with the Senate action.

STATE INVESTIGATES STRIKE.

Bangor, Me., Feb. 7.—The State through its board of arbitration and conciliation, is making an effort to learn the facts regarding the strike of the engineers and firemen on the Bangor and Aroostook Railroad. A hearing has been had, and the board will submit its report to the Governor in the near future. Passenger trains are running on the road, but no effort is being made to move freight.

ASKS FOR CONFERENCE

Gompers Asked That A Conference Be Held So A Compromise Bill May Be Framed.

President Samuel Gompers recently appeared before the House Judiciary Committee, asking that a conference be held between the members of the committee and the representatives of the railroad brotherhoods, some of the latter being opposed to the measure, in order that a compromise bill may be framed. President Gompers declared that since the bill had passed the Senate after a hard fight, that unless it was reported favorably and action taken within a short time, it meant the beginning of the fight all over again next session. In replying to the suggestion made by one of the railroad brotherhoods that every accident to a workman should be covered by the compensation act, he said: "While no one is more opposed to present industrial conditions than I am, I realize that some accidents are unavoidable—they just occur. If we pass a bill embracing every accident, we are liable to make it difficult or impossible to enforce. There is nothing that will do more harm to workmen's compensation than the passage of such a law. Of jury awards for damages during the last year," President Gompers stated, "only one-eighteenth has gone to the litigants, and the average life in each case in court was four years."

OIL BILL INCREASING.

The Steam Engineering Bureau has directed the attention of the House Committee on Naval Affairs to an increase of 60 per cent in the price of oil last year. President Taft recently set aside two tracts of land in California, one of which is estimated to contain at least 25,000,000 barrels of oil. It is asserted that this amount will be sufficient to run the navy for forty years. If the price of oil still continues to climb, it is probable that the officials of the Navy Department will ask Congress for an appropriation to develop the tracts set aside by the President for the purpose of producing oil for the navy by the government itself.

LOWELL PRINTERS.

Lowell, Mass., Feb. 7.—The Typographical Union has just signed a contract covering nearly all the offices in the city, which carries with it an increase of $2 per week. On morning newspapers $23 per week will obtain for three years and then another increase takes effect, making the scale $24. On evening newspapers $20 for three years and $21 after that period, the life of the contract being five years. The book and job office scale is $19 for the next two years. The agreement stipulates the eight-hour day, time and a half for overtime, and double time for Sundays and legal holidays.

KANSAS CITY LABEL LEAGUE.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 7.—The Union Label League of this city is a success in every way. The different organizations making up the league take active interest in its work and are prosecuting with vigor all actions taken by the league. Active agitation is carried on in behalf of products bearing the union label with good results. The league prints a journal and is one of the few Union Label Leagues in the country that maintains a militant corps of interested union men engaged in promoting the work for which the league has been organized.

THEY ARE FIGHTERS.

Jackson, Mich., Feb. 7.—The Boilermakers in this city are entitled to a prize for endurance. For nearly two years they have been on strike against the piecework system and during all that time not a man has waivered in his steadfastness. The strike is on against the Michigan Central shops and the strikers meet four times a week at Labor Hall to compare notes and are as determined to-day to win the contest as on the first day of the strike. The spirit displayed by the boilermakers is of the kind that wins battles for labor.

IN FAVOR OF LABOR LAWS

Gov. Eberhart Discussed Relations Which Should Exist Between Labor And Capital.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Gov. Eberhart, in his inaugural message, discussed the relations which should exist between labor and capital, and emphatically proclaimed the right of both to organize. He also advocated a fair and adequate workmen's compensation act, as well as a law to protect women and children. The Governor also declared for the initiative and referendum. Among the recommendations made by the various departments of the State administration, a number are of great importance, namely: A bill to reorganize the labor bureau, a bill to amend the factory laws, a bill to amend the accident report law, and a bill to correct certain abuses in the payment of wages, and remedy wage injustice that the bureau of labor has found to exist on a large scale.

MACHINISTS WIN.

Aurora, Ill., Feb. 7.—Organizers for the International Association of Machinists have been successful in organizing a large number of men employed in the Automatic Company, of this city. During the process of organization the company instituted a lockout, which continued for some time. Through activity of the officials of the machinists, assisted by men in the local field, a settlement was reached whereby the men were returned to work without relinquishing their rights to maintain their union. Some friction, however, has arisen in the carrying out of the agreement, but it is believed that these matters will be straightened out and a large organization the ultimate result.

THE MUNICIPAL RAILWAY.

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—The San Francisco Star prints this item in its last issue: "Despite the Chronicle's dismal prediction that the Municipal Railway would be an awful burden to the taxpayers, it has from the start—with only ten out of forty-three cars running to Kearny street—earned enough to pay all operating expenses and the accrued interest on the bonded indebtedness. When all the cars are in service, and running direct to the Ferry, the income will be increased and the expenses decreased proportionately. The Municipal Railway is already what we said it would be—an object lesson for the public ownership of all public utilities."

LAW CONSTITUTIONAL.

Indianapolis, Feb. 7.—The Supreme Court of Indiana held, in the case of Southern Railway Company vs. Railroad Commission of Indiana, that the statute of that State providing a penalty against a railroad using or permitting to be used or hauled on its line any car not provided with secure grab-iron hand holds in the sides or ends was constitutional, and that the fact that Congress passed an act providing that the cars should be equipped with sufficient hand-holds, both on the ends and sides, did not prevent the State from demanding a certain kind, which was sufficient on either the ends or sides.

MAKE EFFORT TO AMALGAMATE.

In the matter of the amalgamation of the Steam Shovel and Dredgemen, the Executive Council, of the A. F. of L., directed that all organizations in interest be notified to have representatives at the next meeting of the Executive Council, with the information that the Council will act upon this question at that meeting. The next meeting of the Executive Council will occur beginning on April 14.

WORKING FORCE REDUCED.

The working force at the navy yard in this city has been reduced, 200 of its employes having been laid off at a recent date. The reason given for the reduction is that there is now not sufficient work to keep the normal force busy. A large portion of the men who were laid off were mechanics.

COURT CRIMPS ATTORNEY

Lawyer Severely Arraigned Also Compelled to Return Reasonable Sum of Money.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 7.—Paul Golik, who was permanently injured while pursuing his avocation, filed a personal suit for damage against his employers. This suit was carried through the various courts and damages awarded, and afterward a compromise settlement made with the defendant company. Golik became a public charge and investigation brought to light the fact that the attorney in the case had appropriated the entire amount of the settlement as his fee and attendant expenses. This state of affairs was brought to the attention of the district court, and the judge stated to the attorney that he had not given his client a square deal, and ordered him to return to Golik a specified sum. It seems, also, that bills which had been incurred by Golik were raised to three times their original amount and advantage taken of the fact that he was a foreigner and could speak little English. The court severely arraigned the attorney, aside from compelling him to return to his client a reasonable amount of money secured for damages. This emphasizes again the fact that workmen's compensation laws are needed to prevent occurrences of this kind and to insure to the workman who is injured at least a modicum of protection.

IN FAVOR OF PAGE BILL

The Executive Council Took Affirmative Action In Favor Of This Bill.

The Executive Council of the Federation had under consideration the Page Industrial Education Bill, which is now before the United States Senate. This bill is a meritorious one and increases the educational facilities in the United States to such an extent as to reach boys and girls in all walks of life, bringing the opportunity to such close proximity as to make it easy to secure an education, general in character, or in special lines, as may be desired. The Page bill is exceedingly broad in its provisions and the Executive Council took affirmative action in favor of the bill. There is another bill called the Lever Industrial Education bill, which has passed the House, but its provisions do not afford the educational privileges provided for in the Page bill. The Page bill has been before the Senate on numerous occasions and recently the Lever bill was up for consideration and a motion was made to substitute the Page bill for the Lever bill. This undoubtedly will bring about a compromise by adding to the Lever bill the salient provisions of the Page bill.

RECOMMENDS IMPORTANT LAWS

Lansing, Mich., Feb. 7.—Gov. Woodbridge N. Ferris, in his inaugural address to the Legislature, requested that body to enact into law four important statutes, namely, the initiative and referendum, as provided in the Oregon law, which requires a 7 per cent petition of electors to initiate or refer legislation; the recall of all executive, legislative, and administrative officers; the real Australian ballot, abolishing party columns; the abolition of primary enrollment and provision for registration on primary day. In addition to these measures, he also recommended the direct election of United States Senators; a public utilities commission to regulate all public service corporations in the State; inspection of mines to prevent accidents: proper sanitation, ventilation, and heating of schoolhouses; uniform system of text-books up to the eighth grade; weekly payment of employes in all industrial plants. Many other recommendations were made, but those given are the most important.

BALTIMORE PAINTERS.

Baltimore, Feb. 7.—The local union of painters in this city on January 28 held the first of a series of meetings which have been scheduled to be held every two weeks until spring, eight meetings having been arranged for. The purpose is to interest all non-union painters in the city with the end in view of securing their membership or co-operation in securing an advance of 50 cents per day, beginning April 1. The first meeting was a success, a large number of non-union painters being present. Speakers from other cities were present and delivered addresses. The officials of the organization state that more interest has been manifested in the present campaign, although in its early stages, than for many years past.

TO BUILD BIG ENGINE.

The Bureau of Steam Engineering is to undertake the construction of an internal combustion engine of about 2,500 horsepower for installation in one of the two oil-carrying vessels provided for by Congress last year. Congress has authorized the use of any unexpended balance in the appropriation for steam machinery for building this internal combustion engine for experimental purposes.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES UNION TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 7, 1913.

LA FOLLETTE---PETERS EIGHT-HOUR BILL

Hearings on the bill, limiting the hours of labor for women and girls employed in the District, introduced in the Senate by that bold champion of the peoples rights the Honorable Robert M. La Follette and in the House by the Honorable Andrew J. Peters, were held during the past week. It is a noticeable fact that there was no opposition to the bill before the House Committee on Labor and those who supported the bill were people who have made a study of economic and sociological conditions and the arguments advanced in its favor were the ones that every trades unionist has heard at his meetings many many times. Before the Senate Committee however, the opponents of this just and equitable and humane measure have brought their heavy artillery to the fore and have tried to show that all sorts of dire things will happen provided this bill becomes a law. They have had some of the girls employed, appear before the committee to protest against its enactment, and they have told how pleasant and enjoyable and renumerative, it is to work in some of the department stores and laundrys, and to read some of their testimony we are contrained to believe that they have found their heaven. We trust that both Committees of Congress will recommend this bill favorably and that it will pass at this session of Congress so that the women and girls of the District will enjoy the advantage of shorter hours. Those of them who fear a reduction in pay need not give this question the least concern for it has been proven that wherever the hours of labor have been shortened there has been a correspondingly increase in pay. If any of the readers of this article have any acquaintanceship amongst the members of the Senate and the House let them write at once and urge them to ask for any early vote on these bills.

Possibly the tenement-house cigar manufacturer advertises his weeds by the name of "Robert Burns," "Tom Moore," "Henry George," or other friend of humanity, as a salve to the conscience of those members of organized labor who smoke them.

The merit of a labor paper is proved more by the amount of matter stolen from its columns than by the amount that is reprinted with credit. As imitation is the sincerest form of flattery, so literal appropriation is the strongest admission of worth.

It is gratifying to reflect that much of the so-called dissension in the ranks of organized labor is but the inevitable accompaniment and evidence of the vital force within the movement. The dead alone present a perfectly peaceful exterior.

The man who is inclined at times to regard himself as the "whole cheese" in the labor movement may find something worth while in the reflection that after all he is merely a mite—a creature born of the movement's age and strength.

There isn't much to choose between the union man who regards the payment of dues as his sole obligation to organized labor and the non-union man who assumes no obligation at all—and what choice there is favors the latter, rather.

As a man may be loved for the enemies he has made, so the "labor leader" who is not the subject of denunciation, libel, and misconstruction from certain sources is justly open to suspicion regarding his disinterestedness.

When we are inclined to be impatient of the small mindedness that sometimes crops up in the labor movement we should reflect that, after all, the fact is a compliment to the intensely human character of the institution.

The labor press will not begin to be the power it should be until the people in whose interests it is published begin to show it a little of the deference and respect that they now bestow upon the press of their opponents.

The "labor leader" who fully appreciates the responsibility of his office is to be commended; but the "labor leader" who falls into the error of regarding himself as indispensable is in need of a severe corrective.

However regrettable the internecine troubles of the trade unions, there remains the consolation that at the crucial moment the opposition of the common enemy will force them to make common cause.

If men would adhere strictly to the sound rules of practice in trade unionism, as they do to the rules of arithmetic, we should witness fewer instances of division and subtraction under the guise of addition.

The view of the majority is always right, since it alone can be put into practice. The view of the minority can never be more than a theory incapable of demonstration.

INHERITANCE TAX

Now that a sufficient number of the States have adopted the constitutional amendment that permits the levying of an income tax, I note that not a few persons have the idea that its operation will act as a check on the money-grabbing instinct of men like Carnegie, Morgan, Rockefeller, et al. I do not think so. While the tax will cause those people of large means whose conscience will not permit them to "swear off" a large share of their income to pay more nearly than they are now doing a fair share of the expense that rests upon the people, it will not act as a deterrent to the men who have an insane desire to add millions for which they have no earthly use to the large wealth they have already acquired. An income tax, for instance, will not divert to public use one penny of tne hundreds of millions that went to the bank account of Andrew Carnegie after he and a few other steel magnates had met and manipulated the consolidation that created the United States Steel Company, and made in their favor dollars of so many twenty-five cent pieces. An income tax will not yield to the Government a dollar of the millions added to the value of hitherto competing railroads after shrewd men have temporarily "depressed the market" and gobbled in a controlling share of stock. There is only one way by which a fair share to the people can be certainly secured, and that is through an inheritance tax.

I know that a few States already have resorted to this means of revenue. To disarm their opposition to a national law that might infringe on their income from this source, the law creating a national inheritance tax could provide for the return to each State of a certain share of the yield, each State to be entitled to such share from the estate of its own citizens. That would be fair to all. That would retain to each State now receiving revenue from this source at least an equal amount. That would remove from would-be "tax dodgers" the opportunity of doing so by claiming residence in a State that has no inheritance law. And by making the rate progressive, by making it as nearly confiscation, when the estate is dangerously large, as the safety of a republic seems to require, it would remove the greatest danger, as history teaches all who are not too stubborn to learn, that has ever threatened to destroy free government.

If I may add a few lines to this already too long communication, I will state what to my mind looks like a fair rate of taxation on inherited wealth: Up to $25,000 I would exempt. Up to $50,000, 1 per cent; up to $100,000, 2 per cent; over $100,000 and up to $250,000, 3 per cent; over that up to $500,000, 4 per cent; over that and up to $1,000,000, 5 per cent; over that and up to $5,000,000, 10 per cent; over that and up to $10,000,000, 25 per cent; over $10,000,000, 60 per cent. This high rate would remove from the men who are dangerous because of the power of their wealth the temptation to continue piling up the millions, for the reason that they are not the patriots who care to make a dollar if the great body of their countrymen get sixty cents of it. This, Mr. Editor, is my remedy for the evil of swollen fortunes. If you or any of your readers can suggest a better one, I shall be glad to hear of it.

AUGUST DONATH.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

At a meeting of the Bakery Salesmen's Local Union No. 33, held on Wednesday, January 15, the election of officers for the ensuing year resulted in so close a contest for several of the positions that a recount of the ballots was necessary, which matter was left in the hands of the Exexutive Board, the Board meeting at the office of the union on Wednesday, January 29, for this purpose.

As a result of the recount the officers elected are as follows:

President, Thos. C. Fox, re-elected; Vice-President, A. L. Sampson; Recording Secretary, Jas. L. Considine, re-elected; Secretary-Treasurer, Jos. E. Toone, re-elected; Trustee for three years, J. F. German, re-elected; Business Agent, J. E. Toone, re-elected; Delegates to Central Labor Union, R. E. Donaldson, Thos. C. Fox, J. E. Toone, A. L. Sampson, and Jas. L. Considine; Delegates to Maryland State and District of Columbia Federation of Labor, J. F. Hagan, J. E. Toone, Jas. L. Considine.

The first count placed Brother H. H. Hummer Vice-President by one vote, but the recount showed an error, due no doubt to the haste in counting the ballots, when the time was limited, on the night of the meeting.

The ball given under the auspices of the union, on the 14th of January, was a decided success socially, and would have been far more successful financially but for the night following being "special meeting" night, and, in the "patois" of the members, "pay night," when the dues for the quarter are paid in advance.

Thanks are due the sister locals for the support tendered, by the purchase of tickets for the event, and also to those locals sending messages of regret.

THIS FROM A JUDGE

When union men as other quasi private citizens criticise the courts the general run of people throw up their hands in holy horror and scream "Anarchist!" And the daily press berates them unmercifully.

When Roosevelt, Bryan, or some other prominent man criticises our courts, the criticism is received with good-natured raillery, and we are told either that they don't mean it literally, or that they don't thoroughly understand the question, etc.

Now comes one Justice Wesley O. Howard, of the New York Supreme Court, who, in an address before the alumni of the La Salle Institute, declared "that the judges of this country were doing more to create anarchistic conditions than anyone else."

Had some labor man made this broad statement in a public address, what a lambasting he would have received from our subsidized daily press! But Judge Howard didn't stop there. He proceeded to qualify the above quoted statement thusly:

"Brandt, the obscure valet, not guilty at all of the crime of which he was accused, so the Attorney-General states, is sentenced to State prison for thirty years—practically for life; Robin, the millionaire, the alleged wrecker of banks, houses, and homes, goes to jail for a year.

"Morse, who pyramided banks and juggled with millions, gets out of prison because he is sick, while the convict in the next cell, who perhaps stole a coat, remains there languishing with sickness till he dies."

This coming from a judge (and none can gainsay it), evidently will not only startle our subsidized daily press, but will make many of those who have honestly, if ignorantly, been defending our courts, sit up and take the proper sort of notice of these same courts they have been swearing by.

Judge Howard, being a part of the system he is criticising, certainly would not hand out this sort of statement for his own amusement. It is more likely that he has deeply studied the situation, weighed it in the balance, and found it sadly out of plumb.

This frank statement from Judge Howard should do much toward jarring labor men and the general public out of their general apathetic and indifferent condition of mind, and show them that this condition is a direct result of their being hidebound "party" men—because their pa, their grandpa, or great-grandpa were either Democrats or Republicans.

If the labor men and the general public would wake up, brush the moss off their backs, and vote for their own interests, instead of forever helping the other fellow, conditions such as described by this judge would disappear as if by magic.

Have they enough "gumption" to do it?"

O. T. PIERCE.

THE MARCH OF THE TOILERS

[By META L. STERN.]

We are coming from the hovels,
We are coming from the dungeons,
From our necks the yokes are lifted and the fetters have been torn.
We have heard the voice of freedom,
And the lifeblood throbs within us;
We are marching upward, onward, to the dawn of a new morn.

We who bore your heavy burdens,
We who fought your bloody battles,
We who suffered and who perished for your glory, wealth and might,
We who labored while you idled,
We who famished while you feasted,
We who groped in gloom and darkness while you reveled in the light.

We, the toilers of the nations,
Men and women, stand united,
And proclaim to you, the master, that your rulership is past;
After centuries of silence,
After ages of oppression,
This fair world of our making shall be our world at last.

—International Bricklayers Masons and Plasterers Journal.

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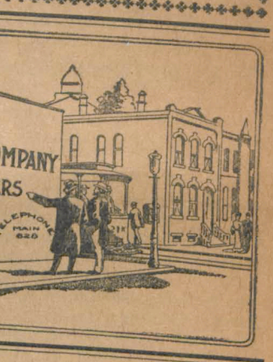

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

It was a pleasure to see Miss Catherine M. Fleming back at her desk in the proof room of the Government Printing Office during the past week. For more than two months Miss Fleming has been seriously ill, and her friends—which means all who know her—are delighted to know of her recovery and hope that a long season of good health is before her.

* * *

The labor unions of Terre Haute, Ind., are preparing to build a labor temple there, and for its edition of Sunday, March 2, 1913, the Tribune, of that city, will turn its establishment over to the promoters of the movement, and labor leaders will have complete control of the paper for that day—editorially, financially, and in all other ways. A "labor" staff will run the whole thing, giving the regulars a holiday. The proceeds will go to swell the fund for the labor temple.

* * *

J. W. Miller, of the night proof room of the Government Printing Office, is quite proud of his son, Paul D., who graduated at Business High School in this city a few days ago. The youth finished the four-year course at the head of his class (where he seems to have been at all stages of his high-school course), was president of the graduating class, delivered the address of welcome and the valedictory, and wrote the class song. Certainly Brother Miller has a right to feel proud of such a splendid youngster and to look forward to a bright future for him.

* * *

Castlemon P. Boss, after more than six weeks' illness from typhoid fever, is so far recovered as to resume work in his place as a keyboard operator in the monotype section of the Printery—news which will afford much pleasure to his many friends.

* * *

Mr. Frank E. Buckland, one of this city's best known printers and travelers, is in constant demand as a lecturer. On February 11 he will address the Washington Chamber of Commerce on the subject of "The Panama Canal and the new golden age of trade competition." On February 13 he will deliver an address at Carroll Institute on the subject of "Jerusalem, the Holy City." The latter will be illustrated. On March 2 he will deliver the "Passion Play at Oberammergau," illustrated by many fine views, to the Knights of Columbus. Mr. and Mrs. Buckland leave on March 11 for a cruise on the Victoria Louise that will include the Panama Canal, a portion of South America, aud the West Indies.

* * *

James E. Maynard, chairman of Columbia Union's laws committee, has been appointed on the press committee of the Wilson inaugural ceremonies—an excellent selection; while his friend Jere A. Costello, department commander of Spanish War Veterans of the District of Columbia, will be an aid-de-camp on the staff of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, grand marshal of the inaugural parade. It may seem a little out of the ordinary to hitch these two gentlemen up in one item, but both of them—Jim the printer and Jere the lawyer—are such insistent boosters for the label that the writer of the Bits always kinder likes to see 'em lined up together. They recall what the Irishman said of his best horses—"They be a moighty foine pair."

* * *

J. U. Jackson, recently returned from several years' service in the Bureau of Printing at Manila, still takes considerable interest in that distant possession of Uncle Sam. The other day he showed me this clipping from the Manila Free Press, and as it is entirely too good (as well as too warm) to get away I shall pass it along for the delectation of the Bits' readers:

"MISS MARIE TOMAYO.

"San Fernando, Pampanga, P. I.,
"27th of July, 1912.

"To the Editor: Will you put into the columns for 'Young Folks' about my friend Miss Marie Tomayo, the star of the beautiful town of San Fernando, whose ethereal beauty surpasses anything this side of heaven and who is the best dancer and most popular young lady in Pampanga? Without her every social gathering would be like our sugar cane without its sweetness or the parched earth without its heaven-sent rain. She treads the earth like the zephyrs through the Sampaguita, and all who are privileged to see her fall in love with her, especially the writer, who at one time sat near her when she honored the high school with her learned presence.

"When Miss Marie passes on her way the flowers lift their dreamy heads to do her honor and the little grass blades sway and bend in happiness under the glances from her lovely eyes.

"Her noble father is the clerk of the Court of Pampanga and is a good friend of everybody and proud of being the father of such a wonderful belle as our popular and delicious Marie. J.

"As I am not quite ready to declare my ardent love for Marie yet, please do not publish my name, as her delicate father would not like any suitor for his lily who is yet too young."

W. N. BROCKWELL.

CHURCH SOCIAL SERVICE

At a conference of social workers recently held in New York, the Church was sneeringly alluded to by the chief speaker, when he mentioned a certain piece of social work done by the Church. He remarked that "it was well done, in spite of the fact that the Church had done the job." Which comment was liberally applauded by his audience. It was interesting to note that the speaker had received his original inspiration as a social worker in the Church, that most of his listeners were church members, and that the organization, which had made the very occasion at which he spoke possible, was heavily endowed by a well-known Presbyterian elder.

A somewhat extensive, and, in a measure, a rather critical study of the methods and the spirit of Christian workers among the so-called masses, has led me to the conclusion that more effective work is being done today in behalf of the multitude by the men and women in the churches who nave not been "scientifically trained," than is the case with those who have the ability to glibly quote a few pedantic phrases with reference to sociological teaching, but who have never had a real love for their fellows. Scientific training plus human love is the ideal equipment for the social worker. But the latter is more important than the former.

All this is said with full appreciation of the splendid work being done by trained students and teachers of sociology, but these should not spoil the fruits of their labors by sneeringly referring to the workers in the Church, who for many years have been giving hearts and lives to the task of bringing sunshine into darkened lives. The study of sociology is important. Modern social service can not be made truly effective without such training. But the Church possesses the spirit and teaches the principles which are fundamental in such study and service. Many of her children have been doing scientific social work without knowing it, and without being at all familiar with the vocabulary of the "scientifically" trained sociologist.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

BETTER HEALTH.

New York, Feb. 7.—The lowest death rate in the history of the State is recorded in the annual report of the Health Department just made public. With 73,008 deaths in one year, the rate went down to 14.11, as against 15.13 in 1911, 15.98 in 1910, and 16 in 1909. The greatest decrease was in infant mortality, there being 5,000 fewer deaths of children under a year old than last year.

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J. A. Spates.....Cherrydale, Va.
Wm. Richardson.....631 Mass Ave. N. E.
Robt. L. Johnson.....1224 N Street, N. W.

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W. T. Baum.....472 Eye Street Southwest
W. Lee Morris.....518 B Street, N. E.
F. J. Nolte.....24 Eighth Street, N. E.
J. G. Robinson.....624 Sixth Street, S. W.
R. H. Burdette.....925 New York Ave. N. W.

DELEGATES B. T. M. C.

George W. Crosby.....631 S. C. Ave. S. E.
M. A. Foley.....58 Myrtle St. N. E.
J. G. Holsten.....1108 Trinidad Ave. N. E.
L. Luebkert..1314 Kearney St. Brookland, D. C.
J. G. O'DONNELL.....1312 Mass. Ave. S. E.
E. B. Byrne.....209 Wilkes Street, Alex., Va.

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, John Weber, 518 6th St. Northeast.

Bakery Wagon Drivers, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beef Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. W. Elliott, 500 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, T. A. Luebhart, 1030 D st. northeast.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Wm. Wilding, 909 12th St. northeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Fox Hall Road and P northwest.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 1723 Euclid street.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leibowitz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, G. H. Hall, 513 16th street southeast.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 425 G St. N. W.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary, D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northwest.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, C. H. Evans, 320 4th street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, No. 10: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. E. Allison, 1117 6th street northeast.

Steamfitters' Helpers: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Thos. F. Flanagan, 45 H street N.W

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth Street Northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

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PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, is the latest Ex-It.

Sausage is the other name for ground hog.

A fortune awaits the man who invents a self-buttoning collar-button.

The political factions are coming together, in separate headquarters.

Some of the District of Columbia investigations are making our city dads hop around like popcorn in a hot skillet.

As a further proof that we are living in an advanced age, Dr. Mary Walker fell into the hands of a Chicago policeman last Saturday, aged 80.

Mr. Cannon's opposition to the increase of pay for charwomen lends additional interest to the latest election returns from ihe Danville District.

Observing people claim that certain ex-candidates of Presidential size are edging around to the place where it looks as if there might be an opening.

The new chief Government chemist defends apple pie, but by a strange oversight he leaves it with proprietors of restaurants to say what the size of the cut shall be.

The income tax will help some if princely estates and big business overlook the opportunity to add a tax on outgoes for rent, interest, and the things we eat, drink and wear.

At the rate the "hands" are announcing their candidacy for delegatorial honors, it will soon be necessary to add a proviso, stating their willingness to serve in case they can be spared.

A local clergyman suggests that woman will not reach her best estate until by a right too long withheld she may the suitor be. Now let the woman speak, that we may know if this would suit 'er.

When Presidents are elected every six years, greater force will be given to the words of the Governor of North Carolina, who said to the Governor of South Carolina that it seemed a long time between drinks.

"RUBBER"
means to look around—must have originated from the fact that you've got to look around some to find as good Rubber Goods or as good a stock as we have. "Rubber Some."
Weller's Drug Stores
Eighth and Eye Sts. S. E. 3534 M St. N W.
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CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Henry W. Davis, temporary skilled laborer.
Mrs. Mary B. Halstead, skilled laborer.
Samuel J. Warner, temporary skilled laborer.
James T. Mills, unskilled laborer.
S. Marshall Thompson, temporary skilled laborer.
Joseph L. O'Connor, messenger boy.

Separations.

Charles F. Stanowski, temporary machinist.
Vivian Herbert Tibbs, skilled laborer, resigned.
Reynold G. Harris, temporary compositor, resigned.
Andrew T. Tomkins, bookbinder.
Thomas H. Parker, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.
Albert F. Read, skilled laborer, resigned.
Samuel E. Davies, compositor.
Flavius H. Barnhart, proof reader.

Transfers, &c.

Charles C. Yoder, skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section, night to day; Harry D. Beach, copy editor, to departmental detail roll; Herve W. Kitzmiller, to copy editor, 65 cents per hour; Mrs. Nannie M. Lambert, to helper, 27 1-2 cents per hour; Alfred A. Davis, to press corrector, 55 cents per hour; Miss Mary E. Johansen, to tabulator, $2.40 per diem; James Atkins, unskilled laborer, to foundry section; Robert F. Handley, skilled laborer, to office of foreman of binding; Lloyd M. Williamson, messenger boy, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section; Wm. H. Cornish, proof reader, night to day; Otis J. Singleton, proof reader, to copy editor, 65 cents per hour, departmental detail roll; Leonard W. Koon, same; Wm. F. Mahoney, clerk, to departmental detail roll; Benj. F. Dorsey, stableman, to chauffeur, 30 cents per hour.

QUAKERS ON THE JOB.

Philadelphia, Feb. 7.—Great interest is being taken by the State Federation of Labor and the central bodies throughout the State in an effort to secure remedial labor legislation during the present session of the Legislature. Headquarters have been opened in Harrisburg and a large number of bills are either prepared or under preparation to be presented, and a strong effort will be made by the various representatives of organized labor to secure their passage.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 35 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

R.R. EARNINGS AND WAGES

Year of 1903, Earnings Was $1,950,743,636, the Wages paid was $757,321,415.

During the year of 1903, according to the Wall Street Journal, the gross earnings of the combined railway systems amounted to $1,950,743,636, while the wages paid to the employes amounted to $757,321,415, or 38.82 per cent of the gross earnings. The next highest point reached in this comparison was in 1908, when the gross earnings reached $2,457,821,131, while the wages of the railroad employes amounted to $1,035,437,528, or 42.13 per cent. From 1908 up to the beginning of the fiscal year 1912 there was a decrease in the percentages between gross earnings and total amount of wages. In 1912 the gross earnings of the railroads reached $2,895,690,325, while the employes received $1,243,677,738, or 42.95 per cent of the gross earnings. In the aggregate, this shows an increase in the percentage of the gross from 38.82 per cent to 42.96 per cent, or an increase of 4.13 per cent in nine years. This comparison, of course, includes all classes of labor employed upon the railways. The Wall Street Journal is emphatic in its statement that the time has come for a halt in the advancing wage scales. It might be suggested to the financial journal mentioned that if the bill now before Congress providing for a physical valuation of railroad properties becomes a law, a mighty interesting story can be written which will throw a sidelight upon the railroad business of this country which the railroad interests would not like to have told

FIREMEN READY TO STRIKE

They Have Asserted They Would Never Arbitrate Except Uuder the Erdman Act.

New York, Feb. 21.—The threatened strike of 34,000 firemen on the fifty-four railroads east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio has been placed in the hands of the government officials to avert by mediation, if possible. President Carter, of the Firemen, has informed Judge Knapp, of the Commerce Court, and the National Bureau of Labor, that he desires these forces to mediate in the crisis which has arisen. The chairman of the conference committee of railroad managers announced that the railroads would accept the services of Judge Knapp and Acting Commissioner Hanger. President Carter repeated his offer to arbitrate under the Erdman act, before a board of three men. The managers of the railroads agreed that the firemen were entitled to an increase in pay—not as much as they demanded, however—but have insisted on the arbitration going before a committee of seven, claiming it unfair to leave the decision of so far-reaching a matter to the odd man in a board of three. The firemen have asserted they would never arbitrate except under the Erdman act. At the meeting held on February 11, this status of affairs continued the deadlock. "The public will believe you forced us into a strike to accomplish one, if not three purposes," was President Carter's statement to the managers. Enumerating these purposes he continued: "First, to teach the American people that the time has come when the railroads must have an increased freight rate, and it requires a strike to get it. Second, the railroads have set out with the determination of securing ocmpulsory arbitration under the guise of a wage commission, under the Federal law, which have the right to raise wages 10 cents and raise the freight rates 20 cents. It is the purpose of the people who own the railroads to put the fear of God in Woodrow Wilson's heart to celebrate his inauguration with the biggest strike this country has ever had."

IRON MINERS STRIKE.

Mineville, N. Y., Feb. 21.—The miners of iron ore in this section are on strike for a raise in wages and better working conditions. Negotiations have been in progress for many months for the purpose of securing a redress of the workmen's grievances, but without avail, and as a last resort a strike is in progress. The management of the companies involved are pursuing the usual tactics, the miners being subjected to the brutality of mine guards, evicted from their homes, women assaulted, and the programme generally adopted by companies of this character is being carried out. These miners are affiliated direct with the American Federation of Labor and are receiving strike benefits. A large number of men, not members of the union, have made common cause with the union men and an appeal is to be sent out for assistance in order to render aid to those who require it.

RAILROAD MEN GET INCREASE.

Butler Pa., Feb. 21.—All shops and track employes of the Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad, owned by the United States Steel Corporation, have been granted an increase in wages. The shopmen get a raise of 2 1-2 cents an hour, and the trackmen get an advance of 20 cents a day. Notices of an increase for the men in other departments are anticipated.

ORGANIZE STEEL WORKERS

Campaign Inaugurated By The A. F. of L., Is Bringing Very Good Results.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—Two organizations of iron and steel workers have been formed at Chicago Heights, Ill., and one in Indiana Harbor, Ind. The organizers for the A. F. of L. report that the meetings at which these organizations were formed were large and enthusiastic. The campaign inaugurated by the American Federation of Labor to organize the steel workers of the entire country is bringing good results. Over two million pieces of literature, printed in thirteen different languages, have been distributed and has had a most wonderful effect in arousing the steel workers from their apathetic state. This literature is eagerly sought and the headquarters of the Federation is preparing and sending out immense volumes of this literature to not only the steel workers, but to other workers, printed in the various languages, presenting in concrete and brief form the story of the labor unions. Reports from A. F. of L. organizers, both general and volunteer, from every part of the country, indicate that there is a splendid growing sentiment in favor of organization. An increase in wages, given by the steel trust to its employes, which was to take effect February 1, for the purpose of preventing organization, has not brought about the results that the steel corporation desired. In fact, it has had the opposite influence, in that the steel workers begin to realize that the organizing plan of the American Federation of Labor is responsible for the management of the steel companies increasing their wages. As a matter of fact, this organizing campaign is having a marked influence on all other crafts and will be continued vigorously and without cessation during the entire year.

A SURPRISE TO EMPLOYERS

Compensation Act Which Has Just Gone Into Effect Proves Rather Startling.

Employers in Great Britain who take more interest in fighting unions than transacting business have been treated to a surprise in the operation of the new workmen's compensation act, which has just gone into effect. Under this law certain courts are empowered with the authority to determine the amount of compensation to be paid by the employers and compensation is based upon the average earning power of the applicant. During the dock strike a casual laborer was employed as a strike-breaker and was paid a wage for performing that defectable function far in excess of the prevailing rate of wages. This particular workman was the victim of an accident and the judge, in rendering his decision as to the amount of compensation to which the injured employe was entitled to, based his award upon the wages received as a strike-breaker. The judge, while holding that although there could not be a grade of strike-breakers, yet the fact was that the applicant was a strike-breaker and that was his grade, and assessed his average weekly earnings at £1-6s-10d, and awarded him half that amount during incapacity. The average earnings of a casual dock laborer are about 17s or 18s a week. An appeal has been taken from the award, the employers insisting that the computation was arrived at upon an unfair basis, owing to the fact that the workman was employed during an abnormal period. Judgement in the appeal case has been reserved, but it is hoped that the award of the judge will stand and compel the employers of labor who employ strike-breakers to pay the orchestra for the music which it produces.

WEST VIRGINIA MINERS.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 21.—Great excitement prevails in the Paint and Cabin Creek mining sections. The story of the indignities suffered by the coal miners of this section is a long and harrowing tale. They have been denied the right to organize, have been exploited to the last degree of endurance, arrested on trivial charges and sentenced to prison by a military commission, until a point has been reached where there appears, if statements are to be given any credence, that the laws of the State have been completely abrogated in favor of the mining corporations. It is difficult to get accurate news, as it only filters out incidentally, the mining corporations having control of the local governments and news being strictly censored, and the region in which the difficulty is on being exceedingly difficult to penetrate. The United Mine Workers, however, propose to continue their contest until the right of the miners to organize will be an accomplished fact.

NEW FEDERATION FORMED.

Cumberland, Md., Feb. 21.—The Western Maryland Railway System Federation, composed of machinists, boilermakers, blacksmiths, and carmen, has been perfected. The officers of this system federation are strong, influential, and active men, which presages that good results will follow the forming of this railroad federation.

REPRESENTATIVE WILSON INDORSED BY FEDERATION FOR POSITION IN CABINET

WILLIAM B. WILSON

Washington, Feb. —The Department of Labor bill is now on the calendar of the Senate, having passed the House, and is grouped under the parliamentary status of unfinished business. Under the mode of procedure the bill can be called up at any favorable opportunity by the chairman of the Committee on Education and Labor, Senator Borah, and acted upon. The committee has already submitted a favorable report, and from a canvass of the Senators it is found that little, if any, opposition exists. It is confidently predicted that this measure will be sent to President Taft for his approval within a short time, and that before March 4 a Cabinet officer will have been appointed by President-elect Wilson to assume the portfolio of Labor, in the incoming administration.

In view of the present situation, therefore, with a department of government to be devoted exclusively to the industrial problems with which this country is confronted, interest is keen in the appointment to be made, in that if the department fulfills the expectations of its champions the rights and needs of labor will be supported and represented by an acknowledged practical student of labor at the council table of the official government family.

Prominently mentioned for the appointment of Secretary of Labor is W. B. Wilson, now chairman of the House Labor Committee, but who retires from membership in the House of Representatives on March 4. Mr. Wilson has been a member of Congress six years, and during the last two years has been chairman of the Committee on Labor in the House. For the first time in the entire history of the American Congress the House Labor Committee, during the incumbency of its present chairman, has really measured up to that which its name implies. Prior thereto this committee was only conspicuous for its unresponsiveness, and a convenient receptacle into which to consign to obscurity all measures designed to remedy industrial iniquities.

Every member of the present House Labor Committee is worthy of commendation, but from long practical experience and intimate knowledge of general labor conditions, Chairman Wilson stands preeminent, and is peculiarly qualified to meet the requirements imposed by an appointment as Secretary of a Department of Labor.

The Executive Council of the American Federation of Labor unanimously indorsed Mr. Wilson for this important portfolio, and it believes that the appointment and confirmation of him will be not only a recognition of ability, but inaugurate an era in governmental affairs in which that great industrial section of society, the workers, will be represented in the President's Cabinet by one of their own number.

W. B. Wilson has never faltered in his advocacy of the rights of the people, his honesty has never been questioned—he has been tried in the field of endeavor, and has measured up to the highest test.

ORGANIZING STEEL WORKERS.

Cleveland, Feb. 21.—The Cleveland Federation of Labor, with the assistance of organizers of the American Federation of Labor, is actively at work endeavoring to interest the 100,000 steel workers in and around Cleveland. A large amount of literature printed in the various foreign languages has been received from headquarters, and the distribution among the workmen is now going on. There are nine steel mills in this city, and the conditions under which they labor are anything but good. With the general unrest which is prevailing, the outlook is bright to secure a large organization.

PASS LABOR MEASURE.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 21.—The Davis resolution, proposing an amendment to the constitution to give municipalities authority to regulate the hours, wages, and conditions of labor on public works, has passed the House of Representatives without a dissenting vote. Labor organizations are backing the bill, as the Supreme Court has decided that municipalities do not have such power under existing laws.

LABOR'S MEMORIAL DAY.

Labor's Memorial Day was formerly designated as the second Sunday in May. At the Atlanta convention of the A. F. of L. a resolution was introduced by the delegate from the Central Labor Union of Lancaster, Pa., changing the date of Labor's Memorial Day from the second Sunday in May to the fourth Sunday of the same month. This year, therefore, Labor's Memorial Day will fall on May 25. In numerous localities this day is appropriately observed and a larger number of unions are each year being added to those who formerly observed this day.

BAN ON CHINKS AND JAPS.

Winnipeg, Feb. 21.—A bill prohibiting the employment of white women or girls in any place of business owned or managed by Chinese or Japanese has been introduced in the Legislature by the government of Manitoba.

FAVORS GOVERNMENT CONTROL.

The Postmaster General, in his annual report, just submitted to Congress, again recommends that the telegraph lines of the United States should be taken over by the government and operated in connection with the postal service. That part of his report which refers to the telegraph lines, in part, is as follows:

"In the last annual report the opinion was expressed that telegraph lines in the United States should be made a part of the postal system and operated in conjunction with the mail service. It is believed that under proper management such a consolidation would result in important economies and permit adoption of lower telegraph rates. Now that a postal savings system has been established and a parcel post provided for, there would seem to be no better opportunity for the profitable extension of our postal business than through the adoption of a government telegraph system."

ELECTRICIANS' STRIKE SETTLED.

San Antonio, Tex., Feb. 21.—The strike of the electrical workers has come to an end. The local union of electrical workers demanded an increase of $1 per day, but were refused and a strike ensued. Subsequently the contractors made a compromise offer of 50 cents a day increase. Upon the consideration of this offer, it was finally accepted by the union, as it was decided that while it was believed that the demands of the union were just and the men entitled to a greater increase, yet a victory had been gained in securing one-half of their demands and the men returned to work.

NEWSPAPER SCALE INCREASED.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 21.—By the terms of an agreement entered into recently between representatives of the Typographical Union and the managers of the local daily papers, the Star, Times, Post, and Journal, a flat scale of $28.50 went into effect, beginning February 1, and will continue for three years. Prior to the adoption of this agreement the scale was $27.

A BRICKLAYERS' SCHOOL.

Minneapolis, Feb. 21.—The bricklayers of this city, enthusiastic over vocational education, not to be behind other building trades crafts, have started a night school at the Central High School Building, and after an existence of two weeks have a membership of nearly thirty. The classes convene two nights each week and are under the supervision of a journeyman bricklayer. The course includes plan reading, estimating, and other technical questions allied to the bricklaying trade. It is asserted that this is the first night school that the bricklayers of this country have ever inaugurated. But with the instant success which has been achieved it is probable that schools of this character will be commenced in other sections of the country.

BOOKBINDERS ON STRIKE.

Oklahoma City, Feb. 21.—The bookbinders in this city are on strike in four of the largest printing establishments. Verbal agreements have been made by four other firms, pending the settlement, and the men are still working. The union is demanding $25 a week for foremen, $21 for journeymen, and $9 a week for women. The raise is $2.50 for foreman, $1.50 for journeymen, and $1 for the lady members. The Allied Printing Trades Council has taken action, removing the union label from the struck shops.

NEW TRANSPORT UNION.

Baltimore, Feb. 21.—Following closely upon the affiliation of two of the local transport workers' organizations with the International Longshoremen, a new local has been organized. This new local consists mainly of Polish stevedores. Application for a charter from the International Longshoremen's Association already has been made, and the outlook is for a strong and influential union.

FAVORS PEOPLE'S RIGHTS.

Dover, Del., Feb. 21.—The House of Representatives has passed a bill, proposing an initiative and referendum amendment to the Constitution, by a vote of 23 to 8.

GIVES UP BUSTING UNIONS

C. W. Post Ceases His Open Hostility To The Organizations of Labor.

Information at headquarters of the American Federation of Labor says our old and erratic "Gripe Nuts" friend, C. W. Post, has decided to cease his open hostility to the organizations of labor. For a number of years he has spent large sums of money in advertising his very various brands of wares and incorporating in these ads fulminations against the labor organizations. As a matter of fact he put thousands of dollars into the pockets of union printers for which the Typographical Union was duly thankful. Then he conceived the brilliant idea of organizing a model labor union, which went by the euphonious name of the Trades and Workers' Association. When this skeleton was reared to view, with great acclaim, Post offered to amalgamate with the American Federation of Labor, but his offer was politely declined. In order that the Trades and Workers' Association might be provided with an appropriate headquarters, Post donated a spacious building (with a string on the donation), used formerly as a sanatorium. Unlike other unions, a real estate broker was made president of the Trades and Workers' Association, and "gripe nut" funds furnished for an organizing campaign. The real estate broker, however, did not prove to be a successful organizer, and finally, as the story goes, Post has taken back the sanatorium, disbanded the Trades and Workers' Association, which consisted of the real estate broker and Post, and has hung out a "to let" sign upon the former headquarters of the Trades and Workers' Association. It is not contrary to custom to end the chapter of a book or article by the words Selah or Amen, but in this instance we'll use the appropriate phrase—"There's a reason."

GET INCREASE IN WAGES

Telegraphers Employed By The Associated Press Get A Raise To $23 Per Week.

Chicago, Feb. 21.—The Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, by an extended campaign among the telegraphers employed by the Associated Press, has forced the association into attempting to forestall further agitation for increases in wages and better conditions by advancing its wage scale to conform to that of the United Press, the National News Association, and the International News Service, where union conditions prevail. The telegraphers employed by the Associated Press recently voted in favor of sending a committee to New York to present their grievances to the management. The demands included a 20 per cent increase in the minimum wage of $24 per week, with a corresponding increase for all those receiving more than the sum stated. The increases made effective by the association on February 1 provide for an increase approximating 15 per cent, thus establishing $23 per week as the minimum wage, with a maximum of $33 per week in New York and Chicago. Practically all points east of the Missouri River and in the South share in the adjustment. It is also understood that another referendum will soon be taken by the Associated Press telegraphers to ascertain whether their other demands shall be pressed at this time.

UNION BUSTER BUTTING IN.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 21.—The local Typographical Union of this city secured a new scale, which became effective January 1. The scale was one which had been obtained as a result of arbitration. Immediately upon the terms of settlement having been arrived at and the contract signed, the local branch of the Manufacturers' Association, known as the Des Moines Business Men's League, issued a ukase to the employing printers that all contracts be immediately abrogated and that the printing offices be conducted in the future as open shops, nine hours a day and the union label thrown out. Of course, the Manufacturers' Association claims all kinds of inconsistencies on the part of union labor and berates it for strikes and other activities, but in this particular instance a settlement was reached in an amicable manner and the terms were mutually agreed to. The action of the Manufacturers' Association emphasizes its real attitude. The Typographical Union is not afraid of the Manufacturers' Association and will not give any attention to the utterances of a few whilom union busters.

TO HONOR WILSON.

A resolution to appoint a committee to arrange for a complimentary dinner to be given on March 1 to Congressman Wilson, chairman of the House Labor Committee, was adopted by the Washington Central Labor Union recently. Congressman Wilson is highly esteemed by the unionists of the Capital city, as well as by all unionists throughout the country, and the dinner to be given is in the nature of a tribute to his sterling integrity and ability in dealing with labor problems during his incumbency as chairman of one of the important committees of Congress.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON & FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 21, 1913.

LABOR AT THE CAPITOL.

The representatives of organized labor whose duty it is to go to the Capitol daily to watch legislation in the interests of the toilers have a hard and painstaking task to perform. They are required to be diplomats of the first magnitude in order to accomplish the great good that they do. The American Federation of Labor is ably represented through its legislative committee, who can be seen daily espousing the cause of the workers by arguing with various Senators and Congressmen as to the justice of the bills in which labor is interested and in Brothers Arthur Holder and John Moffitt the legislative interests of the members of the A. F. of L., are amply protected. There is a class of sharks however who make it a business to pose as representatives of the working people and foist themselves upon the good graces of our lawmakers and never miss an opportunity to misrepresent organized labor by lobbying for bills for a remuneration in which organized labor is but remotely interested. These persons are a detriment and a drawback to the real interests of the working people and steps should be taken to compel persons of this caliber to disclose the fact that they are receiving pay for their lobbying for certain measures and in that way the mask of hypocrisy would be torn from their faces and they would then be shown up in their true light. They are but parisites on our movement and the sooner that they would be compelled to earn an honest living just that much sooner would a yoke be removed from the necks of the honest workers and the real representatives of the working people would be able to accomplish a great deal more good in their legislative capacities.

EIGHT-HOUR BILL.

The hearing on the Peters bill limiting the hours of labor for female employes in the District to eight-hours per day before the House Committee on Labor was strenuously opposed by many of the small employers of women. The arguments advanced against this just and humane measure were the ones with which every trades unionist is thoroughly familiar and which are always used by the employers. To listen to them one would be constrained to believe that these people had a property right in the services of their women employes and that to interfere with it would be unconstitutional and would deprive them of services without due process of law. Our great and distinguished Chamber of Commerce at its last meeting went on record as being apposed to the passage of this bill and how ridiculous and inconsistent was this action, when one considers that it was but a short time ago that this same body was very much exercised over a rumor that the government employes were to be compelled to work a half hour longer each day and how solicitous the members of this body were for the government employes at that time, but notwithstanding the opposition of the Chamber of Commerce and other similar bodies this bill will become a law in the near future and the action of the Senate Committee in reporting favorably on the La Follette Bill which is the twin to the Peters Bill, leaves no doubt in our minds but what the bill will be passed in the Senate and after a conference between the two Houses a bill will be perfected and sent to the President.

We hope when the bill does reach President Taft that he will pick up his acquiescent pen instead of his veto pen and attach his signature.

THE NON-UNIONIST.

The non-unionist is as helpless as a sapling in a tempest.

You may boastingly declare that you will work for whom you please, at what wages you please and when you please, but in your own heart you know you will do nothing of the sort. You know that you will work when your boss pleases you shall, at what he pleases and for what wages he pleases to pay you—if you do not belong to the union of our trade, which fixes equitable hours of work and living wages.

You fully realize that no non-union man can dictate his hours of work or wages. The minute he starts to do so he finds himself out of a job. With the union man it is different. He has the backing and support of his union, and few employers would dare take the chance of a costly strike by treating anyone employe unfairly.

Organized labor has by united action shortened the workday, raised wages and bettered the condition of the worker in nearly every line of human endeavor. All will agree that even now the worker does not get a fair share of the products of his toil, but, at the same time, all must agree the labor organization has done a vast deal towards that end which could have been accomplished by no other means.

Your common sense tells you that you should be a member of organized labor. It tells you that your duty to yourself, your family, our fellow worker demands it. You must realize by now that as an individual you are unable to improve your working conditions. The union is your only haven of refuge, and you should seek it at once.

Join the the union right now.—*Baltimore Labor Leader.*

Nature provides a compensation for every misfortune. The internecine troubles of the labor movement keep us from worrying about our troubles with the natural enemy.

OUR ESTEEMED PEE PEE

Was Once a Union Man, But Times Have Changed, Judging By the Following.

Editor Trades' Unionist:

Some months ago the construction of a garage at the Government Printing Office by non-union labor caused a great hullabaloo, not because non-union labor on public work was an innovation, but because the Pee Pee was himself a member of a craft union, secured his public place because of that membership, and long had proclaimed unswerving fealty to the cause of the organized toiler.

The experience of the committee having that *casus belli* in charge was both unsatisfactory and discouraging. The matter was settled—after a fashion and a deal of waiting—but not until the Pee Pee had rushed gallantly, though ingloriously, into print in defence of the "inalianable right" of the colored brother to toil for Uncle Sam, whether he belonged to guild competent or nay—an issue wholly foreign to the controversy, serving only to muddy the waters while Pee Pee Jonah, securely ensconsed in the belly of the whale Defiance, sailed safely away from trouble into the approving grace and indulgent favor of the large, portly "man higher up."

But all this is a tale that is told. Let us take up a live one!

When Jann —— was foreman of the night proof room he was denied overtime pay, though overtime work on his part was necessary to close the records and clear the decks for the day force. By order of the Pee Pee overtime was not to be tolerated save in extremis. So Jann loyally did his overtime work for nothing, carefully jotting down the extra hours against the day when justice would be done, and the hours grew in number until it required three figures to record them. One "slow" night, Congress being in holiday recess and "copy" being low, Jann went out for four hours to attend a banquet in honor of the President, and, mindful of the many hours rightfully due, passed the time-roll in without deduction on account of presence at "soup to nuts." Put a mark here.

A lynx-eyed lackey of the head and front of the watch 'em system noted Jann's absence, likewise full time report, and straightway carried tale to aforesaid head and front of watch 'em system. And what now? At 3 p. m. that selfsame day our Jann was on the "carpet" declaring across his heart 'twas oversight most proper to forgive, having due regard for rush to get away at early morn 'ere milkman makes his rounds. Forgiven he was—and four hours taken from his time. Put another mark here.

Some ither man is on the job so ably filled by Jann. He's also friend—most dear good friend—of the Pee Pee. He makes overtime on the slightest provocation or without sign of provocation—a whole lot of it—and it goes on the time-roll and is paid for every other Monday. Put a whole hatfull of marks here if you feel like it.

But, by heck, the rights of the colored brother shall NOT be interfered with.

SIDNEY J. CLARKE.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 15, 1913.

NOTICE!

James H. Wiley, Mono-keyboard Operator at the Government Printing Office, who has been very ill at his home, 621 Fourth Street, N. W., since January 15th, is slowly improving and his physician says he will soon be able to resume work.

MOVING PICTURE NOTES

Brother Dean, our Vice-President has left for New York.

Jack Wynn entour paid our local a visit on February 19th.

Smoker Committee met Monday, February 10th. Detailed lots of dope. A Smoker will be held in our hall, February 27th 1913. Admittance by Card only.

Brother Greggory, of Baltimore paid a visit to our local on February 9th.

Brother Lewis, No. 35, was in to pay his respects.

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WHAT THE CHURCH MAY DO

The free and frank discussion of the problems of the people should be encouraged by the Church. The criticism is made that the Church is afraid to face the big questions which are staggering the workingman. The Church has nothing to lose by a full and open discussion of these questions. Experience has demonstrated that such treatment of the problems of the masses disarms all criticism. Also, it is the business of the Church to interpret the great movements which are arising among the people. Social unrest needs intelligent and unselfish direction. The Church is largely responsible for the spirit of social unrest which exists today. Will the Church bravely finish the task which it so long ago began? This is one of the most important questions confronting the Church today.

An investigation into the recreative opportunities for boys and girls, for young men and women, as well as for adults, will indicate that this problem is not being adequately met. Clean, healthful places of amusement should be encouraged. Inasmuch as the streets and yards are the playgrounds for the children of the poor, conditions of paving and sanitation are important elements in both the life and pleasure of the children. Every public school in working people's communities should have adequate playgrounds with bathing facilities. The general attitude towards these problems has been largely a negative one. Attempts are made to close the saloon, the motion picture show and the Sunday baseball game, and other objectionable features. Without arguing for or against such legislation, it is highly important that a constructive policy with regard to the recreational life of the people be adopted. There is a distinct opportunity for moral and ethical teaching in recreational life. The motion picture has come to stay. With proper supervision it may become a great force for moral and religious teaching, to say nothing of its educational value. The commercialization of the recreational life of the people is the most serious problem in connection with the subject. This important matter should be taken out of the field of commercialism and be administered by trained leaders whose sole object would be to conserve the welfare of the masses. There should be presented to the people of the city, in a most aggressive manner, a comprehensive plan for recreational life which will be at once scientific and appealing. This plan should take into consideration all the agencies at presant at work in this direction, and in some manner these agencies should present a united plan with regard to the entire situation.

A definite and scientific artempt should be made to arrive at the cost of living among the various classes of people in the city, determining the minimum wage in various industries that will maintain the American standard of living in the homes of intelligent working people who have assumed the responsibility of the typical American family in matters of education, morals and general standards of physical comfort.

There should be greater cooperation by the Church in securing social and labor legislation. Such action should be directed towards the lessening of the number of persons incapacitated by industrial disease and industrial overstrain due to excessive hours of labor and unsanitary conditions. An effort should be made to strengthen and to enforce child labor laws through legislation; women in industry should be protected and the rights of workers conserved. The Church should be especially concerned with reference to the continuous industries, those necessarily operating on seven days a week, such as railroads, street cars, telegraph and telephone lines, heat, light and power plants, newspaper offices, blast furnaces, hotels and resturants, and other industries. Much could be done for human betterment by working for six-day legislation. There might well be inaugurated a movement to place in the hands of the courts, or some similar appropriate body, the authority to determine when industrial operations are necessarily continuous and must necessarily be performed on Sunday.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

William A. Peffer, a member of Columbia Union who was well known and much liked by many of its members, died in this city on February 18, 1913, after an illness covering about three months.

Mr. Peffer, who was born January 21, 1863, came to this city from Topeka, Kansas, about 1893, and has since been employed as compositor and reader in the Government Printing Office. He was a son of the late Senator William A. Peffer, who represented Kansas in the United States Senate, as a Populist, in the nineties. Surviving him are his wife and two daughters, living in this city, and a brother and two sisters in Kansas.

* * *

Franklin O. Sanders, a member of Columbia Union, who resigned his position as a proof reader in the Government Printing Office some months since owing to a serious eye trouble, has recently opened a law office in Huntington, W. Va. He has many friends in this city, having worked a number of years in the National Printery (during which he graduated in the law, following Gutenberg in the day and Blackstone at night), and all of these wish him success in his new field—a sentiment in which this writer very cordially joins. Mr. Sanders is capable, integrious, and industrious, and deserves to succeed.

* * *

Charles Edward Etchberger, Jr., a member of Columbia Typographical Union, died at his home in this city on Saturday, February 15, 1913, after an illness of about six weeks.

Mr. Etchberger was born in Baltimore, Md., on January 9, 1874, and came to this city with his parents when he was but 3 years of age. In the offices of George Gray and McGill & Wallace, in this city, he learned the printing trade, joining No. 101 in 1893. After that time he spent several years away from the city, being with the Lanston Monotype Machine Company as one of its traveling men about half of that period. Since 1902 he has resided continuously in this city and for several years past has been an operator in the monotype section of the Government Printing Office, being a member of that chapel at the time of his death. He was the son of Charles E. Etchberger, a long-time and well-known member of Columbia Union, and that gentleman and his wife have the sincere sympathy of all who know them in their great sorrow.

* * *

At Sunday's meeting of Columbia Union Louis C. Vogt was elected auditor, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Edgar P. Bennett. Mr. Vogt has occupied the position before, rendering first-class service. The membership made no mistake in his selection.

* * *

Meeting George G. Klinknett some days ago, he informed me that he would be a candidate for delegate at the coming Typographical Union election. "Klink" has many friends, and an active campaign on his part would line them up in goodly numbers. Adding Mr. Klinknett's name to those already printed in the Bits, there are eight Government Printing Office candidates busily surveying things in the vote-landing line: Joseph E. Colton, proof room; Joseph L. Holland, monotype keyboard (night); Frank H. Long, E. M. Nevils, and Dale Sheriff, Record; John Sherman and Valentine Ruff, hand section.

* * *

"In the union recently chartered at Key West, Fla.," said W. W. Maloney to the writer a few days ago, "I naturally take a great interest. That is my old home, and it pleases me much to see how the people of the Island City are responding to the efforts of the new union—No. 706—to induce the use of the label and bring about the many other good things that the printers' organization is contending for. The most successful newspaper man in the place, Mr. M. B. Darnall, was one of the hardest workers for the establishment of the union, and his paper, the Key West Daily Citizen, has been very liberal in the space given to the good works of our great International Union. Darnall, by the way, is a former member of St. Louis Typographical Union. His success with the citizen has been one of the most striking achievements in the Florida newspaper field."

* * *

There is pending in the legislature of North Carolina a bill to prohibit the employment at night of women and children in the cotton mills of that State. Among the strongest backers of the bill is Julian S. Carr, Jr., himself one of the great mill proprietors of the State, and in a hearing before the legislators having the bill in charge he recently made a speech that attracted much attention and stamped him as a broad-minded humanitarian. A few sentences from the speech are here reproduced:

"I pray for the day soon to come when the cotton mill operatives in North Carolina will get what they are entitled to by their right, and not by anyone's gift, and be forever free from any form of industrial servitude.

"We hear it contended that it is much better to put the children in the mills than let them run wild in the community. Now, gentlemen, if some of these manufacturers would stop talking so much about the children running wild in their communities and would not spend so much time over the debit and credit side of their ledgers, and put a little more energy into going outside and doing good in their own community, there would be less cause and fewer places for snares and pitfalls for the children of their communities.

"But, Mr. Chairman, I want to go on record as being in favor of letting the children run wild, if necessary, in the open air and sunshine of our Creator, rather than to be shut up in the cotton mills in the years of their tender youth.

"Science today has shown that women, working in mills all night long in their tender years, will soon be no longer able to be the mothers of the children that are needed in future generations."

* * *

Miss Laura B. Gordon, one of Columbia Union's best known women members, who has been sick for several months, has gone to Hot Springs, Ark., in the hope that the wonderful waters there will relieve her of the rheumatism that has so severely afflicted her of late. I join Miss Gordon's many other friends in the hope that she may soon return to us completely restored to health.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Chairman J. B. Sullivan was given hearty welcome Monday morning when he came in after a two months' course at the Monotype Company's school in Philadelphia. Mr. Sullivan thinks his time was well spent and the knowledge he gained of the working of monotype machines worth all it cost, and then some.

O. J. Moore returned to work Monday after several days on the sick list.

Messrs. Buckley, Wayson, Flowers, Dennison, and a number of others were given temporary appointments at the G. P. O. last week. Mr. E. A. Vogts, of this chapel, was offered a temporary appointment in the big office, but declined because of the shortness of the term.

The Washington Interurban Railway Company, running cars out the Bladensburg road from Fifteenth and H streets northeast, now have a continuous track by way of Bladensburg, Riverdale, etc., to Berwin.

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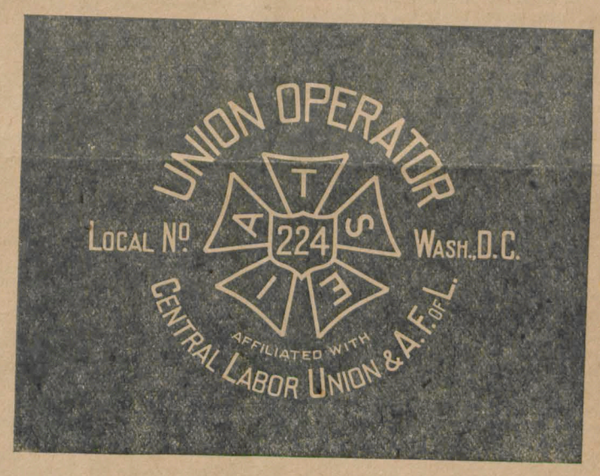

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[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th St. Northeast.

Bakery Wagon Drivers, No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Heilmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. W. Elliott, 500 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, T. A. Luebkart, 1030 D st. northeast.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Wm. Wilding, 909 12th St. northeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, G. H. Hall, 513 16th street southeast.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 425 G St. N. W.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary, D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters. No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northwest.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, No. 10: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. E. Allison, 1117 6th street northeast.

Steamfitters' Helpers: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Thos. F. Flanagan, 45 H street N.W

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 620 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth Street Northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

MEMORIAL EXERCISES

A grand tribute was paid last week to the memory of the late Robert Glockling, International President of the Brotherhood of Bookbinders, who died after a lingering illness in Indianapolis from cancer of the stomach. The exercises was held in Typographical Temple. Among those that spoke were President of Local No. 4, I. B. of B., Felix J. Belair; ex-International Delegate William C. Connor, Vice-president of the Local P. R. Flanagan, and ex-President James L. Feeney.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, God in His mysterious and inscrutable Provideuce, has removed from this life our honored president, Robert Glockling; and

Whereas, In common with all members of our Brotherhood, we bow in inexpressible sorrow because of the great loss that has befallen our craft,

Resolved, That in this, the hour of our extreme sorrow, we tender our deepest sympathies to the family of our departed brother.

Resolved, That we will ever cherish and revere him as at once the most tender and loving of husbands and most loyal of our brotherhood.

Resolved, That in token of our resignation to this great affliction, we accept those beautiful words:

"It is God's way; His will be done."

WM. C. CONNOR,
P. R. FLANAGAN,
BRIGHT R. SONEN,
Committee on Resolutions.

ENTERTAINMENT

To Be Given For Benefit of John B. Kroell.

An entertainment and dance will be given on Wednesday, February 26th, at the National Rifle's Armory, for John B. Kroell, a member of the Washington Photo Engravers Union, who has had the misfortune to lose his eyesight.

Brother Kroell is a young man with a family depending upon him for support and it is hoped all who can possibly attend do so, as you will be contributing to a worthy cause. The price of admission is 25 cents.

WIN PARTIAL VICTORY.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 21.—The bill posters here have won a partial victory as a result of a strike in that they have secured an agreement with one large firm. The bill posters demanded a 20 per cent increase and better working conditions. A counter offer was made by the firm in question of a 10 per cent increase, but was rejected. After negotiations the 20 per cent increase was granted and the men returned to work. The new scale will be from $17 to $19 per week.

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PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

Washington's restday tomorrow.

Mr. Taft will soon be out and around.

Tramp, tramp, tramp, the girls are coming!

Fraternalism is the greatest and best asset of trades unionism.

Falls Church, Va., is back on the map, by special act of Congressman Hefflin.

In the bold dash for woman suffrage there are some antis, even among the aunties.

It is foreign to the truth to say that real statesmen are to be found only in statuary hall.

Some old-timers were caught in the civil service net under the recent call for help at the G. P. O.

With inauguration season over, it won't be very long until Easter bonnets, spring poetry, and new onions.

The price for window space along the line of march at inauguration time is the extreme of peek-a-boo waste.

The peach crop is not giving half the concern it would if indications did not point to "plums" in abundance.

Hereafter, or until further notice, first-degree criminals of the District of Columbia will go by the electric route.

The enterprising newspaper scribes are trying to make Mr. Wilson say what he meant when he said nothing.

The mature man never yearns for the pattern of pants his mother made, and which fit him better as he grew into them.

A Presidential term of six years would lessen anxiety, establish a regular moving day, and give the tenant ample time to look around for another job.

One must search further than the Congressional Record for heart-to-heart talks between Congressmen who draw around the banquet board. The Record is carefully edited, for the "folks back home."

There has been enough said on the subject of hotel and boarding house rates, for inaugural week, to warrant the statement that the entertainers are not in business exclusively for their health.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

THESE THEATERS FAIR AND UNION THROUGHOUT

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Belasco Theatre — National Theatre

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District of Columbia Theatrical Protective Union
Local No. 22, I. A. T. S. E., of Wash. D. C.
Organized 1894.

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FRANK FULLER Room 421, Munsey Building, Phone Main 1826.

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THE NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Pays interest on deposits, rents safes inside burgler-proof vaults, acts as administrators, etc. Corner Fifteenth and New York Avenue
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THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. For old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Preseriptvon No 2220.
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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 36 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

UNITED GARMENT WORKERS

About 20,000 of the 25,000 People Involved in the Strike Have Returned to Work.

New York, Feb. 28.—The total number of people involved in the garment workers' strike was 125,000, but adjustments have been made with upward of 200 manufacturers and about 20,000 of the strikers have returned to their employment. Those who have returned to work have secured a marked advance in wages and large betterments in the conditions of their employment. A fifty-hour week for tailors and a forty-eight-hour week for cutters have been established. At present the United Garment Workers are prosecuting their contest with twenty-six temporary injunctions issued by Judges Amend, Greenbaum, and Hendrix. In Rochester there are practically 20,000 on strike for improved conditions, but a number of settlements have been made there which have materially brightened the outlook. In Rochester one of the members, a seventeen-year-old girl, was shot and killed while doing picket duty by an employer. The situation in Boston has been somewhat clarified in the last few days, agreements having been secured which returned over 2,000 strikers to their employment under improved conditions, with indications that other settlements will be made in the immediate future. In fact, the entire situation looks favorable to securing for the garment workers of the cities mentioned material improvements over those which have been in effect for many years.

UNEXPECTED OPPOSITION

Reed Manufacturing Company States That They Will Not Recognize Union Labor.

Erie, Pa., Feb. 28.—The Metal Trades Department, A. F. of L., by its organizing campaign being conducted in this city, has drawn opposition from quarters expected. Interest among the unorganized is increasing; so much so, in fact, that one firm, the Reed Manufacturing Company, has posted notices about its plant, giving warning to its employes that in the event of organization the company will dispense with the services of those who become members of the union. The Reed company notices, after reciting the fact that it is a member of the Manufacturers' Association, which association binds its members to deny the right of organization to workmen, while exercising that right itself, says: "You will see from the declaration that inasmuch as we cannot confer with the union officials that any man who expects to continue to work for us is wasting his money paying dues to any union which cannot get a conference with us. This shop is owned by three brothers, who are in entire accord on this subject, and who will be absolutely inflexible in respect to the above. We would very greatly regret any controversy with our men in regard to this or any other subject, and sincerely hope that it will not be necessary to take a stand which will be very REPUGNANT to us. For some time we have felt that we were on friendly terms with our men, and we greatly resent the fact that this feeling is being jeopardized by these 'out-of-town trouble makers.'" Remarkable consistency on the part of these employers, who associate themselves with other employers in the union-busting Manufacturers' Association and then arrogantly inform their own employes that they will be discharged if they join with their fellows. The chances are that the denial of the inherent right of organization by the company in question will eventually work to the advantage of organization among these employes. Whenever a company or individual denies to others the rights which it or he claims for itself or himself the position is assailable and is indefensible. The metal trades organizers are doing effective work, and the attitude of the Manufacturers' Association will contribute to the success of the organizing campaign.

UNION-BUILT HOTEL.

Duluth, Feb. 28.—The Park Hotel, of this city, which has recently been opened, is one of the few buildings in this city of its size that was built from cellar to garret by union men. The owner of the building had a clause inserted in the contract and specifications that no employe should be employed on the building unless he carried a paid-up union card. This provision of the contract was lived up to to the letter. All of the fixtures were made in a union factory and the union label of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters appears on each fixture. This is the first union shop contract that has been executed in this city since the latter part of 1907.

MOTHER JONES UNDER ARREST.

Charleston, W. Va., Feb. 28.—"Mother" Jones is under arrest. She has been in this State working in the interest of the striking miners in the Kanawha district. The West Virginia Supreme Court has granted a writ of habeas corpus, and the writ is returnable in a few days.

PRISION LABOR BOOSTER

Convict Labor is Valuable to Baltimore; Earn their Cost and Keep Also $30,000.

In recent hearings before the House subcommittee having before it the Booher convict labor bill a New York Prison representative spoke thusly: "In a city like Baltimore, in the Maryland penitentiary, the prisoners earn not only their cost and keep, but $30,000 more, which is turned back to the city. These prisoners earned $40,000 for themselves and families. We cannot do that in New York. I have had men come to me out of the Maryland institution and say: 'I thank God I was sent there.'" Following this statement one has but to read the report of the prison commission, just made, to the Governor of Maryland, to obtain a stiff contradiction of the above statements. This report uncovers the most inhuman abuses practiced in that institution, unmercifully scores the warden, and recommends that the system of leasing convicts be abolished. It appears that it is not difficult to get champions for any scheme, no matter what its character, if profits can be secured thereby. The contracting of convicts to private contractors is becoming unpopular, and the system will be abandoned wherever the people have an opportunity to express themselves by statutes.

DAMAGE FOR INJURIES

An Interesting Decision Has Just Been Rendered Against the Canada Cement Co.

Toronto, Ontario, Canada, Feb. 28.—An interesting decision has just been rendered in the Montreal Supreme Court against the Canada Cement Company. The plaintiff, a workman, while employed an injury to one of his feet which made amputation necessary, it having been frozen while at work. A claim was entered against the company under the workmen's compensation act. The company in opposing the action based its contention on the ground that fires had been made to protect the men from the cold, but the evidence submitted showed that the fires were made on the initiative of the men themselves, and not on that of the company. The court held that the company showed negligence in causing their employes to work out of doors in excessive cold weather without taking proper precaution to see that they were afforded shelter to keep themselves warm. The result of the finding was that the company was ordered to pay a deposit to some insurance company so as to guarantee the plaintiff a life pension of $100 per year.

FAVORS LABOR MEASURES.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 28.—Gov. Dunne, recently inaugurated, in his inaugural address, advocated the initiative and referendum and municipal ownership of public utilities. He also advocated a law requiring all employers to pay their employees at least every two weeks and also urged the enactment of a law whereby convicts of the penal institutions would be used in road work and improvement of highways. Gov. Dunne also urged the ratification of the amendment for popular election of United States Senators, the passage of a corrupt practices act, improvement of the civil service law, shorter ballots and providing rotation of names on ballots, a law making the breaking of a written political pledge by a public official a felony, and other measures of a progressive character. It was also urged that a law be enacted creating a utilities commission to control securities, this latter suggestion being for the purpose of compelling private corporations to give adequate service at fair rates, or face the alternative of public ownership.

ASKING INCREASES.

Pittsburg, Feb. 28.—Practically all of the building trades in this city are preparing to demand an increase in wages at the opening of the spring building season. The prospects for a building boom are good and the workmen in the building industry believe that on account of a long period having elapsed since any material wage increase has been granted that this is the opportune time to secure advances.

STRIKE OF THE "CLOTH."

A cable dispatch from Rome, Italy, states that four hundred poor priests at Bologna, petitioned the archbishop for financial aid, which, it was declared, was necessary to meet the high cost of living. The archbishop's reply was delayed to such a lengthy period that the priests threatened to go on strike. There appears to be a community of interest between material and spiritual welfare existing among mankind.

ENGLAND'S INSURANCE ACT.

London, Feb. 28.—Within two weeks after the State unemployment insurance for building workmen, ship builders, wheelwrights, &c., went into force, 8,500 eligible applicants applied for relief. Altogether 2,250,000 workers are insured by the State against unemployment.

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TO EXTEND ITS ORGANIZING CAMPAIGN

The A. F. of L. is determined the year 1913 shall eclipse all former years in its efforts to bring within the ranks of unionism the unorganized. The Federation is growing, and with that growth greater means are provided to prosecute organization work, and the circle of influence is being constantly extended. Conditions in the commercial world, added to the ever-increasing cost of living, is causing the unorganized workmen to adopt the "thinking" habit. With this favorable situation obtaining, it is the urgent duty of every central body, local union, and individual member to do its, his, or her part in the great organizing campaign being conducted by the American Federation of Labor. The efforts being put forth to organize the Steel Trust's employes is making gratifying headway, and in the great factory centers of the country the interest being taken by the unorganized, as the result of the insistent and persistent efforts of the A. F. of L. officers, organizers, rank and file, is daily increasing.

Labor forward movements in various sections are adding impetus to the general campaign, and international and national unions are assiduously engaged in promoting organization work. In fact, there is more activity being displayed now than for many years. In view of these facts, it is incumbent upon the organized labor forces to take advantage of the present state of affairs, this revived interest, and bend every energy to increasing the membership of the organized labor movement. With the assistance necessary to meet the present opportunity, the year 1913 will be recorded as one of marvelous growth and effectiveness of the American Federation of Labor. Every union man and union woman should perform his or her part. That the important work of organization may be continued and intensified, the officers of the American Federation of Labor request that the following action be taken:

That all Central bodies appoint organizing committees, where such committees are not already provided for, to work in conjunction with the local volunteer organizer or organizers. That these committees and organizers outline a campaign of organization under the direction of the Central body. Local speakers should be secured to address all meetings which may be called, as well as securing the co-operation of all trade unionists in the performance of personal work among the unorganized.

The American Federation of Labor will assist in this campaign by furnishing, without cost, trade union literature in any quantity necessary to cover the field. This literature will be printed in the following languages:

English,	Slav,	Lithuanian,	Hungarian,
Polish,	French,	Norwegian,	Swedish,
Italian,	Spanish,	Danish,	Russian.
German,	Yiddish,	Portuguese,	

Orders for this literature will be honored when applied for by officials of Central bodies or organizers. State specifically number of unorganized and their respective nationalities in your city, so that the proper amount and character of literature can be forwarded.

Let the watchword be "Organize," and let us, with united effort, work unceasingly, to the end that the yet unorganized may be placed within the beneficent fold of unionism, that its benefits may increase and better conditions prevail among the workers.

We are going to wade into this fight for organization so that organization may fight for and secure not only better conditions, but justice and right.

Men and women of labor, Grit your Teeth and organize!

Fraternally yours,

Samuel Gompers.

President American Federation of Labor.

Frank Morrison

Secretary American Federation of Labor.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR ORGD. NOV. 15TH 1881 INCORPORATED

MINERS LEVY ASSESSMENT

Executive Board of the United Mine Workers Assess the Entire Membership.

Indianapolis, Feb. 28.—At the recent meeting of the international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America, an assessment was levied on the entire membership of the organization of 50 cents per member per month, payable for a period of two months. This assessment is to provide for the men engaged in strikes in West Virginia, Vancouver, British Columbia, and Colorado, as well as a few local strikes that are being financed by the international organization. The international officers have been given the authority by the executive board, provided it is deemed wise and expedient, to call out other fields having any relations to the strikes in West Virginia, and other places, in order that success may be attained. The United Mine Workers are pursuing an energetic campaign of organization, and propose to make this the banner year, so far as new organization work and readjustment of old conditions are concerned. The membership at the present is at the highest point ever attained, and it is confidently expected that the coming year will show the membership of the coal miners reaching far beyond the 400,000 mark.

SCHEME OF A HIGHBROW.

Birmingham, Ala., Feb. 28.—The labor paper of this city asks the following question: "Should the high school be a breeding place for strike-breakers?" The paper is authority for the statement that Dr. Philips has made arrangements with the Illinois Central authorities to place boys from the high school in the shops of this and other nonunion companies in this district. It is stated that it is probably the doctor's idea to advance the interest of the boys whom he has under his charge. No doubt Dr. Philips is reaching for some notoriety, but it will be of the unpleasant sort. He has considerable company, however, among a few highbrows, intellectual and economic prodigies scattered throughout every section of the country.

B. T. D. COUNCIL IN SESSION.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 28.—The Executive Council of the Building Trades Department, A. F. of L., convened in this city on Monday, February 17. The general building trades situation of the Pacific slope was under consideration previous to the holding of a general conference of officials of the Building Trades of California, which was held on Thursday, February 20

BREWERY WORKERS GET BOOST.

Cincinnati, Feb. 28.—A new agreement has been entered into between the Brewery Workers' Union and the brewers of this city. The contract calls for an increase of $1.50 a week for the bottlers, and $1 a week for the rest of the men employed in the breweries, the life of the new agreement being three years. The agreement also carries a provision which automatically rises the wages of the employes other han the bottlers another 50 cents at the end of the three years.

FULL CREW BILL

This Bill Now Before the State Legislation In All Probability Will Become An Act.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 28.—The full-crew bill before the State Legislature, in all probability, will become an act. A number of other States have similar meritorious laws. A few of the States now having the full-crew laws are as follows: California's full-crew law went into effect Feruary 20, 1911, and applies to freight and passenger trains, and also contains a qualification of experience clause for firemen and brakemen, who are promoted to conductors and engineers. The Arkansas full-crew law for freight trains went into effect in 1907, and the passenger bill went into effect two years later. In the State of Washington the full-crew law went into effect June 9, 1911, and applies to freight and passenger trains. The Arizona law for full crews went into effect in 1911 and applies to freight and passenger trains. Pennsylvania also has a full-crew law which is considered to be excellent. It provides two different crews for freight trains and three different numbers of crews for passenger, express, and baggage trains, and requires a platform on the rear of all trains, freight and passenger. This law was approved on January 19, 1911. The Maryland full-crew law governs freight trains only, and includes a fellow-servant bill also, and went into effect March 30, 1908. The Indiana full-crew law went into effect in 1911, and applies to freight and passenger trains alike.

GET A GOOD RAISE.

Kewanee, Ill., Feb. 28.—The employees of the tube works were surprised recently when they were notified that they were to receive a raise in wages of 25 cents per day, the new rate to be effective February 1. This means quite an addition to the weekly pay roll of the 2,600 workmen employed at the steel trust works. The labor paper of Kewanee, Ill., in commenting upon this raise in wages says: "The steel trust must have experienced a sudden change of heart to voluntarily sanction a raise in wages which means a large addition to its pay roll. The key to the solution of this sudden outburst of generosity may, perhaps, be found in the present determined, aggressive effort of the American Federation of Labor to organize the employes in all of the plants of the trust. Unorganized labor does not realize what it really owes to organized labor and its everlasting agitation for the benefit of all labor."

ANOTHER TEMPLE PROPOSED.

San Diego, Cal., Feb. 28.—Organized labor of San Diego is to have a home of its own. This seems almost assured at the outset of the campaign for a permanent headquarters. The carpenters of the city have given the movement a wonderful impetus by a thousand-dollar subscription for stock. The wide-awake union men have determined that the money paid out each month in rent by the various organizations shall be turned into channels that will directly assist the organizations in this city. It is believed that the necessary amount of money can be raised to commence construction in a remarkably short time.

FIREMEN TO ARBITRATE

Controversy to be Settled by Arbitration Uuder Provisions of the Erdman Act.

New York, Feb. 28.—The locomotive firemen's controversy with the Eastern railroads will be settled by arbitration under the provisions of the Erdman act. The committee of railroad managers bitterly contested every inch of ground before agreeing to accept the terms of arbitration insisted upon by the firemen, the railroads contending that to refer the matters in dispute to a committee of three men was unfair, as the final result would eventually be determined by one arbitrator—the third—each side being represented by an advocate. The representatives of the roads, immediately upon the terms of arbitration having been agreed upon, issued a statement in which it was claimed that the great responsibility devolving upon the roads—to the public, the employes, and the shareholders—added to the fact that it seemed the only way to avert a strike, were the reasons for accepting arbitration under the Erdman act. Albert Phillips, of Sacramento, Cal., vice president of the locomotive firemen, will represent the brotherhood on the board, and W. W. Atterbury, vice president and general manager of the Pennsylvania lines East, will represent the roads. These men will select the third member. Under the law decision must be rendered within thirty days.

SHOE ON THE OTHER FOOT.

Jackson, Mich., Feb. 28.—The local labor paper, the Square Deal, has this item in a recent issue: "The Lawyers' Union at its meeting in the Court House Monday decided that they would expel any member who solicited business. In other words, they refuse to recognize any lawyer who is not in good standing with their organization. Then remember the yelp that a majority of this same bunch lets out when a labor union acts in the same manner. The lawyer claims that his action is for the safety of the public, but the same action by a labor union is un-American, uncivilized, un-Christian, uncharitable, and the Lord knows how many more 'uns.'"

OUTSIDE MEN GET INCREASE.

Pittston, Pa., Feb. 28.—Following a conference between the general manager of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company and the district president of the United Mine Workers, it was agreed that men working outside and receiving less than $1.50 per day should receive an increase in wages. Beginning with the first of this month increases went into effect of 9 cents, 15 cents, and 21 cents a day. Efforts are being put forth to induce other companies also to increase the pay of outside employes.

UNION MEN ELECTED.

Omaha, Nebr., Feb. 28.—C. L. Shamp, Secretary of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, and L. V. Guye, a member of the local Barbers' Union, were successful candidates in the preliminary election for charter commissioners.

ORGANIZATION BOOMING

A General Movement Is Now On Looking Toward Organization of Working People.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 28.—Following closely upon the victory attained by the porcelain workers in securing an increase in wages, reduction in hours and other betterments, the employes of other establishments in this city have concluded that the only way in which their conditions can be bettered is to organize. The American Federation of Labor has just issued a charter to the wire rope and cable workers, several hundred in number, who are on strike against the John A. Roebling's Sons mills for an increase in wages of 5 cents per hour. Another charter has been issued to the Hard Rubber Workers' Union, also with several hundred members, and it is the intention of making a demand for higher wages and improved conditions within a short time. There is a strike on at the F. A. Straus Worsted Company, where there are several hundred boys and girls out. Organizers have been sent to Trenton by the Federation for the purpose of assisting the employes of the various organizations in securing, if possible, their demands. The grievances of the Trolleymen's Union are being considered by the receivers of the New Jersey and Pennsylvania Traction Company. There is a likelihood that if the dispute is not settled satisfactorily to the Carmen's Union, a strike will take place on that road. There is a general movement in this city looking toward organization among the working people, and with the progress made within the past few weeks continued there will be large additions to the various unions in the city, as well as a number of new unions instituted.

TEXAS LABOR ACTIVE

Legislative Committee On Labor Measures Is Exceedingly Active This Year.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 28.—The legislative committee looking after labor's measures in the Texas Legislature is this year exceedingly active, and has secured thus far a favorable majority report from the Senate Committees on the following bills: Initiative and referendum, employer's liability and workmen's compensation, a fifty-four-hour bill for female employes, and a mechanics' lien bill. In the House of Representatives the bill requiring convict made goods to be labeled "convict made goods" has been reported out by a majority report. The full crew bill has also been favorably reported. The derailing bill, which requires deraiing devices upon all repair tracks, has been unanimously reported out. The legislative committee states that from present indications it appears that the compensation and convict bills will be passed, but owing to the fact that it will require two-thirds of both houses to pass the initiative, referendum, and recall resolutions, there is doubt as to their success. It is also believed that the fifty-four-hour bill for women will pass, although it is being bitterly oposed by the cotton mills and laundries of the State.

WOMEN OPPOSE DELAY.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 28.—Delegations from Philadelphia organizations and representatives from Pittsburg and other parts of the State attended a public hearing on the child-labor bill recently in this city to protest against any attempt to shelve the bill or delay action for two years by the appointment of a commission for investigation suggested by the Governor. This bill was carefully drafted by the Pennsylvania Child Labor Association, and when introduced was referred to the committee on labor and industry. It is believed that the bill will easily pass the House, but a rumor gained circulation that it was to be shelved as a result of influence brought to bear by those opposed to it. Two years ago a similar, though somewhat less drastic bill, passed the House, and in the Senate was referred to a special committee, where it died. It is proposed to make it extremely interesting for those who at this session seek to bury it again.

SIGNS "SMOKER" BILL.

President Taft has annexed his signature to the "smoker" bill. This measure restored the custom of permitting cigar makers to use for personal consumption twenty-one cigars per week without the enforcement of the internal revenue tax. While this custom had been in vogue for many years without objection, an interpretation of the internal revenue law some months ago by revenue officials overturned the practice. A bill was introduced in Congress to restore the former status with the result noted.

NEW LABOR PAPER.

Dallas, Tex., Feb. 28.—There has been a new labor paper established in this city, the name of which is the Craftsman. The editor is W. M. Reilly, an old-time member of the Typographical Union, who is, according to the Fort Worth Union Banner, "a unionist without any frills or isms."

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL SECTION UNION LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEBRUARY 28, 1913.

WHY A WORKER SHOULD JOIN A UNION.

Because it tends to raise wages. This is proven by all sorts of evidence.

Because it prevents a reduction in wages; reductions rarely come to well organized labor.

Because it aids in getting shorter hours. Ask the union men who are working eight hours; they can prove it. They can show a union card also.

Because in union there is strength. This is as true of wage-earners as of states.

Because it makes labor respected. Power wins respect from employers as from all men.

Because it gives men self-reliance.

Because it develops fraternity. Craftsmen are all to jealous of and suspicious of one another even at the best.

Because it is a good investment. No other investment gives back so large a return for expenditure of time and money.

Because it makes thinkers. Men need to rub intellects together in matters of common concern.

Because it enlarges acquaintance. This world is too restricted for wage-earners.

Because it teaches co-operation. When laborers co-operate they will own the earth.

Because it curbs selfishness; the grab-all is toned down by the fear of the opinions of his fellows.

Because it makes the job a better place to work. The bully foreman can't bully the union card.

Because it helps the family; more money, more comforts, and a better opportunity to improve your social condition.

Because it helps the state. Unorganized and discontented labor is the parent of the mob. The trade unions stand as a rock between the government and anarchy.

Because it is universal. The trade union ideal is co-existent with civilization.

Because it pays you benefits when you are on a strike for better conditions, or to prevent unfair conditions being imposed upon you.

Because it pays death benefits.

Because it stands for conciliation of all differences between employer and employe.

Because a union man's card is treated with respect and consideration by all union men, and the bearer of a card is never without friends, and can always get assistance if in needy circumstances.—Ex.

THE UNION LABEL.

The union label is a guarantee that the producer of the article bearing this label is working under fair conditions. Almost every article of wearing apparell can now be purchased bearing the union label and there is no excuse for the union man to be without at least three distinct labels, and there should be no excuse for a man employed by a labor organization in a paid capacity, to go about trying to adjust labor disputes to be without a label on his clothes, hat, shoes, shirt and collar. Nevertheless there are some men who are employed by labor organizations whose last thought appears to be the union label judging by the few labels that can be found on their persons, and it behooves each organization having a paid employe to see to it that he is consistent with his position and not have their local placed in an embarrassing position should a business man request of him to show the label on his clothes. Consistency should be the first consideration of the man who asks a business man to employ union labor by first himself employing union labor when he spends his money. In other words insist that the man who is to represent your local in a paid capacity is a thorough union man and can show the proof when called upon to do so.

A LOVABLE CHARACTER.

In the death of August Donath, which occurred during the past week, one of the finest characters that it has been our good fortune to meet passes to the great beyond. He was a man of tender sympathies, loyal and generous, and a thorough student of human nature. He was considerate and kindly to his fellow man and his many acts of charitableness will endear his memory to those whom he befriended. He was one of God's noblemen and we hope that he is receiving the reward of a life well spent. The Trades Unionist extends its condolence to the bereaved family.

It is said that members of the G. O. P., are as scarce as hens teeth at the G. P. O. The conversion took place on the fifth of last November but it will require more than a swearing allegiance to the party in power for some of those now holding preferred positions to retain them.

The man who boasts of being the "father of the union" should be guarded against allowing his parental solicitude to become like that of the mother who remains always afraid lest her boy will go too near the water. Unions, like children, grow to years of discretion, when they must, for their own good, be allowed to exercise it.

"MENACE" A SCAB SHOP

A number of trade-union journals recently asked the Menace, published at Aurora, Mo., why it does not bear the Union Label, and why its literature does not show this badge of honest toil, fair wages, and good working conditions. The trade-union publications had a right to ask this question, and workingmen have a right to know the truth about the relations of any and every paper that asks for their support to Union Labor.

The Menace has answered that question, not publicly, but in a private edition mailed to only about one-tenth of its subscribers. And the answer is: No, the Menace does not bear the Union Label. To quote verbatim from the private edition dated January 25:

"In the first place, The Menace does not do a commercial printing business. It does only its own work, and that with machinery and appliances of the most modern type. There are only four printers employed, three of whom are linotype operators and the other a printer-pressman who is also superintendent of the shop. There are only five men in our employ who are eligible to membership in a labor union. Those of you who know anything about it at all, know that it takes ten members, to secure a charter from the International Typographical Union. Therefore we have no organization in Aurora; do not have sufficient material to form one, and without the organization cannot use the label. It is true we are working nine hours every working day except Saturday, when we work only eight and a half hours, but we believe we are paying for all we get."

First of all, "Those of us who know anything about it" know that no matter how small the number of men that work in a printing establishment, they can, according to the General Laws of the International Typographical Union, and should, secure traveling cards, which shall entitle the holder to all rights and privileges of the International Union. Part of the reply is, therefore, very faulty, not to say untrue; the Menace is not prevented from using the Union Label for the reason adduced. Its employes could be affiliated. as far as their number alone is concerned, and they probably would be affiliated with the International Union if the Menace people were ready to pay a fair wage for a fair day's labor.

As regards the statement that the Menace does not do a commercial printing business, it might be replied that many undertakings, not established for commercial purposes, so-called, either employ Union Labor or demand it, and the Union Label, on work done for them. Moreover, the Menace, besides publishing its sheet, has also at least printed one book* which it has placed on the market and advertised for sale in its columns.

Moreover, the Menace, in the same issue, claims a weekly circulation of 480,000 copies. It claims, however, as you have just now seen, that only three compositors and one printer-pressman in the entire establishment could come into consideration as possible candidates for membership. Do these four men produce the entire composition, make up the forms, and turn out the press-work on 480,000 copies per week? Either this total of copies circulated is seemingly greatly exaggerated, or there are more men, or possibly boys, employed. Besides, this selfsame issue contains a picture of the "Pressroom, showing out two big Goss presses in action." Are we to believe that the one printer-pressman does all the work on these two presses, both of which are shown in action! Ordinarily, it takes at least two pressmen and an apprentice to run a large newspaper press. Who is doing their work in the Menace plant?

In addition, the Menace states that its employees work eight and a half hours on Saturday and nine hours on every other working day. That doesn't seem to harmonize any too well with the Union rules.

And then, what about the mailers? There should be material enough there for a local, if the Menace turns out 480,000 copies per week!

Is it possible that the Menace, which is after the workingman's subscription just as well as that of others, is as unfair to Union Labor as it is to those from whom it purports to be saving the country?

*To the Editor: The title of the book is: "The Martyr in Black."

We've Always Found Union People Reliable

Buy whatever you wish—have it charged—tell us just what terms will be convenient for you. Not a penny is added to our regular prices for this accommodation.

SCHWARTZ

WATCHES AND DIAMONDS

824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

There seems no limit to the usefulness of the parcels post recently inaugurated in accordance with an act of Congress, but few of us realized to what an extent it would be patronized and what bulky articles might be forwarded by it through the mails. According to an item in one of our morning papers a brick house containing 25,000 brick has just been mailed by parcels post. This is how it was done:

"Elliott S. Morse, of the Potomoc Brick Co., sent by parcel post yesterday a brick of local manufacture to be used in building a brick house at the coliseum, Chicago, during the Clay Products Exposition, which is to be held February 26 to March 8. This brick is one of 25,000 sent by parcel post from every brick plant in the United States, to be used in the construction of this house, which will be given away and re-erected after the exposition."

A large number of merchants and several female stenographers of Washington are opposed to an eight-hour day for women. The merchants are, of course, actuated by purely selfish motives. They want all they can get for their money, and low wages and long hours for their female employees is to their benefit, and, like Shylock, they cry loudly for their pound of flesh. The women want the privilege of doing a day's work of ten or more hours for one man or firm during the day, and then "fill in" with a half-day's work for somebody else in the evening or night. They are like a former employee at the Government Printing Office. It was told of him that the time cards he turned in amounted to twenty hours or more a day, and finally reached a total of twenty-seven hours for one day's work. The more they yet the more they want.

Monday and Tuesday of next week will be busy days for Washingtonians. It is estimated that 200,000 strangers will be in town on those days to view or participate in the suffragette and inaugural parades.

I am told that the campaign for the May election has been opened out at the G. P. O. Hope the boys don't forget the Law Reporter chapel. We have a number of good votes and a young and accommodating chairman who will take pleasure in introducing all comers.

FOR DIRECT ELECTION.

The success of the amendment of the Constitution for the direct election of United States Senators is indicated by the activity of the Legislatures now in session. The Legislature of the State of Illinois has adopted a resolution calling for the direct election of United States Senators, and its action makes the seventeenth State in the Union to approve the constitutional amendment. One or two other Legislatures have the matter under consideration and either the Senate or House of Representatives in the Legislatures referred to have acted favorably upon the amendment. To become effective thirty-six State Legislatures will have to act favorably upon this amendment, and, as noted, nearly one-half of this number have already taken favorable action.

RECENT RAILROAD WRECKS.

One man was kiled and two were injured recently when a Western Maryland train crashed into the rear of a freight train. Six men were killed and six injured at Derry, Pa., when a rope holding a train of cars on an incline parted, the cars running off the track. The dead and injured were employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad at a near-by stone quarry. Forty-three persons, mostly negroes, were injured when a Mississippi Central train was derailed near Brookhaven, Miss. One coach plunged into a creek and two others hung suspended over the water. Three Burlington trainmen were recently killed when a boiler of a freight engine, hauling sixty-five loaded cars, exploded near Provo, S. D., while the train was running about fifteen miles an hour.

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Never Changes. Accept No Substitute

Once Tried You'll Aways Use It.

Ports and Sherries for family use, Quarts, 50 and 75 cents. All makes of Beer. Leading brands of Cigars. Ales and Porters on draught the year round.

D. J. O'CONNOR

New Jersey Ave. and G Sts. N.W.

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Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
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31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
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1778 U Street, N.W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
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INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE UNITED BREWERY WORKMEN OF AMERICA — Union Made Beer — Ale and Porter — COPYRIGHT & TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1903

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST

LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ALWAYS THE SAME

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812 F Street Northwest

Phone Main 1141 — Special Private Delivery

WASHINGTON BREWERY CO.

IMPERIAL EXPORT

A really fine beer

Bearing the Union Label

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.

MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles..... $1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.

Write or Telephone for Premium List. TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

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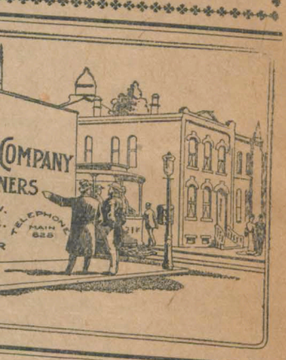

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—in Our China Dept.

OUR semi-annual readjustment of the stock in our China Department has revealed a large number of odd lots and separate pieces of richly decorated china of the finer grades. We dispose of these regardless of actual values, the prices as now marked ranging

From ¼ to ½ of the Original Prices.

Included are Bowls, Plates, Chocolate Pitchers, Coffee Sets, Tea Sets, Ramekins, Salad Sets, Oyster Plates, Cups and Saucers, Chop Dishes, &c. Also

THE REMAINING STOCK OF ONE PATTERN OF GOLD-DECORATED CAULDON OPEN STOCK CHINA AT ¼ TO ½ OFF.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

J. W. GREGG, 614 O Street N. W.
GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.
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HORNER & HEIM, 8th and M, N. W.
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All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents

Every Union Man Should Know Where to Find

THE NORRIS HOUSE

OPEN AT 4 A. M.

DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor

Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,

N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.

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"DRY GOODS ONLY"

The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City

420 to 426 Seventh Street
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ONLY UNION SOFT DRINKS

establishment in city

Fifth and Q Sts. Northwest

T. HOLLANDER

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Model Shirts, $1.00

UNION MADE

The Sweater Shop

formerly Auerbach's

MR. UNION MAN! Take advantage of our mid-winter season clearance sale. High-grade perfect fitting shirts.

Best dollar value now 69 cents, or 3 for $2.00. Sizes 14 to 18.

Headquarters for Cardigan Jackets, Sweater Coats, Overalls Jumpers, Union Made Hats, Caps, etc.

We treat you right. Prompt and courteous service.

JULIUS A. WEST

800 Seventh Street N. W.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

Want a job at printing in a Pennsylvania town? M. B. Stokes, Coudersport, Pa., informs Secretary Seibold that he wants four all-round printers: wages, $15 to $20 per week.

* * *

Mr. Omar L. Wilson, a well-known member of Columbia Union employed as a reader in the night proof room of the Government Printing Office, has the sympathy of all who know him in the death of his wife, which occurred in this city on Monday morning, February 24, 1913, after a long period of poor health. Mrs. Wilson, who had lived in Washington for almost 20 years and was a well-loved member of Lincoln Avenue Methodist Church, was a Kentuckian by birth and was married to Mr. Wilson in Frankfort 22 years ago. She leaves four children—two sons and two daughters.

The death of this excellent woman, whose life was so full of the beauty of service, whose faith to friends was so true, and whose devotion to loved ones so tender, is a sad blow to friends and an irreparable loss to her family. That love and duty which were the chief characteristics of her life made bright the existence of those around her, and the memory of the sweet wife and gentle mother will long linger in the hearts of those so sorely bereft by her passing.

* * *

George W. Shaffer, an esteemed member of Columbia Union, left this city on Friday last, February 21, 1913, for the Union Printers Home at Colorado Springs. Mr. Shaffer (who has been a member of the I. T. U. almost 30 years) came here originally from New York State, having learned the trade at Little Falls, N. Y., and working at Albany for some time previous to his appearance in Washington. During his 18 or 20 years stay here he has made many friends, and all of these indulge the hope that he may be restored to health in Colorado. In such hope the writer most sincerely joins.

* * *

Some of the grocery stores in Northeast Washington have advertising signs that are occasionally rather startling if not puzzling.

"Good Heavens!" said one pedestrian to another, "this high cost of living is certainly going mighty far when they get to selling real dog at the meat store."

"Selling dog? What are you talking about?"

"Must be so. Look at that sign: 'Curloin steak, 20 cents a pound.'

And it was so. "Sirloin" was too much for that grocer to spell.

* * *

August Donath, one of the most widely known printers in the United States, died at his home in this city on Saturday, February 22, 1913, the death cause being heart disease. There will be general and genuine regret that such a useful life has closed. Mr. Donath was born in Germany in 1846, and came to this country when a lad of 12, landing in Boston. There he commenced the trade of printer, but gave it up temporarily to go into the service of his adopted country as a soldier, enlisting when but 16 years of age, in the Massachusetts volunteer regiment which was raised by Senator (afterwards Vice-President) Henry Wilson. In the army he gave faithful service until 1863, when discharged for disability incurred in the line of duty—the almost total deafness which was ever afterwards a severe affliction to him. Coming to Washington from the front he became a member, in March 1863, of the old "Society," the forerunner of the present Columbia Union. Since that time August Donath, or "Dony," as he was affectionately known among his friends, has been one of the great figures of Washington printerdom. For almost 15 years he was actively engaged at the case, first in three or four different chapels in the Government Printing Office and afterwards in various downtown offices, notably the old National Republican. Since 1877, I believe, he has never worked as a printer, but has been a newspaper editor and proprietor, a real estate operator, and an official in the Pension Bureau. At the time of his death he was superintendent of documents at the Government Printing Office, a position held by him for the last four years.

In 1875 he was elected a delegate from this union to the Boston convention of the I. T. U. At the Kansas City convention in 1888 he was again a delegate representing Chester (Pa.) Union, being the proprietor of a newspaper at that place at that time. That union being a small one, Delegate Donath had to go into his own pocket book to pay his expenses.

"Perhaps," said Mr. Donath to this writer in a recent conversation, "the greatest honor that has ever come to me from any source was my election, at the Pittsburgh convention in 1886, as one of the Childs-Drexel trustees. My colleagues elected me president, and when, four years later, the board was enlarged to 13 and our term extended five years longer, I was again elected its president, and so remained until, two years later, the Union Printers Home was opened for its beneficent work, when I resigned. During my term of six years I steadfastly refused to entertain the question of salary, and stated that I should resign the office if it were salaried."

In my experience with printers I have never met any man that I considered as much in love with that great craft and its union as was August Donath. He let no opportunity pass to show the interest that printers' welfare awakened in him. Although not then an active member of the union (he has been on our honorary list for some years), during our eight-hour strike Mr. Donath paid into Columbia Union 10 per cent of the salary he was earning as regularly as any card holder of the organization. At all times he was true to his colors, and the union never had a struggle when the faithful Donath was not in the forefront to valiantly and resourcefully fight its battles.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

When you spell Rheims, France, in the future, drop the h, such being orders from the Board of Geographic Names.

—

Brooklyn is to have a five-story, elevator-equipped, time-locked apartment garage, which fact is mentioned to show how far Washington is behind the age.

—

Tim Ring appeared before the Congressional Appropriations Committees this past week, in the interest of leave pay for temporary employees in the G. P. O.

—

Charley O'Neill is at the House Office Building, engaged in the preparation of the Directory for the incoming Congress, which publication will appear in Roman type instead of Ronaldson.

—

About this season the I. T. U. delegatorial bee doth buzz, victims in my vicinity, given in a paragraph, being—Proof—Messrs. Colton and Serrano; Lino—Messrs. Nevils and Long; Mono—Messrs. Boss, Klinknett, Holland, and Kinsolving.

—

A letter from Manilla, P. I., conveys the information that Harry Watkins has resigned and that Messrs. Barney, Gorton, Pleger, Weber, Johns, McLachlen, and Schweiker (all well known here) will visit the States on accrued leave during the next few months.

—

Were George Harries in town I would have three or four things done. Among them would be the extension of the street-car service to the District line and the building of a small waiting station at North Capitol and Massachusetts avenue.

—

I move the placing of the name of Mrs. Clara Necker on the roll of membership of the Momus Club, the same being the second lady member, No. 1 being Miss Nellie Nichols, a variety actress who participated in a number of events of the club before it reached its present pretentious proportions.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

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Telephone: Lincoln 2919

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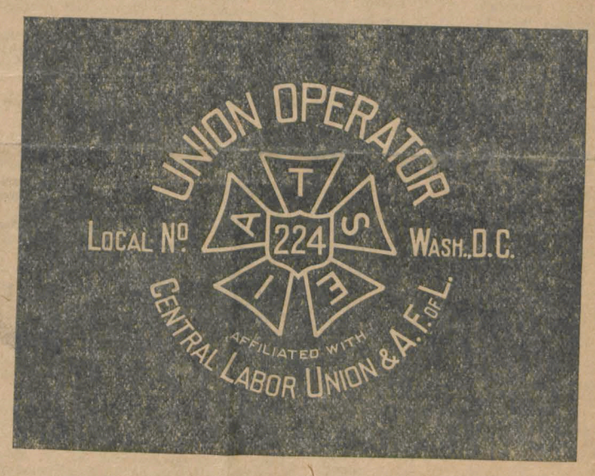

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th St. Northeast.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, T. A. Luebkart, 1030 D st. northeast.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Wm. Wilding, 909 12th St. northeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wasseman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Sec etary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, G. H. Hall, 513 16th street southeast.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northwest.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, No. 10: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. E. Allison, 1117 6th street northeast.

Steamfitters' Helpers: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Thos. F. Flanagan, 45 H street N.W

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, John G. Schmidt, 624 Sixth Street Northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Patrick Quinn, probationary electrotype molder.

Harry G. Kerns, probationery machinist.

Matthew A. Maloney, emergency compositor.

Separations.

Arthur H. McKinish, emergency compositor, dropped.

Robert Sweigert, emergency compositor, resigned.

Jeremiah R. Kelly, emergency compositor, resigned.

Harry B. Judson, compositor, dropped.

Charles H. Magill, bookbinder, dropped.

Joseph Hubbard, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Miss Mary Nolan, skilled laborer, dropped.

Joseph C. Foote, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Misses Harriet J. Terry, Mary Price and Rosa R. Weser, pressfeeders; LaMonte K. Johnson and Frank H. Walpole, pressmen, to press division; Roland L. Davidson, Robert Robinson, sr., and James B. Rogers, compositors; Charles H. Edwards, skilled laborer, to monotype section; Richard S. Peed, compositor, to job section; John C. Spencer, proofreader, to proof section; John J. Dohoney, machinist, to machine shop section; Thomas Smallwood, unskilled laborer, to foundry section; Emory R. Winfield, unskilled laborer, to foundry section; Joseph F. Miller, plateman in charge, 70 cents per hour, plate vault section; William T. Hall, linotype operator, to proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Martin F. McNamara, messenger, 40 cents per hour, delivery section; Robert W. Dewey, helper, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, money order section; Robert E. Hughes, helper, to skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section; Jason Waterman, clerk, to $2,000, p. a. office of superintendent of work; Benedict Kirsch, imposer, to proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Joseph Dierkin, clerk, to $1,252, p. a. office of accountant (special detail).

ORGANIZATION ON MOVE.

Wichita, Kans., Feb. 28.—It is believed that the renewed activity among the organizations of labor in this city is a precursor to an active campaign to increase the membership and effectiveness of the local organizations. Since the reorganization of the central body a short time ago there has developed renewed interest and with the general campaign of organization being conducted by the American Federation of Labor it is believed that sentiment is being crystalized here for greater efforts to be put forth in the future.

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WILSON'S VIEWS ON LABOR

Taken From His Most Recent Book, "The New Freedom."

OUR LABOR PROBLEMS.

Do you know that about 90 per cent of those who are employed in labor in this country are not employed in the "protected" industries, and that their wages are almost without exception higher than the wages of those who are employed in the "protected" industries? There is no corner on carpenters, there is no corner on bricklayers, there is no corner on scores of individual classes of skilled laborers; but there is a corner on the poolers in the furnaces, there is a corner on the men who dive down into the mines; they are in the grip of a controlling power which determines the market rates of wages in the United States. Only where labor is free is labor highly paid in America.

Politics differs from philanthropy in this: that in philanthropy we sometimes do things through pity merely, while in politics we act always, if we are righteous men, on grounds of justice and large expediency for men in the mass. Sometimes in our pitiful sympathy with our fellow men we must do things that are more than just. We must forgive men. We must help men who have gone wrong. We must sometimes help men who have gone criminally wrong.

We ought not to permit passion to enter into our thoughts or our hearts in this great matter; we ought not to allow ourselves to be governed by resentment or any kind of evil feeling, but we ought, nevertheless, to realize the seriousness of our situation. That seriousness consists, singularly enough, not in the malevolence of the men who preside over our industrial life, but in their genius and in their honest thinking. These men believe that the prosperity of the United States is not safe unless it is in their keeping.

If they were dishonest, we might put them out of business by law; since most of them are honest, we can put them out of business only by making it impossible for them to realize their genuine convictions. I am not afraid of a knave. I am not afraid of a rascal. I am afraid of a strong man who is wrong, and whose wrong thinking can be impressed upon other persons by his own force of character and force of speech. If God had only arranged it that all the men who are wrong were rascals, we could put them out of business very easily, because they would give themselves away sooner or later; but God has made our task heavier than that—He has made some good men who think wrong. We cannot fight them because they are bad, but because they are wrong. We must overcome them by a better force, the genial, the splendid, the permanent force of a better reason.—From Chapter IX, Benevolence, or Justice?"

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At a regular meeting of the Furrier's Union, Local No. 14315, of the A. F. of L., the following officers were elected: President, M. Shock; Secretary, Miss I. Braudes; Financial Secretary, M. Gissen; Treasurer, William Rosendorf.

LABOR RECOGNIZED.

Springfield, Mass., Feb. 28.—The labor movement in this city is growing in members and effectiveness and in recognition of this fact President George H. Wrenn of the Central Labor Union has been appointed on the charter revision committee. The activities of union labor, not only in its legitimate field, but in all movements, having for their purpose a more equitable arrangement of affairs, are recognized as valuable. It is asserted by labor men in this city that the appointment is an excellent one, and that the appointee will be able to advance suggestions to the commission that will be of value to the city.

RECOGNIZES EIGHT HOURS.

London, Feb. 28.—The government has declared its intention of placing its printing orders only with such firms that employ their workmen eight hours per day. Following this the London County Council decided to have its work done where the maximum weekly work time is fifty hours.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 41 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

RECENT RAILROADWRECKS

A Reminder That Horrible Disasters Continue Which Cause So Much Loss of Life.

The following is a partial list of recent railroad wrecks: Nine persons were injured when an express special train bound for New York from Washington, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, crashed into the rear of a passenger train bound from Baltimore to Philadelphia. Eight persons were injured, two of them seriously, when a coach on a Cleveland Terminal Valley passenger train turned over near Magnolia Station, nfteen miles south of Canton, Ohio. The road is a branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad system. Three trainmen were seriously injured when two engines attached to a north-bound Illinois Central passenger, were derailed and overturned in the Memphis, Tenn., railroad yards. Two trains on the Kanawha and Michigan collided headon at Kanaugna Junction, four miles east of Gallipolis, Ohio; eighteen persons being injured, but none of them seriously. Both locomotives and several cars were demolished. Thirteen persons were injured when a freight train which was racing for a siding collided headon with a passenger train on the Piedmont branch of the Erie Railroad, near Monsey, N. Y.

BIG JOB FOR UNION LABOR

A Contract Secured Which Calls For the Employment of Union Men Exclusively.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, April 4.—According to the Cedar Rapids Tribune, the local labor paper, the Building Trades Council, through a committee, has secured a contract with the American Cereal Company, which provides for the employment of union workmen exclusively on the erection of buildings which are to cost $800,000. This result was brought about by the presentation to the City Council of the plans now in vogue in this city. As the result of the conference a delegation composed of the Mayor and officials of the unions proceeded to Chicago for the purpose of laying the proposition before the president of the company having the work in contemplation. The president of the comapny accepted the plans proposed by the union men and stated that union shop provisions would be incorporated in the contracts to be made. The union men are highly elated over the success in securing an agreement for this large amount of work.

FORWARD FOR IRON CITY.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 4. — Arrangements are being made by the central body to conduct a vigorous organizing campaign in this city during April. A conference was recently held at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor in Washington relative to the advisability of opening up a campaign in this city, and it was decided that there now existed a favorable opportunity to make an effort to secure increases in membership in organization already formed and also form new organizations. The A. F. of L. has requested international unions, wherever possible, to direct one of their organizers to assist in the work. The officials of local unions and business agents are not only interested, but enthusiastic over the outlook.

GRANT EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Holyoke, Mass., April 4.—An impending strike of the papermakers in the mills of the Smith Paper Company at Lee, Mass., has been averted. An agreement has been entered into whereby all five mills of the company are to start on the three-tour system on or before August 1, and all employes retain their membership in the union. The organization at Lee has about 95 per cent of the skilled employes enrolled as members. The employes of the Diamond Mills Paper Company at Saugerties, N. Y., are on strike, the main contentions being the demand for an eight-hour day and the right to maintain membership in a labor union.

PASS WOMAN'S SUFFRAGE BILL.

Bismarck, N. Dak., April 4.—The Legislature of this State has passed the woman's suffrage bill, and it will now be submitted to the people for their approval or disapproval. In Iowa the upper House of the State Legislature has passed the woman's suffrage amendment by a vote of 31 to 15, but refused to recede from a vote asking Iowa women to vote upon suffrage two years hence. The amendment has passed the House, and must again pass next session before being submitted to the popular vote.

STEAMFITTERS COME OVER.

It is reported after months of of negotiations between the United Association of Plumbers and local of the International Steamfitters, arrangements have been made whereby the local union of steamfitters has taken decisive action to become a part of the United Association of Plumbers. The new local will be No. 602. President Alpine, of the United Association, conducted these successful negotiations.

UPHOLDS MARTIAL LAW

The Governor Announces This Law Will Continue In the Coal Fields Indefinitely.

Charleston, W. Va., April 4.—In an opinion recently handed down by the West Virginia Supreme Court of Appeals the right of the Governor to declare martial law and appoint a military commission is affirmed. This opinion was rendered in the case of Mother Jones and others against Gov. Hatfield and the members of the military commission, asking for a writ of habeas corpus to compel the Governor and military authorities to permit the controversy now on to be settled in the law courts. The petitioners denied the right of the Governor and military commission to try persons apprehended outside the military zone of the Kanawha County coal fields. The Governor recently caused the release of twenty-nine prisoners held by the military authorities in connection with the strike. These men were released for different causes. The Governor also announced that martial law would be continued in the coal fields indefinitely.

TEACHERS WANT MORE

Salaries Unsatisfactory, Will Plan a Campaign to Be Put in Action Immediately.

Bellingham, Wash., April 4.—Having for its object the securing of better salaries, a concerted movement has been started among the grade and high school teachers of this city. For some time a committee representing the teachers has been gathering data and it is expected that a plan of campaign will be formulated and put into action immediately. The salaries of teachers in Bellingham's graded schools range from a $750 minimum to an $800 maximum per year, as compared with a maximum in Everett, only a short distance from here, of $960 for the same class of work. In the high schools salaries range from $950 to $1,100 at Bellingham, with a proportionate increase in Everett. These salaries cover only a ten-month-year, so that the pay of the graded school teachers averages over the twelve months only $47.50, with a maximum in view of only $66.75 attainable.

MOLDERS SECURE INCREASE.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 4.—On November 1, 1912, the Molders' Union of this city presented a demand for an increase in the minimum wage of both Molders and Coremakers. The increase was to take effect on December 1, but the foundry men brought forth an old agreement which the Molders' Union had considered null and void, as numerous changes had been made during the life of the agreement. The Molders, however, accepted the agreement rather than enter into a controversy. On February 1, this year, however, they again decided to ask for an increase of 25 cents for molders and 50 cents to coremakers. After numerous conferences the entire matter was satisfactorily adjusted and the foundrymen granted the Molders' Union its request and the straight $3.25 minimum wage for a nine hour day went into effect on March 1.

MACHINISTS STRIKE.

Indianapolis, April 4.—All of the machinists employed at the Diamond Chain Works struck recently. They were joined later by the men employed on the die punching machines. The difficulty arose over the refusal of the firm to enter into negotiations looking to a new agreement which carried with it a 5-cent increase in the minimum scale. The firm refused to accede to this slight raise and announced that it was its purpose to install the Emerson efficiency system, whereby employes would be dealt with as individuals. There are many girls employed in the plant, doing work that ordinarily should not fall to the lot of females, and there is a growing feeling of resentment among them and it is not improbable that they will take like action with the machinists and die punchers.

NEEDS EXTENSION.

The arbitration board of three, considering the dispute between the fifty-four Eastern railroads and their firemen in New York City, undoubtedly will ask for an extension of time allowed by law for them to reach a decision. The law gives the committee thirty days from the time of its selection in which to make a report of its findings. It was appointed March 3, but did not start work, however, until Mach 10, because of the time needed to get in working order. It is not apprehended that any obstacle will be placed in the way of securing additional time, and in all probability it will be mutually agreed to.

TO VOTE ON RECALL.

Lansing, Mich., April 4. — The opportunity to decide whether the initiative, referendum, and recall propositions shall be incorporated in the constitution of Michigan will be placed before the people at the spring election, the Legislature having passed a resolution submitting the recall.

GETTING STRIKE-BREAKERS

Iron Molders Determined to Get Better Wages, Hours and Conditions of Labor.

Erie, Pa., April 4.—The managers of iron foundries, whose workmen are on strike, are advertising in papers throughout the country for men. A sample of the advertisements is one which appeared in the New York Journal recently, and is as follows: "Men wanted for Erie. Good chance for young men to learn trade as molder or coremaker; $2 per day. Only young and intelligent men wanted. Free transportation. No strike. Rushed with orders. Steady employment guaranteed. Apply Empire Employment Bureau, 116 West Street, New York." According to the statement of a man who applied for a position he was informed emphatically three or four times that there was no strike in progress. Instead of free transportation the agency exacted one-half fare and also $2 as an office fee. Twelve men went in one shipment from New York, and upon arriving at Erie the suspicion of the men was aroused, but it was still further asserted that there was no strike on. Six of the men refused to go to the place of employment and were told that if they did not they would be arrested. The employing molders of this city are in desperate straits and are expending a large amount of money in an effort to break the spirit of the iron molders, but the strikers are determined to stand by their rightful demands until such time as the employers concede their right to organize and have a part in determining the wages paid, the hours and conditions of labor.

SEEKING MORE WORK

Navy Department Makes Strong Appeal to Other Branches of the Government.

Information received that the Navy Department has made a strong appeal to other branches of the government service which make use of vessels to utilize the naval dry docks and navy yards in repair work. It is pointed out that the fluctuation of the amount and continuity of purely naval work in such yards and docking stations is greater than should exist, with due regard to economy, yet these facilities should be kept in condition for immediate service in case of emergency. Further, it is argued that the differences in cost of repairs in favor of private shipyards, due to the difference in length of hours constituting a day's work, is gradually disappearing, and in the near future private shipyards must come to the government's eight-hour basis. Work at the navy yards for government ships is done at actual cost, and there are now thirteen vessels under repair belonging to other departments in the navy yards, and half a dozen new water crafts are being constructed.

SUCCESSFUL CONFERENCE.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 4.—The ninth annual Child Labor Conference has adjourned after the most successful meeting ever held in the history of the National Child Labor Committee. Thirty-one States were represented by delegates in the conference. Dr. McKelway, Southern secretary of the National Child Labor Committee, in one of the sessions, spoke of the changed attitude of the Southern delegates, no longer a little inclined to be on the defensive, but are unsparing in their criticism of their own State conditions. Convincing addresses were made emphasizing the opinion that industry should be compelled to pay its way and bear the burden of the disabled workers, of the women widowed by industrial accidents, and of the workers who do not now receive from industry a wage that will support their families. Reference was made to the lowering of adult wages by the employment of children, and an illuminating discussion along these lines brought out many interesting facts on the effect of child labor upon industry as a whole.

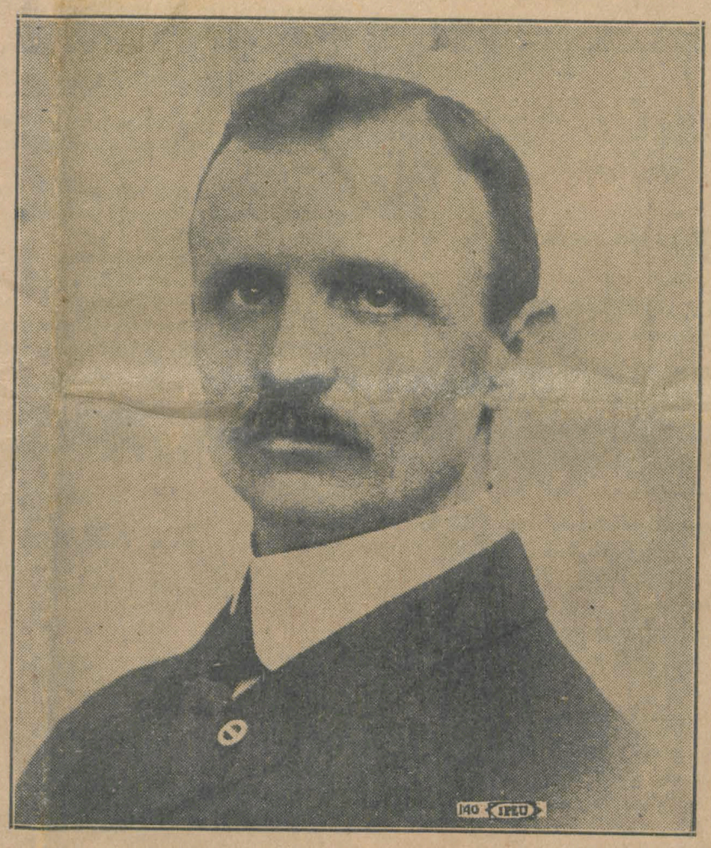
OMAHA WAGE SCALES.

Omaha, Nebr., April 4.—The Western Laborer gives the wage scales of the building trades as follows, the figures being the amount per hour: Bricklayers, 70 cents; structural iron workers, 56 1-2 cents; plasterers, 75 cents; lathers, 50 cents; hoisting engineers, 40 cents and 50 cents; tile setters, 56 1-2 cents; plumbers, 68 2-3 cents; steamfitters, 68 2-3 cents; steamfitters' helpers, 35 cents; gasfitters, 68 2-3 cents; carpenters, 50 cents; stone cutters, 55 cents; marble setters, 56 1-2 cents; painters, 50 cents; sheet metal workers, 42 1-2 to 57 1-2 cents; electrical workers, 40 to 50 cents; roofers, 40 to 50 cents; cement workers, 62 1-4 cents, and laborers and hod carriers, 25 to 30 cents. The eight-hour day prevails.

NEWS WRITERS WIN.

New York, April 4.—The strike of the news writers, which has been on for nearly ten weeks, has ended by a settlement having been arrived at. The strike was confined to the Hebrew newspapers.

CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR OF MT. RAINIER, MD.



ALBERT D. RUST, JR.

Albert D. Rust, Jr., was born, of New England parents, in St. Louis, Michigan, January 30, 1870. In his infancy he went with his parents to Texas. In May, 1903, he was appointed from that state to a position as compositor in the Geological Survey. In December of the same year he was transferred to the Government Printing Office, where he has for several years been employed as a proof reader.

Mr. Rust has carried a card in the Typographical Union for over twenty-five years, and is a strong advocate of the policy that the condition of one is the concern of all.

In 1904 he moved to Mount Rainier, Md.. and has been a resident of the town since that time, having been one of the earliest and most persistent advocates of incorporation of that beautiful Washington suburb. He has always been an active and progressive citizen in the advancement of the town, and ever ready with his time and means for anything that promised good for his fellow-citizens. He favors a schoolhouse for Mount Rainier and is an advocate of good roads and sidewalks, and of water and sewerage systems, and, if elected, he promises to exert every possible effort and devote every possible means to bring about these improvements, in the order named. Especially will he endeavor to complete two good roads through the town—one north and south, and one east and west.

If elected Mayor of Mount Rainier, for which office Mr. Rust has formally announced his candidacy, he promises to enforce the laws of the town as far as lies within his power, and to faithfully and frequently report and publish statements of receipts and expenditures of all funds over which the Mayor and Town Council have jurisdiction.

OPPOSE HEAD OF BUREAU.

It has become known that the members of the Plate Printers' Union are urging the appointment of an actual plate printer to succeed the present director of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. The relations between the director, Joseph E. Ralph, and the Plate Printers' Union have been strained for a long time. Congressman Stanley of Kentucky recently introduced a bill in the House providing that the director of the bureau shall be a practical plate printer, and the Plate Printers' Union is supporting this measure. There have been many objections raised against the methods employed by Director Ralph, chief of which has been the installation of money washing machines. These machines are not considered to be a success, in that after the currency passes through this washing process it loses its luster and become faded and therefore more susceptible to being counterfeited than bills that have not been washed.

CARRIAGE WORKERS GROWING.

Buffalo, April 4. — Secretary-treasurer William P. Mavell, of the Carriage, Wagon, and Automobile Workers' International Union states that since the first of February that organization has instituted four new locals—one at Miami, Fla.; one at Knoxville, Tenn., one at Victoria, British Columbia, and one at Ottawa, Ontario.

MINIMUM WAGE ADOPTED.

Chicago, April 4.—It is reported that the International Harvester Company has adopted a minimum wage for women on its own motion. It has been announced that hereafter the minimum wage will be $8 per week. It is said that the increased cost to the company will be $25,000 annually.

STRIKE FOR MORE WAGES.

Auburn, N. Y., April 4.—Demanding increased wages and the re-instatement of discharged union workers, 1,300 workers of the Columbian Rope Company are on strike.

UPHOLDS INITIATIVE LAW.

Denver, April 4.—The State Supreme Court has upheld the initiative and referendum law. The court held that the people have power to initiate an act repealing any law passed by the legislature. A tangle in legislation is apparent at this time, owing to the fact that two eight-hour laws, one initiated by the employers and one by the working people, were both adopted. The Supreme Court in its recent opinion declared that the legislature had the right to pass a new eight-hour law to replace the two initiated laws passed by the people last fall. The court declared that the will of the people is supreme and that any law passed by the legislature could be repealed under the initiative and referendum.

STILL INCREASING REVENUE.

For the month of January gross earnings of the Northern Pacific Railroad show an estimated increase of $1,000,000. The company's train load in the first half of the fiscal year averaged 638 tons, compared with 594 tons for the fiscal year 1911-12, 553 tons for 1910-11, and 524 tons for 1909-10, an increase of 114 tons or 22 per cent in three years. This is grinding out profits with a vengeance.

PROPOSED LABOR TEMPLE.

St. Paul, April 4.—The Building Trades Council of this city is interesting itself in plans looking to the erection of a labor temple. A committee has been at work looking into the details, and the committee recently was increased, with instructions to bring in a preliminary report at an early date.

BOSTON DRESSMAKERS STRIKE.

Boston, April 4.—Nine hundred men and women, members of the Boston Tailors and Dressmakers' Union, are on strike. They demand better conditions with an increase in pay and equitable arrangements for overtime.

LEASING OF CONVICTS

It Is Realized That the Lease System Makes More Criminals Than It Cures.

Tampa, Fla., April 4.—In a recent issue of the Tampa Tribune the following excerpts are taken, referring to the convict lease system in operation in that State: "The public sentiment of the State appears to be practically unanimously in favor of abolishing the contract system. We have just inaugurated a Governor who declares against the system in his inaugural address, and who may be expected to do everything in his power to have the lawmakers wipe out this blot upon Florida's fair name. A writer in a current magazine shows that the leasing of convicts to work for private contracts not only makes unfair competition for other workers, but causes barbarous treatment of the prisoners. The Governor of a Southern State was telling an English visitor of the workings of the lease system in his State. 'Every convict we have pays us a profit of $30 a year over and above all expenses.' 'Then,' said the Englishman, 'if the more prisoners you have the greater the profits why not put all your population in prison if you are in it as a money-making scheme?' The Governor of Arkansas, failing to obtain the repeal of the convict lease law and becoming convinced of the ill-treatment of prisoners by the lessees, pardoned 360 convicts at one time. It was a drastic measure, but it did the work. The lease system makes more criminals than it cures. It opposes the interest of both the prisoner and society. Florida must abolish it."

A SPLENDID REPORT

Bureau of Labor Has Accomplished More in the Past Two Years Than Ever Before.

Sacramento, Cal., April 4.—In the fifteenth biennial report of the State Bureau of Labor statistics, just published, it is stated that the bureau has accomplished more good during the last two years than ever in its history. The bureau has brought all employment agencies under its control, thus preventing applicants for work from being subjected to exorbitant charges. Theatrical booking agencies also have been brought under control, and one of the most vicious practices has been wiped out. As proof of the contentions of the Labor Bureau, it is asserted that child labor is under complete control, and it is pointed out that during the year ended January 30, 1912, attendance at the public schools of the State increased 20,147. Since the bureau undertook enforcement of the laws regulating temporary floors in buildings under construction the number of accidents caused by falls in the ranks of the structural iron workers alone has been reduced 75 per cent. Legislation also is urged to curb the activities of shipping contractors, who employ about 5,000 men in San Francisco each season and ship them North to work in the Alaskan salmon canning factories. Instances are given where sailors who sign articles are mulcted of practically all their wages, and in many cases are never paid anything.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

According to the Supreme Court of the United States held, in the case of Michigan Central Railroad Company vs. Vreeland, that recovery under the Federal employers' liability act of 1908 against an interstate carrier for negligently causing the death of an employe was not limited to cases where death was instantaneous; that the right of action thus created in favor of certain relatives was independent of any cause of action which the decedent had and included no damages which he might have recovered for his injury had he survived; that in an action for the benefit of a widow of such an employe, the measure of damages was the financial benefit which she might reasonably have expected from her husband in a pecuniary way, and that it was error to instruct the jury to estimate from their own experience as men the value of a widow's loss of her husband's "care and advice."

NEGOTIATING NEW SCALE.

Springfield, Ill., April 4. — The Brickmakers' Union, which was organized here last fall, has grown to be a solid and substantial organization. The new wage scale and agreement, which has just been completed, provides for a slight increase in wages, with an eight-hour day. The agreement also calls for the union label on all brick turned out in the various yards. While definite arrangements have not yet been made to put the new agreement into effect, it is not believed that there is probability of any serious friction in putting it into force.

TO VOTE ON PENSION.

Lansing, Mich., April 4.—The Legislature has passed the Scott concurrent resolution submitting to the people a proposed amendment to the constitution, which will allow the Legislature to establish firmen's pensions. The bill will be voted on at the coming spring election.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 4, 1913.

Trouble hunters never come home empty-handed.

Novelty in reform ideas, as in everything else, will attract a crowd; but novelty and soundness are entirely different things.

The reformer who advances beyond sight of his fellows frequently doubles on his tracks and heads backward without knowing it.

We admire the man who "dares to be in the right of two or three," provided his daring is not inspired mainly by a desire for notoriety.

After all, it frequently happens that what we call progress denotes nothing more than that we have stopped short of positive retrogression.

"Recognition of the union," after all, implies merely a gaurantee of good faith on the part of the employer toward his employees.

The dilettante reformer would administer the truth to the "upper classes" as we administer medicine to a child—with a good deal of sweetening. But the man of sense knows that a dose of facts, to be efficacious at all, must be taken in all its unpalatableness.

The reformer who cites the past only to condemn it resembles the navigator who should attempt to shape a course without knowledge of the time at first meridian. Both are bound to be very much "at sea" in the end.

MT. RAINIER'S ELECTION.

Bordering on the outskirts of Washington is the hustling town of Mt. Rainier, the majority of whose residents come daily to our city to earn their livelihood. Unlike our city, the residents there have a voice and vote in the affairs of the town, and under their form of government they elect, by popular vote, the officers to preside over the municipal affairs of the people. They will shortly hold their spring elections for Mayor and Town Councillors, and one of the aspirants for the position of Mayor is a man whose picture appears on the front page of this issue, Albert D. Rust. Mr. Rust is well qualified to fill this most responsible position, as the experience that he has gained by his membership in one of the largest, most active, and best conducted labor organizations connected with the American Federation of Labor has fitted him to institute and carry out to completion the many improvements that are so much needed to make this town the ideal spot for those who wish to live in the suburbs and labor in the city. Mr. Rust's platform, on which he is to go before the people pleading for their suffrage, is a strong one, and will be carried out faithfully and economically if he is but given the opportunity. It behooves the voters of Mt. Rainier to take an active interest in their coming election and to question the candidates as to their policy if elected, and there is no doubt in our minds that if they pursue this course they will elect, by an overwhelming vote, Mr. Albert D. Rust.

INCOME TAXES COMPARED.

While the Democratic leaders are trying to decide upon an arbitrary figure below which incomes will not be taxed, with $5,000 as the limit most often mentioned, it may be worth while to consider the limits fixed by other nations. In England the exemption is $750, in Prussia it is $225, in Austria $113, and in Italy $77.20.

These figures reveal how hard pressed foreign powers are to secure revenue. They also signify that only the very poorest people escape making a contribution from their slender fund. Our own lawmakers do not approach the problem in any such spirit as that exhibited by European powers. It is evidently their intention not to disturb the people of moderate means, but to require those who, in their opinion, are best able to aid the government to bear the burden.

This is as it should be, for the burden of maintaining the expenses incidental to the conduct of our government has too long been borne by those least able to stand it, for the tariff tax has affected the working people more than any other class, with less remunerative return. The greatest economic thinkers and writers have long contended that the most equitable tax was one on incomes and land, and now that a start has been made in the right direction it will not be long, we hope, before the income tax will be accompanied with its twin sister, the land tax. There is now a wonderful opportunity for those who believe in the land tax to agitate, educate and organize, so that those who have not given any consideration to this question can be brought to realize that this will bring about better conditions for those who toil and cannot earn enough income to come within the purview of the amount that will be taxable. Let the good work go on, and may the time be short before we will be able to put into practical demonstration the teachings of that great exponent of the land tax, the late Honorable Henry George.

"JUDGE NOT."

Some Simple Resolutions Which Will Help Immensely In Bringing In the Millenium.

To impute to no man insincerity of purpose simply because he does not agree with me.

To give every man credit for the general tendency of his life, in spite of the occasional mishap which temporarily halts his progress.

To pay no attention to gossip, unless the bearer of the tale is willing to tell it to the one accused.

To remember the pit from which I was dug, before I pass judgment upon any other man.

To judge no man unless I am willing to be judged according to the judgment of the Just.

To lift up the man who has fallen, probably because he was carrying a heavier burden than I.

To give life the largest meaning, with no narrow outlook, either for myself or my fellows; to believe that every other man is worthy of the best that is mine; and to try earnestly to see that he gets it.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

FAVOR DISTRICT SUFFRAGE

The Cigarmakers Union No. 110, at their last meeting, endorsed the suffrage movement for the District of Columbia, and will do all in their power to bring about the right of franchise.

R. ALLNUTT, Sec.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS

Members of organized labor are requested to purchase their milk from a union driver, and to see that he wears the April button, the color being red, white and blue. A little assistance just now may prove to be of more than usual benefit to Local 247. At the last meeting of the union a plan was proposed by President Weaver, and adopted by the union, which will make it more convenient for the members to get the button, and no flimsy excuses for its absence should be accepted by trades unionists.

Several members commented favorably on, and expressed their appreciation of, the editorial in this paper March 21. Quite truly the editor said the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union "could be made one of the strongest locals in the District if given the proper support." In other cities unions of milk drivers are powerful and influential and several of their members are prominent in the labor movement.

FRED W. FOX.

UNION MAN ELECTED.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 4.—As a rebuke to the city officials for their hostile attitude toward the trolleymen during the street car strike last fall, a union blacksmith has been elected Mayor of Jacksonville, Fla., and the hostile elements in the City Council have also been relegated to private life. Preliminary arrangements have been made to commence the publication of a labor paper and efforts are also being made to increase the labor temple fund, a carnival being on at the present time, the proceeds from which are to be covered into the temple fund treasury.

EIGHT-HOUR BILL VETOED.

Carson City, Nev., March 29.—Gov. Oddie has vetoed the bill establishing an eight-hour day for women in Nevada. He contended that conditions are not right at this time for such a measure to become law.

WHEN YOU HAVE

friends from out of town visiting you they will naturally want to take away something as a remembrance.

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LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

"Oh, wad some power the giftie gie us
To see oursels as others see us,
It wad frae mony a blunder free us,
And foolish notion;
What airs in dress and gait wad lea'd us,
And even devotion."

I don't care to apply this to anything or any one in particular, but it comes to my mind so often I like to see it in print.

Another extract from "Bobbie" Burns, although he quotes this, is worth storing up in your think department:

"My son, these maxims make a rule,
And lump them aye the gither;
The rigid righteous is a fool,
The rigid wise anither.
The cleanest corn that e'er was dight
May hae some piles o' chaff in;
Sae ne'er a fellow-creature slight
For random fits o' daffin."

After the baseball season is fairly open (if it is not already), I would not dare spring these words of wisdom from an old poet upon the unsuspecting readers of THE TRADES UNIONIST; but just now it seems like "anything goes."

"Evangelist Sturgeon, in his address on 'Liberty—Rest—Home', before the Washington Temple congregation in the New Masonic Temple, declared that the time for the restoration of property to its original ownership, as foretold by the Prophet Daniel, had arrived."

One of the city daily papers is responsible for the above quotation. I want to put in my application right now for my share of that restoration of property. I have some $10,000 due me up in a Northwestern state where, for about eighteen years, I published a Democratic paper in a Republican city, county and state. Prophets are wise in their days, but I fear Prophet Daniel's "prognostications" will fail to bring me the "simoleons" I planted up there in the days when I worked for the "cause," regardless.

Some days ago I was persuaded (against my will, of course) to "accept" (I believe that is the way they usually put it) the agency for the "Inland Printer," the best printers' publication on earth. The printer who has the "Inland Printer" and THE TRADES UNIONIST is pretty well supplied. I will be glad to take orders for single copies, quarterly, semi-annually or yearly subscriptions, and have the book delivered at your door. Every printer ought to have it. It costs little and is worth much. Put the two together—THE TRADES UNIONIST and the "Inland Printer"—and you have a Union Library.

PASS LOAN SHARK BILL.

Jefferson City, Mo., April 4.—The anti-loan shark bill, which requires money lenders to take out a license and fixing the maximum interest at 2 per cent per month, has been passed unanimously by the Senate. Violation of the act is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of from $100 to $500 or by imprisonment for not less than thirty days or more than ninety days. It is further provided that on conviction of the offending money lender he shall forfeit to the borrower the entire amount remaining unpaid. Every money lender must pay a license of $25 per year and in addition furnish a bond of $2,500. No loan greater than $300 can be made to any individual.

JACKSONVILLE NEWS.

Jacksonville, Fla., April 4.—Organizer William E. Terry, of the American Fededration of Labor, recently installed the Shopmen's Helpers Union, after the adjustment of a grievance which the members had against the management. A carnival is in progress here, being conducted by representatives of organized labor.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

E. J. Wood is one more printer who has got out of the business and gone back to the land. After working in the Government Printing Office for more than 20 years, he resigned his place there on March 29, 1913, and in future will employ his time on his farm near Rochester, N. Y., giving most of his efforts to raising fruit. As a token of their good will his fellow craftsmen of the job section presented him with a handsome Morris chair. All wish him good luck in his new occupation.

* * *

Albert S. Johnson, the new Member of Congress from the second district of the State of Washington, is one whom all union men will be glad to greet. He is a successful newspaper man of Hoquiam and a member of the typographical union. Immediately on his arrival here he deposited his card in No. 101. He is one of the boys who can be depended on to interest himself for the good of his fellows at any time his services may be needed. Incidentally, he "learned the boxes" and acted as "cub" reporter in his home town of Hiawatha, Kans., in 1887 in an office then owned by E. J. Patch, now of the G. P. O. proof-reading force, of which fact, needless to remark, "Sam" is duly proud.

* * *

I much regret to learn of the illness of Joseph H. Babcock, well known and greatly esteemed by almost all the members of Columbia Union. Joe has been away from his work in the proof room of the Government Printing Office for about ten days past, and is at Sibley Hospital. I hope he will soon recover.

* * *

Mr. Charles J. C. Puckette, for many years employed in the proof room of the Government Printing Office, still takes a kindly interest in his old associates there. Since leaving this city two years ago, Mr. Puckette has been living at his home in Waco, Texas, from which place he writes me under date of March 28, 1913:

"My rheumatism still sticks to me closer than a brother. Am barely able to get from one room to another and am almost helpless. Am in good health otherwise and suffer very little pain except when I try to walk.

"Hope you are very well and all our old friends in the proof room enjoying the same blessing. I cast good wishes by wireless every day to each and all the living, and greetings to the dead."

* * *

Charles F. Trogner, chief press reviser at the Government Printing Office, has resigned, to accept service in the Burea of Printing at Manila, and left for the East on Wednesday last. Coming here from St. Paul about 15 years ago, Mr. Trogner has worked almost continuously in the job section of the Office ever since, aud there he evidently made many warm friends, for, before leaving, his fellow members of that chapel made him the recipient of a fine traveling bag, an excellent field glass, and a handsome pair of traveling slippers. Arthur T. Leith made the presentation speech, and it was like that gentleman's work—good. Both it and Mr. Trogner's reply were much enjoyed by all, and the occasion was one so full of good fellowship and fraternal regard as to make it one long to be pleasantly recalled. Along with Mr. Trogner's friends, the Bits wishes him success, contentment, and good health while sojourning in our Eastern possessions.

* * *

Among recent promotions in the Department of Commerce were two which will attract much attention from printers—George C. Havener to be chief clerk of the department and Dan C. Vaughan to be chief of the publications division. Both are well known among local craftsmen, and were connected with No. 101 for many years, Mr. Havener having been for several terms chairman of the old Document Proof Room of the Government Printing Office, and later one of President Roosevelt's special investigators of affairs at the nation's printery. Mr. Vaughan still retains his card as an active member of Columbia Union and takes a lively interest in all tbe union's affairs. He was vice president of the organization the last time the convention of the I. T. U. was held in this city, and (due to a death in the famlly of the president at that time) was in charge of affairs for most of the week, meeting printers from all over the country and leaving with them a very pleasant impression. He was also one of Columbia's delegates to the St. Louis convention of the International the year of the great World's Fair in that city.

* * *

Edward J. Handly, a well-known Government Printing Office proof reader, is once more back at his work. Although Ned has had more than a month's siege of illness he does not look any the worse for it, as his eye is still bright and his step anything but that of an invalid. He is glad to be out—and his friends are genuinely glad for him.

* * *

The woman suffrage movement seems to be pretty strong in that portion of Illinois represented in the proof room of Uncle Sam's Printery by James B. Matlack. "Colonel Jeems" lately passed this one to me, and I feel it a duty to pass it along for the benefit of readers of the Bits:

"According to the Ridgway News, a Gallatin county school teacher received the following note recently from the mother of one of her pupils: 'Dear Mis: You write me about whippin Sammy. I give you permission to beet him up any time he wont lern his lesson. He is just like his father and you have to beet him with a club to lern him anything. Pound noledge into him. Don't pay no attention to what his father says. I will handle him.'"

W. N. BROCKWELL.

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An enterprising trade unionist, of Washington, D. C., has compiled and published in compact, convenient, vest-pocket form, an authentic list of the thousands of such Government offices, paying $1,000 and upwards a year. This information was secured by painstaking, persistent delving into the records of the clerk of the U. S. House of Representatives for many months.

Upon receipt of 50 cents this invaluable "Directory of Government Positions Outside of the Civil Service" will be sent to any address. Remit to The Columbia Company, 235-236 Southern Building, Washington, D. C.

FINED AND FORCED TO PAY.

Bellingham, Wash., April 4.—Recently an employe of one of the mill companies voluntarily quit his employment and asked for his pay. He was tendered a memorandum of his time and told he would have to wait ten days, or until the regular pay day of the company. This action was clearly in defiance of the law, and the Prosecuting Attorney was informed of the violation. The attorney informed the mill company, but the latter refused to accede. Immediately following, the Prosecuting Attorney commenced action under the law, and the company was forced to cash the check and also fined $50 for violation of the statute.

NEW CONGRESSMAN WEDS.

San Francisco, April 4.—John I. Nolan, former secretary of the Labor Council, who was elected last fall as a member of Congress, was married on March 23, and left for Washington the following day to assume his duties in the extraordinary session of the Sixty-third Congress, which will convene on April 7.

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Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 p. m., third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St, N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Wm. Wilding, 909 12th St. northeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third. Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1682 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, G. H. Hall, 513 16th street southeast.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, No. 10: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. E. Allison, 1117 6th street northeast.

Steamfitters' Helpers: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Thos. F. Flanagan, 45 H street N.W

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 1220 Penn. Ave. Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

Springtime is here,
But oh, alas!
Those cruel signs—
"Keep off the grass!"

No further need for worry. The government laundries are removing all taint from money.

That there's something in a name is evident, since most anything is made to pass for maple sugar.

Unless a terrible business panic can be pulled off within the year, Ex-Senator Bailey will be one disappointed man.

The streams of human kindness overflowed their banks when flood and flame brought death and destruction to homes in the great Middle West.

The decks are being cleared for action at Uncle Sam's print shop, in anticipation of a spirited contest when the Congressional battle opens next Monday.

Col. Roosevelt still claims the right to rock the cradle of his new-born party, and why not? As a boat rocker he was a success.

When the paragrapher engages to fill out a column each day, the interest of the reader soon centers on the probable length of time the contract has to run.

An Alexandria dealer was fined $50 for giving away beer on Sunday. The sitting justice ruled that giving was the same as selling. Well, yes; the effect may have been the same.

The real optimist is one who orders flower and garden seeds in the early spring, with the confident belief that they will "come up" and be in all respects as represented by the pictures in the catalogue.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Richard Williams, unskilled labor.

Joseph N. Purks and Valentine N. Brandon, temporary messenger boys.

Matthew A. Maloney, reinstated as compositor.

Timothy M. Ring, Albert A. Meredith, Joseph H. Polkinhorn, and Chas. H. Lisner, compositors.

Separations.

John Mulroy, compositor.

Miss Laura B. Gordon, compositor.

Edward J. Wood, maker-up, resigned.

Ralph F. Jackson, Jr., skilled laborer, resigned.

Garfield C. Thompson, skilled laborer, resigned.

Albert A. Meredith, temporary compositor.

Transfers, &c.

Henry F. Luce, unskilled laborer, press division; Sterling G. Ansley, messenger boy, monotype section, day to night; Howard E. Donath, machine operator in charge, pamphlet binding section; John A. Openshaw, copy editor, 65 cents per hour, departmental detail roll; Emmet H. Burke, caster helper, monotype section, day to night; Norval K. Tabler, caster helper, monotype section, night to day; Winifred B. Stewart, linotype operator, linotype section, night to day.

GREETS NEW SECRETARY.

Olympia, Wash., April 4.—Upon the appointment by President Wilson of Hon. W. B. Wilson as Secretary of the new Department of Labor, the State Senate of the Legislature, now in session, wired congratulations as follows: "The Senate of the State of Washington tenders you congratulations as the first incumbent of the nation's newest Cabinet position." The State Federation also, through its officials, sent a similar telegram.

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JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Under the title, "The South—The nation's greatest Assest," the Baltimore Manufacturers Record issues a periodical of 472 pages replete with matters of interest to that section of Uncle Sam's domain. It is a typographical and gives every indication of being a financial success.

According to a decision of the Comptroller, compensation will be allowed G. P. O. employees working the New Year holiday.

Mr. Leech writes a strong letter in advocacy of Mr. Musick for Public Printer, among other things stating he possesses the necessary qualifications—legal, technical and political.

I have discovered "the enemy's country." In a circular setting forth the advantages of Fenton, Mich., occurs this sentence: "There are no labor unions, and a good class of labor people are attracted to Fenton."

Did you ever notice that the Baltimore end of the rail and trolley are built up and the Washington end is not? Here is the reason:—You can buy an acre of ground, 7 cents car fare out, for $100, $10 down and 50 cents a week. A six-room house is built for the purchaser for $90 and $2 weekly. This includes pump, toilet, stable, chicken house, fifty fruit trees, and six-foot wire fence. In other words, $100 and $4 weekly places a man in possession of a comfortable home.

James Price takes charge of the mechanical end of the 'Washington Herald.' Mr. Price is favorably known in circles typographical, being the father of Atlantic City (N. J.) Union and having represented that union at the International convention in this city.

BUREAU OF MINES

New Publications. (List 17.—March, 1913):

Bulletin 52. Ignition of mine gases by the filaments of incandescent electric lamps, by H. H. Clark and L. C. Ilsley. 1913. 31 pp., 6 pls., 2 figs. Describes tests showing the liability of the filaments to ignite fire damp.

Bulletin 63. Sampling coal deliveries, and types of Government specifications for the purchase of coal, by G. S. Pope. 1913. 68 pp., 3 pls., 3 figs. Describes in detail methods of sampling and reasons therefor; cites new specifications for purchase of coal by the Government.

Technical Paper 31. Apparatus for the exact analysis of flue gas, by G. A. Burrell and F. M. Seibert. 1913. 12 pp., 1 fig. Technical Paper 36. The preparation of specifications for petroleum products, by I. C. Allen. 1913. 12 pp. Technical Paper 40. Metal mine accidents in the United States during the calendar year 1911, by A. H. Fay. 1913.

The Bureau of Mines has copies of these publications for free distribution, but cannot give more than one copy of the same bulletin to one person. Requests for all papers cannot be granted without satisfactory reason. In asking for publications please order them by number and title. Applications should be addressed to the Director of the Bureau of Mines, Washington, D. C.

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QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 42 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1913. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

TO ADVANCE UNIONISM

A Theatre Which Is to Be Built Will Employ Strictly Union Labor.

Hamilton, Ontario, April 11.—When the Trades and Labor Council interested itself in the securing of a license for the Griffin Amusement Company, of Toronto, for the operation of a first-class vaudeville and motion picture house in this city, it had one object in view—the furtherance of unionism and the giving of assistance to the concern that was in every respect fair to organized labor in its string of houses in Canada. In addition to engaging union stage employes and musicians and having its posters and general sign work done by union men, all general repair work is also done by union labor. The amusement company now proposes to build a fireproof theater. The company has decided to put a competent construction engineer in charge as foreman, and build the entire theater by day labor, paying them weekly on the job. All the material, including steel, is in the city, and a large force of bricklayers and masons will be put to work at once, and will be kept on in the various branches as the work requires until the building is completed.

WOMEN WORKERS WIN

Being Out On Strike For Nine Weeks Their Differences Are Finally Adjusted.

Baltimore, April 11.—After a strike which has been in progress for nine weeks, representatives of the garment workers and the firm of L. Greif & Bro. arrived at an adjustment of their differences. The garment workers have secured a victory, as they have been granted the demands which they made upon the firm and in defense of which they have been on strike. As a result of their victory, the strikers will return to work with a nine-hour day, while the dressmakers will receive a 10 per cent increase in pay. The piece-workers are to receive a wage increase of 5 per cent. Hereafter, instead of being locked out, as formerly, when reporting a few minutes late in the morning, each employe will be allowed fifteen minutes grace, and the half-hour lunch period, which formerly obtained, will be extended to an hour.

LABOR EDITORS TO MEET.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, April 11.—The Cedar Tribune, in its last issue, says: "That hard-working and much-abused class of toilers, namely, the editors of the Iowa labor papers, will meet in Des Moines shortly with the object in view of forming a little union of their own, which in turn will affiliate with the International Labor Press Association. Editor Conley, of the Dubuque Leader, and Editor Jack O'Brien, of the Muscatine Labor Voice, have been largely instrumental in arousing the interest which has made the meeting possible. There are nine labor papers published in Iowa at present."

MOLDERS WIN.

A letter received from President Valentine, of the Iron Molders, in which he makes the following observation: "We have succeeded in establishing a $4 minimum in Pittsburg and its immediate vicinity for molders and coremakers, with the nine-hour day. The foundries are fairly well organized and we have been very successful without having to resort to a strike. There will be in the neighborhood of seventy-five shops that will operate under the new conditions just secured."

BARBERS ACTIVE.

Toronto, April 11.—The Journeymen Barbers' Union in this city is doing excellent constructive work. During the month of February they initiated a large number of new members and secured a number of shops where the shop card will hereafter be displayed.

STICK BY UNION.

Trenton, N. J., April 11.—Recently the Roebling Company met a committee of the recently organized union, which is now on strike and submitted a proposition that the company would increase the pay of the strikers 2½ cents per hour, and reinstate all who went on strike, provided the American Federation of Labor charter would be destroyed. At a meeting held immediately after this proposition was submitted, and attended by 700 strikers, it was unanimously voted to accept the increase, but also unanimously voted to refuse to destroy the charter of their organization. The members of this union understand that the formation of the union was the one fact that had the influence upon the company to offer an increase, and they propose to keep intact the organization for the purpose of maintaining any increase which may come to them as a result of this strike.

THE METAL POLISHERS

A Strike Has Been Satisfactorily Settled With An Increase of $1.50 Per Week.

Worcester, Mass., April 11.—The strike of the Metal Polishers at the Harrington and Richardson Arms Company pistol shop has been settled, and the employes who struck three weeks ago have resumed their old positions. Negotiations for a settlement were commenced recently by the representatives of the American Federation of Labor in this district, who were successful in arranging a conference between a committee representing the strikers and the manager of the concern. The settlement carried with it, among other things, an advance of $1.50 a week to those who failed to receive the advance after the first strike. It is well known that the men temporarily employed during the strike were far from being satisfactory, this being one of the causes which actuated the company to accede to the demands of the organization and enter into an agreement.

THE BUILDING TRADES

The Prevailing Schedule of Rates Show An Increase In Wages Over Last Year.

New York, April 11.—The schedule of the prevailing rate of wages in the building trades for this season, the wage rates given being the union rates, has been made public by the United Board of Business Agents of the Building Trades Unions. The unions involved represent over sixty trades, including helpers, and the rates given are the wage schedules agreed on between the unions and the Association of Employers in the Building Trades. The eight-hour workday prevails, the working hours being from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m., except on Saturday, when work ceases at noon. Compensation for a practical foreman ranges from 50 cents to $1 a day over the wages of journeymen, and the work done on all recognized legal holidays and Sundays is scheduled at double time rates. The range of wages in the schedules run from $5.75 to $6 per day, and the wages of helpers from $2.20 to $2.50 per day. The rates show an increase in wages in many instances over last year.

TAKES SLAP AT UNIONS.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 11.—Because the Trades and Labor Council opposes the $1,000,000 bond issue asked for by the Board of Education, the Board has appointed one of the men used to break the printers' strike some years ago as an instructor in printing. The Observer, the local labor paper of this city, says: "If the Board of Education believes it can win the labor vote by methods of this kind it has another guess coming. All the union men want is a square deal, but the appointing of an open enemy of organized labor will only tend to make the rupture greater."

GENEROUS UNIONISTS.

Upon the seriousness of the flood becoming known, a special meeting of the Plate Printers' Union in this city was held and an appropriation of $1,000 was made to assist in relieving the distress in the afflicted territory. The Columbia Lodge of Machinists has also appropriated $100 to be forwarded to the flooded districts. Employes at the Government Printing Office also made substantial donations. The girls' union in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, local No. 12776, A. F. of L., has contributed $160 to the flood relief fund.

A YEAR'S WORK.

It is announced that the International Association of Machinists, whose headquarters are in this city, has just issued an interesting brochure containing the result of the efforts of that organization during the past fiscal year. It is almost exclusively devoted to a detailed statement relative to the increases in wages secured by local unions throughout the country. These pamphlets are to be distributed by the international association for the purpose of interesting nonunion men in the benefits to be derived by membership in the International Association of Machinists.

AFTER-HOUR REGULATION.

Worcester, April 11.—The Labor News is authority for the statement that representatives of the Street Railway Employes' Union are now in Boston attending hearings before the street railway committee in the interest of the nine-in-eleven-hour bill for street railway employes. The bill has been before the Legislature several years, but because of the strenuous opposition of the magnates, aided by unorganized employes, who were used as tools, the bill has been defeated. It is expected that the measure this year will become a law.

FLOOR LAYERS GET RAISE.

Cleveland, April 11.—The Parquet Floor Layers has secured an increase of 5 cents per hour, making the scale 55 cents. There was no fear of a strike at any time, as all the journeymen are members of the union.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS

Accept a Compromise Offered By the Pacific States Telegraph And Telephone Co.

San Francisco, April 11.—The employes of the Pacific States Telegraph and Telephone Company have accepted the compromise offered by the company. The original demands of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers employed by this company in California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Nevada was for an advance of 50 cents per day. A favorable strike vote was taken to enforce these demands. Later the company made a compromise offer of an advance of 25 cents per day. A vote has now been taken upon this compromise offer, and, according to unofficial information, it is stated that the Electrical Workers have accepted the 25 cents per day increase. Under the agreement a new classification has been agreed upon, including the power men, battery men, test board men, rack men, cable splicers, and repeater men, all receiving the increase of 25 cents, while the same increase is granted to all classifications save foremen. Minor changes in conditions are also granted.

IMMIGRATION CONGRESS

A Meeting Will Be Held to Seek the Best Ways And Means to Care For Immigrants.

San Francisco, April 11.—The Labor Council acted favorably on the invitation of the executive committee of the Pacific Coast Immigration Congress to send a representative to address that body, which will be in session April 14 and 15. Walter Macarthur, of the Sailors' Union of the Pacific, was chosen to represent the council. Mr. Macarthur will address the congress and also be placed on the programme as one of the speakers at the closing banquet. The congress will be represented by as diversified and comprehensive a variety of individuals in every walk of life as has ever attended a single gathering on the Coast. The object of the meeting is to seek the best ways and means to care for immigrants after they reach the Western shores.

PRESIDENT'S DAUGHTER ASSISTS

Wilmington, Del., April 11.—Some time ago Miss Jessie Woodrow Wilson, daughter of the President, under the auspices of the Consumers League, advocated the passage of a bill before the Legislature limiting the hours of employment for women to ten daily, except one twelve-hour day a week. Since then the bill has passed the Senate, it having previously been passed by the House and the Governor has affixed his signature. The law also empowers the appointment of an inspector to enforce the law and merchants and manufacturers are given opportunity to adjust conditions to meet the provisions of the new law, which will not go into effect until January 1, 1914.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.

Cleveland, April 11.—At the last meeting of the Cleveland Federation of Labor it was decided to hold a public meeting on Sunday, April 6, for the purpose of paying respect to and commemorating the life and work of Harry D. Thomas, late secretary of the State Federation of Labor and the Cleveland Federation of Labor. It was also decided that a memorial fund be started in order to cancel the indebtedness on the Thomas Home and make it possible to guarantee the children an opportunity to secure an education.

SHEET METAL WORKERS STRIKE

San Antonio, Tex., April 11.—About 85 per cent of the men working at the Tinners' trade are on strike for a minimum wage of $4 per day. The master tinners have refused to grant the increase or make any settlement until the men return to work. The best of feeling exists between the men and their employers and the master tinners have gone to work themselves. The prospects, however, are that a settlement will be made in the not distant future.

LOVE'S LABOR LOST.

Seattle, April 11. — Approximately sixty fishermen brought here from Boston to man the halibut fishing steamers of the New England Fish Company, refused to go to work when they learned they were to be used as strike-breakers. Instead they joined the Fishermen's Union.

TWO STRIKES ADJUSTED.

Pittsburg, April 11. — The strike against the Dilworth-Porter Spike Company and the Black Diamond Steel Works have been adjusted. The Dilworth-Porter strike was settled by an increase in wages of 1 per cent. The strike at the Black Diamond Steel Works was settled by the company acceding to various increases.

NEWS FROM GALESBURG

There Is Much Activity Among the Unions Who Are Seeking New Contracts.

Galesburg, Ill., April 11.—A large number of unions in this city are seeking new contracts this spring and as many agreements expired April 1 there is much activity among the unions. The Painters and Paperhangers are the first to get a new agreement signed. They were successful in securing all contractors to agree to a new wage scale. The new agreement carries with it 2 1-2 cents per hour increase over the present scale, making the minimum wage for Painters 45 cents per hour, and for Paperhangers 47 1-2 cents per hour. The agreement is for one year and calls for the union shop. The Teamsters working on excavation and scraper work have also secured an agreement with nearly all of the contractors. The Carpenters are asking for slight raises and a number of contractors have signified their willingness to meet the advance and no trouble is anticipated. No serious difficulty is apparently pending, although there is a feeling of unrest and uncertainty among some of the organizations.

FOR SHORTER WORKDAY

The Eight-Hour Bill For Women Passed the House And Is Now Before the Senate.

St. Paul, April 11.—The eight-hour bill for women, after being amended, has been passed by the House, and is now before the Senate. Under the provisions of the bill no female can lawfully be employed in any mercantile establishment, restaurant, lunch room, eating-house, or kitchen more than ten hours in any one day or fifty-eight hours in any one week. In all manufacturing and mechanical establishments hours of labor are limited to nine per day and fifty-four in each week. Girls employed in telephone and telegraph establishments cannot be lawfully employed longer than eight hours per day and fifty hours in any one week. The prospects of the bill passing the Senate are favorable.

UNION SETS THE SCALE.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 11.—The Wheeling Stationary Firemen have endeavored for many years to unionize the power house of the Wheeling Traction Company, but without success. By one means or another the management has succeeded in preventing the organization of the men, usually by the method of increasing the wages of its firemen equal to the union rate. This plan was repeated recently. The firemen's union recently secured for its members an increase to $2.65 for water tenders and $2.45 for oilers, and the traction company referred to has now increased the scale in its power house to $2.45 for firemen, $2.65 for water tenders and $2.45 for oilers, thus meeting the union rate.

OPPOSE FULL-CREW BILL.

Albany, April 11.—The presidents of practically all the railroad companies operating in New York State have appeared before Gov. Sulzer and urged him to disapprove the full-crew bill. The bill has passed the Legislature and is now before the Governor for approval or disapproval. The railroad officials contend that the proposed law would entail an unnecessary and unwarranted expense, and ask that the matter be left to the discretion of the Public Service Commission.

MUSICIANS BUY HOME.

Peoria, Ill., April 11.—The Musicians' Union has authorized the purchase of a building for the use of the organization. A special committee has been given authority to close a deal whereby the organization is to acquire ownership of an old church, which is suitable for remodeling to conform to the use for which it is intended. It is a desirable piece of property, and is believed to be worth considerably more than the amount which the organization will pay for it.

WILL REAPPOINT.

A statement has been given out from the White House that Miss Julia Lathrop, now chief of the Children's Bureau, will be reappointed by President Wilson. It will be remembered that this bureau was established by act of Congress, in the closing months of President Taft's administration, and Miss Lathrop appointed by him. It is stated that the President was committed to a reappointment of Miss Lathrop before election and that he will carry out the promise made.

RECOMMEND MINIMUM WAGE.

Harrisburg, April 11.—The House Committee on Labor and Industry, after a hearing, has voted to favorably report a bill to create a commission empowered to investigate and establish a minimum wage for women and children.

ORGANIZE WHOLE ROAD

Organizing Started Some Time Ago When a Small Number of Men Became Interested.

Worcester, April 11.—With the formation of a Street Railway Employes' Union on the Boston and Worcester, those traveling anywhere from the Cape to New York will be riding on cars manned by men who carry cards in their respective divisions. The work of organizing the new union started some time ago, when a small number of men became interested and decided to organize for their own protection. There exists a relief association, with which nearly every employe has been affiliated. Through this association and the mingling of the men together, the question of organizing a union came as a natural sequence, and finally the entire membership voted in a body to form a division of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America. The organized men on other electrical roads are much pleased over this result, and entertain hopes that with this new organizing coming into the field there are bright prospects of a complete organization of all street railways in New England. Efforts are to be continued by the organizers of the Amalgamated Association to bring about this much-desired result.

LOS ANGELES CAMPAIGN

The Prospects For a Decided Increase In Membership Is Very Bright.

Los Angeles, April 11.—At the recent meeting of the Executive Council of the Building Trades Department, A. F. of L., it was decided that a general organizing movement should be inaugurated in this city, to be opened on April 1. It was arranged that President Short, of the Building Trades Department, together with the officials of the local unions in this city, should jointly direct the campaign. The officials of the international unions have been requested, and some have already responded favorably, to detail organizers to this city to assist in the work. The prospects look brighter for an increase in membership as the result of agitation than at any time in the past, and indications also point to the fact that the unorganized are becoming restive, which will undoubtedly result in the formation of many new organizations.

SEEKS EASIER WAY.

After careful consideration an amendment to the Constitution providing for an easier way of bringing about the submission of proposed constitutional amendments will be urged by Senator Cummins. It is stated that the Iowa Senator intends to introduce in the Sixty-third Congress a resolution for the submission of an amendment on the request of one-fourth of the State Legislatures. This amendment, if adopted, would take it out of the hands of Congress to stand in the way of the submission of constitutional amendments and would facilitate the amendment of the Constitution in the future.

ESTABLISH LABOR TEMPLE.

Indianapolis, April 11.—The Building Trades Council has entered into negotiations that will result eventually in securing for organized labor in this city the long-desired home. An association has been formed and stock will be issued to the amount of $50,000, and it is expected that the various organizations will purchase a sufficient amount to remodel a building which has been secured for the uses of organized labor. Work on the remodeling of the building will be begun within a short time, and sufficient halls will be provided to meet the requirements of the unions of the city.

INSIST ON EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Erie, Pa., April 11.—The members of the Painters and Decorators' Union have made a demand for an eight-hour day and are preparing to go on strike unless the demand is acceded to. The wages now are $3 per day for nine hours, and the painters want eight hours, with no reduction in pay. Several of the master painters have already agreed to sign the scale and an organizer for the international is on the ground for the purpose of endeavoring to secure an amicable adjustment, if that is possible.

WHARF BUILDERS ORGANIZED.

Philadelphia, April 11.—The wharf and dock builders of this city have formed a permanent organization and will be chartered by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters. The formation of this new organization was effected at a meeting held recently under the auspices of the Building Trades Council.

BARS RED FLAGS IN PARADES.

Harrisburg, Pa., April 11.—Gov. Tener has signed a bill prohibiting the carrying of red flags in parades or other public processions.

GARMENT WORKERS WIN

One Principal Feature of the Contract Is the Abolition of Sub-contracting.

Rochester, April 11.—The strike of the men and women engaged in the men's garment industry of this city was terminated by the acceptance of a proposition by the Clothiers' Exchange through the State Board of Mediation. The principal features of the contract are the abolition of subcontracting; fifty-two hours to constitute a week's work; overtime to be paid at the rate of time and a half for week workers, piece workers to be compensated for time lost by operation of the fifty-two-hour week. No work is to be performed on Decoration Day, July 4, Labor Day, Christmas and New Year. No discrimination against employes if members of the union, nor any discrimination against any of the strikers. Manufacturers are to meet and treat with committees of employes. Employes who were on strike to be re-employed as rapidly as possible and before any additional help is engaged. As a result of the strikes which were inaugurated by the Garment Workers in December, the membership of the international organization has been increased to nearly 100,000, and efforts are now to be put forth to perfect this large organization so that there will not be the urgent necessity in the future of engaging in industrial contests of such proportions as have just taken place. The officers of the Garment Workers acknowledge the great debt they owe to the workers in other crafts for the magnificent moral and financial support given to the garment workers during their contest.

WANT BETTER CONDITIONS

The Federated Trades Are Preparing to Try And Secure a New Agreement.

Toronto, Canada, April 11.—The Federated Trades of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, eastern section, which embraces all the territory from Port William, Ontario, and St. Johns, New Brunswick, are preparing to meet the management in May in an effort to secure a new agreement, including a raise in the wage schedules. The Federated Trades is composed of machinists, boilermakers, blacksmiths, plumbers and gasfitters, carmen, painters, iron molders, sheet-metal workers, and other organizations. The organizations mentioned are all international in character, and it is stated that their representatives will not act with, recognize, or have any dealings, with any so-called Canadian or national organization whatever.

FULL-CREW BILL SAVED.

Denver, April 11.—A motion to refer the full-crew bill back to the committee of the whole for further amendment was defeated by the Senate recently by a vote of 16 to 16, the Lieutenant Governor voting no, thus saving the bill. The bill provides that all trains of thirty-five or more cars must have an engineer, fireman, conductor, two brakemen, and a flagman. The flagman, whose duty would be to guard the rear of the train against collision, will not be required on shorter trains. The minimum car limit for full crews in the original bill was twenty-five. A similar measure is in the House, with prospects of passage.

DECISION ON MAGAZINES.

Hereafter the magazine supplements of newspapers subject to first-class rates in the Western classification territory are not entitled to second-class privileges, according to a decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The Commission has declared that, while the publication is solely as a supplement to a newspaper, its character as a magazine is not destroyed. The complaints of Denver and other Western publishing companies have been ordered dismissed.

BIG CAMPAIGN ON.

Philadelphia, April 11. — In order to increase wages, reduce the working hours, and improve the general conditions of the many thousands of girls engaged in Philadelphia shops in making ladies' shirt waists, dresses, silk suits and waists, and cutters and tuckers, a determined campaign has been started to organize them under the banner of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union. The international union has won several big strikes within the last three months in the cities of the East. As a result, agreements have been secured by which the employes in factories making ladies' shirt waists and dresses were granted for this year a working week of fifty hours, 30 cents an hour, double pay for overtime, and good sanitary conditions in all factories. Next year in these same cities the work-week will be reduced to forty-nine hours, and in 1915 to forty-eight hours. The object of the campaign now on is to establish similar conditions in Philadelphia.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABEL AND SERVICE COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 11, 1913.

Even the beasts of the field know the value of sticking together.

After all, the only difference between the labor trust and the capitalist trust is the difference between altruism and selfishness.

The community which leases its lawbreakers has no logical claim to respect for its laws, and, in fact, receives very little of that.

About the only argument (?) left the non-unionist is that of the fox who had lost his brush, to-wit, that brushes are altogether too common.

There can not be any question of the "sacredness of contract" with a trade union whose actual existence is assailed. The contract itself is abrogated by the act of assault.

The importance of the demand for "recognition of the union" may be very well judged by the amount of opposition it encounters from the employing class.

The world's most useful citizens have been merely "dreamers" in the esteem of their fellows. The whole progress of humankind is but a realization of their visions.

The "crime of dying rich" is the crime of living to accumulate riches. It can not be atoned for by giving in alms to one, that which has been taken in greed from another.

Frequently the wisdom of any proposed step may be judged as an inverse ratio to the amount of condemnation it receives. In this, as in all other matters, we consider the source.

The work of reform succeeds or fails in proportion as it is shaped to conform with conditions as they are or with conditions as they might be—in proportion as it is practical or speculative.

The employer who is most strenuous in claiming the right to "run his own business" is frequently most insistent in the claim that it is the duty of his employes to attend to the advertising end thereof.

Local conditions are poor bases by which to judge principles. He who confines his observations on the subject of gravitation to the operations of a kite or a balloon is likely to be seriously at fault in his conclusions.

When we are inclined to marvel at the denseness of the person who questions the value of trade unionism, let us remember that the mole, too, probably cavils at that other law of nature, the recurrence of day and night.

The man who will do things behind another's back he does not have the courage to face him with has a yellow streak so broad it will break out in a sore some day, then his true worth will be known. Usually his past history will not bear the light of day.

If men would take trouble to verify those reports of current happenings which they use in substantiation of their views and in proof of the progress thereof, a good many theories of reform would be deprived of their only appearance of public acceptation. As it is, most of these reports are unimportant because untrue.

SUNDAY CLOSING LAW.

A law very much needed in the District is one that will stand the tests of our courts and prevent what recently occurred, wherein it was declared invalid the law governing the closing of Barber Shops on Sunday. After years of enforcement of closing these places it remained for one of our judges to decide that this law was invalid, and now these places can remain open on Sunday with impunity. This is certainly a step backward, and unless the attention of Congress is called to this condition and a law passed to correct it, it will not be long before other places of business that close now only through custom, and not because they are compelled to by law, will be open in full blast on this day. The legislative committee of the Central Labor Union are now working on a bill that will be presented to Congress that will have for its purpose the correction of this evil, for evil it is. While, apparently, there is no hope for a consideration of this bill before this session of Congress, we hope that the efforts of the Central Labor Union will ultimately be crowned with success, and while we are waiting for this time to come it behooves each and every member of organized labor to act as a vigilance committee, and wherever he sees a Barber Shop open on Sunday to refrain from patronizing the place until such time as he agrees to close his place of business on this day. If this course will be pursued, and if a warning is given that this will be your policy, it will minimize to a large degree the opening of these places on Sunday. We all believe in a day of rest for ourselves, and let us also believe in it for the other fellow.

"NON-UNION" CHRISTIANS

Often in the industrial world the "non-unionist" suggests the parasite—the man who receives increased comfort and opportunities without assuming any responsibility and without making any sacrifices, depending altogether upon the men who are fighting the battles for their entire group in the labor world.

But there are other "non-unionists." I have often been told that a man need not belong to the church in order to be a Christian. This is true. The church hasn't a monoply of all the Christian men and women in the world, but I want to say that the Christian who is in the church is the "union" Christian, while the Christian outside of the church is the "non-union" Christian. Every charge that is hurled at the head of the non-unionist in the industrial world is a boomerang that swings back upon the professing Christian outside of the church who flatters himself that he is independent of the church. As a Christian he is enjoying privileges which cost the blood of the martyrs. For centuries men and women have been sacrificing themselves in order to give religious liberty and a comparative Christian civilization to mankind. This "non-unionist" Christian is living in a community which has been made safer and pleasanter because of the influence of the church. He is the recipient of countless blessings which have come as a direct result of the power of the church. In all probability he is sending his children to Sunday school, where they are receiving the only religious training that comes into their lives, and he knows the real pleasure and genuine profit of this training. But, so far as he is concerned, he is either indifferent to the claims of the church upon him, or, as is sometimes the case, he is fighting the institution to which he owes some of the best things in his life. In a measure, this applies to every man who is out of the church, but it is especially applicable to him who says that he is a Christian but who declines to become a church member. A "non-union" Christian! Are you one of them?

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

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LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

The discarded overcoats of last week were all dug up on Sunday last, and proved mighty comforting the first few days of this week.

Probably more Senators and Representatives heard the first reading of the President's message to Congress on Tuesday last than at any time during the past hundred and more years.

I read the following in one of our daily papers a few days since:

"It used to be forty acres and a MILE."

"Intensive farming has the call now; forty square feet and a hen."

And in another city daily the following head, in large black type, appeared: "Adulterated LAND Sale not Sustained by Court."

The writer, or the proof reader, who doesn't know the difference between a mile and a mule would be a poor farmer; and the one who can't distinguish the difference between "adulterated land" and "adulterated lard" should send some other member of the family to the grocer's for supplies.

I hear it reported that the suffragettes who marched to the Capitol a few days since are loud in their praises of the "police protection" given them. Major Sylvester evidently has learned better than to brush the fur on pussy's back the wrong way. Some things that apply to dumb brutes fit us humans pretty well, I thank you.

DOOLEY ON THE LABEL

"I have that; I've heard nothing else for th' last two months; but by that same token, what is this union label?"

"'Tis what th' polytishuns put on their cards at election time to catch th' votes o' the intilligent workingmin; 'tis what gives th' citizens reliance people hydrophoby; 'tis what gives th' scab manufacturer bad dreams."

"And who invinted it, Dooley?"

"Sure, the lhabor unions invinted th' thing, th' same as th' Chinaman invinted gunpowder, and didn't have sinse enough to use it after they made it. All th' Chinamin cud do with gunpowdher is to make phire, create a lot o' stink and noise. Shure de Japs showed 'em phawt to do with it whin they wint over to visit their fri'nd Nick of Rushy. 'T has ben th' same way with th' lhabor unions. They invinted a wipon an' thin kept on foightin' wid their hands, wid risolushens, an' Labhor Day parades."

"An' do ye think, Dooley, 'tis a good thing fer th' terriers?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"'Tis the yellow peril o' th' Manufacturers' Association. 'Tis th' first glimmering of intilligence th' wurkin' min have shown in twinty years. Why don't ye demand th' union label, ye Turk?"

"Have yez any whisky wid de union label on it, Dooley?"

"Oi have that same, an' 'twill make ye drunker an' keep ye dhrunk longer than any other kind."

"'Tis me for the union label iviry time, Dooley."

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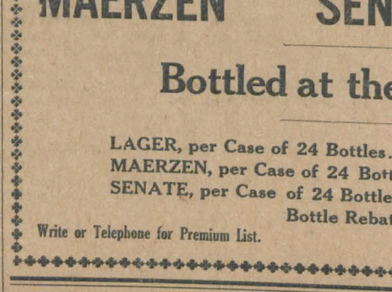

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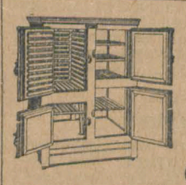

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THOMPSON DRUG CO.

Cor. 8th and E Sts. S. E.

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Cleveland and other Bicycles. Valves and Faucets that can be repaired while under full water pressure.

1749 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone Main 3804.

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Watches and Diamonds

Specialties.

1718 Pa. Ave. N. W. Phone Main 522.

THE CLOTHES DOCTOR

Cleaning, and Dyeing, Altering and Repairing.

1755 Pennsylvania Ave

Stove Repairing a Specialty.

Try the Perfection Oil Cook

W. L. COGSWELL

Dealer in

STOVES AND HARDWARE

Repairs and Brick of All Kinds, Roofing, Guttering, and Spouting.

Phone Main 2971. 615 4½ St. S. W.

FRAZEE POTOMAC LAUNDRY CO.

We wish to call special attention to this laundry, of which Mr. Louis Levy is the vice president and general manager. We are pleased to note that he is held in high esteem by his employes and by labor generally throughout this section. This is one of our leading and best established laundries and one whose work has always given perfect satisfaction. Only the most experienced operators are employed, the latest and best machinery installed, and the most approved methods used. The wear and tear of clothes is therefore reduced to a minimum, the greatest care being taken with every garment. All work is promptly called for and delivered. Reasonable prices are charged and the work returned to you cleanly washed, beautifully ironed and neatly wrapped. The employes are all courteous and obliging, and it is a pleasure to deal with the Frazee Potomac Laundry Company.

Toward labor Mr. Levy has always entertained an attitude of interest and fairness. Fair wages exist here, and sanitary conditions and no effort spared to keep up to a standard of integrity in business.

Offices are located at 720 Ninth Street Northwest.

HOLMES & SON.

Good milk, bread, cakes and pies, cookies and crullers, and, in fact, everything which comes from a first-class bakery, is to be found here in large quantities, and the goods are the freshest, the prices the lowest, and the firm adding new customers each day. We would ask our readers and trades unionists to patronize this deserving bakery, and especially to try the bread which has attained such a high reputation for excellence, purity and health-giving properties. All of these baked goods will satisfy the most fastidious and exacting housewife. Instead of the quality falling off, it has been getting better. As a result trade is constantly increasing.

Holmes & Son give this business personal attention and have so constantly looked forward for some benefit to accrue in favor of their patrons that they have succeeded in building up a large paying business, and are able to look forward to greater business in the future. The very modern bakery is located at 107-115 F Street Northwest.

GALT & BROTHER.

A place worthy of special mention is this establishment, located at 1107 Pennsylvania Avenue.

Here you may find a choice selection of diamonds, jewelry, silverware, stationery, cut glass, and in fact everything that a first-class jewelry store has in stock.

At all times our members and friends should co-operate in furthering the business of this meritorious establishment, and in so doing they will be fostering a true and tried friend. No concern in our city has been more reasonable in its attitude toward labor, and we do not hesitate in placing the above concern on our friendly list.

Galt & Brother have been established over a century, and are therefore a firm with a record for fair dealing, who have served the public faithfully and successfully.

CHAS. SCHNEIDER BAKING CO.

In presenting to our readers the list of business houses which manifest a friendly interest toward wage-earners, we include the above bakery, located at 413 I Street Northwest, which has a large patronage, owing to the excellent quality of the output of the bakery.

Bread may be the staff of life, but it must be the right kind of bread—not only of the best wheat, but the best make also. A baker can spoil a batch of bread as easily as a bungler can spoil the most expensive machine. The fact is emphasized so that it may illustrate the merits and value of the products of this bakery, second to none in the quality and diversity of its toothsome output. This bakery did not build its reputation on a sand foundation, neither did it deviate from the excellent standard set after it had gained a trade second to none.

NATIONAL ELECTRICAL SUPPLY COMPANY.

This firm is a contractor for complete power and electric plants. It is also manufacturer and jobber in electrical and machine supplies. There is no firm in the electrical line which has built up faster or attained more prominence than this company, which is located at 1328-1330 New York Avenue Northwest. It is by years of demonstrating as well as the high grade of business methods adhered to by this splendid company that has built up the enviable reputation and constantly increasing business which it enjoys.

Mr. E. C. Graham is the president of the company; C. B. Mirick, vice president; T. L. Townsend, second vice president; J. E. Mayfield, secretary, and F. W. White, treasurer. All well known and popular men who have aided in no small way to the upbuilding and progress of our city.

THE CAPITAL WALL PAPER CO.

This company is another foremost illustration of a strictly reliable business institution that reflects credit and prestige upon Washington. In the conduct of their business they have ever adhered strictly to the most approved business methods, giving a most efficient service and being known near and far as most trustworthy and satisfactory importers and jobbers in wall papers. In this business they are recognized as leaders. The company has stores in New York, Philadelphia and Balimore, and the store here is located at 421 Eleventh Street Northwest.

Be sure and see this company. The prompt attention, good value, and quick deliveries will win your constant patronage.

YALE LAUNDRY.

There are laundries and laundries. Some are better than others. Most people want to patronize the best kind, and if they are union people, especially, they want to patronize a good laundry—a place where they may be sure that their work is being done by competent people. There is nothing more certain than that they will meet with perfect satisfaction if they send their work to the Yale Laundry, located at 437 New York Avenue Northwest. They attend carefully to family work in all its branches, and are thoroughly reliable, charging only a fair price and giving satisfactory service.

F. H. Walker & Co. are the priprietors.

THE BIEBER-KAUFMAN CO.

Located at 901-909 Eighth Street Southwest, down by the Navy Yard, is a center for up-to-date clothing. This clothing ranges in prices to fit every purse, and always gives satisfaction. They have a splendid line of men's furnishings, including suits, coats, vests, shirts, neckwear, colars, gloves, hats, caps, shoes, &c. The Bieber-Kaufman Co., the proprietors, are highly esteemed by our union members, for they always get full value here.

THE FOLLOWING ARE LABOR'S WELL WISHERS:

Yeatman's Drug Store, Seventh and H Streets Northeast.

B. L. Osborn 5 and 10 cent store, 633 H Street Northeast.

Ira H. Johannes Company (Inc.), 401-405 Eleventh Street Northwest.

Little Art Shop, 1423 F Street Northwest.

Stone & Poole, duggists, 1210 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

M. Bachrach, merchant tailor, 820 Ninth Street Northwest.

James Hay, 315 Metropolitan Bank Building.

Fillimore Harrison, coal, 612 Fourteenth Street Northwest.

The Regal Shoe Store, 1003 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

L. Singer, merchant tailor, 505 Thirteenth Street Northwest.

Frederick J. Walker, jeweler and optician, 1514 Fourteenth Street Northwest.

The Violin Shop, stringed instruments and accessories, 611 Fourteenth Street Northwest.

John H. Wilkins, grocer, 1921 Fourteenth Street Northwest.

Francis Le Baron Smoot, real estate, 706 Southern Building.

Charles E. Hodgin, 913 Seventh Street Northwest.

John A. Moore, flour, grain and feed, 1913 Seventh Street Northwest.

J. Louis Krick, druggist, 1722 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

William P. Herbst, druggist, Pennsylvania Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street.

W. D. Brace, druggist, corner Thirtieth and M Streets.

Hotel West, L. W. Wilson, proprietor, 1208 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

Kaitlin & Co., groceries and meats, Tenth and K Streets Northwest.

W. W. Kimmel, florist, 1131 Fourteenth Street Northwest.

John G. Slater, real estate, 1410 G Street.

C. E. Brooks, florist, 1527 Fourteenth Street Northwest.

E. T. Goodman, meats. Stands: Arcade Market, Fourteenth Street and Park Road.

A. Kleeblatt, window shades, screens, oilcloths and mattings, Eleventh and H Streets Northwest.

William Brewer, printer, stationer and engraver, 664 Pennsylvania Avenue Southeast.

The Alvin Company, 1428 New York Avenue Northwest.

Hoover, the hatter, 820 Ninth Street Northwest.

Oscar G. Vogt, architect, Corcoran Building.

The Regent Famous $2.50 shoe, 943 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

P. K. Chacanas & Co., groceries, wines and liquors, 900 Louisiana Avenue Northwest.

James Richards & Co., grocers and wine merchants, 1408 Fourteenth Street Northwest.

Henry W. Smith, druggist, southeast corner Twenty-second Street and Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest.

THE CAVERLY COMPANY

High Grade Plumbing

One of the principal reasons for the world-wide reputation of our city is due to such concerns as this company, which is a large employer of labor.

The large force of men it employs gives utterance to the position in which we are held in its estimation. That the representatives of this company are our friends we feel assured, and we take pleasure in recommending them to our organization and the public as gentlemen to be depended upon on all occasions. We know that anything pertaining to the cause of conservative organized labor will be listened to with a willing and sympathetic ear. We point with pride to the rapid growth made in the business, and feel assured that abundant success is to be the reward of the efforts put forth by such progressive business men.

The most progressive representatives of both capital and labor are fast learning that the interest of the two factors are mutual and identical. Confidence on both sides is essential to industrial progress and prosperity. There are a large number of concerns which have the confidence of labor, and which work with it at all times. Prominent among these concerns is the Caverly Company, whose work is conceded to be just as represented and honest value by those who know. Located at 918 New York Avenue Northwest.

Pure Cream Ice Cream.

Ice cream is one of the compounds that is under the microscope a good deal nowadays.

Ice cream manufacturers say that the most modern plant for the making of ice cream that can be found east of Cleveland, Ohio, is the Greater Washington plant of the Chapin-Sacks Manufacturing Company, at First and M Street Northeast.

The pure food regulations are the business commandments of the Chapin-Sacks people, and in consequence the product of their factory is not only good to look at but mighty good to eat, being composed of the choicest ingredients that can be secured.

Some folks want to know why it is the Chapin-Sacks product is called "The Velvet Kind;" that's absolute proof that not so much as a spoonful of "The Velvet Kind" has ever rolled over their tongues. If it had they wouldn't ask foolish questions. Their celebrated pure cream ice cream bricks can be secured at all reliable druggists.

The members of this splendid company are: A. A. Chapin, president; Geo. P. Sacks, vice president, and S. C. Redman, secretary and treasurer.

B. B. EARNSHAW & BRO.

This firm are wholesale grocers and dealers in bakers' supplies, flour, and feed. The office is located at 1103-9 Eleventh Street Southeast, while their warehouses are located, one at 1000-1002 M Street Southeast, and the other at 1201 Twelfth Street Southeast. This firm was established in 1870, and since that date has been doing a flourishing business, adding new customers daily and keeping up its high standard of carrying only the best in stock at all times.

We are pleased to note that in the conduct of their large business they have always adhered strictly to the principles of fairness and justice and have a splendid reputation both at home and abroad. It has always been the aim of each member of the firm to give satisfaction in every branch of their business, and they have done so.

HARRY L. TALBOTT.

When desiring any painting, paperhanging and decorating attended to with promptness and efficiency call up North 1992. Mr. Talbot is experienced in this business and can make you a right estimate on all orders. He puts the best in business with the result that he has more orders than he can attend to. He never rushes through one job on to another, but gives you full value of workmanship and is consequently held in high regard by the trade. Mr. Talbott is located at 1236 Ninth Street Northwest.

THE ARLINGTON BREWING CO.,

Rosslyn, Va.

The business of the above brewery has been built up to its present importance by the exercise of skill and enterprise, the best hops and malt alone are used and are handled in such a scientific manner as to result in Weiner beer, ale and porter, which for purity, flavor and uniform excellence is unsurpassed in this city or any other market. The storage accommodations of this brewery are very extensive so that the product is not hurried from the vats to the consumer, but is retained in the cool cellars until the proper age.

Leading experts and physicians pronounce this beer, ale and porter to be pure and healthful, of mild tonic properties, nourishing and invigorating.

The management are representative citizens, personally popular with all classes, and gentlemen who are ever ready to help our labor organizations or any cause meaning greater prosperity for this vicinity.

Most prominent on this Friendly List is that of the above well known and popular name, having shown a disposition to treat the great question of labor with the utmost fairness and consideration, at all times exemplifying a reasonable and fair attitude on this vital issue and on many occasions demonstrating an interest in the wage earners' welfare and advancement.

THE CURB LUNCH ROOM,

705 Eighth Street S. E.

The reason for the popularity of this place is, viz.: First, fresh, pure, and wholesome food, cooked in a palatable manner. Second, the prices, which are fair and very low. Third, the unobtrusive service and attention given all alike commend themselves to us as being as good as the best.

Everything in this restaurant is neat and clean, and the most commendable feature is that the service is prompt. Mr. C. W. Weaver, the proprietor and day manager, sees to it that no one leaves his place unsatisfied.

This lunch room is open all night.

A. T. BRONAUGH.

This up-to-date drug store stands preeminent among the leading concerns of this locality and is worthy of support, not only because of the superior quality of goods, but also on account of the fair manner of dealing and the fact that every dollar's worth of goods sold is indorsed by the purchaser. Mr. Bronaugh carries in stock a full line of drugs and medicines, and is a most careful compounder of prescriptions. When in need of anything in his line we advise you to give him a call at southwest corner Seventh and P Streets Northwest.

FISHEL'S BON TON.

Mr. Adolph M. Fishel is the enterprising proprietor of this popular store, which is located at 728 Seventh Street Northwest. Here is always carried in stock a comprehensive line of both imported and domestic millinery, which at this season of the year is very important to our feminine readers. The workmanship, style, and beauty of each order which leaves the Bon Ton is well recognized by the ladies of Washington. A very nice line of mourning goods is also carried in stock, and comprises the very latest in these goods.

HENRY PFISTER.

The love of flowers seems to be inherent in the human race. In all countries and among all people is this true. Our leading florists are now producing flowers and plants of so superior beauty and fragrance that every year more and more flowers are sold, the public's appreciation of excellence in any line is in this well demonstrated.

Mr. Pfister is a florist of ability, also a landscape architect, late in charge of the White House conservatories and grounds.

He is located at 1118-1120 Connecticut Avenue, where he conducts a very growing business.

ROACH DRUG COMPANY.

Among the many reliable and first-class drug stores of our city, there is none that stands in higher favor with our members than this one, located at Eighth and G Streets Southeast. A full stock of reliable and fresh drugs of all kinds is always on hand, and this is one of the very best places to have prescriptions filled. It should always be remembered that the prescription has as much to do with the treatment of any ailment or disease as the physician's care, and we urge our people to remember that this drug store is especially equipped for this trade.

MATTHEW E. O'BRIEN.

A well known and successful attorney who has endeared himself to the hosts of conservative union men in this city is M. E. O'Brien, whose office is located at 400 Fifth Street Northwest.

He is an honor to the prominent position he holds in the legal profession, and commands a patronage composed of all classes, to whom he tenders uniform courtesy, the best of judgment and a mind well stocked with the best methods of untangling legal intricacies of all kinds.

We commend him to our hosts of union readers for their patronage the ensuing year.

WELSBACH COMPANY.

We take pleasure in placing this company foremost among our prominent and public-spirited enterprises which are a benefit to the community and deserve a constantly increasing volume of business.

The Welsbach Company is located at 439 Seventh Street Northwest. It handles the celebrated Welsbach gas mantle used throughout the world. The vast business of this concern has been built up by men of ability and integrity, and we wish for them continued prosperity, as their methods of doing business are admirable.

A. H. BAKSHIAN.

Mr. Bakshian is well located at 1126 Connecticut Avenue Northwest, where he is engaged in a very commendable business. He has found a new process of cleaning rugs. A process unknown to any one in America, where rugs are thoroughly cleaned. Indeed, Mr. Bakshian states: "Your rugs are not clean unless they are washed by our process." At the housecleaning and renovating time, phone North 4199 for his service. "Once a customer, always a customer," will apply here.

E. F. COOK.

Mr. Cook attends to paper hanging, decorating, and painting in all its branches. His work is in all cases first class and his charges for this work very reasonable.

Estimates on all work are carefully furnished and satisfaction given at all times. Mr. Cook is located at 1214 Eighteenth Street Northwest, at Connecticut Avenue. Phone North 5196 for prompt attention.

THE REAL ESTATE TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY,

THE COLUMBIA TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Cor. Fifth and E Sts. N. W.

The importance of a title insurance company has advanced very rapidly in the last fifty years. In the financial and real estate world the title insurance man is the most important factor. The banker gets a large part of his information in making loans from him. The growing importance of his business has brought about an evolution in his methods.

The time was when every county officer and every lawyer, and sometimes the judges on the bench, and every real estate and rental agent was a full-fledged abstractor, or at least thought he was. But a change has come. The public has learned that qualification is necessary and that equipment is essential.

The public has learned, in some cases at great cost, that a reliable abstract or examination of titles cannot be made by searching the public records. To be successful the abstractor must have an equipment of his own, embracing all the public records pertaining to real estate, so indexed and classified that he can readily find all that pertains to the title to any piece of real estate.

The man to be trusted to supply such information must be truthful, honest, capable, thorough in experience and knowledge and financially and morally responsible, and he must have a properly equipped outfit.

The above companies have the best equipment, and this equipment is kept up to date. Its working force is recognized as the best equipped abstractors in this country, and their insurance is accepted by all careful investors in real estate.

It should be a matter of especial pride to every citizen of Washington that such cordial and amicable relations exist here between capital and labor. Our Review would be incomplete were we to fail to publish editorially the names of those concerns whose attitude toward organized labor is regarded by our members as eminently fair and reasonable.

The above company is given honorary mention for this reason, and is entitled to the fullest co-operation.

THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY,

Capital, $1,000,000.

The most important requisite of a safe banking institution is absolute security. Nothing can take the place in the minds of its patrons of that feeling of confidence which every depositor should repose in the integrity and stability of those in whose keeping he has placed his money. This applies especially to wage-earners. Those who earn the least feel the greatest need for this security. This is maintained by various devices, known and approved by banks throughout the country. First, large capital, sufficient to meet all emergencies; second, strong safes and fireproof vaults; third, able and efficient management under conservative and honest officials bonded in ample sums to cover any possible deficiency, guaranteeing the successful administration of estates and fullest protection of money and property of every description committed to its care. In all these respects this financial institution proves itself worthy of the reliance of the public.

There is no reason why a well paid wage earner should be simply even with the world financially. Many opportunities are now offered for accumulating a competence, and we especially urge that the union men and women of this city and vicinity begin now, and this year lay by that nest egg they have had in contemplation so long. This company offers special inducements for saving, paying 2 per cent on deposits. We wish to point out to our members and the general public the benefits to accrue by better commercial acquaintance with this institution.

In compiling our Friendly List the committee appointed for that purpose has taken pleasure in directing attention to this progressive bank. This bank is recognized as believing in the cordial relationship between capital and labor, realizing that for the increased activity, commercial supremacy and industrial advancement of our enterprising community, it is necessary that we have harmony in our business circle.

SAKS AND COMPANY,

Clothiers, Tailors, and Furnishers.

Among the business houses of Washington friendly to labor there is none more prominent than this well-known firm ,located at the corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and Seventh Street. It carries the largest stock of all kinds of seasonable, fashionable clothing for gentlemen, youths, and boys, the goods being of the finest quality, and cut and made according to the latest dictates of fashion. Its new spring clothing, suits, raincoats, lightweight overcoats, trousers and fancy vests are right up-to-the-minute and reasonable in price. In the custom tailoring departments are displayed an immense stock of goods in the piece, comprising the production of the finest manufacture of Europe and America. Saks and Company is numbered among the well-known and prominent merchants of this city, and having a thorough business experience has gained a high reputation for the liberal honorable manner in which the affairs in this house are conducted. Its clothing and tailoring are guaranteed to be as represented, and should there be any trouble in a garment bought here it will cheerfully be exchanged or the money refunded. This liberal system has made them very popular and gained for them a large patronage. It specializes on sporting goods, liveries, and uniforms, and carries a complete line of furniture.

We are pleased to have this firm on our friendly list, and urge our many thousand readers to se to it that it is liberally patronized.

CLARENCE S. KESSLER & BRO.

This firm is manufacturers' agents and jobbers of bicycle tires, material and supplies. This line includes the Diamond, Hartford, and Goodrich tires, motor and cycle tires, lamps and sundries. They have made quite a reputation for their G. and J. Kessler bicycle tires, which have had a remarkable sale. The well equipped store of this firm is located at 605-605½ E Street Northwest.

This firm is able and efficient in their business methods, courteous and painstaking to the fullest degree with all their customers, and fair and square with their employes. They merit the patronage of all who appreciate a firm whose merit and whose history in the past has been along the line of progress, and whose business has been conducted on the principle of "live and let live."

STEPHENSON & BROTHER.

This firm deals in coal and kindling wood. The business was established in 1870 and was awarded the GOLD MEDAL at the National Fair Association over all competitors for the best coal and kindling wood. It has kept up this high standard and has catered to the public with the best in its line. The office, depot and mill of this firm are located at the Seventh Street wharf.

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Manufacturer of

FINE CHOCOLATES AND BONBONS

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Ladies' and Gents' Tailor

1456 P Street N. W., Near Riggs Mkt.

I am making Ladies' and Gents' Tailor Made Suits at Reasonable Prices. If you furnish your own cloth I will make you a suit for $15. Remodeling of all kinds a specialty. For ladies' work I will send a fitter to your home. Expert French Dry Cleaning, Pressing Dyeing, Altering, and Repairing at moderate prices.

Work Called for and Delivered.

Phone North 2132.

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CUTLER AND GRINDER

Dealer in Barber Cutlery, Concaved Razors, Strops, Hones, Hair Brushes, and Combs.

Razors Concaved. Horse and Barber Clippers Ground and Repaired. Scissors, All Kinds of Shears, Lawn Mowers, Carving Knives, and All Kinds of Edge Tools Ground.

Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.

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Remodeling a Specialty. Estimating, Jobbing.

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Quick Addressing Machines.

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Suits, Coats, Waists and Millinery

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Prompt Service

Prices Reasonable

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Turbine Vacuum Cleaner

The Modern Vacuum Cleaner.

It has been designed to secure the following maximum results:

Rigidity of construction.

Simplicity of operation.

Lasting qualities in service without attention or repairs.

Least number of wearing parts of any machine manufactured.

Let us demonstrate. Trials cheerfully allowed.

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631-639 Massachusetts Ave. N. W.

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Phone Main 3951

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Stove Dealers' Supplies, Repairs for all Stoves; Tinners' Supplies, Tin Plates and Metals.

Ranges, Latrobes, Furnaces at Wholesale only; Galvanized, Eaves-Trough and Conductor Pipe; Sheet Zinc and Copper.

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Best Quality Material Used

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Work Guaranteed Satisfactory

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Fine Floors of Hardwood

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935 Fifth St. N. W., Cor. K St.

Chickens, Ducks, Geese, Turkeys; Fruits and Vegetables; Fresh Country Butter, Fresh Creamery Butter

Fresh Country Eggs

Poultry killed and dressed while you wait.

Telephone Main 7985

Compliments of

HARRY A. KITE

THE EMRICH MARKETS.

These markets are popular for reliable meats and provisions, fish, oysters, and game, canned meats, fruits, and vegetables. You are assured of the best the market affords when ordering from this company. It has six branch stores, and the main grocery and market house is located at 1306-12 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest.

There is nothing that requires more care than the conduct of the kitchen and especially of the food we eat. It is absolutely necessary for the continuance of good health to procure the very best of foods. Therefore, it behooves us to buy from only a reliable firm, whose word can be relied upon and whose dealings are perfectly honest in every particular. As such, we recommend the Emrich Markets to our union members and our readers.

Branch stores—3057 M Street Northwest, Eighth and M Streets Northwest, Twenty-first and K Streets Northwest, 215 Indian Avenue Northwest, 1718 and 2026 Fourteenth Street Northwest. Deal with the one nearest and you will receive careful and prompt service.

M. BROOKS & COMPANY,
1109 G St. N. W.

The true secret of economy is quality—the price is a secondary consideration. This is the secret of the popularity of this firm. Its first consideration is quality, true value in wear, appearance, and durability; the price is then made as low as possible. By this method it gives to its patrons their money's worth, and as the direct result has satisfied customers and a large friendly list of its own. The firm is dealers in women's and misses' outergarments exclusively, and carries this season a particularly beautiful and cosmopolitan line, all carefully priced.

This company has shown its salesladies and employes every consideration, and the store's salary list will show a high average for work performed. We are pleased to bring these facts before our readers.

THE WALKER-THOMAS FURNITURE COMPANY.

This house has enjoyed a large trade ever since starting in business here. The service it extend the public is the best and its aim to carry only such goods as the public, the critical public, demands. This line comprises a general line of up-to-date furniture, mattings, stoves, &c. This company has associate houses in Savannah, Waycross, and Atlanta, Ga., and one in Durham, N. C., and by buying in such large quantities to stock these several stores is enabled to give the public the benefit of its buying and at no sacrifice to the excellence of the goods.

Mr. W. G. Thomas is the vice president and general manager of this company, and has charge of the store located here at 1013-1015 Seventh Street Northwest.

THE WHITE HOUSE LUNCH
ASTOR LUNCH.

Messrs. George P. West and Charles J. Langmead are the proprietors of these lunch houses and it is owing to their up-to-date ideas on conducting this line of business that the popularity of their several lunch houses is due. The executive offices and bakery are located at 1024 Sixth Street Northwest, while their seven lunch places are located throughout the business part of the city, and are well known to all our readers. At all their places the food is supplied from their own bakeries and union bakers are employed. This is a big argument in favor of patronizing this company's business, and we bespeak for the proprietors a continuance of the success they have enjoyed in the past.

S. H. HINES & SON.

This firm is undertakers, embalmers, and funeral directors of ability, which has faithfully served the Washington public for many years. The firm was established in 1873, and has won a reputation for careful attention to its profession, and the respect of all with whom it has come into association. The office and rooms are located at 1715 Fourteenth Street Northwest, connected with phone North 1595.

The firm has always shown a disposition of fairness and friendliness toward labor, and has upon many occasions aided in no small way for its greater success.

EDMONDS PHARMACY.

The well-known drug store of Irland Edmonds, located at 609 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest, is deserving of every confidence of union men in Washington. Mr. Edmonds is fair-minded and public-spirited, and on many occasions has demonstrated that he is interested in the welfare of the wage-earner. His store is up to date in every respect. Special care is taken with prescriptions, and every courtesy is extended to all patrons. Let up rally to his support and place our patronage where it is appreciated.

W. A. SWENK & CO.

This company carries a splendid line of popular priced footwear for men, women and boys. It carries the Crescent shoe at $2.50, also the No-Rival shoes at $3. Each is a shoe built for wear, comfort, and good appearance. Many of our union friends can speak in terms of praise of the service of this firm and of the money they have been able to save by buying it there. This shop is located at 525 Seventh Street Northwest, where the company will be glad to have you call at any time.

THE GLOBE FURNITURE COMPANY,
1023 7th St. N. W.

This company is dealers in high-class furniture, house furnishings, stoves, &c. It does both a cash and credit business, and has been very successful. See them for anything in this line. You will find that its stock represents the best, and that reasonable prices and liberal dealing persist there. The management is very friendly toward organized labor, and has always been interested in the welfare of the workers.

E. C. SCOTT & CO.

This company public stenographers and do printing and duplicating. Stenographers are furnished by the day, hour, or week, and as only competent ones are engaged, this is one of the most reliable places to engage one. This enterphise is located in the Westory Building, room 301. A phone call, M. 1135, will assure you of prompt attention in anything you want.

MILTON S. KRONHEIM.

Mr. Kronheim is proprietor of the Maryland Wine and Liquor Company. A splendid and complete line of wines, brandies, liquors, cordials, &c., are carried in stock at all times and the best service given the public at all times. We bespeak for Mr. Kronheim the success he merits. You will find goods always up to standard and prices always right. The store is located at 3216-3218 M Street Northwest.

WM. H. SAUNDERS & CO.

Real Estate and Investment Agents, Southern Bldg., Washington, D. C.

We offer our services for the purchase and sale of large and small office and other business buildings, residences and investment properties generally. We have for sale a large list of unimproved lots and squares, and acreage property suitable for subdivision.

First deed of trust and first mortgage loans in Washington are not subject to taxation, which thus give a larger net rate of interest than elsewhere. We give this feature of our business especial attention. There is no better place to invest money than in the National Capital. There is no "boom," and we refuse to handle properties at inflated values. Investments made by us for clients range from small sums to many thousands of dollars.

For persons of very limited means, we will take especial pains to purchase small lots on easy terms with small cash payments and monthly installments. A large number of persons who own property in Washington have bought by paying $10, $20, $50, or $100 down and small monthly payments.

Tell us what you want, the amount you wish to invest, and whether you wish the property for a home, rise in values, or income, and we will offer suggestions.

Twenty-five years' experience in Washington enables us to use expert judgment in serving our clients. Inquirers through correspondence are furnished satisfactory financial references.

PERCY S. FOSTER PIANO CO.
1330 G St. N. W.

Immortal text of the master spirit of the world's muses says: "The man who hath not music in his soul and is not moved by concord of sweet sounds is fit for stratagem and spoils—let no such man be trusted." When the great bard of Avon wrote these lines he knew, as he seemed to know everything else, that the most certain indication of progress in refinement and culture is afforded by the influence and favor which music has on the people.

Judged by this criticism, the people of Washington are in the van of civilized communities, as indexed by the vast business which has been built up by the Percy S. Foster Piano Co., dealers in Pianos, Player-Pianos, Sheet Music, Victor Talking Machines and Records. When you wish anything in this line, we advise you to visit this establishment, where you are sure to be satisfied and to receive the most gentlemanly and courteous treatment, and the advantages of low prices with fine quality of the instruments sold by this firm.

Mr. Percy S. Foster was the chairman on the music committee and musical director at the inaugurations of McKinley, Roosevelt, Taft and Wilson.

WASHINGTON BRICK AND TERRA COTTA CO.

No concern in this section of the country enjoys a higher reputation for excellence in skill, workmanship and reliability, than does this company, which is engaged in the manufacture of bricks.

This company is one of Washington's stanchest supporters, and is ever ready to aid in any movement looking to the advancement of its interests, and has a very definite and easily interpreted policy toward labor and believes in a fair, impartial deal for all men, and insists that every employe shall have it.

The works are located at Third and O Streets Southwest, and the office at 911 H Street Northwest. Mr. Samuel Ross is the president of the company, and John H. Miller, treasurer and manager.

WM. A. HENDERSON CO.

This cigar store is headquarters for every person who smokes. A blind man could find the place. 1432 N. Y. Ave. N. W This cigar store is conspicuously prominent as the home of the best smokers, and the very best 5-cent cigars in the market. There is an air of up-to-dateness and life about the place and the hum of voices constantly in, around and about it is a commercial chorus, participated in by a host of friends who have learned to know Wm. A. Henderson Co. well.

Their line of cigars, tobacco and smokers' goods may be depended upon. We heartily commend this friendly and fair firm to you for your patronage.

ADAMS' NEWS DEPOT.

One of the particularly good stationery, newspaper, magazine, tobacco and cigar depots, and one deserving most honorable mention, is that of the above, located at 622 Ninth Street, corner of G. This establishment is conducted in a very popular and capable manner. Mr. Virgil M. Fookes, the manager, treats all customers with courtesy and consideration. You will find goods and prices satisfactory.

It is evident that this gentleman is heart and hand in any movement looking to the advancement of our cause, and we should extend him our warmest patronage for the year.

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN.

Mr. Holzbeierlein is thoroughly well known by the products of his famous Bakery, which is located at 1849 Seventh Street Northwest. He has well succeeded in his business and conducts stands 163-164 in the Center Market, Stands 107-109 in the K Street Market and Stand 37 in the Northeast Market. The products of this Bakery may be found upon the tables of many of our Unionists, who will willingly testify to the general wholesomeness of the Breads, &c.

PENNINGTON & TAYLOR.

This progressive firm is located at 513 H Street Northeast, where it carries on a reliable business as paperhangers and painters. Its work bears the stamp of perfection and every detail is carefully attended to. Each member of the firm is equally desirous of giving the public first-class work at reasonable prices. See this firm for anything in this line. The season is propitious, and your order will receive prompt attention. Phone Lincoln 977 for full particulars.

FRED S. HARDESTY,
Consulting Engineer.

Mr. Hardesty is an engineer of wide experience, whose work has always been looked upon as high-class and thorough in every respect. His office is located in the Home Life Building.

We are pleased to note that Mr. Hardesty is one of our enterprising business men and one who has aided in no small way to make our city what it is today. We bespeak for him great success in the future.

XANDER & PLUGGE.

This firm is importers and rectifiers and dealers in high-grade wines, liquors, &c. This line includes some of the best wines on the market today, and its sherries, rhines, and clarets cannot be excelled. This store is located, at 1317 Seventh Street Northwest. Phone North 753 for prompt service.

MOORE & HILL,
1420-1422 H St. N. W.

A city such as Washington owes a considerable amount of its growth and progress to the enterprise and ability of its real estate operators. Much of the growth of our city is due to just such enterprising firms as Moore & Hill. This firm has been actively engaged in buying, selling, and renting houses. Many of our people have been enabled to become home owners through the medium of this firm. They have many choice bargains in home properties to offer in every part of the city, and in this issue of The Unionist we are pleased to advise our readers to get in touch with the firm. We feel satisfied that in dealing with them you will receive courteous and fair treatment in every transaction.

Never before has there been such a widespread desire on the part of the people to put their savings into real estate, where it will be absolutely safe. Desirable property in any growing community is constantly rising in value and has been proven to be the most reliable form of investment. We have no hesitency in stating there is no firm engaged in the real estate, insurance, and loan business that is in a better position to give the public exceptional opportunities in the way of bargains in real estate or more thoroughly versed in the subject of real estate than the successful firm of Moore & Hill.

In all their dealings they have served the public faithfully. The following are the officers of the company: William A. Hill, president; Rignald W. Beall, vice president; Clifford M. Stoy, treasurer; Jesse H. Hedges, secretary.

ROBT. BERBERICH'S SONS.

Robt. Berberich's Sons conduct two up-to-date shoe stores, one located at 1116-18-20-22 Seventh Street Northwest, and the other at 813 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest. These are popularly known as Washington's largest and most progresisve shoe houses. The business was established back in 1868, and the high standing of the house has been kept up ever since. The stock carried is the best on the market to-day and includes fine footwear for all occasions, at the most reasonable prices. The great pride of this firm is in carrying such goods as they can at all times sell with the knowledge that they are the best made. They absolutely will not carry in stock anything but the best and such as will give satisfaction to purchasers, as this enterprising firm advertise and guarantee the customer's satisfaction at all times. The stock comprises everything that is new and fashionable in boots and shoes for ladies, men, boys, and girls, from the stylish walking boot to the dainty evening slipper.

The firm is fair in its attitude toward organized labor, and we unhesitatingly recommend them to our unionists for their patronage at all times, assuring them of receiving their money's value on every purchase.

A. C. HOUGHTON & COMPANY,
635 F St. N. W.

Among the real estate companies which have established themselves in the confidence of the public, this firm is among the first. Mr. A. C. Houghton and J. C. Zirkle are two of the most influential and popular men in our city.

This company deals in real estate, loans, and insurance. It is agent for Potomac Heights, a beautiful home subdivision, where pleasant conditions exist making it an ideal place for the workingman of moderate income. Lots here are very reasonable and sold on reasonable terms. We recommend this as a particularly desirable property and a good investment, to which many satisfied home owners will be pleased to testify. This company has made it possible for the small salaried man to enjoy the pleasures of a home of his own, and nothing is so beneficial to the community and the individual as the responsibility and self-respect that comes from being a property owner.

This exemplary real estate firm has by its treatment of all classes made itself very popular and built up a splendid business. It is just such business firms as this that help to keep up the standard of our city. The firm has been established four years, though Mr. Houghton has been in the real estate business for about seven years.

THE ASTORIA PHARMACY,
Third and G Sts. N. W.

If there is one thing more than another about which there should be no question, it is the quality of the ingredients used in compounding the physician's prescriptions; none the less carefully should we seek a pharmacy known to employ none but competent and careful clerks. In both these respects we have no hestitancy in recommending this store as one which is thoroughly reliable. The proprietor is numbered among the substantial friends of the labor movement and we are pleased to indorse him in this issue. A splendid line of toilet articles and perfumes, brushes, &c., is also carried.

CNNECTICUT PIE COMPANY.

There are a great many bakeries in Washington, but only one pie bakery. This company enjoys a reputation among our readers as bakers of most excellent pies. They make their own mince meat. A trial of their pies will convince you of their superiority and will make you a constant customer. The bakery is located at Wisconsin Avenue and O Street. All orders receive prompt attention.

The proprietors are numbered among our most popular citizens. They are progressive and public-spirited and have always lent their aid in the furthering of any movement for the greater prestige of Washington.

E. B. THOMPSON.

Mr. Thompson makes lantern slides and colored sets to order. Stereopticon photography of every description and moving pictures are also made to order. Moving picture machines are made, and projection apparatus of all kinds is furnished for lectures. This shop is located at 1343 F Street Northwest, and connected with Telephone Main 6350. This has become a very important industry and one which has done a very great deal of good in educating, amusing, and benefiting the public, and Mr. Thompson's business is up to date in every particular, and we bespeak for him a continuance of the success he has enjoyed in the past.

GUSTAV HARTIG.

Among the prominent establishments of Washington is numbered Mr. Hartig's, who is located at 509-511 H Street Northeast. Mr. Hartig deals in coach and builders' hardware, paints, oils, glass, bar iron, steel, &c. The stock of tools here is very complete. We are pleased to note that Mr. Hartig is held in high esteem not only by his patrons, to whom is accorded a most considerate and courteous treatment, but by the wage-earners in general throughout this district. Wage earners can make no possible mistake in extending their heartiest co-operation and support to this establishment.

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Ladies' Tailoring

Fashionable Dressmaking.

130 Third St. S. E.

F. A. MEHLER

Tinning and Warm-air Heating

General Repairing. Good Work at Reasonable Prices.

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Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Toilet Articles, Soda-water, Cigars, &c.

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Telephone Main 2511-Y.

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Trunks, Suit Cases, Traveling Bags.

Leather Novelties and Umbrellas.

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923 New York Ave. N. W.

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EDWARD MULLIN

Buyer of Scrap Iron, Brass, Copper, Lead, Rubber, Newspapers, Books, old Machinery. Beams, Columns, Pipe, &c. for sale.

1107-1109 B St. N. W.

Warehouse and Yard, Half and L Sts. Southeast.

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General Auctioneers and Storage Merchants

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Standard U. S. Shoes.

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Men's Furnishings.

Men's and Children Shoes.

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The Automobile Tire Repair Works

Reliable repairing, retreading, rebuilding of Motor Tires.

All Work Guaranteed.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 43 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 18, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

NEWS FROM WINNIPEG

Street Railway Men Are Discussing the Advisability of Seeking More Pay.

Winnipeg, April 18.—There is a controversy on between the Painters' Union and the Master Painters over a raise in the wage scale. Efforts were made to secure an amicable adjustment in order that an open rupture might be prevented, but failed. A new schedule of wages has also been submitted to the master tailors by the members of the Journeymen Tailors' Union. It is three years since the members of this organization secured an increase, and it is deemed high time that some increase was granted, although there are rumors to the effect that a contest will ensue, but information from other sources is to the effect that the tailors will secure a raise without resort to strike. The agreement of the street railway men expires on May 1, and the members of this organization are discussing the advisability of seeking a higher rate of pay. The men employed on the waterworks also believe that 25 cents an hour is too low a wage, and they are asking a raise to 27 1-2 cents. The members of the board of control are agreeable, and believe that the men should have the increase asked for. The strike of the 400 linemen employed by the British Columbia Telephone Company has been brought to a close with entire satisfaction to the linemen. Double time for Sunday labor and a better regulation for apprentices were the principal matters in dispute, and the company acceded to the demands of the organization.

UNION FORCES HIGHER PAY

The Rubber Workers' Union Affiliated With the A. F. of L., Is Growing Rapidly.

Erie, Pa., April 18.—The Rubber Workers' Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, is growing rapidly. The Continental Rubber Company has demanded, through its business manager, that the men employed by this firm shall stay outside the union. Some of the men have been discharged for attending the meetings of the Rubber Workers. This has resulted in forty men leaving the employ of the company during the recent past, and more undoubtedly will follow if these tactics are kept up. However, the management has condescended to slightly advance the pay of their employes, ostensibly for the purpose of keeping them from joining the union. The raise has not had the desired effect, for there are constant accessions to the union.

CHILD WORKERS LEGION.

New York, April 18.—Over 118,000 children under sixteen years of age are employed in this country, according to a report issued by the National Child Labor Committee, the statement being based on the latest bulletin of the Census Bureau. This report shows 11,111 children under sixteen years old employed in the hosiery and knitting mills, nearly 10,000 in the woolen industry, 8,143 in the silk factories, 11,035 in the canning factories, and more than 78,000 engaged in other manufacturing industries.

MOLDERS ON STRIKE.

Hamilton, Ont., April 18.—The Iron Molders have called a strike at the Westinghouse, Sawyer-Massey Works, and the Steel Company of Canada. The union made a demand for a minimum wage of $3.25 for both molders and coremakers, instead of the present scale of $3 a day for iron molders and $2.75 for coremakers. Several other iron foundries acceded to the demand of the iron molders, and the men are at work. The outlook is promising for an early settlement.

INCREASE TEACHERS' SALARIES.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 18.—The salaries of the school-teachers in this city have been increased by the Board of Education. The increase will demand an additional $8,000 in the teachers' pay budget for the year. Under the increase the salaries of teachers will be raised $45 yearly. In a former schedule a $25 increase was provided for every two years.

BUFFALO CAR STRIKE.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 18.—Approximately 1,700 street car employes are on strike, and the service is practically tied up. The trolleymen demand 32 cents per hour, time and a half for all overtime, and the right to present grievances to the company. The public is thoroughly in sympathy with the strikers. The usual injunction has been issued.

WOMEN'S TRADE UNION LEAGUE

St. Louis, April 18.—The president of the National Women's Trade Union League, Mrs. Raymond Robbins, has just sent out the call for the 1913 convention, which will be held in this city beginning Monday, June 2. This will be the third biennial convention of the League and the tenth anniversary of the organization.

ARBITRATION AWARD

The Increase Will Net an Additional Annual Expenditure of $800,000 in Wages.

Chicago, April 18.—The award made by the arbitration board in the dispute involving the employes of the surface street railway lines gives an increase of 2 cents an hour and reduces the hours. The former scale was: First six months, 23 cents per hour; second six months, 25 cents; second year, 26 cents; third year, 27 cents; fourth year, 28 cents; fifth year, 29 cents, and after five years, 30 cents. The award of the arbitration board established the following scale: First three months, 23 cents; second three months, 25 cents; second six months, 26 cents; third six months, 27 cents; fourth six months, 28 cents; third year, 29 cents; fourth year, 30 cents; fifth year, 31 cents; after five years, 32 cents. The agreement expires June 1, 1915, and back pay on the above award is to be computed from August 1, 1912. All runs are to be made as nearly as possible within ten hours, but there shall be no schedule run of less than nine hours. All motormen are to receive 25 cents additional each day for instructing students. The wage increase will net an additional annual expenditure of $800,000 in wages. Judge Scanlan, representing the railroad employes, dissented from the findings of the board. The situation of the "L" employes is still unsettled and is also in the hands of the arbitrators.

CENT POSTAGE PREDICTED

The Findings of the Commission in the Postal Service Will Be Eagerly Awaited.

The action of the Postmaster General in instituting inquiry as to "actual financial, physical, and working conditions of the postal service" is regarded in certain quarters as the initial step toward the reduction of postal rates on first-class mail, or the introduction of 1-cent letter postage. Authorities on postal matters assert that the Postoffice Department is piling up an enormous surplus on letter mail each year, estimated at approximately $65,000,000. It is further said that, although letter mail constitutes only 14 per cent of the revenue of the department it pays about 75 per cent of the profits received from all classes. This estimate, however, is made without taking the parcel post into consideration, this new departure not having been in operation long enough to furnish any reliable statistics. The investigating commission is composed of officials in the Postoffice Department, and the findings of the commission will be eagerly awaited.

TO HAVE FORWARD MOVEMENT.

Lancaster, Pa., April 18.—The contemplated labor forward movement in Eastern Pennsylvania is meeting with much encouragement. The Lancaster Central Labor Union has enlisted in the cause, and is in communication with the organized movement in York, Harrisburg, Lebanon, Reading, Allentown, and Easton. At its last meeting the Federated Council of Reading took favorable action to assist in the movement. International unions have been communicated with, and organizers will be directed to the section covered for the purpose of assisting in the movement.

OBSERVE SAFETY DAY.

New York, April 18.—The first annual safety day was observed by 850,000 pupils of the various schools in this city on April 4. The American Museum of Safety, which is conducting a campaign of caution for avoidance of accidents, set apart the day, and the educational authorities gave co-operation by directing the teachers to read a safety lecture in all school rooms at 2 o'clock. Reduction in the annual toll of fatalities and injuries is the purpose of the campaign.

AWARDED DAMAGES.

San Francisco, April 18.—William Van Horn, millwright, employed by the San Francisco Mill Furnishing Company, was injured on the premises of the Pacific Refining and Roofing Company, by the blowing off of a cap attached to a steam pipe. Van Horn's face was severely burned and his left eye permanently injured. He brought suit through attorneys against the company and after trial a verdict in the sum of $3,333 was returned by the jury in favor of Van Horn.

BREWERY WORKERS GET RAISE

Erie, Pa., April 18.—The Brewery Workers and Bottlers' Unions of this city have just secured a raise in wages from $1 to $2 per week, the aggregate totaling over $300 a week for the men employed. All breweries in this city employ union men.

EXPRESSMEN STRIKE.

Pittsburg, April 18.—About 300 members of the Brotherhood of Railway Expressmen, employed on the Adams Express cars, within a radius of 175 miles of this city, are on strike for an increase in wages and better working conditions.

NIAGARA FALL NEWS

Builders' Association Have Signed A New Agreement With the Carpenters' Union.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., April 18.—The Builders' Association of this city has signed a new agreement with the Carpenters' Union for an advanced scale of wages and Saturday half-holiday during June, July and August. The same association has also signed an agreement with the Bricklayers and Stone Masons' Union for increased pay and the Saturday half-holiday. The demand of the unions was met in every particular except for a compromise on half-holidays for three months instead of four months, as at first demanded. The efforts of the master and journeymen plasterers and paperhangers to come to an agreement over wages failed. A strike is impending. The Painters claim that efforts have been made to arbitrate the wage question, but that the master painters have refused to arbitrate. The painters are seeking an increase from 42 1-2 cents to 47 1-2 cents an hour for the first year, and 50 cents an hour for the second year, with a two-year agreement.

DISCRIMINATION CHARGED

Efforts Are Being Made For Adjustment Without Resorting to Drastic Measures.

Holyoke, Mass., April 18.—There is much unrest among the papermakers. Recently a member of the Paperhangers' Union was discharged from one of the mills of the trust, and closely following came the discharge of another member in another mill. Both of these men are papermakers of experience, and have been in the employ of the combine for many years. It is believed that the companies are looking to the destruction of the unions, and apparently hope that dissatisfaction will result from the discrimination of the men. There is much unrest among the employes in the various departments, and the strike of the papermakers would mean the practical closing down of the combine's plants. Efforts are being made, however, to secure an adjustment of the present difficulty without resort to drastic measures.

ADOPTS MINIMUM WAGE.

Everett, Wash., April 18.—The leading department store in this city has established a minimum wage to become effective immediately. About fifty clerks are given employment and practically all will come under the minimum wage plan. The company has decided to place the minimum wage at $8 per week. This scale does not include apprentices, but has to do with employes who have had some experience in the business. Apprentices will not be paid less than $6 per week during the period of their schooling in salesmanship. Hereafter wages paid will be $6 a week for apprentices, and from $8 to $25 per week for experienced sales people.

UNIONIZE LUMBER YARD.

Oakland, Cal., April 18. — The longshoremen have been successful in securing the organization of the men employed by one of the large lumber companies in this city. Members of the longshoremen's union are much elated over this recent acquisition. Several attempts have been made to unionize the longshoremen at this place before, but all efforts heretofore have been unsuccessful. The mill men and teamsters of the plant have long been union, the longshoremen alone being unorganized. This latest addition makes the lumber company thoroughly union, all the men in its employ being members of the various craft organizations.

IRON TRADES WIN.

Oakland, Cal., April 18.—The srtike of all iron trades unions against the United Iron Workers was of short duration and resulted in a complete victory for the strikers. Five crafts came out to assist the striking casting chippers to enforce the union scale of $3 a day, which the company was failing to pay, according to its agreement with the union. Finally the company promised to live up to its agreement with the aggrieved chippers and the men all returned to work.

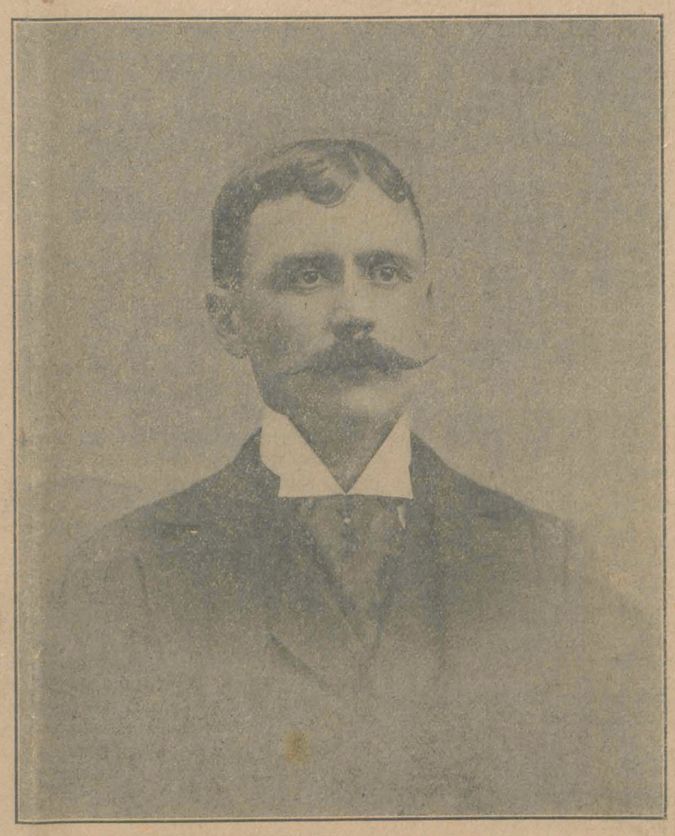
WOMEN AND CHILD LABOR.

It has been announced that the Southern Conference on women and child labor will convene in Meridian, Miss., on Monday, April 28. Since this movement began, there has been a gradual awakening of the public conscience to the necessity of active, earnest effort looking to the amelioration of the conditions surrounding working women and children. The Southern Conference is urging those who are interested to give assistance.

DEFEAT WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE.

Hartford Conn., April 18.—Woman suffrage in Connecticut was defeated in the lower branch of the Legislature by a vote of 105 to 74. Suffrage leaders throughout the State are disappointed, as they had waged a long campaign to secure the enactment of this measure.

NEW BUSINESS AGENT ELECTED.



HARRY S. HOLLOHAN.

At a special election of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, Harry S. Hollohan was elected as their Business Agent. A wise selection was made in electing Harry to this position as the duties are such that it requires a man to be a born diplomat to fill the office. Brother Hollohan has demonstrated his fitness for this position on more than one occassion, and his recent work in connection with the installation of the benches for the time honored desks at the House of Representatives wherein he looked after the interests of Local No. 132, was such as to receive the commendation of Superintendent Elliot Woods, of the Capitol. He has been honored by the Carpenters on numerous occassions having served as their President, and on many important committees and was one of the delegates to their recent convention held in this city. Brother Hollohan enters upon his new duties with the support and confidence of the entire membership and will no doubt give a good account of his stewardship.

FIREMEN HEARINGS CLOSED.

New York, April 18.—The introduction of testimony before the arbitration committee on the demands of the firemen for increased pay was concluded on April 5. At the conclusion of an argument by a representative of the railroads, President Carter, of the firemen, responded to the reference made to the losses suffered by the roads during the recent floods. President Carter asserted that individual firemen had suffered heavily, too, hundreds having had their small properties destroyed. "But we are not trying to trade on such misfortune to secure an increase in wages. The railroads should learn some of the altruism of their firemen and share their money with their less fortunate brothers." Briefs are to be submitted by both sides at once. April 23 is the latest date upon which the award can be made under the agreement, and it is quite possible that an earlier decision will be reached.

TRAINMEN AND CONDUCTORS.

New York, April 18.—The demands of the 100,000 trainmen and conductors on the fifty-four Eastern roads, will not be arbitrated, so it is stated. Chairman Elisha Lee, of the Conference Committee, of the railroads says: "The first meeting with the general adjustment committee of the trainmen and conductors over their demands will be held in this city April 22." Of the employes on the roads in question 70,000 are trainmen and 30,000 conductors. It is given out that a settlement with these two organizations will be reached without a recourse to arbitration.

SECURE INCREASED WAGES.

San Jose, Cal., April 18.—Members of the United Laborers' Union in the employ of the Ransome-Crummy Street Paving Company have been granted an increase in wages of 25 cents per day and the hours reduced from nine to eight. This is but one instance where the United Laborers have secured an increase in pay, and demonstrates the power of organization in the ranks of the unskilled as well as the skilled workers.

CUTTERS GET INCREASE.

Hamilton, Ontario, April 18.—The clothing cutters and trimmers in the various houses in this city have secured an increase of $1 per week. This increase was secured without any demand. It came as a result of a similar demand made in Toronto. The employers here undoubtedly foresaw that an increase would be demanded, and discounted the action.

RECENT RAILROAD WRECKS.

Two persons dead and four injured as result of a collision between a Western Maryland passenger train and a freight train at Bidwell, Pa. More than a score of passengers on the New York Central's New York Special, bound from Buffalo to New York, had narrow escapes from drowning in their berths when the train left the tracks at Yosts, N. Y., and crashed down an embankment into the Mohawk River. A dozen or more passengers suffered serious injuries. A fireman was killed and two other train employes on a Texas and Pacific passenger train were seriously injured when part of the train was overturned by a landslide near Provencal, La. A fireman was killed and twenty passengers badly injured, five of whom may die, when a Baltimore and Ohio passenger train crashed through an open switch at Hoytsville, near Toledo, Ohio. The train also crashed into the station, killing the agent.

DEMAND WAGE INCREASE.

New York, April 18.—The cigarmakers employed by the Anton Bock Cigar Company, to the number of 250, are on strike. They are contending for a 20 per cent increase in wages. It is stated that the conditions in the shops are particularly bad and wages extremely low. An expert cigarmaker, under present conditions, cannot make more than $8 to $9 per week.

ASSUMES OFFICE.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 18. — At Urick, for ten years president of the Iowa State Federation of Labor, has been installed as State Commissioner of Labor, having been appointed by the Governor to fill that office for the ensuing term.

MOTHERS' PENSION LAW.

Olympia, Wash., April 18.—The Governor has signed the mothers' pension bill, which provides a compensation for destitute mothers and widows with children. A widow with one child is to receive $10 per month and $5 for each additional one.

CARPENTERS STRIKE.

Newport, R. I., April 18.—The carpenters and cabinetmakers here have struck for an increase of their daily wage up to $4.40 per day. The old scale was $3.75 and the carpenters refused a compromise offer of $4.00.

SMELTER MEN STRIKE

Six Hundred Men Struck As a 25 Cent Wage Increase Was Denied Them.

Denver, April 18.—Six hundred employes of the Globe Smelter have struck because a 25 cent wage increase was denied them. These employes are members of the Western Federation of Miners and the situation is in charge of President Moyer. The strike followed the attempt to work some of the men from ten to fourteen hours without additional pay. "Inhuman conditions prevail," stated President Moyer. "The men realize that they have been discriminated against and they feel the need of organization. Leadville and Pueblo smelters have a wage of $2. The Globe minimum wage is $1.75. The voluntary adherence of other state smelters to the eight hour shift has increased the unrest." The smelter is entirely closed down and the men insist that they will not return until they obtain $2 per day for unskilled labor and an increase from $2.20 to $2.50 a day for inside work.

GARMENT WORKERS

Report That Out of Twenty-seven Establishments Only Three Failed to Sign Up.

Toronto, April 18.—The Garment Workers in this city are elated. Out of twenty-seven establishments all but three have now signed up. In twenty-one shops a satisfactory settlement was reached without friction, only six firms opposing the demands of the union, whereupon a strike was called in these shops. Three of these have now signed up and negotiations are under way with the others and prospects of a settlement are bright. The rate of wages paid in the large majority of these shops was as low as $12 and $15 per week, while the new agrement provides a minimum of $18 for journeymen cutters on stock and $20 on special ordered clothing. Time and a half will be paid for overtime and an equal division of work in slack season. The United Garment Workers were never so effectively organized in this city as they are today.

WILL REINTRODUCE BILL.

St. Louis, April 18.—Secretary Owen Miller, of the American Federation of Musicians, in a letter to the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor, states that the failure of the bill introduced by the late Representative Anderson of Ohio, prohibiting enlisted musicians from accepting employment for pay, in competition with civilian musicians, was primarily caused by Representative Anderson's death. The bill was reported out of the Labor Committee favorably, and was upon the calendar of the House. It is asserted that a similar measure will be introduced in the Sixty-third Congress and its passage urged.

PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE.

Toronto, April 18.—A large number of delegates attended the provincial conference of the Brotherhood of Carpenters, which recently concluded its sessions at the Labor Temple. The provincial conference decided to submit to a vote of the unions in Ontario the question of organizing a state council, similar to the councils in the different states of the United States. This will be a decided step forward for the Brotherhood in Ontario if a state council is authorized.

UNITED BROTHERHOOD.

Alive and energetic, the United Brotherhood of Carpenters is still hammering away. During the month of March seventeen local unions were chartered as follows: Laurel, Miss.; Conway, Ark.; La Crosse, Wis.; Wilmington, N. C.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Norwich, Conn.; Southington, Conn.; Rockdale, Tex.; Crosby, Minn.; South Jacksonville, Fla.; Solvay, N. Y.; Denver, Colo.; Savannah, Ga., Watseka, Ill.; Kenedy, Tex.; Philadelphia, Pa., and Portland, Oreg.

IMMENSE POSTAL BUSINESS.

The records show that more than 150,000,000 parcel post packages were mailed during the first three months after the inauguration of the new system. These figures have been announced by the postal authorities. The business of the parcel post is increasing with tremendous rapidity and requires the utmost activity on the part of the postal department to keep pace with the increasing volume of business.

WELSH MINERS TO QUIT.

Cardiff, Wales, April 18.—More than 50,000 miners in South Wales have handed in a month's notice to quit their employment, as a protest against the engagement in the mines of nonunion miners.

ADOPT COMMISSION FORM.

Raleigh, N. C., April 18.—The commission form of government has been adopted by the people of this city by a majority of 685.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNITED TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 18, 1913.

The labor press is the only remaining free press.

The manhood of the striker must take precedence of the comfort of the public.

A strike always succeeds in proportion as it demonstrates the unprofitableness of war.

Too many trade unionists would have the old maxim read: "An injury to me is the concern of all."

We can not lay too much stress upon the difference between the union man and the member of a union.

The thrifty housewife should be careful that in buying at a bargain she isn't selling somebody's job at a sacrifice.

You can not reform the physical conditions of being by means solely intellectual any more than you can appease hunger by reading a menu.

The organized workers will do well to question the disinterestedness of those friends who appear only in times of prosperity or excitement.

No man can ever gain an understanding of the labor movement as long as he harbors the fallacy that the strike or boycott is a creation of the "labor leader."

The union label on any product is a guarantee that the money paid for it will return to the consumer, with interest, in the form of improved social surroundings.

The man who cites compulsory arbitration as a remedy for strikes might with equal propriety cite the balloon as a contradiction of the laws of gravity.

It is hardly necessary to say that abolishing an evil and suppressing the complaint about it are entirely different, and, in fact, antithetical, propositions.

In a state of machine production the "superior race" is that whose character most closely resembles the characteristics of machinery—a large capacity for labor, little demand for rest, and no requirement for recreation.

We have a great deal of sympathy but very little respect for the order of intellect that can see no difference between the compulsion of a court and the compulsion of a trade union in the regulation of the employe's relations with the employer.

The use of language to disguise thought has never been more clearly exemplified shan in the term "subsidy," meaning the appropriation of public moneys to private purposes. The real idea involved could be more correctly expressed by a word of less length and much wider currency.

Was you out to the opener?

A fine beginning and augurs well for the future prospects of the team.

President Wilson put a crimp in the Inaugural Ball, but he scored a great hit in the national game of baseball by attending the opener and thereby placing his stamp of approval on the greatest of all Games.

Jupiter Pluvius has held full sway since the opener and has batted well over a thousand percent.

THAT 2,000,000 MARK

Advices from Secretary Morrison of the A. F. of L., have shown that one of his great ambitions has been realized, that of seeing the membership of the A. F. of L., reach the phenominal figure of 2,000,000. This should be gratifying news to every member of organized labor for the growth has been a steady and healthy one and a great measure of its success is due to Secretary Frank Morrison for the work of directing the organizers comes under his special direction. It has long been apparent that the strength of the A. F. of L., has been realized by the enemies of labor, for the industrial disputes followed by strikes and cessation of work of a few years back are growing less and less, and the time is at hand when through the numerical and more intelligent membership, the strike will be a thing of the past and arbitration (voluntary and not compulsory) will be the general method of settling labor disputes. Now that this enormous figure has been reached in our membership the next two (2) million should and will come in a much shorter time than it required to gain the first.

"BE CONTENT"

"Be Content With Your Wages." It was a great preacher that said it originally. There probably never was a greater than he, with the exception of Jesus. At any rate, Jesus said of him a few days after he preached that sermon, "Among those that are born of women there is not a greater prophet than John the Baptist."

But what did he mean? Did he imply that there should never be a strike or a demand for better conditions? Some unfair or ignorant agitators have insisted that the Bible and the church teach this doctrine, and they have flung into our faces with scorn the text of John the Baptist, declaring that it is vicious and degrading. Some employers in history have also quoted this Scripture passage, in order to point out that the Bible teaches absolute subservience on the part of the employe to his employer.

I am reminded, in this connection, of the smart young man who insisted that the Bible itself says "There is no God." But, when he was compelled to look up the reference, he discovered that what the Bible really said was "The fool hath said in his heart, there is no God."

Something like this Aleck are the men who twist the Scriptures so as to produce all sorts of economic absurdities, warping out of their true meaning the greatest and most beneficent teachings of Christianity.

But let us look for a moment at the circumstances under which the words were spoken and the persons to whom they were addressed. The story is found in the third chapter of the Gospel by Luke. The fearless preacher—who afterward was beheaded because he dared to denounce the reigning monarch for his sin—was speaking to a great multitude that had come out to hear him. The burden of his message was summed up in the single word—Repentance. And it was noted that this repentance had particular reference to sins committed against men. As the preacher proceeded the people began to ask, "What shall we do, then?"

He answered, "He that hath two coats, let him impart to him that hath none; and he that hath meat, let him do likewise." Will you note, by the way, that he said "two" coats, not "six." Then came the publicans—the government grafters of the day—and said to him, "Master, what shall we do?" The preacher answered, "Exact no more than the law demands." Finally came the soldiers—often the brutal representatives, the policemen, of a foreign government—men who were following the examples of their superiors by robbing the working people. It was a case of graft which was very much worse than anything unearthed in our day. "And what shall we do?" they asked. And John the Baptist answered, "Do violence to no man; neither accuse any falsely; and be content with your wages." The emphasis on the word "wages."

It was not intended to teach that workingmen in every generation should be content with their wages. It was intended to teach that these brutal, conscienceless soldiers should not demand from the masses of the people, upon pain of bodily injury, that which did not rightfully belong to them, in order that they might add this money to the wages received from the government. The words, "be content with your wages" must be viewed in the light of the spirit of the entire address. No one—not even the most radical agitator—can successfully deny that the preacher was making a fight for the poor and the oppressed.

And so, instead of degrading the toiler, this injunction is actually a plea for fair treatment for the man who was powerless to resist oppression.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

AKRON RUBBER WORKERS.

The following item appeared in the last issue of the Akron (Ohio) People, the local labor paper of that city: "The rubber workers, organized under a charter from the A. F. of L. are making splendid progress with their union. Members are being added constantly, and the work of organization will be continued until every rubber worker in the city is a member. The great campaign of organization that has been started by the A. F. of L. was originally intended to include Akron rubber workers, and hence the Federation will stay in the field indefinitely. It is now proposed to place a business agent in the field from the local rubber workers' union. The business agent will be one of the local men who is thoroughly acquainted with the rubber industry, as well as with the workers. The strike, on account of its effect being severely felt by the merchants, was declared a great calamity, but we venture the prediction that when thorough organization has taken place, and the men are secure in their employment, these same merchants will be more than repaid for their temporary loss of business. In this connection we may also say that the factory employers will regret not having permitted organization in their plants years ago, as the most productive and contented workmen in the world are those who are organized and who know that every straw boss in the factory does not hold the whiplash of a job over their heads."

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Roosevelt—this is Franklin D., not T. R.—assistant secretary, on his inspection of the several navy yards, says to the reporters in Philadelphia: "More attention must be paid to the safeguarding of the mechanics in governmental works. I believe it to be the intention of the present Administration to bring the Federal departments up to the highest state of efficiency, making them a model of excellence to be copied by private corporations. A part of this program must include a greater safeguarding of the lives of the mechanics."

Jarvis Moulden resigns as temporary, G. P. O., to enter the Railway Mail Service.

What am I going to do for Friend Lerch? As soon as the appropriation is available, I will make an effort to fix him up with a berth in the new Department of Labor, under Secretary Wilson. The new Secretary will find in Mr. Lerch a competent gentleman for his "front office."

Walker P. Miller asks why in this column I boom Baltimore real estate. Nothing of the sort. I merely give publicity to an Uplift—cap U, please—movement he can note in every metropolitan daily, with the exception of Washington, the building of homes, with a small plat for fruit and chickens, at a cost of $100 and $3 to $5 weekly. The Associated Press thought enough of the project, when inaugurated at Hammond, Ind., to give it a notice. I at once wrote to the head offices of one of the parent companies with the query why that scheme could not be inaugurated at Washington.

BARBERS' UNION ACTIVE

Working for the Introduction of a Sunday Closing Law.

On Tuesday, April 8, a committee, of which Joseph Handlos was chairman, representing the Journeymen Barbers' Union, presented a petition, signed by 210 proprietors of local barber shops, to the Commissioners, requesting them to draft a bill for the enactment of a Sunday closing law for barber shops. The committee was accompanied by Mr. Backenstoss, proprietor of a large and prominent establishment.

The Commissioners agreed to make known their views on the question within ten days, during which time a hearing will be granted to any opposition which might develop.

PRES. GOMPERS IMPROVING

The condition of President Gompers, who has been confined to the Episcopal Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital for the past ten days, continues to improve, and it is the hope of the physicians in charge of his case that an operation will be unnecessary.

ARKANSAS LABOR MEASURES.

Little Rock, Ark., April 18.—The Legislature, which has now adjourned, enacted a law providing for a labor commissioner. A law also was passed providing that seats be furnished female employes in shops, stores, and factories. The employers' liability bill was amended so as to apply to all classes of hazardous employment, and another measure provides for full switch engine crews.

CARPENTERS WANT 8 HOURS.

Grand Rapids, Mich., April 18.—The Carpenters' Union has made a demand on the contractors of the city for the eight-hour day and a minimum wage of 45 cents per hour, beginning May 1 next. After three months' negotiations with the Contractors' Association, the Carpenters' Union has been ignored. Numerous independent contractors, however, have already given their approval to the demands.

COLORADO EMPLOYMENT OFFICES

Denver, Colo., April 18.—The annual report of the State Labor Department throws much light on the activities of the labor department of the State. In the State free employment offices it is shown that in the three cities where these offices are located, Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo, 30,787 jobs were secured for the job seekers free of any cost, of which 21,652 were for men and 9,135 for women, being an average of 15,394 per year—1911-1912.

RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, Mo., April 18.—The Brotherhood of Railway Carmen has just chartered three new lodges, one at Marmarth, N. Dak., on the Puget Sound branch of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road; one at Hoxie, Ark., and another at Pine Bluff, Mo., on the Missouri Pacific.

JERSEY'S FULL-CREW LAW.

Trenton, N. J., April 18.— — The Legislature passed, and the governor has signed, the full-crew bill, which will become effective May 1. This law was secured in the face of the fact that practically every railroad in the State opposed its passage and worked diligently to defeat it.

MEATS FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
8th & E Sts. S. E. — 1632 N. Capitol Street
31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
7th & Q Sts. N. W. — 14th & U Streets N. W.
1778 U Street, N. W. — 7th and B Streets N. E.
3113 14th Street, N. W.

POULTRY PRODUCE

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK
Northwest Corner FOURTEENTH AND U STREETS NORTHWEST
LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS
4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts
COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTS SOLICITED

ALWAYS THE SAME
Tharp's Berkeley Rye
812 F Street Northwest
Phone Main 1141 — Special Private Delivery

Chr. Heurich Brewing Co.
MAERZEN SENATE LAGER
Bottled at the Brewery.
LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
MAERZEN, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
SENATE, per Case of 24 Bottles..... 1 75
Bottle Rebate, 50c.
Write or Telephone for Premium List.
TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

Building Trades Headquarters — Sixth and G Sts. N. W
Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent
WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO.
COSTELLO BROS

WHEN YOU HAVE friends from out of town visiting you they will naturally want to take away something as a remembrance.

DO NOT FAIL TO BRING THEM TO THE NATIONAL REMEMBRANCE SHOP
14th Street and Penna. Ave. N. W.

Tacoma Bread
Fresh Three Times Daily
AT ALL GROCERS
Havenner Baking Company
Established 1815

ATTENTION! ORGANIZATIONS

you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

Your Job Work

promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

Union Label Paper

Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

COMMERCIAL WORK OUR SPECIALTY

The Trades Unionist Print Shop
604-606 FIFTH STREET NORTHWEST — TELEPHONE MAIN 3915

Dulin & Martin Co.

The Eddy Refrigerator

is made in many sizes and styles of construction, suitable for every family and space in the home.

Over 60 years of continuous development places the Eddy Refrigerator as the most satisfactory from every viewpoint of economy and preservation of food.

Sold by us exclusively for nearly fifty years.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

THE following dairies employ drivers who are members of the MILK WAGON DRIVERS UNION and entitled to your patronage:

GREEN MEADOW DAIRY, N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.
SWISS DAIRY, 403 E. Capitol St.
J. J. BOWLES, 460 K northwest

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents
Every Union Man Should Know
Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
OPEN AT 4 A. M.
DAVID W. SULLIVAN, Proprietor
Twelfth and E Sts. N. W. Washington, D. C.

GEO. D. HORNING,
N. E. Cor. 9th and D Sts.
Side Entrance on 9th St.
LOAN OFFICE.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
The Oldest Established Dry Goods House in the City
420 to 426 Seventh Street
417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY
Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.
1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.
Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

The Sweater Shop
Shirts formerly Auerbach's Real One-Fifty Values, made of Pongette—Madras—Percales—Flannel 98c
Garner's GUARANTEED NOT TO FADE 6 for $5.50.
Baseball Jerseys 79c. to $3.50
Our "Model Special" Union-Made HATS have no equal—Real Three-Dollar Values, $1.90
Patterson Union-Made Overalls 50 Cents.
JULIUS A. WEST
800 Seventh St. N. W. Cor. H

BROCKWELL'S BITS

An innovation in lunch rooms is about to be inaugurated by the "Standard," on G street, just across from the Government Printing Office. They have secured the services of a first-class baker and pastry cook, and hereafter will dispense their own productions of bread, pies, cakes, etc., which is another instance to prove that Washington purveyors have awakened to the fact that nothing is too good for the printers. This departure, along with its other high-class features, ought to (and doubtless will) make the Standard the most popular eating place in the Printery district.

* * *

Charles I. Leonard, a well-known member of Columbia Union, died at his home in this city on Sunday, April 13, 1913, after an illness of two or three months preceded by several years of poor health. Mr. Leonard was born in Georgia about 44 years ago, and has been a member of the Typographical Union since 1887, having joined Oakland (Cal.) Union that year, afterwards seeing considerable of the country as a traveling printer. He came to this city in 1893, and has nearly all of the time since been employed in the Government Printing Office. There was hardly a chapel of that great workshop in which "Spike" (as he was known among his intimates) had not worked, and in all of them he had friends who will regret his passing. He was last employed in the Library Branch of the Printery.

* * *

A marriage of considerable interest to printers hereabouts was that of Dr. Boyd R. Read, the 24-year-old son of Charles A. Read, a much esteemed member of Columbia Union who is employed in the Proof Room of the Government Printing Office. The groom is a native of DuBois, Pa., but came to this city when 7 years of age, passing through Central High School and later graduating in medicine at George Washington University. Dr. Read's bride was Miss Ethel W. Rinker, of Winchester, Va., and their wedding took place on Saturday, April 12, 1913, at the Read family residence in this city, Rev. I. O. Baker, of the Church of the Atonement, officiating. A tinge of romance attaches to the happy event from the fact that Dr. Read first met his bride while he was resident physician at Emergency Hospital and she was there as a pupil nurse. After a wedding trip to New York the young couple will return to this city for a few days and then leave for the Lower Brule Indian Reservation, in South Dakota, where the doctor has received a probationary appointment as a physician. The writer, in common with many other friends, wishes the doctor and his fair bride success and happiness.

* * *

On the evening of Tuesday, April 29, 1913, at Nationl Rifles Hall, the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association will give its entertainment and dance, and all things indicate that the affair will be most creditable to the organization and enjoyable to those who attend. Philip Nachman, doubtless the city's most successful amateur manager, will be in charge of the affair—and that fact alone spells artistic success. Then there will be W. H. Anglin, the genuine real thing among stage-treading printers, with two little Anglins as assistants in a minstrel and olio first part, participated in also by Alan B. Thompson, Fred Wilhelm, H. C. Hopper, H. W. Schwarz, Harry Bailey, D. A. Mahoney, J. Bernard Parker, John Gayney, Fenton Crown, and J. Earl Wilson—all printer people and each one a fine performer. The work of the Dixie Minstrel Company, as Anglin calls it, with himself as the central figure, will be far ahead of most professional efforts of a like character. By the way, if you've never seen Anglin doing his stage work, you simply cannot miss this opportunity to do so. Part 2 of the show will include a soprano solo by Miss Bertha Chambers, who possesses a voice of rare beauty and power; and a "terpsichorean melange," with the talented Buck sisters (Misses Lucille and Jeannette) in wonderfully clever and entertaining dances; while the Sketch Club will give "The Wrong Mr. Smith," with Messrs. Charles Shutterly and Wm. H. Bright and Miss Bertha Chambers taking the parts in this laughable and wholesome skit. The entertainment will be from 8 to 10; the dance from 10 to 12. Tickets are but 25 cents. Go, have a pleasant evening by mingling with printer folks and watching printer artists, and aid a good cause.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

UNION MEN ELECTED.

Springfield, Ill., April 18.—The result of the election recently held here resulted in the election of several trade unionists. R. E. Woodmansee, editor of the Illinois Tradesman, was reelected a member of the board of education by a very large vote. William Booth, of the Bricklayers' Union; Gus Fehr, of the Cigarmakers' Union, and William Kessberger, of the Retail Clerks' Union, were elected members of the board of supervisors.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS

Some of the officers of the union have been offered inducements by their employers to drop the union, but, to their honor and credit be it said, they have refused to betray their fellow-men.

The majority of non-union drivers, when asked if they belong to the union and can show the monthly button, will say they are "only going to stay on the wagon a little while." Many of them have used this excuse for more than a year.

The last meeting of the union was attended by members representing several dairies. Encouraging reports were received as to the progress of the campaign for recognition; one applicant was elected to membership, and several new laws were adopted. All of which must be rather disappointing to the prophets who are so fond of saying, "The union won't last long."

If your employer is strongly opposed to your organization, either secretly or openly, be sure that he recognizes the improved conditions which that organization is capable of securing for you, but which (for sordid reasons, or because of narrow-minded views regarding your right to organize) he is unwilling for you to enjoy, while at the same time he is enjoying the benefits of his own union—the employer's association.

FRED W. FOX.

"THE LAND WITHOUT STRIKES."

This item was published by the Washington Star from its correspondent in Sidney, Australia: "The state wages board system is in the melting pot, compulsory arbitration having been rendered nugatory by a series of strikes, which has commenced despite the agreements and awards of the wages boards and the penal clauses of the arbitration act. During the gas strike Sidney was in darkness for several days. All coal miners in the southern district, under the leadership of the notorious Peter Dowling, who was prominent in the disastrous 1908 stoppage, are on strike, and there is prospect of a prolonged struggle. The ferryboats connecting the north shore with the city have stopped, and thousands of workers in the densely populated suburbs are deprived of the means of communication to their work. The cause of the strike was the delay of the wages boards in dealing with their claims. The labor government's enforcement of the provisions act prohibiting strike under penalty of fines and imprisonment is awaited with interest. Local opinion favors amendment of the law on the lines of the Canadian act."

CHICAGO PAINTERS' STRIKE.

Chicago, April 18.—Over 5,000 Painters Paperhangers and Decorators are on strike. Three hundred contractors who signed the union agreement are not affected and 4,000 men are at work. The old scale was 60 cents an hour, and the Painters demanded a two-year agreement calling for 65 cents per hour for the first year and 70 cents per hour for the second year.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
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Telephone: Lincoln 2919
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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 463 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary. Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple. 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, No. 10: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. E. Allison, 1117 6th street northeast.

Steamfitters' Helpers: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Thos. F. Flanagan, 45 H street N.W

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street southeast.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 186: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 1220 Penn. Ave. Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

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PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

Mrs. Pankhurst, so it seems, has no appetite for prison life.

The burning question: Will that last ton of coal last?

Times change, but reverence for party platforms remains about the same.

It is evident that some men rise in the world from lack of weight to hold them down.

What's the difference, if the clerks are required to begin work at eight instead of nine o'clock? Answer: Sixty minutes.

The income tax will help some, and will not work injustice to those who have been rather lavish in helping themselves.

It may be taken for granted that the millenium is near if the time should ever come when there are offices enough to go around.

The fortunate ones of earth may best show their appreciation and thankfulness by helpful service to those who are less fortunate.

A daily contribution of one cent each from the swarms of lobbyists here assembled would soon create a helpful fund in support of some worthy cause.

The ship of State, now well under way, is plunging right through high seas, unmindful of threatening storms or advice from unfriendly powers.

Dr. Mary Walker says the suffragettes are making themselves too conspicuous, and they retaliate by saying that along those lines Dr. Mary has been a good deal talked about, so there!

A rather remarkable statement, that clerks and other employees of the government do actually earn their money, is now going the rounds of the press. The statement originated here, and is traveling at a rate of speed which gives it the right of way as a discovery of first-class importance.

"Gen." Coxey, of Ohio, who led an army of unemployed to Washington as an object lesson, and who was jailed for trespassing on the grass and putting crimps in some of the bushes of the Capitol grounds, now emerges from a long silence to express his chagrin that statesmen of today claim to have originated many of the helpful schemes he suggested in 1894, and which they then denounced as visionary and absurd. Such is fame.

MAINE TEXTILE CONVENTION.

Lewiston, Me., April 18.—The seventh annual convention of the Maine Textile Workers will be held at Brunswick, Me., Beginning Saturday, May 3. This is to be an important meeting of the Textile Workers, as plans are to be evolved to secure State legislation in the interest of the workers in this industry, as well as to further more complete organization.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Allen G. Jenings, skilled laborer, reinstated.

George V. Scaggs, Percy J. Talley and Arthur B. Penn, temporary skilled laborers.

Roland L. Williams, Harold L. Hausenfluck, O. B. Williams, Chales J. Crouse, David C. Serrin, Percy J. Talley, Louis Rosenfeld, Frank B. Bloom and Frank W. Miller, probationary skilled laborers.

Robert I. Richardson, J. M. Waldron and Charles R. McCoy, temporary messenger boys.

Henry M. Rackensperger, Robert J. McCabe and William B. Dingle, temporary pressmen.

Miss Sarah E. Moyer, temporary press feeder.

Benjamin F. Constantine, reinstated as proof reader.

Patrick J. Donegan, probationary compositor.

James C. Roy, unskilled laborer.

Miss Nettie E. Smith, temporary clerk.

Thomas A. Gillan, probationary electrotype finisher.

Separations.

Joseph McK. Hodges, skilled laborer, resigned.

Melvin G. Breedlove, skilled laborer.

Vincent Marshall, skilled laborer.

Thompson A. Lyon, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Edward Blaine, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Mrs. Grace V. Steele, folder, resigned.

Frank Overman, compositor, resigned.

Maurice R. Perrygo, mailer, resigned.

Roland L. Williams, temporary skilled laborer.

Wilber L. Shipley, temporary pressman, resigned.

George F. Welch, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Louis Rosenfeld, temporary skilled laborer.

David C. Serrin, temporary skilled laborer.

O. B. Williams, temporary skilled laborer.

Percey J, Talley, temporary skilled laborer.

Charles J. Crouse, temporary skilled laborer.

Valentine N. Brandon, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

Henry M. Rackensperger, temporary pressman, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Milton E. Groome, skilled laborer, office of superintendent of documents; Mrs. Minnie U. Burton, press feeder, office of superintendent of documents; Hugh Rutland, messenger boy, office of superintendent of documents; Andrew Mortensen, messenger boy, office of superintendent of work; Mrs. Nellie R. Grant, skilled laborer, press division, night; Miss Elizabeth A. Towse, helper, ruling and sewing section; Emerson G. Green, unskilled laborer, permanent roll; Mrs. Hester A. Wyman, skilled laborer, forwarding and finishing section; Miss Josephine C. Buckley, helper, money order section; Miss Elsie M. Donneberg and Miss Minnie A. Geisenderfer, money order section; Patrick C. Gillon, Briscoe Goodheart and William J. Hope, bookbinders, ruling and sewing section; Elzie S. Hoffman, skilled laborer, forwarding and finishing section; Harold L. Hausenfluck, skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section; George A. Reynolds, skilled laborer, press division, day to night; Mrs. Sarah P. Conn, machine operator, ruling and sewing section; Granville S. White, stockkeeper, $720 per annum, office of superintendent of documents; William E. Cooney, mailer, $840 per annum, office of superintendent of documents.

R. R. TELEGRAPHERS.

St. Louis, April 18.—During the month of March the Order of Railroad Telegraphers secured revised contracts, with improved rules and increased wages, on the Intercolonial and Prince Edward Island, the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific, the Alabama Great Southern, the Kingston and Pembroke, the Central New England, and the Maine Central.

PAINTERS GET INCREASE.

St. Paul, April 18.—About one-half of the employing painters in this city have already signed the new wage scale of the Painters' Union, which is to go into effect on April 15. The new scale provides for an increase of 5 cents an hour, raising the pay to 50 cents an hour, instead of 45 cents, which has been the scale for three years.

BOSTON TELEPHONE OPERATORS.

Boston, April 18.—There is much unrest among the telephone operators of this city and vicinity. The Telephone Operators' Union is demanding an eight-hour day, the abolition of the "split trick" system, and a readjustment of wages. A strike vote has been taken, and if a contest finally comes an agitation is to be started for State ownership of telephone companies.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 44 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

TROLLEY CONTROVERSY

Management of the Traction Company Emphatically Refused Offers of Arbitration.

Galesburg, Ill., April 25.—The trolleymen employed on the McKinley traction lines are in a controversy with the management. Some time ago an organization movement resulted in bringing into the Amalgamated Association practically all employes of the McKinley traction system in this city. The company, with the evident purpose of intimidation, discharged a number of men employed at the power house, but told the discharged men that if they would destory their union cards and throw away their union buttons they might continue with their work. The men refused. The matter was then taken up by the local union, and demand made that the men be reinstated. The company refused, taking the position that the men employed in the power house were not included in the agreement with the Amalgamated Association. This was disproved. Matters became tense, and the Mayor of the city took a hand, for the franchise under which the company is operating, so it is stated, requires that all grievances be submitted to arbitration. Offers of arbitration have come from the trolleymen's union, but have been emphatically refused by the management of the traction company. The Mayor, however, nas sent a formal demand to the company for arbitration, and the company has asked for time in which to make answer.

IMPORTANT LAWS PASSED

A Mother's Pension Bill Passed the State Legislature is Now Before the Governor.

Columbus, Ohio, April 25.—The bill providing for pensions for indigent mothers, an administration measure, has been passed by the State Legislature, and is now before the Governor for his approval, which is assured. The law provides for an annual tax levy of one-tenth of a mill, which is expected to create a fund each year of not less than $700,000, with which to pay the pension authorized. Destitute widows, women whose husbands are completely disabled, have deserted them, or are serving prison sentences are to be cared for under the provisions of the measure. Juvenile courts are to be authorized to pay such women $15.00 a month for a child under fourteen years of age, and $7.00 a month for each additional child under that age. Other drastic changes are made in the juvenile code. Under the latter, boys under fourteen are prohibited from selling newspapers or chewing gum on the streets.

"FORWARD" IN PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, April 25.—At the last meeting of the Iron City Trades Council it was declared that the organizing campaign had resulted in an awakening of organized labor, the like of which has never been known before in Pittsburg. All those who are interested are agreed that before the campaign closes 100,000 more members will be added to the American Federation of Labor from the ranks of the iron and steel workers and the army of English and foreign speaking skilled and unskilled workmen in the big industries in and around Pittsburg. Several new organizations have already been formed, those speaking foreign languages heading the list, so far as numbers are concerned. With the flattering showing already noted the prosecution of organizing work will be carried on in the future with renewed vigor.

BACON AND BARTLETT BILLS.

In the Sixty-second Congress Representative Bartlett and Senator Bacon introduced in the House and Senate bills identical in character, aimed to give the labor and farmers' unions the right to exist as legal combinations not in restraint of trade. Unions have been declared by court decisions to come under the operation of the Sherman anti-trust law, although it has been clearly shown that the framers of the law never intended that organizations of wage earners and farmers should become actionable under the statute. These bills will have strong support in the Sixty-third Congress, and as the platform declarations of the dominant party pledges it to the enactment of legislation of this character, there must either be a redemption or a repudiation of party declarations.

BILL FOR SHORTER HOURS.

Representative Carey of Wisconsin has introduced a bill in the House to amend the interstate commerce laws by prohibiting any railroad from working a telegraph or telephone operator or signal man more than eight hours a day. This bill was referred to the Interstate Commerce Committee, which held hearings on a similar measure during the last session of Congress.

TRAIN HANDS STRIKE.

Altoona, Pa., April 25.—The strike of the train hands on the Middle division, Pennsylvania Railroad, main line, comprises about one-half of the employes. The men are demanding $2 a day, they now receiving $1.65.

SULZER SIGNS TEN LAWS

A Cause for Gratification as They Are of a Remedial Character Affecting Labor.

Albany, N. Y., April 25.—Governer Sulzer recently signed ten laws of a remedial character affecting labor. These laws relate to fire prevention in factories; amends the present law in relation to housing factory employes, ventilation of factories; relates to seats in factories, also providing that seats for waitresses in hotels and restaurants shall be provided with backs where practicable; in relation to clean and safe condition of factory buildings; in relation to protecting the lives, health and safety of all employes in dangerous trades; providing that all children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen employed in factories shall submit to a physical examination whenever required by a medical inspector; providing that foundries shall be subject to all provisions relating to factories; providing for the inclosure of elevators and housing shafts in factory buildings and requiring the installation of fire signals in every factory building over two stories in height in which more than twenty-five persons are employed above the ground, and providing for fire drills in factories which shall be under the supervision of the fire commissioner in New York City and the State fire marshal in other parts of the State.

SPRING A SURPRISE

Railroads Claim the Arbitration Board Has No Right to Make Its Award Retroactive.

New York City, April 25.—A surprise was sprung by the Eastern railroads in their brief submitted to the Firemen's Arbitration Board. The railroads claim that under the provisions of the Erdman act, the arbitration board has no right to make its award retroactive. The firemen asked that any advantages secured in final settlement be made effective from July 1, 1912. The chairman of the railroad committee asserts that Section 4 of the Erdman act provides that "the award having been filed in the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the United States shall go into effect at the expiration of ten days from such filing." The railroads also have taken strong exception to the demands of the firemen that "rates of wages that are higher and conditions of employment that are better than those asked for in the present controversy shall remain in effect."

SIOUX CITY PAINTERS.

Sioux City, Ia., April 25.—The painters, decorators and paperhangers have struck in all shops where the master painters refused to sign the new agreement recently proposed by the journeymen painters. The demands were for a universal scale of 45 cents an hour as a minimum wage rate. The only reason why the master painters refused to accede is that the journeymen painters refused to agree to work exclusively for the members of the Master Painters' Association. Acquiesence in this plan would eliminate the general contractors, who employ approximately 50 per cent. of the journeymen painters. Since the contest began a large number of independent painting contractors have signed the scale. It is believed that the entire matter will be adjusted in a short time.

SHINGLE WEAVERS.

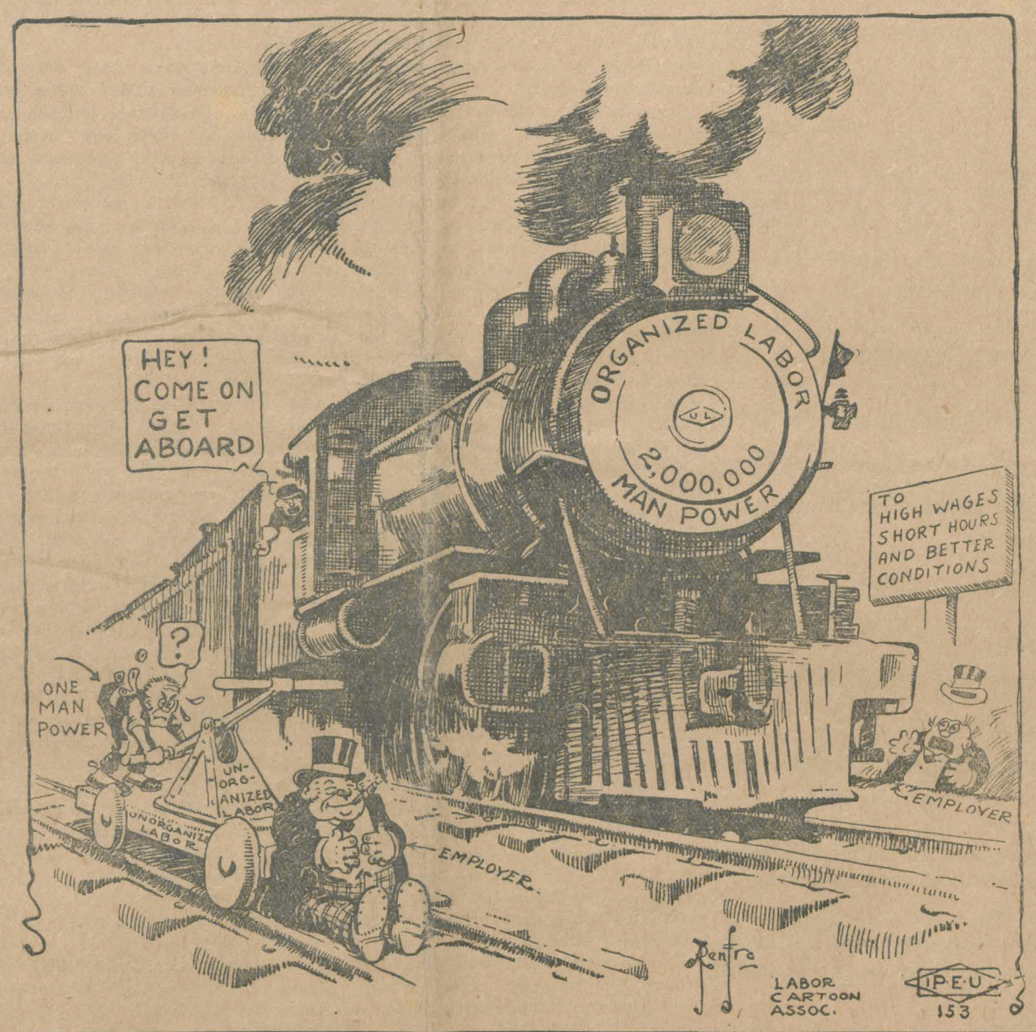
Seattle, April 25.—The shingle weavers to the number of 350 are on strike in Ballard, a suburb of Seattle, following the refusal of fifteen mills to concede the scale of wages. The strike is general in character and all mills closed down save one, which is running with only a few men. Aside from the increase in wages demanded, a number of grievances are calling for settlement, such as the abolition of time stealing, compulsory payment of hospital fees, and the recognition of the right to bargain collectively. The revival of the union spirit in Ballard is due in great part to the efforts now being put forth by the organization involved to organize the men in this poorly paid industry.

BARBERS TO ENFORCE LAW.

Kansas City, Mo., April 25.—The union barbers of this city have begun a campaign for Sunday closing. They propose to enforce the Sunday-closing law, the constitutionality of which has been passed upon by the Supreme Court of the State of Missouri. This is the only city in the State where barbers work on Sunday. For the past ten years the law has been respected in St. Louis. The barbers will have the assistance of the prosecuting attorney of the county, as well as the city officials, and where violations occur prosecutions will be immediately commenced.

GOOD RAISE.

Sunbury, Pa., April 25.—Track hands, to the number of 500, employed on the five divisions of the Pennsylvania Railroad, centering here, have secured a 20 per cent raise in wages without strike.



UNITED STATES EMPLOYES

A Bill Providing Compensation Has Been Introduced By Senator Kern.

A bill providing compensation for employes suffering injuries and occupational diseases in the course of their employment has been introduced in the United States Senate by Senator Kern of Indiana. This bill is to supplant the present law, which has numerous weaknesses and which only embraces about one-third of the 350,000 Federal employes, grants no relief for incapacity lasting less than fifteen days, makes no provision for medical treatment and its most liberal benefit grants only one year's wages for total blindness, lifelong disability or death. The Kern bill includes all civilian employes of the Government and reduces the waiting time from fifteen days to three, and grants a liberal scale of compensation during the entire period of disability. Special provision is also made for the prevention of accidents and occupational diseases in navy yards and Government workshops. Another new feature is compensation for occupational diseases, such as lead poisoning. The drafting of this bill is largely the result of investigations made by the American Association for Labor Legislation.

FOR A WAGE PROBE.

Kansas City, Mo., April 25.—The heads of Kansas City's department stores are to be summoned to appear before the Senate Wage Commission when it meets in this city the latter part of May. The managers of these concerns will be asked to testify relative to the wages girl clerks receive, and what steps a store takes to better the conditions of their women employes. The Wage Commission will begin its work in St. Louis, May 15. As soon as it has completed its investigation there, it will proceed to Kansas City. Not only will the heads of department stores be summoned to testify, but the mangers of factories as well.

MEMORIAL SERVICE.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 25.—Memorial services were recently held in this city in honor of the late Harry D. Thomas, former business agent and secretary of the Cleveland Federation of Labor, as well as secretary of the Ohio State Federation of Labor. A large number of unionists attended the meeting, and each speaker paid tribute to the loyalty and ability of Harry D. Thomas. A memorial fund to pay off the $700 mortgage on the Thomas home, to erect a monument to the deceased, and to place a sum of money to the credit of Mrs. Thomas has been started by the Cleveland Federation of Labor.

URGES MINES DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, April 25.—The Canadian Institute of Mining Engineers, recently in session in this city, passed a resolution strongly urging the government to establish a department of mines, in view of the remarkable development of the mining industry in the Dominion. It is pointed out that the time is here when a separate department should be created for its benefit.

IOWA REFORMS

State Legislature Enacts a Law Which Prohibits the Contracting of Convict Labor.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 25.—After a long term of years of persistent effort on the part of the organized labor forces of this State, the Legislature has enacted a law which prohibits and terminates contract convict labor in the penal institutions of Iowa. When the contest first commenced, it appeared to be an almost hopeless task, for the convicts of the State had for many years been contracted to manufacturing companies for the purpose of producing revenue. These companies were always upon the alert and maintained strong lobbies at each session of the State Legislature for the purpose of preventing any legislation that would disturb the manufacturers who employed contract convicts. Organized labor, to a very great degree, has been responsible for the change in sentiment, and the final abolition of what can only be termed a disgrace to any sovereign State.

CARPENTERS WIN STRIKE.

Danville, Ill., April 25.—At a meeting held jointly by the carpenters and the master carpenters recently a compromise was effected, and the carpenters will hereafter receive 5 cents an hour advance, together with the further agreement that the master carpenters will employ union men exclusively upon all work. The strike was of short duration. The painters, who are also on strike, are standing firm, and the opinion is expressed that with the carpenters' scale adjusted the painters will be able to secure a settlement. The Building Trades Council, recently organized, had much to do with the winning of the carpenters' strike and undoubtedly will have a salutary influence in securing the advance demanded by the painters.

MUST PAY FOR JOBS.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 25.—The complaints that strikers at the plant of the Mack, Conway-Torley Company are being victimized because they are foreigners are under investigation by the Iron City Trades Council. The investigation is being made of claims made by the foreigners that they are compelled to pay tribute to minor bosses in order to hold their jobs. It is declared that the police have not been fair in dealing with the several hundred foreigners who quit work, and the entire matter will be sifted by the trades council.

PAINTERS WIN.

St. Louis, Mo., April 25.—A three-year agreement has been entered into between the master painters and the Painters' District Council. The present scale of 55 cents an hour is advanced to 57 1-2 cents. After October 1 the scale is to be 60 cents, and ofter March 15, 1915, 62 1-2 cents.

LUMBER MILL MEN STRIKE.

Warren, Pa., April 25.—The employes in the big electric mill of the Central Pennsylvania Lumber Company at Sheffield, numbering 250, are on strike. The men are unorganized.

QUARRY WORKERS

Local Unions Have Been Unusually Successful in Securing New Agreements.

Barre, Vt., April 25.—Secretary Fred W. Suitor, of the Quarry Workers' International Union, asserts that the local branches of that organization have been unusually successful recently in gaining concessions and securing new agreements. During the recent past agreements have been entered into with employers at Milford, N. H., where a three-year contract has been entered into with an 8 per cent increase without friction. At Marlboro, N. H., a similar agreement was secured, but as the result of a fifteen-day strike. In Mount Waldo, Me., another agreement was secured, carrying with it an increase of 1 cent per hour. At Raymond, Cal., another settlement was secured which runs from year to year, with a minimum wage scale of $3.50 per day. The local branch at Cleveland, Ohio, also gained 25 cents per day without any difficulty. All of these local unions have an eight-hour day, with time and a quarter for overtime and double time for Sundays and holidays.

ELECTRICIANS GET INCREASE.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 25.—The electricians in the Wheeling district have been granted an increase of 10 cents per hour, which was effective April 1. All Wheeling district employers, comprising the Electrical Contractors' Association, have signed the new agreement, which will run for two years, or until notice of a desire for a change is served by one of the contracting parties. An arbitration clause is included, which provides for the adjustment of any dispute. The wage increase is from 50 cents to 60 cents per hour. It is considered that this is one of the best wage increases ever secured in this city.

RAISE WOMEN WORKERS.

Chicago, Ill., April 25.—The constant agitation being carried on for a living wage for women workers has had the effect of causing the Crane Company to announce that it had increased its minimum wage to $7.50 for a working week of fifty-four hours. "It is not the result of the Senate commission inquiry on vice cases," declared the manager of the employment department of the Crane Company. "We have been making an investigation of our own for some time, and we have decided to give the girls the increase."

HOD CARRIERS ON STRIKE.

Wheeling, W. Va., April 25.—Following a refusal of a few contractors to pay a wage increase from $2.60 to $3 a day, the organized hod carriers have gone out on strike. A number of contractors have, however, signed the new wage scale.

RAILWAY CLERKS ORGANIZE.

Vancouver, B. C., April 25.—An organization of railway mail clerks has been formed, comprising clerks of the four Western provinces. The organization is eventually to be called the Canadian Federation of Mail Clerks.

TO START LABOR TEMPLE

This Will Mark a Completion of a Campaign Which Opened Eight Years Ago.

Cleveland, Ohio, April 25.—Active construction work will soon begin upon what is to be a $60,000 labor temple. The board of directors of the Labor Lyceum Company, the building corporation, has determined to commence construction in the near future. The contemplated building will be a six-story brick and will mark the completion of a campaign which opened eight years ago. The Labor Lyceum Company was incorporated at that time, with a capitalization of $50,000. Stock has been sold to the amount of $20,000. The company has a valuable site valued now at about $25,000, but which cost formerly $18,000, and $14,500 has been paid. The property has not been idle, for during its possession by the Labor Lyceum Company about $5,000 in rents has been covered into its treasury.

TROLLEY MEN VICTORIOUS

The Traction Company Has Agreed to Recognize the Street Carmen's Union.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 25.—The strike of the trolley men in this city resulted in a complete victory. The traction company has agreed to recognize the street carmen's union, and it has been further agreed that all employes are to be returned to the service in the positions and with the seniority formerly held by them. It is further agreed that all matters in dispute are to be settled by a board of arbitration. This board is to be composed of three persons, the employes to select one, the company one, and these two are to select a third. In case of failure to select a third arbitrator within five days the Mayor of the city of Buffalo is to become the umpire. It is then specified that evidence and arguments and a decision shall be reached within eighteen days, the findings of the board to be binding upon both parties. There were numerous reasons why the company finally agreed to make a settlement. The State Board of Arbitration had begun its sessions, and the Attorney General's office had begun an investigation. The county officials had served notice on the company that they must pay for the troops being maintained, inasmuch as the city and county authorities had not demanded them. The Mayor had plans in operation to force the company to run cars or forfeit its franchise. The District Attorney had arranged to arrest every strike-breaker who took a car out if they had not had instructions for fifteen days under competent men, for the State law requires that men operating cars shall have had this experience. A settlement of this strike means much to the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electrical Railway Employes, as this victory has added a large number of members to the organization. The lines from Erie, Pa., to Buffalo, east and west, are now organized. All of the carmen of the city of Buffalo, including the shop and car barn men, are also members of the union. Lockport, N. Y.; Niagara Falls, on both sides of the river, and another line from Buffalo to Hamburg also comes under the agreement with the union. The final total increase to the union will reach 3,000. The entire sympathy of the public was with the trolleymen from the start, which aided materially in securing the victory.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARMEN.

Kansas City, Mo., April 25.—The Brotherhood of Carmen has just issued a charter for a new lodge at Biggar, Sask., Canada. A large increase is also reported by the lodge at Boston, Mass. The progress made in securing new schedules has been good. Recently agreements have been entered into which carry with them improved conditions, with the Norfolk and Western, the St. Louis Southwestern, known as the Cotton Belt, and Virginia Railway and the Houston Belt and Terminal Company. The Brotherhood will hold its next convention in Milwaukee, Wis., the second Tuesday in September, next, this having been decided by a referendum vote. The prospects are exceedingly flattering for a large increase in membership of the International during the coming season.

ORGANIZE GARAGE EMPLOYES.

New York City., April 25.—General Organizer Hugh Frayne, of New York, has just organized a promising nucleus of the men employed in the automobile garages in this city and a charter has been issued. There are between 4,000 and 5,000 men employed in this class of work, who now work from thirteen to fifteen hours a day, seven days a week, and receive from $11 to $12 a week.

CITY EMPLOYES GET RAISE.

Decatur, Ill., April 25.—Hereafter the employes of the city will work eight hours a day at a wage scale of $2.00. Heretofore the men have had to work ten hours a day. The city commissioners will also employ union labor exclusively on all city work.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION LABEL TRADES DEPT. COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 25, 1913.

Speaking literally, as well as figuratively, child labor is child murder.

The larger the wage by the "piece," the smaller the wage by the "whole."

In practice, "piece-work" and "part payment" are synonymous terms.

Even death itself may shortly have to give way to the trust as the "great leveler."

Every child sacrificed to the factory system is a potential rebel against all forms of industry.

It is rather unfortunate that the laws against infanticide were established before the crime of child labor had become an issue.

A working day that leaves no interval between work and sleep would reduce man to the state of the animal—that is, the draught animal.

It is paradoxical but true that were it not for the establishment of the minimum wage all wages would be down to the lowest possible point.

Reformers generally would succeed better if they were to give less attention to the effects of the strike and more to the causes thereof.

A strike always succeeds in proportion as it arouses thought, particularly on the part of those who are disposed to condemn it thoughtlessly.

The simple announcement that an article bears the union label is all the advertisement needed by the consumer who cares for principle as well as for price.

Some day our injunction judges will wake up and find the whole world in revolt against their assumption of superiority to all law, natural as well as statutory.

Gradgrind himself shines as a sentimentalist in comparison with the Southerner who insists that the children should be put in the factory instead of in the school.

Generally speaking, "respect for the rights of the third party," as that phrase is used in connection with strikes, implies disrespect for the rights of the other two parties.

The man who knows least about the strike talks loudest about its evils. The man who knows most about the strike most clearly perceives the "soul of good in things miscalled evil."

The efficacy of the labor aphorism depends not so much upon its literal truthfulness as upon the fact that the unbeliever must think to the extent of half a column or so in order to disprove it.

The compulsory arbitrationist who would have wages fixed by law probably flatters himself that he is ahead of his generation. In reality he is merely the re-embodied spirit of an age long past.

When reflecting upon the power of money it should be remembered that, after all, it can not be eaten. The producers of food, clothing, and shelter, constitute the power that dominates in the last event.

Take from man the right to quit work at his own pleasure, and you take from him that attribute which, next to the right to light itself, marks the difference between the human and the lower animal.

The tendency of trade unions, as of other bodies of men, to act upon sentiment rather than reason, would be more dangerous than it is, were it not for the intervention of that strongest of all forces, instinct.

Where the respective limits of any given trades are recognized there is no room for dispute regarding the jurisdiction of each. Any dispute that does occur in such case may be safely referred to extraneous causes.

In the sentimental view Chinese exclusion is regarded as a denial of the Brotherhood of Man; practically, however, it is but an application of the principle of self-preservation, which recognizes no question of lineage.

A GREAT "DIVIDE"

Communism is peculiarly attractive to some men. In most cases it appeals to the fellow who would like to adopt for his motto: "All yours is mine; all mine is my own."

Unquestionably there are noble features in connection with this social system. It has attracted some great minds. It has, however, almost invariably been a failure when put to a practical test. Where it has succeeded it has been due to a strong moral or religious sentiment.

Some reformers who advocate communism insist that Jesus Christ endorsed their system because it is said, in the Acts of the Apostles, with reference to the early church, that "neither said any of them that aught of the things which he possessed was his own, but they had all things common." They also declare that the frequent allusion to a "common" table in the history of the early church proves that this condition existed quite generally among these Christians. As a matter of fact, in most instances the reference is clealy to the "communion" table, which has to do purely with a religious service. It is true that during the earliest days of the church a form of communism was practiced. It is forgotten by those who interpret these scripture texts as teaching that communism is incumbent upon all men, that even during this almost ideal period when it was practiced by the early Christians, the church recognized the right of private property, as was manifested in the case of Ananias. When this man tried to deceive Peter by bringing only a part of the money which he had received for his property, declaring that it was the whole amount, the apostle said to him: "While it remained, was it not your own? And after it was sold, was it not in your own power? You were not under obligation to bring this money to me," thus plainly indicating that this was purely a voluntary arrangement.

Furthermore, those who entered into it were of "one heart and one soul;" it was limited to "they that believed"—namely, the Christians.

REV. CHARLES STELZLE.

BRICKLAYERS

Will Take Up the Question of Affiliation With the A. F. of L.

At the last convention of the Bricklayers, Masons, and Plasterers' International Union of America, held at St. Joseph, Mo., a resolution was adopted calling for a referendum vote of the subordinate locals as to their attitude toward affiliation with the American Federation of Labor.

There has been assembled recently a conference known as the Pacific Coast Conference of Bricklayers and Stonemasons, claiming for its territory the States of Washington, Idaho, Montana, Utah, Oregon, California, and the Canadian Provinces of British Columbia, having for its purpose the affiliation of the International Union with the American Federation of Labor, in order that they might bring about a closer relationship with the other building trades.

The referendum vote of the entire membership will be submitted within the next two months, and it is earnestly hoped that when this important question comes before the members of Locals No. 1 and 2 of the District of Columbia they will look at it in the proper light and realize that it is for the best interests of our craft that such a procedure be adopted.

Our International officers speak very favorably on the question of affiliation and are bending their efforts towards adding one more regiment of toilers to the grand army which makes up the great American labor movement. They realize that the combined efforts of all trades unionists are needed to give battle to the oppressors of the wage earner.

P. A. SUGRUE.

ASSIST FLOOD SUFFERERS.

The labor press throughout the country chronicles many instances of the organizations of labor contributing to assist the members of organized labor in the districts that were recently devastated by the floods. Among the large contributors was the Chicago Typographical Union, which gave $1,000 for the relief of the printers in the flood districts. The money was sent to the International Typographical Union to dispose of, together with other funds donated by local unions in other cities.

ELECTRICAL WORKERS WIN.

Decatur, Ill., April 25.—The electrical workers, after being on strike for three days, succeeded in securing an agreement with practically all the contractors and have returned to work. The new agreement provides for 40 cents an hour and is a substantial increase over the old scale.

MACHINISTS GET INCREASE.

Birmingham, Ala., April 25.—The Bessemer Foundry and Machine Company has granted to the machinists in its employ an increase of 1 cent an hour, making the scale 40 cents. Union labor is exclusively employed in every department of the plant.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Titus Ellis, well known to most of the members of the union, was in front of the Temple Sunday afternoon shaking hands and renewing old acquaintance. He has been seriously ill during the past winter, but is rapidly improving and expects soon to be in his old-time condition. His many friends in the union give him their best wishes for his complete recovery.

Our old-time office mate, who was formerly chairman of the Law Reporter chapel, now of Baltimore, but filling an engagement as "temporary" at the G. P. O., favored us with a pleasant call a few days ago.

Geo. P. Hickman is another old-timer (he learned his trade with us) who was in to shake hands and renew pleasant associations. I like to speak well of George, because, in addition to being a good fellow and pleasant companion generally, he reads THE TRADES UNIONIST and invariably votes for me when I run for office.

Get your ascension robes ready; likewise put your worldly, also heavenly, matters in order if you live in Washington—or move out. The whole business is going to be shook up, wound up, knocked out, and destroyed by an earthquake. Not just now, but soon. Not a vestige is to be left of the now proud and beautiful city. This highly important announcement was made a few days since by Rev. W. H. Snyder, of Elyria, Ohio, who journeyed all the way to Washington to inform President Wilson, his cabinet, and other high dignitaries, so that they might move out in time to escape this awful catastrophe. The reverend gentleman said he was not sure of the exact date of the earthquake, but he was going to leave Washington immediately, "so as not to get caught." Of course, this all came to him in a vision, and—well, you have had "due and timely warning" and must "govern yourself accordingly."

A short but interesting talk was given at last Sunday's union meeting by Congressman Johnson, of Washington State, who, although an employer, carries his union card with him. He was formerly police reporter on a Washington paper, but threw up the job and went West to "grow up with the country," but the people out there evidently appreciate a good thing when they see it and sent him back to Washington, D. C., to help repeal some bad old laws and substitute some that are more up to date with the progress of the times. He will ever be welcome to the meetings of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101, and I am not sure, but it may be, if he stays along for a time, we may adopt him and make him one of us.

Oliver J. Moore, apprentice in this chapel, lost no time in making application for apprentice membership in the union, and was elected and initiated at last Sunday's meeting of the union. He informs me that he will take the course in the I. T. U. Correspondence School, and hopes thereby to graduate at the end of his apprenticeship as a first-class "all-round" printer. And it is my opinion that he will succeed in that undertaking.

Chairman Jas. B. Sullivan has the sympathy of our entire force in the affliction that came to him on Saturday morning last in the sudden death of his brother, John Leo Sullivan, from hemorrhages. Although he had been ill for several months, the suddenness of his death came as a shock to his relatives and many friends. The funeral services were held from his late residence, 508 First Street, S. E., at 9.30 Monday morning. Requiem mass at St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS

Through the efforts of B. H. Reed, of the contract committee, two more firms have signed up with the Union. They are: Mt. Rocky Dairy in the southwest and Our Farm Dairy in the northeast sections of the city.

The report of the General Secretary-Treasurer of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Indianapolis, Ind., with which the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union of this city is affiliated, shows a balance of nearly ninety thousand dollars in the treasury

Grant O. Wallace president of the Bakery Salesmens Union in its early days, was a visitor at the last meeting of the milk wagon drivers. In an appropriate manner he told the members of some of the struggles of Local 33 for some time after its organization.

When you see a barber shop proudly displaying the sign "Open Sundays," stay away from it not only on the day of rest but on all other days, until the proprietor realizes that depriving the toilers of a much needed rest after a long and hard day's work on Saturday is nothing to be proud of.

The driver who starts his team with a welt from his whip instead of a quiet order to go ahead generally has a brain less cultivated than the horse he whips. No man who possesses the slightest bit of feeling, and is able to do a little thinking, would thus unnecessarily abuse a poor, dumb brute. He ought himself to be given a cut or two with the whip.—Official Magazine, I. B. of T.

FRED W. FOX.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

The regular quarterly meeting of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association will be held at Typographical Temple on Sunday, April 27, 1913. All members should be certain to attend.

* * *

Mr. R. A. Julian, an esteemed member of Columbia Union, has the sympathy of a host of friends in a recent severe bereavement—the death of his estimable wife, which occurred in this city on April 16, 1913. Mrs. Julian was a woman of rare qualities, and in the passing away of such a splendid and helpful and useful neighbor and friend there is left a vacancy hard indeed to fill. She was especially active in the Woman's Auxiliary of Columbia Union (of which she was one of the founders), the Maccabees, and the Order of the Eastern Star. "To live in hearts we leave behind is not to die."

* * *

Frank E. Wright, an esteemed friend of this writer, and until some months ago a proof reader in the Government Printing Office, is well pleased with Seattle, Wash. A note received from him a few days since will, I am sure, interest many printers hereabouts, and I take pleasure in quoting it:

"I am now working on the Seattle Times, running a machine. Sheriff, Lindberg, and I are all there. The Times was completely burned out two months ago, but now has a better plant than ever—19 mergs. and slug caster just out of factory, metal cabinets, and everything up to date; best plant west of Chicago.

"Had a good chat with Ennis" [formerly of the G. P. O.] "a few days ago. He is doing well.

"My house will be done June 1. We will have a nice home, two blocks from the State University campus.

"Regards to all the boys.

"I read your column in the Typographical Journal with a great deal of interest. Keep it up."

* * *

A good friend indeed of the printerman Congressman Victor Murdock, of Kansas, seems to be. In the House of Representatives a few days since he spoke in favor of a proposition to publish the complete election expense accounts of all members of Congress. Such a publication, it was estimated by one of the Congressmen of a statistical turn, would make four times as many printed pages as Webster's largest dictionary, or at least thirty volumes of large Government document size. Send 'em on, Brother Murdock; the greatest print shop in the world has the men, the mergs., and the presses. Besides, I imagine some of them would be mighty interesting reading.

* * *

Mr. C. H. Kirger, a traveling representative of the Monotype Machine Company, who is known to many printers throughout the country, was a recent Washington visitor, stopping with his old friend, John M. Barr, of the monotype keyboard section of the Government Printing Office. Being a good union man, Mr. Kirger was an interested visitor at the April meeting of Columbia Union.

* * *

The coming entertainment (on the evening of April 29, 1913) of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association, is a function which ought to be attended by every printer who can possibly go. It will be an evening well spent, for the entertainment (from 8 to 10) will be of a high class, and the dance (from 10 to 12) a pleasing feature for those who indulge in that pastime. The proceeds will be used for the benefit of the printer baseball club's trip to Pittsburgh next August and for the general (and commendable) object of the association—the encouragement of outdoor sports and games among printers. Tickets are but 25 cents, and even if your engagements prevent your presence you can at least contribute that much to a cause so worthy. National Rifles Hall is the place and April 29 the date. Be on hand.

* * *

Last Sunday's meeting of Columbia Typographical Union was a red-letter affair in various respects. Candidates for all the offices were nominated, from president down to sergeant-at-arms—all to succeed themselves and not one having opposition. Mr. Johnson, the card-carrying union printer Congressman from the second district of the State of Washington, made a pleasing address, which was much enjoyed and so printer-like that not a few members thought he ought to have participated in the nominating speeches. Johnson, by the way, bears such a striking resemblance to Victor Murdock that quite a number of members looked for him to start something of a real insurgent flavor, but he didn't.

The candidates nominated to succeed themselves are: John B. Dickman, president; Eugene F. Smith, vice-president; Geo. G. Seibold, secretary; Jerome V. Johnson, treasurer; Joseph C. Whyte, trustee; L. C. Stoops, doorkeeper; Eugene Conner, sergeant-at-arms; [Geo. H. Ball, L. C. Vogt, and C. W. Radley, auditors. In the delegate race there is, of course, opposition. Four are to be elected—three from the Government Printing Office and one from down town. R. E. Sanders (Post) and Joseph B. Skelly (Times) are the candidates down town, while those from the Government Printing Office are Messrs. Colton (day proof room), Holland (monotype keyboard, night) Klinknett (monotype keyboard, night), Long, (lino, night), Nevils (lino, night), Serrano (night proof room), Sheriff (lino, night), and Sherman (specification division).

W. N. BROCKWELL.

CHILD LABOR EXHIBIT

There will be held in this city, from May 2 to May 9, a Child Labor Exhibit, under the auspices of the Children's Council of Washington, connected with the National Child Labor Committee.

This exhibit will be shown in all the principal cities in the country, and should be attended by every one interested in the question of Child Labor. Different days will be set apart for various societies, and to organized labor of the District has been given Sunday, May 4, from 2 to 5 o'clock, and it is hoped by those in charge of this work that the trades unionists will make this the banner day as to attendance.

The exhibit will be held in the vacant store at 1316 F Street, N. W. Cities that have seen the exhibit pronounce it the most conclusive argument yet presented against child labor.

The exhibit will consist of many interesting photographs of children at work in factories, mines, workshops, canneries, and also of children engaged in street trades.

Stereoptican lectures each day at 11 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Don't fail to attend this exhibit. There can be no excuse for a member of organized labor for not attending, as the hours, from 2 to 5 on Sunday, have been set apart for their especial benefit.

CARPENTERS GET INCREASE.

Birmingham, Ala., April 25.—The demand of the carpenters' union for a scale of 52½ cents per hour is in effect. Practically all contractors have signed the agreement. It was only necessary for a few men to take a few days' vacation, which could not be deservedly called a strike. This result was brought about by a thorough organization of the carpenters, added to the fact that the building trades are well organized.

PAINTERS' SCALE GOES UP.

Peoria, Ill., April 25.—The new wage scale of the painters' local union has gone into effect. A large majority of the shops have signified their willingness to run union shops. Some few, however, are still holding out, but the prospects are good for the entire situation to be cleaned up within a short time. The old scale was 45 cents an hour, and the painters demanded a 5 cent increase, making the present scale 50 cents.

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PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

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When I think of the towel,
The old-fashioned towel,
That used to hang up near the printing-house door,
I can think of nobody,
In these days of shoddy,
That could hammer out iron to wear as it wore.

The "devil" who used it,
The tramp who abused it,
The "comp" who got at it when these two were gone,
The make-up and foreman,
The editor (poor man!),
Each rubbed some grime off while they put a heap on.

In, over, and under,
It was blacker than thunder,
Harder than poverty, rougher than sin;
On the roller suspended,
It never was bended,
And flapped on the wall like a banner of tin.

It grew harder and rougher,
And blacker and tougher,
And daily took on a more inkier hue,
Until one windy morning,
Without any warning,
It fell on the floor and was broken in two.

—*Floater.*

Credit taken from one and applied to another is a species of skin grafting easily detected.

It is hardly necessary to call for a rising vote on the year-round proposition for a Saturday half holiday.

Whether to endure the wrongs we have or to apply the Osler treatment to the end seat hog—that's the question.

There is always some one to lend a helping hand, as when the coal man lets go to give the ice man a chance.

An indication of business confidence and thrift is seen in the extra number of straps recently provided for the accommodation of street car patrons.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William H. Kuebler, probationary electrotype finisher.

Frank J. Harvey, temporary pressman.

Raymond H. Lecraw and John T. Morsell, probationary compositors.

William A. White and Robert I. Richardson, probationary messenger boys.

Howard H. Early, temporary messenger boy.

Augustus E. Sullivan, Emory P. Haslup, and Carson B. Thomas, probationary skilled laborers.

Herman Adolph, temporary skilled laborer.

George Clark and Richard W. Small, unskilled laborers.

Separations.

John H. Hebner, electrotype molder, resigned.

William C. F. Waller, linotype operator, resigned.

Edward D. McKenna, Samuel W. Taylor, Joseph I. Keefer, Milton C. Foss, William E. H. Chase, Henry T. McGowan, John C. Reddy, John H. Smith, Robert W. Parker, Henry M. Webb, Lancelot H. Patterson, J. Fred Roxbrough, Jocob R. Smeltzer, John E. Wayson, temporary compositors, dropped.

Joseph Silverberg, temporary compositor, resigned.

Jarvis B. Moulden, compositor resigned.

Miss Mary L. Conklin, probationary skilled laborer, resigned.

Miss Jennie H. Everhart, machine operator, resigned.

Peter R. Lee and Henry W. Glover, skilled laborers, resigned.

Woody M. Robertson, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Robert I. Richardson, temporary messenger boy, dropped.

Peter A. Smith, unskilled laborer resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Thomas H. Graves and Chas. Amann, knife grinders, 45 cents ph.; Daniel N. Klapp, copy editor, 65 cents ph.; William E. Wise, clerk, $4.80 pd.; Peter R. Lee, foundry section; William A. White, messenger boy, $1.20 pd., computing division; James I. Esterly and George A. Johnson, ruling and sewing section; William A. Fogarty, Mrs. Lillie E. Crist, Miss Lydia Hering, Mrs. Virgie Langley, Mrs. Estelle V. McKenna, Mrs. Bessie C. Gonio, Mrs. Jennie Lusby, Aloysius F. Burns, Daniel A. Forrest, J. Manning Kingsbury, Frederick Randall, and Willis W. Washington, press division, day to intermediate; Arthur C. Brooks, foundry section; Robert I. Richardson, office of superintendent of work; John J. Higgins, proof reader 60 cents ph proof section; John W. Haslett, forwarding and finishing section; Charles S. Willis, office of foreman of binding; Miss Marie Burgy, press division; Miss Harriet J. Terry, War and Navy section; Mrs. Flora W. C. Plumb, skilled laborer, 25 cents ph ruling and sewing section; Arthur H. Rossall and Benjamin F. Durr, copy editors, 65 cents ph departmental detail roll; James W. Wynn, pamphlet binding section.

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 chird at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, No. 10: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. E. Allison, 1117 6th street northeast.

Steamfitters' Helpers: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Thos. F. Flanagan, 45 H street N.W

Stone Masoar, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 245 15th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

TELEPHONE GIRLS WIN.

Boston, Mass., April 25.—A strike of 2,200 telephone operators in the fifty-four exchanges of this city, which was threatened, has been averted by a compromise agreement. Instead of the weekly wage increase of $1, which the union demanded, the agreement provides for the establishing by the company of a plan of anniversary payments—that is, payments are to be $25 at the end of the second year, $50 each year up to nine years, and $100 at the end of the tenth year. The so-called "split-trick," abolition of which was demanded, will not be compulsory upon any operator after eighteen months in the service. The lunch period will be lengthened, and the girls will have the maximum number of holidays and afternoons off, consistent with the service requirements. The agreement also provides for an adjustment committee to consider all grievances.

EL PASO CARPENTERS' STRIKE.

El Paso, Tex., April 25.—A portion of the Carpenters' Union of this city is on strike for a slightly advanced wage scale. The union carpenters of El Paso number over 400, and the majority of the contractors are paying the new scale, the strike in progress being against those contractors who refused to accede to the slight demand made. The prospects are bright for winning the contest, as the carpenters have a good organization.

WOODWORKERS GET RAISE.

Chicago, Ill., April 25.—Over 4,000 woodworkers in eighty-three sash, door, blind, and interior finish factories in Cook County have received an advance of 1 cent per hour. Another concession given the woodworkers is the Saturday half-holiday for six months in the year instead of three months. The agreement for sixty-eight of the factories was made by the Mill and Lumber Association, the other fifteen factories being independent. This organization of woodworkers is attached to the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

KANSAS CITY PAINTERS.

Kansas City, Mo., April 25.—About 400 union painters went on strike April 1. The painting contractors, who are members of the Master Painters' Association, refused to accede to the demand for a new wage scale of 60 cents per hour. A few independent contractors have signed. For the past two years the wage scale has been 50 cents an hour, and the painters decided they were entitled to an increase. The Sign Writers' union, however, is not involved in this contest.

"BRICKS" ADD $1 A DAY.

Fort Worth, Tex., April 25.—The Bricklayers' and Masons' Union of this State put into effect their $1 a day raise in wages on the first of April. This advance makes the wage scale of the "bricks" $7 per day. The bricklayers in this State are thoroughly organized as a result of steady and persistent work. The State organization has gathered practically all the nonunion bricklayers into the fold.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 45 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

DUAL UNION LOSES SUIT

Injunction Against the Amalgamated Association Was Dismissed.

Recently the Philadelphia Trades Union News contained this item: Judge Carr, in Common Pleas Court, No. 4, dismissed the injunction suit brought by the faction of local carmen headed by C. O. Pratt against the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes of America. In the fall of 1911, Division No. 477 split on the question of the eligibility of Pratt to hold office. His followers asked for a restraining order to enjoin representatives of the Amalgamated from taking over the property of the local. In his adjudication, Judge Carr refers to the charges of the complainants that the Amalgamated in its attitude and actions toward Division No. 477 had violated the principles of the organization, and then points to what the court considers an ample explanation of the whole affair. The respondents declared that the secession of the complainants was antagonistic to the welfare of the whole order. They also showed the court that the majority of the local was not with the complainants in the fight. "Proofs amply sustain the answer," says Judge Carr, "and inasmuch as the complainants have formed another association disconnected from Division No. 477, and also from the Amalgamated, they have divested themselves of all standing and control, and cannot intervene with an equity suit."

CARPENTERS PROGRESS

Report Given Out Shows Successful Trade Movements For the Month of March.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 2.—Secretary Frank Duffy, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, has just given out the following report of successful trade movements, covering the month of March: Thompsonville, Conn., has secured 3 cents per hour increase and Saturday half holiday; Wellsburg, W. Va., increase from $3.25 to $3.75 per day; Danville, Ill., 5 cents per hour increase; Norristown, Pa., 5 cents per hour increase; La Fayette, Ind., increase from 40 to 45 cents per hour; Calesburg, Ill., increase from 50 to 55 cents per hour; Niagara Falls, N. Y., 5 cents per hour increase for outside carpenters; Scranton, Pa., 5 cents per hour increase; Wilkesbarre, Pa., 5 cents per hour increase; Steubenville, Ohio, 50 cents per day increase; Ottawa, Ill., 3 cents per hour increase, Champaign, Ill., 5 cents per hour increase. These increases were all secured without strike, except Ottawa, Ill., where a strike occurred, lasting only a few day. Strikes are now on in Halifax, Nova Scotia; Newport, R. I.; Birmingham, Ala. (lockout); Muscatine, Iowa, and Pittston, Pa., the organization in these places being in splendid shape and are almost certain of a speedy victory.

FOREIGN EMBASSY PROTESTS.

New York City, May 2.—Gov. Sulzer has been comunicated with by the State Department of the United States in reference to the shooting of some Italian laborers in Auburn, N. Y., where a strike has been and is in progress at the present time. The Italian royal agent who investigated the trouble at Auburn reported to the Italian Embassy that the conditions of the Italian laborers "are wretched," and adds that these laborers formed a union and the leaders were immediately discharged, and upon a demand made to reinstate them not being complied with a strike followed. The Italian representative also states that the shooting of the Italians by the police was not justified, and that the Mayor of Auburn offered no explanation to justify the action of the police. Gov. Sulzer has directed the State Labor Commissioner to make an investigation and has further set the entire State machinery in motion for the purpose of getting at the actual facts in the case.

APPOINTS MITCHELL.

Albany, May 2.—Gov. Sulzer on April 22 sent the name of John Mitchell to the Senate, asking his confirmation as Commissioner of Labor for the State. "Mitchell is a worldman," asserted Mr. Sulzer, "who has a great heart and a great head. I am satisfied that Mr. Mitchell's appointment will give hope to the toilers and restore confidence between employers and employes and go far to prevent industrial disturbances in the future. Mr. Mitchell did not want the office. I pleaded with him to take it. Just as the office of Highways Commissioner sought Mr. Carlisle, so the office of Commissioner of Labor sought Mr. Mitchell."

MACHINISTS GROWING.

According to a report issued by the International Association of Machinists, there were organized thirty-seven lodges during the months of January, February, and March, with an increased membership approximating 4,500 members. It is asserted that if this percentage of increase continues, the year 1913 will be the best in the history of the organization.

COAST IMMIGRATION MEET

A Conference Was Held For the Purpose of Discussing the Welfare of Immigrants.

San Francisco, Cal., May 2.—There was held a conference in this city on April 14 and 15 for the purpose of discussing the question of immigration. This question is concerning the people of the coast, and much apprehension is felt that when the Panama Canal is opened a tremendous flood of immigrants will be poured into the coast and contiguous States. The problem is not a new one to the Pacific Coast, but with the opening of the great waterway the Western coast will be of much easier access to steamship companies engaged in the immigrant-carrying business. The conference did not evolve any definite plans, save that resolutions were adopted urging legislation by the States providing for immigration commissions, whereby means could be provided for the location of immigrants in the rural sections, and suggesting the adoption of educational methods designed to educate the newcomers for the duties of citizenship. The consensus of opinion favored a policy of protecting the immigrants against exploitation by employers, padrones, landlords, or other interests, leaving the economic phase of the subject to be dealt with at some future time. Walter Macarthur, editor of the Coast Seamen's Journal, was one of the prominent attendants at this conference.

GAIN $5,000,000 INCREASE

Miners Secure Large Increase in Wages Also Large Gain in Membership.

Pittston, Pa., May 2.—The first year of the present agreement between the anthracite miners and the operators expired April 1, and is to continue three years longer. To date the agreement has brought the 180,000 mine workers of the anthracite field an advance in wages conservatively estimated to be more than $5,000,000. Together with securing to the mine workers this large increase in wages, the agreement also resulted in giving the miners' union the greatest membership that it has ever had in the anthracite belt. The present membership of District No. 1 the most prominent of the three anthracite districts, and which has headquarters in Scranton, Pa., is now above the 60,000 mark. Upon the inauguration of this agreement in 1912 there were not more than 15,000 mine workers in the union in District No. 1. District No. 7 has now 20,000 members, and District No. 9 has 50,000 members, making an aggregate membership in the three districts of 130,000 union workers, which is a large increase in membership, and is 40,000 more than the organization has ever had upon its membership rolls in these districts.

AGREE WITH GOVERNOR.

Charleston, W. Va., May 2.—The coal operators of Kanawha County have accepted Gov. Hatfield's proposal for the settlement of the strike. The miners' representatives have not made known their position as yet. Gov. Hatfield's recommendations provide for a nine-hour day, a semi-monthly pay day, and check weighmen, where the majority of the miners so desire, and the matter of discrimination to be taken up in a conference. The miners, by the Governor's proposal, are to be allowed to purchase supplies wherever they please. Much surprise was expressed that the Paint and Cabin Creek operators accepted the suggestion of the Governor. The strike of the miners has cost the State over $500,000, but the loss to the operators cannot be accurately estimated, but is known to be extremely heavy.

DISTRICT CHILD LABOR BILL.

A bill for the regulation of child labor in the District of Columbia, introduced in the Senate by Senator Williams of Mississippi. The bill aims particularly to safeguard children from employment in factories and other places where there may be danger from machinery or from unhealthy conditions. The health officer of the District, in the proposed law, is given power to pass upon other employment for children not already forbidden by the proposed law. If he finds the employment unhealthy or dangerous the children are to be prohibited from accepting it.

PAINTERS GET INCREASE.

Westfield, Mass., May 2.—The new schedule of the Painters' Union has gone into effect, a short strike having secured the new conditions. The agreement which has been signed by the contractors calls for a term of two years and a wage of $20, with a forty-four-hour week.

VOTES FOR CITY OWNERSHIP.

According to press reports, the fight in Detroit for municipal ownership of the street car system has been won. It is stated that approximately 80 per cent of the entire vote of the city was in favor of the city taking over the corporation.

IMMIGRATION CONFERENCE

The Object is to Inaugurate Some Plan to Combat With Hostile Employers.

Portland, Oreg., May 2.—The Central Labor Council, of this city, as the result of the recommendation of a committee, have issued a call for a conference of delegates from Central Bodies in Washington, California, Oregon, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Nevada, Arizona, Colorado, and the Canadian province of British Columbia. The object of the conference is to inaugurate some plan to combat the efforts of hostile employers and the steamship companies from flooding the Western territory with immigrants upon the opening of the Panama Canal. The date set for the meeting is June 5. At the instance of the Central Labor Council a letter has also been sent to the transport workers' unions of Europe seeking information, as well as giving a brief resume of the labor conditions of the western slope, and urging co-operation to the end that foreign workmen be not made the prey of designing employers and steamship companies.

TRY TO DELUDE WORKMEN

Carpenters Fighting Certain Firms For the Purpose of Securing a Living Wage.

Quincy, Ill., May 2.—The Brotherhood of Carpenters in this city has for a long time been fighting certain firms for the purpose of establishing a living wage. A number of the factories manufacturing show cases and goods of that character have signed agreements with the union, but all of the factories have not conceded the union scale. Those factories who are actively opposing the union are having great difficulty in securing competent workmen. Recently the Knittle Show Case Works induced workmen in Chicago to come to this city to accept employment, with the positive assurance that no labor trouble was in progress. Upon arriving in this city, however, a number of these men learned, of course, that a strike was in progress and refused to accept employment. The firm mentioned is experiencing much difficulty in operating its plant.

RESULT OF AKRON STRIKE.

Akron, Ohio, May 2.—The organizing movement in this city, which started with the rubber workers and which precipitated a strike, has had a most salutary influence among the other trades, and good results have been obtained. The molders have secured an increase in wages from $2.10 to $2.40, with an increase in membership of nearly 100. The carpenters have increased their membership by over fifty, and the street carmen have added a similar number. The machinists have more than doubled their membership, and the patternmakers have had a substantial increase, with the plumbers also securing an increased membership. A new union of teamsters has been organized. The printers have also secured an advance in wages, with better working conditions. In fact, there is more interest being manifested in organization work in this city than ever before in the history of the movement.

SPECIAL CONVENTION CALLED.

New York, May 2.—The general executive board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union has called a special convention to convene May 1 for the purpose of discussing the advisability of adopting a "protocol label" jointly with the several manufacturers' associations. In the protocol now recognized by the organization and the waist and dress manufacturers it is provided that a joint label shall be adopted. This fact makes it necessary for the international to take definite action, which will be done at the special convention.

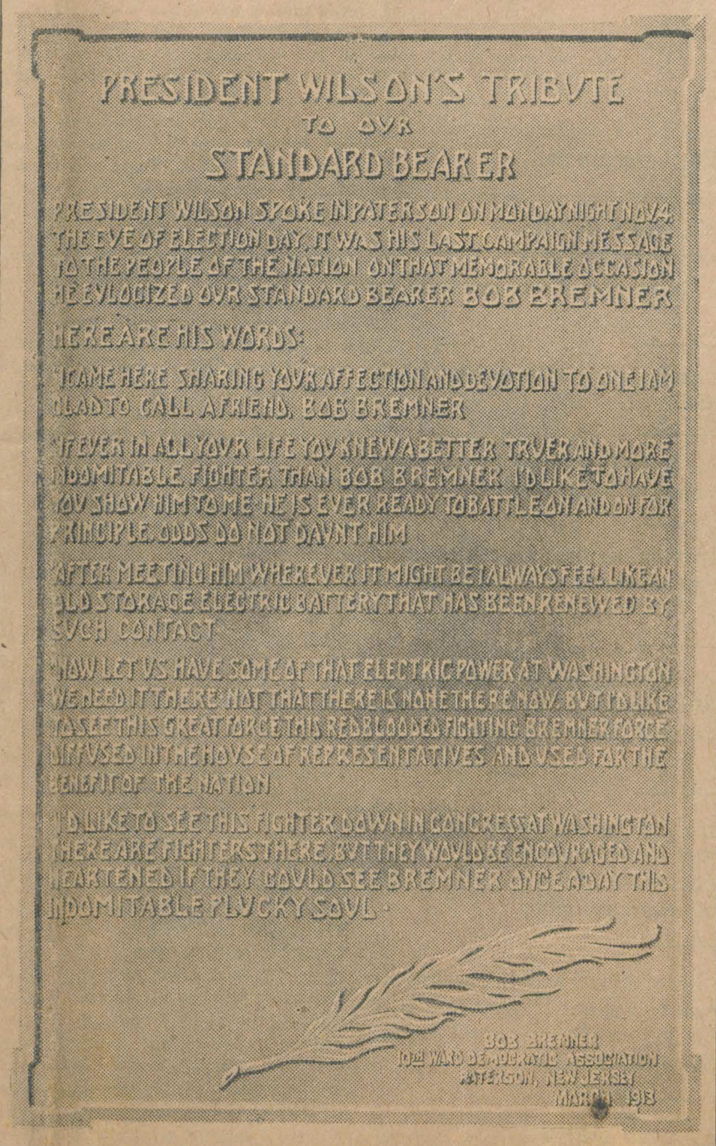
PAINTERS GET AGREEMENT.

Holyoke, Mass., May 2.—The Painters' Union in this city has been successful in securing an increased wage scale. The new agreement is for two years and carries a wage of 45½ cents per hour and a forty-four-hour week. This makes the wage rate for the next two years $20.02 per week. It is provided also that no painter or contractor can secure a union contractor's card unless the employes are insured under the workmen's compensation act. This is for the purpose of protecting the employes and making it obligatory upon the employers to provide protection under the laws of the State.

FOR RAILROAD EMPLOYES.

Believing existing laws to protect railway employes and limit the hours of labor are being violated by the transportation companies and that this may be due to the impracticability of its strict enforcement, Senator Kenyon has introduced a bill amending the act of March 4, 1907, so as to make it obligatory that all railway employes shall have twenty-four hours consecutively off duty in every period of 168 hours.

FACSIMILE OF BRONZE TABLET WITH TRIBUTE OF PRESIDENT WILSON PRESENTED TO CONGRESSMAN ROBERT G. BREMNER.



The above is a reproduction of a bronze tablet presented to Robert G. Bremner, Congressman from the Seventh District of New Jersey, on Saturday, April 26, at Paterson, N. J. Mr. Bremner comes from the congressional district that was represented by Senator Hughes. He is a close personal friend of the Senator, and his beliefs as to labor measures are identically the same, being in sympathy with the aims and objects of organized labor. "Bob" Bremner, as he is familiarly known to the residents of Paterson, went there as a reporter for a daily paper, and later he started the Passaic Daily Herald, of which he is the editor, and which paper is the leading daily of the city. His paper was the first one to be thoroughly unionized in the city, and the allied printing trades label can be seen on its editorial page. Through his influence as editor he has aided in the formation of many of the local trade unions of Passaic. He has always been their stanch defender with his voice and pen, and the columns of his paper have always advocated the cause of the toilers. While "Bob" is new to his present position it will not be long before he will be heard from in the Halls of Congress, and the trades unionists will find in him an able defender of labor measures and a worthy successor to their champion, "Billy" Hughes.

DECLARED UNREASONABLE.

Springfield, Ill., May 2.—The Supreme Court of Illinois held, in the case of People vs. Schenck, that the Illinois act of July 1, 1911, providing that no person should be employed to operate emery wheels used as buffs in any basement or in any room lying wholly or partly beneath the surface of the ground, was unconstitutional, on the ground that the classification was unreasonable because as the purpose of the act was to protect workmen from occupational diseases, it was obvious that a basement room might be amply lighted and ventilated and might thus be a more healthful place to work in than a small, poorly ventilated room above the surface.

MINERS GET CONCESSIONS.

Crosby, Minn., May 2.—The strike of the iron ore miners on the Cuyuna range is ended. At a recent meeting held between representatives of the strikers and the mine owners the companies made a number of concessions, and the miners agreed to return to work.

TO CARRY OUT AMENDMENT.

Representative Bryan has introduced a bill providing a method for choosing United States Senators by popular election. The proposed law would apply in the various States until the Legislatures provide by law the manner in which Senators shall be elected.

SERVED THEM RIGHT.

St. Louis, Mo., May 2.—Eleven members of the St. Louis Board of Education have been fined $300 each in the Circuit Court, for failure to equip three school buildings with fire escapes. The members were released on bonds pending appeals.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY DECISION

Albany, N. Y., May 2.—The appellate division of the New York Supreme Court for the First Department held, in the case of Felcin vs. Society of the New York Hospital, that a notice of accident was sufficient under the employers' liability law of the State which designated the time and place of the accident and pointed out a defective laundry wringing machine at which the plaintiff was working, and in which his arm was caught, as the cause of the injury, and specified the negligence of the employer in failing to furnish him with reasonably safe apparatus and machinery with which to work, and reasonably to inspect and safeguard the same.

INVOKE ANTI-GAG ACT.

Acting under the anti-gag law, which was passed during the Sixty-second Congress, Oscar F. Nelson, of Chicago, president of the National Association of Post-office Clerks, has filed charges against the postmaster at Oakland, Cal. This is the first instance where the anti-gag law has been invoked as a cause of action against a government official. The charges deal directly with a case of a clerk in the Oakland postoffice, who was dismissed for promoting the local organization there.

FOR GOVERNMENT CONTROL.

In a bill introduced by Representative Reilly, a consolidation of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Postoffice Department is proposed, with the object in view of giving the latter department complete control of all transportation facilities in the United States. The government, under the proposed law, is to lease the railroads and guarantee the payment of regular dividends to the owners.

FIGHTING FULL CREW BILL

Railroad Corporations Resort to Every Tactic to Prevent the Passage of This Bill.

St. Paul, May 2.—The railroad corporations of Minnesota are resorting to every tactic known to prevent the passage of the full crew bill now before the Legislature. The members of the Legislature are disposed to pass the bill requiring railroads to fully man their long trains. The railroads, of course, object to this law upon the theory that the increased cost is a hardship to the railroads. The management of these transportation lines are urging business men and commercial organizations to use their influence against the passage of the bill, and the foremen of railroad yards are endeavoring to secure the signatures of yard men in a protest against the enactment of the law. As a matter of fact, employes of the railroad companies have been informed that if they refuse to sign a protest against the passage of this law they will be denied passes over the road. A large number of employes have signed the protest, but have done so because of coercion.

LEGISLATIVE RESULTS

An Eight-hour Law Was Passed Covering Labor on All Public Work.

Austin, Texas, May 2.—The Texas Legislature, just adjourned, adopted the resolution submitting to the vote of the people the initiative and referendum, and it will be voted upon at the next election. An eight-hour law was passed covering labor on all public work, city, county, or State. A workmen's compensation law was passed, and while it is not considered to be efficient, yet the precedent has been established, forming a basis to develop sufficient sentiment to amend the law at its weak points. The fifty-four-hour week for women was bitterly fought by all interests, but the labor organizations of the State were successful in securing its enactment. A home rule bill was also passed to put into operation a constitutional amendment which was adopted at the last election, permitting cities to buy public utilities and issue bonds against them instead of raising the purchase price by taxation.

NEW LABOR LYCEUM.

Newark, N. J., May 2.—Exercises were recently held at the opening of the new Labor Lyceum, which is to be the home of the Essex Trades Council and the unions of this city. The building is a two-story structure constructed of brick, with limestone trimmings, the interior being divided into halls and other convenient rooms. The appointments are modern and the furnishings in keeping with the appearance of the structure. Seven years ago plans were inaugurated looking to the erection of a new labor temple. Sufficient interest was created to establish the nucleus of a fund for building purposes, individuals, labor unions, and progressive societies contributing. The membership of the organizations in this city are gratified in that they have now a home of their own.

ENGINEERS IN CONVENTION.

Jacksonville, Fla., May 2. — Delegates from practically every State in the Union, and from many parts of Canada and Mexico, are in attendance at the annual convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The conference of the general chairmen of the Brotherhood occupied the first two days. Arrangements have been made, immediately following adjournment, for an opportunity for the delegates to visit Havana and other Cuban ports, embarking from Key West. There are approximately 1,000 locomotive engineers at the convention, either as delegates or visitors.

METAL TRADES DEPARTMENT.

President O'Connell, of the Metal Trades department, in speaking of the Erie (Pa.) campaign, stated the new organizations consist of the boilermakers, blacksmiths, building laborers, electricians, engineers, foundry employes, lathers, sheet metal workers, teamsters, and rubber workers. The aggregate membership of these new organizations reach 1,700. In addition to this there has been an increase in membership in the established organizations exceeding 2,000 members.

BRICKLAYERS GET INCREASE.

Springfield, Mass., May 2.—The Bricklayers' Union has succeeded in securing an increased wage. The increase is 5 cents an hour, making the present scale 65 cents. No difficulty was experienced in securing the increase.

PASSES MOTHERS' PENSION.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 2.—The Legislature has passed the mothers' pension bill, and it is now before the Governor for his approval or disapproval.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMES PRINTERS TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 2, 1913.

You say you are a union man. Why not show your faith by your works?

The man who opposes Chinese exclusion is interesting chiefly as the exception that proves the rule.

The success of any civilization is to be measured by the comfort of its workers, not by the affluence of its drones.

As a tree is strengthened by pruning, so the labor movement may be improved by cutting out those elements that properly belong in some other movement.

The Daniel who should come to judgment on the contract between a trade union and a corporation would find that, according to the latter's construction, there is more than a pound of flesh nominated in the bond.

Remember, there are thousands of loyal, honest craftsmen ready and willing to extend the hand of brotherhood and to help you in every possible way, the moment you show yourself worthy of their aid by joining the ranks of organized labor.

Any business that cannot pay its employees living wages has no right to be in business and should be put out of business. However, the quickest and safest way is to join the union and demand your rights. You will never get them until you do.

If one body of men have a right to quit work to compel a necessary improvement in the conditions of their lives, no other body of men can have a right to take their places. The court of morals takes no cognizance of the right to scab.

The objection to compulsory arbitration lies not so much in the fear of injustice as in the dislike of being forced to accept even justice at the hands of the government. We prefer the injustice of our own making to the justice of an assumed master.

A VOICE FROM THE PAST

I am interested in the labor question—not simply because of the long hours of labor, not simply because of the oppression of a class, but I look not upon Christendom, with its 300,000,000 of people, and I see that out of this number 100,000,000 never have enough to eat. Give a hundred men good wages and eight hours' work, and ninety-nine of them will disdain to steal. Give a hundred women a chance to get a good living, and ninety-nine of them will disdain to barter their virtue for gold. Now, I say that the social civilzation which condemns men to be below the average in the nourishment God prepared for them didn't come from above. It came from below, and the sooner it goes down the better.—*Wendell Phillips.*

THE TRUE UNIONIST

Each working man and woman has an opportunity to vote for the union many times in every day of their lives. The mere fact of having joined a union is not sufficient. The mental attitude toward it all the time and every day is more important. The uncompromising union member, stanch and true to his cause under any and all conditions and before any and all people, is a tower of strength to the movement. Speaking well of the union to daily associates, whether fellow workmen or others, heightens the union and the member in the respect of all hearers. These are only a few of the forms in which the union member may vote for the union many times every day of his life, and it is this kind of support that the union needs and, receiving which, will return most of benefit to its members.

WHEN IS A UNION MAN---NOT

When he becomes a general knocker to all acts of his union.

When he attempts to use the union to promote his own personal and private benefit.

When he buys non-union goods without attempting to get union goods.

When you can hear him say: "I for the life of me would like to know where all the money goes that we have to give up to that bunch up there."

When you can hear him say "The union never got anything for me; I always had good wages before I ever came in the union."

When he fights with his boss, loses his job through his own fault, then runs to the union and attempts to use it as a cat's paw to retaliate.

He is the one who is always too busy to act on a committee, never has time to visit a sick and disabled brother; never knows whether the man who works by his side is a union man or not.

He is the man who is too narrow to ever see beyond his selfish interest. The union man—Not.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

The new Washington-Baltimore boulevard is making more trouble for automobilists than the Hyattsville constables. There is a strip between the lower Bladensburg bridge and the Pan Electric corner of about a hundred yards that has "stuck" more automobiles than any Justices' courts. It looks easy, but—and there's the rub. Half way through and anything less than a sixty-horse power machine is there to stay, unless some passing mule team happens along to pull them out. And there's where the laugh comes in on the chauffeur. For once in his life he has the right of way, but the right of way is a sea of mud axle deep. And the mules say "hee-haw."

During the last two weeks we have lost two of our "old reliables," the two "Eds.," E. A. Vogts and E. W. Markell—job printer and stone man. They are both good workmen, earnest devotees of the "art preservative," congenial companions in the chapel, good union men, and earnest, conscientious employes wherever their lot is cast. After eight years association with them I but reiterate the sentiment of the entire chapel when I say "God speed them" in their new field.

At the last meeting of the union, at the recommendation of the executive committee, one hundred dollars was donated for the benefit of the unions that suffered from the effects of the late floods in the West and Northwest. This is as it should be. It reminds me of the old times when a "tramp" printer struck a town and held up a landlord for a "feed and bed." If he didn't get work, the next union printer who came along and did get work would pay the bill. And in those days that promise held good. In way of retrospection, I might say that a printer's composing rule was a passport to any show that struck the town where there was a printing office.

This is the night before the entertainment at the National Rifles' Armory of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association. Of course, I can only say what I expect—not what I know. The Anglins will be there; the Parsons Quintette will be there; the "Wephour" Quintette will be there; Fenton W. Crown will be there; the Sketch Club will be there; Prof. Charles Bovello's Orchestra will be there, and, the Lord willing, I will be there with my "BETTER half." Many other attractions will be there, and, the best of all, the whole thing is union from first to last. The furniture is loaned by Lansburg Furniture and Carpet Co., the piano by E. F. Droop & Sons Co.

Mr. W. H. Heitmuller, a former Washingtonian and special representative of the Lanston Monotype Company, has been working, ad interim, several weeks at Pearson's. He has gone to other fields now and is succeed by a young man whose name I have not learned, but who, I have occasion to know, is "well up" on the Lanston machines and a pleasant, accommodating brother craftsman.

"Our old-time office mate, who was formerly chairman of the Law Reporter chapel, now of Baltimore, but filling an engagement as 'temporary' at the G. P. O., favored us with a pleasant call a few days ago."

That's the personal I gave my old friend, J. P. Reily, known to nearly every union printer in the country, last week. I don't charge the omission of the name to the intelligent compositor. I was one myself in days gone by—or thereabouts.

And election is near at hand. "The Ides of March remember." But this time it will be the "Ides of May," and may the best men win. They seem to be all good ones—I mean the candidates for delegates.

"Lay on, Macbeth,
Go in, Macduff,
And damn'd be he
Who first cries—
Hold! Enough."

That may not be an exact rendering of Shakespeare, but it is near enough to give the idea.

GETS VERDICT OF $25,000.

White Plains, N. Y., May 2.—The verdict for $25,000 damages for fractures to his left leg has been awarded to a brakeman by a jury in the Supreme Court. It is the largest verdict of its kind ever secured in this section. The defendant is the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, on whose line at Bridgeport the accident occurred in September, 1912. The brakeman was on the car of an Adams Express train, which was being shunted to a side track at night, when it struck a baggage truck on the station platform. The brakeman claimed that there were no lights at the station. He was struck by the baggage truck and knocked beneath it, his leg being broken in five places, making it useless for life.

BOILERMAKERS GET BOOST.

Erie, Pa., May 2.—Boilermakers of the Nagle-Corliss Engine Works have secured an increase of 25 cents per day as the result of the agitation which has been carried on in Erie during the past four weeks. The boilermakers have been gaining members rapidly, and from the present indications all of the men working in this industry will shortly be members of the organization.

CHILD LABOR EXHIBIT

There will be held in this city, from May 2 to May 9, a Child Labor Exhibit, under the auspices of the Children's Council of Washington, connected with the National Child Labor Committee.

This exhibit will be shown in all the principal cities in the country, and should be attended by every one interested in the question of Child Labor. Different days will be set apart for various societies, and to organized labor of the District has been given Sunday, May 4, from 2 to 5 o'clock, and it is hoped by those in charge of this work that the trades unionists will make this the banner day as to attendance.

The exhibit will be held in the vacant store at 1316 F Street, N. W. Cities that have seen the exhibit pronounce it the most conclusive argument yet presented against child labor.

The exhibit will consist of many interesting photographs of children at work in factories, mines, workshops, canneries, and also of children engaged in street trades.

Stereoptican lectures each day at 11 a. m. and 4.30 p. m. Don't fail to attend this exhibit. There can be no excuse for a member of organized labor for not attending, as the hours, from 2 to 5 on Sunday, have been set apart for their especial benefit.

EDUCATIONAL SPEAKERS

Delegates Treated to a Splendid Talk on Labor at the Meeting on Monday Night.

The Educational Committee of the Central Labor Union furnished the delegates with a treat in the way of a speaker on last Monday night. They had Mr. James McHugh, Ex-International Secretary of the Journeymen Stone Cutters as the educational Speaker. Bro. McHugh, spoke on his experiences in going about the country and depicted some of the selfish phases of the labor movement. He also gave a very interesting talk on the label, its early history and its great advantages to organized labor and what a powerful weapon for good it would be if the trades unionists would only make use of it in their purchasing capacity.

On next Monday night the speaker will be Mr. Andrew Furuseth, President of the International Seamens' Union and their legislative agent before Congress. It will be well worth a delegate's time to be there and hear Andrew discourse on the labor movement. He is known to the labor movement as the "Watchdog in the Tower."

RECENT RAILROAD WRECKS.

The following are a few of the disastrous railroad wrecks, selected at random from press reports during the recent past: Seven persons were killed and fifteen injured as result of the derailment of an excursion train on the Montreal-Chambley branch of the Central Vermont Railway; the engineer of a Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific passenger train was killed and the passengers badly shaken up when the train crashed into a switch engine at Eldon, Mo.; the engineer killed, the fireman and mail clerk seriously injured was the result of a wreck on the Union Pacific Railway near Cheyenne Wells, Colo., recently; five railroad men were seriously injured recently at Butler Junction, Pa., when a switch engine crashed into two cabin cars in which the men were reading, pushing the cars over the end of the track and down an embankment; two double-header trains on the Norfolk and Western, south of Basic City, Va., collided, wrecking the four engines and injuring six members of the train crews; twenty-five laborers were injured, two probably fatally, when four cars of a gravel train broke through a temporary trestle on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Vincennes, Ind., recently.

SAVANNAH'S NEW UNIONS.

Savannah, Ga., May 2.—As the result of the activity of the unions in this city the colored ship carpenters have been organized and chartered by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters. Another local union has also been organized of the white men employed as ship carpenters and caulkers and likewise been chartered by the brotherhood. By the addition of these unions renewed interest has been created in the organized labor movement, which will undoubtedly make for quite an increase in the membership of the established unions.

RAILWAY CLERKS.

Kansas City, Mo., May 2.—The Brotherhood of Railway Clerks has secured the revision of its agreements with the Boston and Maine and Maine Central railroads, through which material advances in wages have been secured. During the first three months of the present year the brotherhood has been successful in increasing the salaries of its members upon organized lines to the extent of approximately $1,000,000 per year.

WANT SHORTER HOURS.

Toledo, Ohio, May 2.—The machinists and handy men at the Warner Manufacturing Company's plant are on strike because the concern refused to reduce the hours of labor from ten to nine. There are about 175 involved. While strikebreakers are being brought in, yet there is being great difficulty experienced in getting men to take the places of the strikers.

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Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

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LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
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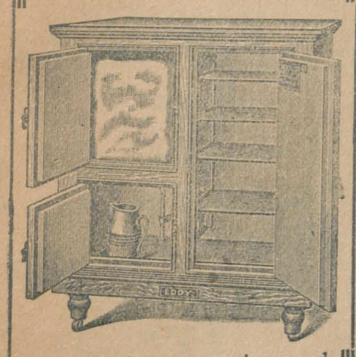

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Where to Find
THE NORRIS HOUSE
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Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

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Our "Model Special" Union-Made HATS have no equal—Real Three-Dollar Values, $1.90

Patterson Union-Made Overalls 50 Cents.

JULIUS A. WEST
800 Seventh St. N. W. Cor. H

BROCKWELL'S BITS

There is pending before Congress a bill to grant a pension to John Drinkwater. In case of its passage John will doubtless be able to drink something stronger.

* * *

The continued serious illness of Capt. W. R. Ramsey, one of Columbia Union's oldest members, gives grave concern to that gentleman's many friends. Captain Ramsey is a charter member of Columbus (Ohio) Typographical Union and has a record of more than 50 years' continuous membership in the International Typographical Union.

* * *

Even in headlines some very amusing errors crop out, especially in newspapers. In a Washington daily some time ago I read a caption "Conservation of Honduras," and, wondering what we were to conserve in that Central American country, I delved into the article and found that it told of the work of a religious-educational association for the conservation of HUMANITY!

* * *

"I am not bound to win, but I am bound to be true. I am not bound to succeed, but I am bound to live up to what light I have. I must stand with anybody that stands right; stand with him while he is right and part with him when he goes wrong."—Abraham Lincoln.

* * *

A death of more than ordinary sadness was that of Miss Lucinda A. Dupuis, a member of Columbia Union, which occurred at Georgetown University Hospital, in this city, on Thursday, April 17, 1913. Miss Dupuis had only been a resident of this city for a few months, coming here about November 1 of last year and going to work in the monotype keyboard section of the Government Printing Office as a temporary, later being given a probationary appointment in that section, where she was employed up to a few days previous to her death. She was a native of Vermont, but had worked at the printing trade in New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, aod North Dakota. After a prayer service here, the remains were taken to her old home at Randolph, Vt., where the funeral was held from Bethany Congregational Church. Although Miss Dupuis's stay had been comparatively short here, yet in that brief period she had created a pleasing impression and made many friends, and her "going away" is cause of sincere sorrow among those who knew her and of universal sympathy for the aged father and three sisters she leaves behind.

* * *

It would seem that all inventors are not educated men, if one is to judge by some of the letters which reach the Patent Office. Here is one which turned up in the Commissioner's mail a few days ago:

"Dear sir—

"Im sending you the filen fee of $20 dolers as rekwestet hoping will be satisfaketry I hav ontill the 16th day of May the eyer 1913 to pay it thats what my aterny statet to me shood ther be any thing a riz that ther is any mastak nodafiy my aternes. All so lait me no how every thing is."

Talk about "fonetics" and "simplified spelling!" There's enough in that brief epistle to satisfy the most shortcut and original speller that ever differed with a dictionary.

* * *

Due to the untiring energy of Prof. Benjamin A. Lineback, director of the G. P. O. Chorus, the employees of the Government Printing Office were on last Wednesday and Thursday splendidly entertained during the lunch period with most interesting graphophone concerts. Professor Lineback and the Columbia Graphophone Company are receiving the thanks of many of the Printery's employees for the pleasure afforded.

* * *

Sunday last was the quarterly meeting of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association and it was interesting, enthusiastic, and largely attended. Many new members were enrolled, and the reports of the officers showed the financial affairs of the organization to be in most gratifying condition. The association is an excellent one for any printer to join. Among its members are some of Washington's best known printers, and you can not fail to enjoy the association's activities if you once enter them. Come along! Sign up! Only $1 per year.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARMEN.

Kansas City, Mo., May 2. — A new lodge has just been organized at St. Paul, Minn., and another one at Wabasha, Minn. Another new organization has been organized by a volunteer organizer of the A. F. of L. at Preston, Ontario, Canada, while still another one has been organized at Ashburn, Ga. The difficulty between the carmen's union and the management of the G. F. and A. railroad at Bainbridge, Ga., has been satisfactorily adjusted.

PASS EXEMPTION BILL.

On April 22 House of Representatives passed the sundry civil bill. This bill is identical with the one that President Taft vetoed because it contained amendments directing that no part of the appropriation designed for the legal department of the government should be used in prosecuting labor unions and farmers' unions under the Sherman anti-trust law. Representative Gillett of Massachusetts endeavored to have the bill recommitted, with instructions to report it back with the exemption amendments stricken out. Representative Buchanan, of the labor group, requested an aye and nay vote, but an insufficient number responded to secure it, but on a division the motion of Representative Gillett was defeated by a vote of 198 to 47, thus leaving the exemption amendments in the bill, which was then passed. It now goes to the Senate. The latter body passed this bill at the last session of Congress, and the exemption amendments were accepted unanimously, so that it is fair to assume that the bill will again meet the approval of the Senate.

BREWERY WORKERS' INCREASE

Springfield, Mass., May 2.—The management of the Springfield Breweries Company and the unions connected with the Brewery Workers International have reached an agreement. A contract for three years has been signed and the wage scale is increased from $1 to $2. varying with the grades of work and the length of service of the employes. According to the agreement the minimum wage for brewers is to be $17 per week, a $1 increase, and a maximum of $22, also a $1 increase. The bottlers, who have been receiving a minimum wage of $13 and a maximum of $16 per week, are to receive a minimum of $14 and a maximum of $18. The drivers, whose scale ranged from $16 to $19, will receive from $17 to $20. This agreement covers both Springfield and Holyoke.

WAGES TOO LOW.

Erie, May 2.—Unable to get labor to be employed on sewer work on account of the low rate of wages paid, the city engineer has prepared a communication to the city council advising that the rate of pay be raised for men working in the trench to 22½ cents per hour and 25 cents for pipe layers. The present rate of 20 cents an hour is less than is being paid for similar labor by contractors, and as a result the city engineer's department has been unable to maintain a force to carry on operations. There is much work to be done at present, and the raise in wages becomes an absolute necessity in order to secure workmen.

REINTRODUCES WOMEN'S BILL.

Senator Robert M. La Follettee of Wisconsin has introduced a bill regulating the hours of labor for girls and women in the District of Columbia. It is the same bill that passed the Senate at the last session of Congress, and which would undoubtedly have passed the House had it not encountered a press of business during the last hours of the session.

ELECTION MAY 28, 1913

JOHN W. SHERMAN
FOR DELEGATE I. T. U.

SPECIFICATION CHAPEL G. P. O.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
Typographical Temple
423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 2919

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 o third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 1 street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at the Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 U St., n. w.

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 245 15th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR TOWELS

Having occasion recently to "see the doctor," the opportunity was afforded of witnessing the working of what promises to be a real innovation and of sanitary benefit, now in the experimental stages under the intelligent direction of Dr. J. W. Manning, chief medical and sanitary officer of the Government Printing Office. The invention contemplates doing away with hand towels—of which there are about twelve hundred in daily use—and substituting in their stead a process of drying the hands by compressed air, supplied through a perforated tube. Aside from sanitary considerations, the new method possesses the advantage of a considerable saving in expense. CYCLE.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS

Seventeen suspended members were reinstated last week.

Try to become better acquainted with the greatest organizer in the labor movement—the Union Label.

Be ashamed to say "I didn't come to the meeting because I forgot it was meeting night." Your employer never forgets when your union meets.

All milk, cream, etc., sold in the Government Printing Office by J. W. Gregg, of the National Dairy, is delivered by union drivers in good standing and entitled to wear the monthly button of Local No. 247.

Dale C. Sheriff, chairman of the grievance committee of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101 and candidate for delegate to the I. T. U., called at the office this week in the interest of the milk men.

Among those who have recently tendered their good offices in behalf of the union is Horace Harding, proprietor of the lunch room at Ninth and O streets, N. W., and appreciation of the same will be manifested by the members of Locals No. 247 and 33.

FRED W. FOX.

RETAIL CLERK SUCCESSES.

In a recent communication from H. J. Conway, secretary-treasurer of the Retail Clerks' International Protective Association, it is stated that the international organization has been successful in winning a strike of the members of the local union in East Liverpool, Ohio, where 250 clerks came out. A minimum wage of $6, $7, and $8 per week was secured, while one or two of the minor points went to arbitration, but the clerks were all reinstated in their former positions. In Belleville, Ill., the minimum wage has been established and a reduction of six hours in the work week secured. The strike of the retail clerks in Lafayette, Ind., still continues, but is being conducted in a vigorous manner. Secretary Conway states that the retail clerks all over the United States appear to be in a fighting mood, and are making greater progress than ever before in the history of the organization.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

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CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Thomas S. Nelson, William H. Robinson, Howard B. Kramer, Leland S. Brown, Clarence H. Peake, Harry R. Bryant, Harry C. Webb, Charles L. Ney, probationary skilled laborers.

George T. Leech, temporary bricklayer.

Mrs. Ethel M. Barrick and Mrs. Mary M. Millen, temporary press feeders.

Frank J. Herbeck, bookbinder.

Separations.

Thomas S. Nelson, William H. Robinson, Howard B. Kramer, Leland S. Brown, Clarence H. Peake, temporary skilled laborers, d.opped.

George W. Shaffer, compositor, resigned.

Lawrence Hurley, temporary compositor, resigned.

Miss Margaret Lendner, skilled laborer, resigned.

John G. Williams, probationary skilled laborer.

Daniel A. Forrest, James W. Cobb, skilled laborers, resigned.

Levi Simpson, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Francis T. Quigley, compositor.

William C. F. Waller, linotype operator, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Edward A. Huse, acting foreman, $2,250 per annum; Charles H. Flynn, helper, 30 cents per hour; Charles W. Ellis, helper, $1,000 per annum, office of superintendent of documents; Joseph T. Wilkinson, helper, 40 cents per hour; Mrs. Mary L. Willis, press division, day to night; Mrs. Pearl G. Padfield, press division, night to day; Richard H. Anderson and Frank E. Burton, monotype section, day to night; William H. Stanford and Joseph V. Cullen, monotype section, night to day; Joseph Dierken, copyholder, 50 cents per hour, proof section; William F. Mahony, buildings division; Fred L. Tarbox, foundry section; John A. Davis, clerk, $1,200 per annum, office of superintendent of work.

"PHILLY" BUILDING TRADES.

Philadelphia, May 2. — Exceptionally good work has been accomplished recently by the officers and committees of the Building Trades Council. There is more activity among the building trades this season than for many years past, and results are being achieved in consequence thereof. Numerous buildings under construction have been straightened out, so far as union labor is concerned, and activity in every direction in the building trades is noticeable. Organizing committees of the Building Trades Council have turned over the new organization of over 100 dock builders to the Brotherhood of Carpenters. The Operative Plasterers are soon to affiliate with the Building Trades Council, as will also the Marble Workers and the Metal Polishers. It is expected that this will be a banner year from every point of view for the Philadelphia building trades.

EIGHT-HOUR LAW RULING.

Judge Advocate Gen. Crowder has given an opinion in regard to the eight-hour law, based upon the opinion recently rendered by the Attorney General. The Attorney General declared that the eight-hour restrictions of the act of June 9, 1912, apply only to work contemplated by the contract, and that no penalty can be imposed if a laborer or mechanic should be required or permitted to labor more than eight hours a day on some other work than that contemplated by the contract. Gen. Crowder holds that the opinion of the Attorney General can be extended so as to cover the case of a laborer or mechanic working more than eight hours a day upon two separate contracts, both coming within the restrictions of the law, no matter whether they cover like or different materials or whether made by one department of the government or by two.

BREWERY WORKERS.

Rochester, N. Y., May 2.—The various crafts affiliated with the Brewery Workers' International Union, after a conference with the Brewers' Exchange, extending over two weeks, have secured an increase in wages and better working conditions. By the terms of the agreement the following wage increases have been granted: For all inside men, $1 per week; peddlers, $1.50 per week; engineers, $1.50 to $2 per week; beer bottlers, $1 per week; coopers, $1.50 per week. It is estimated that the total increase in wages granted will aggregate about $60,000 per year and affects 500 employes.

ENGINEERS GET DEMANDS.

Norfolk, Va., May 2.—The Seaboard Air Line has acceded to the demands of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers for better working conditions. An adjustment committee from the brotherhood has been in conference with the officials of the road for some time, and it has just been announced that the railroad acceded to the terms of the engineers' demands, the exact nature of which have not been disclosed.

GET SHORTER DAY.

Portland, Oreg., May 2.—After many years of continuous effort the Meat Cutters' Union has secured the closing of nearly all meat markets of this city at 6 o'clock p. m. All the leading markets, including several nonunion houses, are now closing promptly at the hour mentioned.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 46 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MAY 9, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

AMERICANS VS. ORIENTALS

Admitting Cigars From the Phillippines Islands Duty Free Will Be Opposed.

President Geo. Perkins, of the Cigarmakers' International Union, in a circular sent out from this city, opposes the present programme of admitting cigars from the Philippines duty free, and says in one paragraph of the circular: "The notion that American workingmen can compete with Oriental, the cheapest labor in the world, of the Philippine Islands is absurd and preposterous and absolutely out of the question. The wage paid for making cigars in the Philippine Islands is less than one-fourth of the wages received by cigarmakers in the United States. In the third annual report of the Bureau of Labor of the Philippine Islands, page 15, issued in 1912, it officially states that wages of 11,300 cigarmakers in the Philippine Islands in fifty-three factories were 193 pesos annually, or about $96.50, American money, or 30 cents per day, while the average wages of cigarmakers in this country are at least $1.50 a day, which includes the unorganized as well as the organized. I estimate that the average wages of the union cigarmakers is at least $2 per day, and as a matter of fact that is pretty nearly the minimum wage, and it ranges from that sum to as high as $5 per day."

THIS WON'T GET VERY FAR

Bill Before the Legislature Provides Punishment if Employees Go On Strike.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 9.—By a bill introduced in the State Legislature it is provided that employes of public service corporations must not leave their work as the result of a dispute. In effect, the bill provides for the establishment of a board of arbitration, the members of which are to be appointed by the Public Service Commission, a bill for the creation of which is now before the Legislature. The provisions of the bill provide heavy punishment in the event an employe or employes go on strike, or if any one abets them, or even encourages them, to strike. A section of the bill also provides that it shall be unlawful for any employer to declare or cause a lockout, or for any employe to go on strike on account of any dispute prior to or during a reference of such dispute to a board of conciliation and investigation. The Legislature may pass bills of this kind if it desires; but no State Legislature will be able to effectually tie men to their work and deny to them the rights guaranteed under the Constitution of the United States.

IMPROVED MINING CONDITIONS.

According to a report of the Bureau of Mines during 1912, there were 2,360 men killed in and about the coal mines of the United States, based on an output of 550,000,000 short tons of coal produced by 750,000 men. The number of men killed for every 1,000,000 tons of coal mined was 4.29, and the death rate per 1,000 employes was 3.15. The number of men killed was the least since 1906. The death rate per 1,000 employes was the smallest since 1899. The death rate per 1,000,000 tons of coal mined was the lowest and the number of tons produced in proportion to the number of men killed was the greatest on record. The report asserts that these facts offer indisputable evidence that conditions tending toward safety in coal mining are actually improving, and that coal is now being mined with less danger to the miner than ever before.

RE-ELECT UNION MAN.

Kansas City, Kans., May 9.—When this city adopted the commission form of government James A. Cable, who was at that time international secretary-treasurer of the Coopers' International Union, was chosen one of the commissioners. He was elected, however, by a very slender plurality. The department of the city government under his supervision, and for which he became responsible, was the conduct of the water and light department. Two years later Mr. Cable was re-elected by a good majority, and he has just been again re-elected by a very large vote. His record is conspicuous for the ability which he has shown in conducting an important branch of the city government.

GET COMPENSATION BILL.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 9.—After a long, hard struggle the organized labor movement in this State has secured the passage by the Legislature of the Clarkson workmen's compensation bill. While it is apprehended that the bill is not perfect, yet it inaugurates the law in this State and will undoubtedly be amended in the future to meet the deficiencies which will be developed in its operation.

FROM BUTTE.

Butte, Mont., May 9.—The Piano and Organ Workers of this city have organized a local union, with a good charter list.

ACT WORTH EMULATING

Waitresses' Union Have Been Presented With a Fourteen-room Residence.

Seattle, Wash., May 9.—Alice Lord, secretary and business agent of the waitresses' union in this city, as well as foster mother to the waitresses, has at last had her dream realized. For years she has worked unceasingly to gather sufficient funds to erect a home for the girls who are members of the union she represents, but it has been a big task, although her efforts have not been without some measure of success. Recently it was decided to commence the construction of the home so long desired, but upon investigation it was found that the site which had been purchased was not now available from the fact that there were no facilities for sewerage connections. While yet regretting the disappointment, a good Samaritan appeared and presented the waitresses' union with a fourteen-room residence, to be dedicated as a waitress home. The building is a three-story structure, and will accommodate about thirty, being modern also in its appointments. The union will immediately furnish the home, which will be ready for occupancy in two weeks.

CIGARMAKERS WIN FIGHT

After Holding Out Three Years a Firm Has Entered Into an Agreement.

Peoria, Ill., May 9.—In January, 1910, the cigarmakers entered into negotiations with the cigar manufacturers for an adjustment of the scale. The scale at that time had been in force for nearly eighteen years, and no material change had been made, although there had been innumerable changes in the conditions under which the cigarmakers worked. The new agreement, containing the new scale and the better conditions, was presented to all of the manufacturers, most of whom signed up, but one firm refused to agree. Of course, the union men struck against this firm, and now, after having been manufacturing nonunion cigars for three years the firm has entered into an agreement with the Cigarmakers' Union, paying the advanced scale and employing members of the Cigarmakers' Union only. An interesting incident of this long strike is that when the strike first occurred quite a body of cigarmakers were employed, but at the settlement only one-fifth of the original number was employed by the firm signing the agreement.

TRUST BUYS QUINCY CONCERN.

Quincy, Mass., May 9.—Announcement is made here that the Fore River Ship Building Company, which is constructing a gigantic battleship, nine submarines, and two destroyers for the government, has just been sold to the Bethlehem Steel Company, of which Charles M. Schwab, the steel king, is the head. Whether the story be true or not, it is interesting to note that it has been asserted that the sale of the Fore River Company is of the greatest importance, not only in the shipbuilding industry, but to the steel world. The Schwab interests are said to have plans on foot to enlarge the plant at Fore River, and experts interpret the sale as the opening act of a steel war, in that it is alleged that Schwab has resolved to "face it alone" in an effort to antagonize the big Steel Trust.

BROTHERHOOD OF CARPENTERS.

Indianapolis, May 9.—General Secretary Frank Duffy states that successful trade movements reported to the international office recently are as follows: Sharon, Pa., increase in wages from $3.75 to $4 per day, after a strike lasting one-half day; San Diego, Cal., increase in wages from $4 to $4.50 per day; movement in Norwich, Conn., for an increase in wages from 40 cents to 45 cents per hour compromised, the employers granting 43 cents; Kewanee, Ill., agreement signed with employers for a minimum wage of 45 cents per hour; Alpena, Mich., increase in wages from 30 cents to 35 cents per hour; Keokuk, Iowa, increase in wages from 40 cents to 45 cents per hour.

UNIFORM HOURS.

An amendment to the Constitution that would give Congress the power to make uniform the hours of labor throughout the United States has been proposed in a resolution introduced in the House by Representative Curley. It is contended by the introducer that the difference in the hours of labor in many States, varying from fifty-four a week in Massachusetts to sixty-six hours in the Southern States, creates an unwarranted discrimination in favor of manufacturers in States where long hours prevail.

ORGANIZE LAUNDRY WORKERS.

Tacoma, Wash., May 9.—At a meeting of the employes of the various laundries a Laundry Workers' Union was formed. The charter list contains nearly 130 names. The wages paid here for this class of labor are extremely low, only averaging about one-half that paid to the same class of workers employed in San Francisco, where they are organized.

A STRAIGHT TALK

Tearing Away Industrial Masks That Will Eventually Produce Beneficial Results.

Springfield, Ill., May 9.—The investigating commission headed by Lieut. Gov. O'Hara is tearing away a few industrial masks that will eventually produce beneficial results. The International Shoe Company, with a factory in this city, is being given some daylight. The manager of the concern, a man named Derby, was recently compelled to testify, but he resorted to many devices to keep the truth hidden, when one of the committee said: "I want to tell you, Mr. Derby, that I for one wish I had the power to drive your concern from Illinois. You are a disgrace to the State. We learned of one poor girl who worked for you and was driven to prostitution because your firm paid her only $3.50 a week, and she could not live on it. We had to go into executive session because the testimony was so rotten that the public should not hear it." Many stories of indignities and low wages were testified to before the committee by the employes of this concern.

FAILED TO PASS.

Lansing, Mich., May 9.—Detectives and others are expressing regret that a bill which was before the last Legislature providing, among other things, for the prosecution of persons without visible means of support did not pass. A law of this kind is susceptible of working injustice to many men, and the enactment of statutes of this character is more liable to work injustice than justice. Free locomotion in this country should not be abridged, even though individuals wander from place to place without funds. All the States have enforceable statutes against misdemeanors and crimes, and they can be invoked where evidence is at hand. The presumption that a man who is without funds and employment is a lawbreaker is not in accord with the principles of a humane government.

REPORT FAVORABLY.

The Senate Committee on Audit and Control of the Contingent Expenses reported favorably a resolution introduced by Senator Kern directing that a special committee of three be appointed to investigate and report on conditions in the West Virginia coal fields. The report, however, contains an amendment providing that the investigation be conducted by the Committee on Education and Labor, either as a whole or as a subcommittee. The resolution provides that no immunity shall be given to witnesses summoned to testify. The favorable report is tantamount to a passage through the Senate, and in all probability the Committee on Education and Labor will conduct a searching investigation.

HONOR WILSON.

The people of Blossburg and Arnot, Pa., arranged a program and set aside a day on which to honor William B. Wilson, former Congressman and now head of the Labor Department and member of the President's Cabinet. Mr. Wilson is held in great esteem by the people of his former Congressional district, and the day was made memorable by the great number who gathered to assist in greeting the coal miner who has mounted the ladder of fame by his persistence and ability.

IS BOYCOTT ILLEGAL?

S. B. Kauffman, Printer, Charges that Steel Company Has Driven Him Out of Business.

According to S. B. Kauffmann, a publisher in Coatesville, Pa., who furnished to the steel investigating committee a copy of the steel pool agreement, which he printed for A. F. Huston, president of the Lukens Iron and Steel Company, of that place, charges that the men against whom he gave testimony have driven him out of business as a printer and into bankruptcy. Kauffman was for many years the owner and publisher of the Daily Union at Coatesville, which recently was sold by the Sheriff. According to the story told to Representative Stanley of Kentucky, who was chairman of the steel investigating committee, Kauffman was forced out of business because men against whom he testified were influential enough to strip his paper of advertising. "It took them almost two years to close up our business, but they did it very effectively, leaving me without a cent," is the declaration of Kauffman. Yet the attorneys for all the subsidiary companies of the Steel Trust have united in their opposition to the labor organizations in refusing to purchase the products of unfair concerns, denominating the practice as "unjust and un-American."

MINNESOTA COMPENSATION.

St. Paul, Minn., May 9.—The Legislature of this State has passed a workmen's compensation act. There seems to be much difference of opinion as to the relative merits of the act, but there appears to be a general feeling that the establishment of the principle that industry should bear its legitimate burdens is a long step in advance. With the principle accepted and the law in operation, the deficiencies will constitute the best argument for its amendment in future legislative assemblies. While perfection is to be desired, yet the compensation laws in this country have not been in operation long enough to make available sufficient statistics upon which to frame legislation that will assess industry to fully discharge its obligations to society.

BIRMINGHAM PROGRESSING.

Birmingham, Ala., May 9.—For the last few weeks the organization movement in this city has been making splendid gains. New unions have been organized of chauffeurs, meat cutters, unskilled laborers, tar and gravel roofers, and cement workers. The bricklayers, plumbers, and electricians have secured advances in wages. The carpenters are now locked out, but with good prospects of winning. It is also reported that several miners' unions are being organized in different parts of the State. The record for 1913 thus far is a good one, and several other organizations will be formed in this city during the year.

ELECTRICIANS WIN.

Sioux City, Iowa, May 9.—The linemen employed by the Gas and Electric Company have been granted a 25 cent per day increase, making the wage scale $3 for ten hours' work. This is the result of a week's strike, and added to the increase is a provision providing for the union shop.

MILL WORKERS WIN

A Strike Which Has Been in Progress for Seven Weeks Finally Settled.

Hazleton, Pa., May 9.—The strike of the mill workers at the Duplan Silk Mill, which was in progress for seven weeks, has been settled. The United Textile Workers' officials and organizers came into the contest and secured a splendid settlement, although the I. W. W.'s failed utterly to accomplish anything for the workers. The agreement calls for a fifty-five hour week, these hours to be between 7 a. m. and 5:45 p. m., except Saturday, when the closing hour is to be 11:45 a. m. The increase in wages secured range from 10 to 30 per cent. A grievance committee of three is provided for to take up grievances between the employes and employer. Time and a half is to be paid for all work on Sundays, New Year, Decoration Day, Fourth of July, Labor Day, Thanksgiving and Christmas. The contract runs until March 31, 1914, and includes a clause providing for the union shop. Mrs. Conboy, organizer for the United Textile Workers, did yoeman service to bring about the result, as did also the local movement, the United Mine Workers playing a conspicuous part in the contest and settlement.

STRIKE FOR MORE PAY.

Everett, Mass., May 9.—The 200 employes of the Cochrane Chemical Company have struck for a wage increase. Some time ago the unskilled laborers asked for $2 per day, claiming that the existing rate of $1.80, which had been in effect for years, was not sufficient to meet the increased cost of living. Various excuses were offered by the company, which finally refused to accede to any increase. Now both the skilled and unskilled employes of the plant have left the works, the skilled men asking for a 10 per cent increase. These employes were unorganized, but since coming out have applied to the organization committee of the Boston Central Labor Union for the purpose of securing assistance in perfecting an organization.

POST IMITATOR.

Quincy, Ill., May 9.—One of the woodworking firms in this city, in its consuming desire to defeat the strike against its plant, has enticed by false pretense workmen from other cities to take positions at a higher rate than the union scale. But the firm has been unable to keep these workmen upon the true situation being disclosed. The manufacturers therefore are scouring the country for workmen, the latest move being an effort to secure only aliens who do not speak the English language, although their success along this line has not yet appeared. "Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad."

MAKING PROGRESS.

Boston, May 9.—When the employes in the men's garment factories went back to work recently, they did so as members of the United Garment Workers. This victory cleans up the entire clothing industry in this city and places it upon a strictly union basis, with the United Garment Workers' Unions comprising a membership of more than 4,000.

BOSTON TELEPHONE GIRLS

A Statement Has Been Issued that the New Wage Schedule Becomes Effective June 1.

Boston, May 9.—It will be remembered that a compromise settlement recently was reached between the telephone company, operating in this city and surrounding territory, and its operators. The tentative settlement was based upon the bonus system of payments to be given to the employes at the end of the year. The telephone operators became very much dissatisfied, and now the telephone company has agreed to abolish the objectionable bonus system and grant the increase in wages at first demanded by the operators. The telephone company has issued a statement in which it avers that the new wage schedule will be effective June 1, 1913, under which, after six months' service, including the period in the training school, wages will range from $5 to $6.50 per week, day operators to receive from $7 to $12 per week, according to length of service. Operators on afternoon-evening work and on split trick work (work performed in two separate periods) to adjust the operating force to the varying requirements of the service, will work one hour less and receive $1 a week more than day operators of corresponding rank. A night operator is to receive $2 a week more than a day operator of corresponding rank. In fact the scale ranges from $5 per week during the training period up to $12 per week, which is to be the pay after six years' service. An adjustment committee is to be created to consist of three members to be chosen by the operating force from among the members of the union, and three to be appointed by the general manager or president of the company to consider or make a finding on any grievance presented by any grieved member of the operating force.

A VERY SERIOUS CHARGE

The I. W. W.'s Charged With Holding Funds So As to Have a Fat Living Themselves.

Hazleton, Pa., May 9.—Many charges are made against the I. W. W.'s in their dealings with wage earners whom they induce to strike. Upon the close of the recent mill strike in this city a meeting was held and several speakers severely criticised the methods of this band of industrial buccaneers. Andrew Matti, an officer of the United Mine Workers of America, made the following statement: "The I. W. W.'s have $500 in bank, but they have not provided that relief for which the money was contributed. They have withheld funds in order that they might have a fat living for themselves. You strikers have the right to demand that money. If the I. W. W.'s didn't win the strike, they won the money." The $500 mentioned was donated for the benefit of the strikers by the local unions in Hazleton, and action will probably be taken to prevent the I. W. W.'s from using this money for any other purpose than that for which it was intended.

TO PROBE MINE DISASTER.

Finleyville, Pa., May 9.—The State and county authorities are conducting a rigid investigation into the cause of the mine explosion here, which resulted in more than 100 men losing their lives. Chief Mine Inspector James E. Roderick has issued a statement which is sensational in character. He estimates the number of dead at 100, and declares that the explosion evidently resulted from more than carelessness. The fact that the fire boss' records were put under lock and key, while other papers bearing directly upon the operation of the mine, were, it has been alleged, removed from the mine office, has given the matter a serious appearance. President Van Bittner, of the Pittsburg district, United Mine Workers of America, declares that the dead will total 150, and is aiding the investigators. The chief mine inspector asserted that he would appoint two commissions to investigate, one to be composed of five State mine inspectors and the other to be composed of three expert engineers.

NEILL WINS COMMITTEE.

Notwithstanding the opposition that developed against Labor Commissioner Neill in the Senate, the Senate Committee on Education and Labor has agreed to report favorably his nomination as Commissioner of Labor Statics. The opposition to the appointment arose from the fact that a number of Southern Senators took umbrage because of a report made regarding child labor conditions in the South. At the time the report was issued these same Senators endeavored to suppress the report, and also to have another investigation, both of which plans failed.

BOTTLERS THREATEN STRIKE.

New York, May 9.—A strike of about 500 members of the Mineral Water Bottlers and Drivers' Union has been threatened. The union has demanded ten legal holidays a year and an increase of $1 a week.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL AND TRADE UNION COUNCIL ASSOCIATION 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., MAY 9, 1913.

How Far May Free Speech Go in a Free Country?

ONE LAW FOR ALL MEN.

How far is it lawful to go in preventing or punishing free speech?

There is one infallible rule: As far as in a case of a man who is poor and unpopular as in that of one who is rich and influential; but no further. This would seem to be axiomatic; yet its application would settle in short order some cases over which there has been much dispute.

In Lawrence, if a mill owner had used inflammatory language against the strikers, and if a roit had happened afterward in which another mill owner had been shot by a striker, does anyone imagine that the first mill owner would have been charged with the murder of his friend, on the ground that the riot had been caused by his exasperating talk?

If the directors of the Standard Oil Company were holding a meeting in a private house in Wakefield, and several corporation counsel had come up to advise them, would any police officer, without a legal warrant, break up the meeting by force, and order the speakers to leave town at once, under penalty of arrest?

Would the police of San Diego assist any lawless individuals in kidnapping J. D. Rockefeller from his hotel to tar and feather him on the ground that he did not believe in keeping the laws?

If anything, the man who has means and education, or who by his office is the guardian of law and order, should be held to the stricter account. Whittier's great poem, "The Curse of the Charter-Breakers," describes the impressive scene when the bishops in the thirteenth century pronounced the "greater excommunication" against any one infringing the liberties promised in Magna Charta:

> Right of voice in framing laws;
> Right of peers to try each cause;
> Peasant homestead, mean and small,
> Sacred as the monarch's hall—
>
> Whoso lays his hand on these,
> England's ancient liberties;
> Whoso breaks, by word or deed,
> England's vow at Runnymede;
>
> Be he prince or belted knight,
> Whatsoe'er his rank or might,
> If the highest, then the worst,
> Let him live and die accursed!

Wendell Phillips characterized as slaves any community "which dares not protect its humblest and most hated member in the free utterance of his opinions, no matter how false or hateful."

When the Chicago police a few years ago tried to prevent Emma Goldman's meeting by force—a position from which they have since receded—Hon. William Dudley Foulke published a serious protest and warning. He said;

"If Emma Goldman has been guilty of crime in the past, let her be punished; but, if crime cannot be proved, and she is still at liberty, part of that liberty is her right to address her fellow citizens, and by argument to convince them of anything she chooses, short of the perpetration of crime. The right of free speech is elementary in a government like ours, and, not for her sake, but for our own, we must insist upon it. If the police can say in advance that her theories are dangerous, and may drag her away before she utters them, they may say that of the things which you and I want to utter. If the police can decide in regard to the propriety of what I intend to say, where is to be the limit of their arbitrary power? Such a precedent cannot be permanently maintained and America remain a free nation."

If any one abuses the right of free speech by inciting people to crime, there is plenty of law to punish him. But the offence must first be committed. The police have no shadow of right to shut any one's mouth in advance because they object to what they think he is going to say.

Such interferences with the constitutional right of free speech are "not only a crime, but a blunder." Nothing that the speakers at Wakefield could possibly have said would have aroused so much discontent and bitterness as the lawless and forcible silencing of their voices. The wisest way to treat the advocates of foolish theories is simply to "let them blow." Under free discussion the chaff will sooner or later get separated from the wheat. With a fair field, as Milton said, truth will always prevail. Any objectionable doctrine gains a false strength from efforts to suppress it illegally.

Many years ago the political prisoners in a Russian fortress celebrated the Fourth of July. They knew it would bring upon them the vengeance of their jailers, yet they managed to get some rags of red, white and blue, and, at a preconcerted signal, they all waved them from the windows of their cells and cheered. It was one of the most touching tributes that the Stars and Stripes ever received. They loved our flag because to them it stood for freedom.

Contrast with this the recent scenes in San Diego. Hundreds of men who had broken no law—not only members of the I. W. W., but members of the American Federation of Labor, Socialists and peaceable citizens belonging to none of these organizations—were beaten and subjected to outrageous treatment by lawless "vigilantes" bent upon suppressing free speech; and these ruffians wore little American flags as their badge, and sometimes forced their victims to kneel and kiss the flag. In one particularly bad case they thrust the Stars and Stripes into a man's mouth as a gag, while putting him to the torture.

Col. Harris Weinstock, who investigated the San Diego troubles for the governor of California, and whose sympathies were all against the I. W. W., said in his official report that "when he became satisfied of the truth of the stories as related by these unfortunate men it was hard for him not to believe that he was sojourning in Russia."

The constitutional right of free speech and free assemblage are our most precious possessions. It is only through them that we can be sure of maintaining any of our other rights or of securing new ones. No abuse can hold its ground, in the long run, against free discussion. On the other hand, any and all abuses may creep in where free discussion is stifled. ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Our old-time chapel mate, Thomas E. Flowers, has been helping out during a rush of work. It seems like old times to see him around again.

Mr. Thos. Fealy, late of this chapel, favored us with a call the other day. He had just returned from Boston, where he had been to attend the funeral of a brother.

I had intended to give a write-up of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association's entertainment at National Rifles Armory, but when I happened to think that Brother Brockwell, who is a member of the association, was there and will handle the subject much better than I can, I concluded to simply say that it was worthy of much praise. The entire programme was carried out in a most pleasing manner, and, so far as I know, gave entire satisfaction—and then some. I must, however, congratulate the two "end men" who occupied the front of the stage for some (hilarious) time, Messrs. Fenton W. Crown and W. H. Anglin, for their efforts to please. The applause indicated that they succeeded. (Don't tell them, but I applauded some myself.) And by the way, Brother Anglin had better be watching out for his laurels. He has two sons who were on the programme as "end men," and if it wasn't for making the "old man" mad, I would say they acted like veterans. Any way, they will probably be furnishing fun for the people after he has been Ostlerized. Poor old Anglin!

At last we have our picture of the Union Printers' Home framed and hung. And, say! Don't you feel a little bit proud when you look at such evidence of the humanitarianism of unionism and realize that you are a union man? It is one of the best evidences on earth of the day that is dawning—the true "brotherhood of man."

I expect that by the time this is printed Charles D. Deming will be a fixture in this chapel as artistic job man. Brother Deming will find a warm welcome.

Wm. E. Halstead, who has been here before, is doing stone work, etc. He seems to be a handy man to have around and fits in very nicely.

It is not the Bladensburg Road any more. It is the Washington-Baltimore Boulevard (that is, when the old "pike," from the Pan Electric down to the south bridge, has been modernized with an up-to-date pavement.) And it is not the old "Bladensburg," anyway. No more wide-open Sundays, no more prize fights, no more speak-easys. "Old" Bladensburg has passed away. "New" Bladensburg has spread out (up "Sand" street) until it laps on Riverdale. But don't think old Bladensburg has passed into oblivion. The old-time "Washington House," where George Washington once had his headquarters, and the "Palo Alto," where his aids kept house, are still there, all in their old-time form. Mrs. Steubener presides over the first and Mrs. Garges over the other. Old-time chicken dinners and other delicacies are still served. Up Sand street it is all temperance (that's where I live) and chickens, vegetables, etc. That's why I live there.

Don't think this is an advertisement I have no real estate to sell. In fact I have none to rent. But I live out that way, and know whereof I speak.

Did you notice how much space the city dailies gave to the annual nominations of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101, for officers, and to the annual election of officers of the Printing Pressmen's Union? Did you ever know whether the employing printers are really friends of the union or not? Are they still Typothetæ members? Does the "cost finding system" differ from the "Taylor system," turned down by Congress for the Navy Yards? I put this question up to the editor of THE TRADES UNIONIST, because it has been asked of me so many times lately and I am not enough well informed to answer.

Say, do you know what I would do if I was a suffragette? I would ride up to the top of the Washington monument, carry a parachute, throw it out of the window, and ride down again (in the elevator). Wouldn't that be a catching ad?

Are you an up-to-date printer? Are you, really, or do you just think you are? Do you read the Inland Printer? Have you a permanent "sit.?" The Inland Printer tells; yes, it shows you how to be an up-to-date, competent job or newspaper or book printer. Can you afford to be without it? Leave your orders at THE TRADES UNIONIST office and have it delivered at your home. J. V. Johnson, agent.

EDUCATIONAL SPEAKER

The Educational Committee of the C. L. U., furnished the delegates with a real educational treat on last Monday night. They had for the speaker Mr. Andrew Furuseth, International President of the Seamen's Union. He chose for his subject "Necessity for Mutual Aid and Assistance" which he stated was the fundamental principle of the labor movement. "When we learn how to assist each other, how to bear each others burdens and share each others joys and sorrows and grasp each opportunity to lend aid and encouragement to our fellow brothers, then, and not till then, will we have reached the goal for which we are striving, the true brotherhood of man." A rising vote of thanks was extended brother Furuseth for his able and interesting discourse.

NEW ENGLAND PRINTERS.

Worcester, Mass., May 9.—The monthly bulletin of the New England Typographical Union, just issued, shows the trade to be in good condition. Out of a membership reported by New England locals, the report shows that there are enrolled 3,777 members, 3,389 being regularly employed, 277 employed occasionally, 40 unemployed, and 71 pensioners. It is further asserted that one of the most successful organizing campaigns ever inaugurated in the New England States is being carried on, which is greatly augmenting the membership. The campaign to organize the nonunion book and job printers of Boston is resulting in applications being filed daily. The same report comes from Lynn and Brockton.

GIVEN MORE POWER.

Sacramento, Cal., May 9.—According to an amendment to the bill creating the Bureau of Labor Statistics, which has passed both houses of the State Legislature, the deputy State labor commissioners throughout the State are given the power to make arrests to enforce all labor laws, and are given free access to all places where men and women are employed.

MEATS FISH

Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

930 La. Ave. N. W. — 1111 H Street N. E.
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31st & M Sts. N. W. — 3418-20 Ga. Ave. N. W.
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POULTRY PRODUCE

See That This Label is on Every Package

It Stands for Good Wages and Fair Conditions

UNITED STATES SAVINGS BANK

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LOOK FOR THE CLOCKS

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

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ALWAYS THE SAME

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MAERZEN SENATE LAGER

Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles..... $1 50
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Bottle Rebate, 50c.

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Meeting Halls for Unions at Reasonable Rent

WINES, LIQUORS, BEERS, CIGARS, CIGARETTES, TOBACCO.

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HOME-MADE

PIES and PASTRY

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Established 1815

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you'll appreciate our printing because it's good printing. Our excellent facilities place us in a position to handle

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promptly and at reasonable prices. We can furnish you with any grade you desire of

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Let us have your next order for printing and we will convince you. Estimates given.

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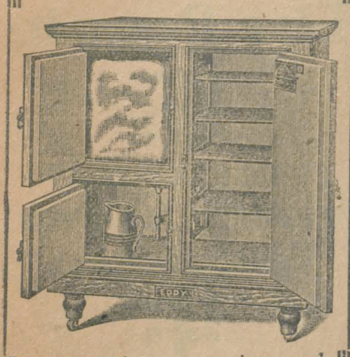

is made in many sizes and styles of construction, suitable for every family and space in the home.

Over 60 years of continuous development places the Eddy Refrigerator as the most satisfactory from every viewpoint of economy and preservation of food.

Sold by us exclusively for nearly fifty years.

Dulin & Martin Co.

Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silver, &c.

1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St.

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Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.

1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.

Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

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Shirts — Real One-Fifty Values, made of Pongette—Madras— 98c

Garner's Percales—Flannel GUARANTEED NOT TO FADE 6 for $5.50.

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Our "Model Special" Union-Made HATS have no equal—Real Three-Dollar Values, $1.90

Patterson Union-Made Overalls 50 Cents.

JULIUS A. WEST
800 Seventh St. N. W. Cor. H

BROCKWELL'S BITS

Charles D. Deming, late of the emergency force of the Government Printing Office, is now connected with the Law Reporter composing room, and Foreman Carper has landed an excellent printer and a true-blue unionist.

* * *

"Eleven members of the St. Louis board of education have been fined $300 each in the circuit court for failure to equip three school buildings with fire escapes," says a news item. Well, well, if this thing keeps up it will soon be really dangerous for the "better element" to violate laws and endanger the lives of others with that impunity so long the curse of many municipalities.

* * *

Jed Shaw, one of Columbia Union's veterans who was employed for many years in the Government Printing Office, and who has been away from this city for some time past, writes from Hastings, N. Y., to a friend here that he will shortly go to Rockville, Conn., to live on a farm in that neighborhood. "Jed," who is in receipt of a pension from our International, sends his kind regards to Washington friends and reports that he is well and happy.

* * *

As Kipling would say, this is not "half bad:" "What is the difference between a cat and a comma? A cat has its claws at the end of its paws, a comma its pause at the end of a clause."

* * *

As a starter to raise $300,000 for a new emergency hospital, "an elaborate banquet was served on Monday night last at the Cafe Republique to more than 100 prominent citizens." While having no desire to be captious or even critical, yet I hope to be pardoned for the remark that the price of this fancy feed for "one hundred prominent citizens" would buy quite a number of bricks for the new structure.

* * *

Samuel J. Gompers is one more printer who has thus far had a very successful career as a departmental employee. Leaving the "case" in the Government Printing Office a few years ago to take service in the Department of Commerce and Labor as a clerk, his way has been one of substantial progress upward, and a few days ago Secretary Wilson placed him at the head of the publications bureau of the new Department of Labor. Few men are more devoted to the trades union idea than is Mr. Gompers, and his brethren of Columbia Typographical Union will rejoice at his good fortune and merited promotion.

* * *

Mr. Levi Brown, one of Columbia Union's members employed in the monotype keyboard section of the Government Printing Office, has the sincere sympathy of his fellow-craftsmen and friends in the loss sustained in the death of his estimable wife, which occurred in this city a few days ago. For some years past Mrs. Brown had been in poor health, but this only slightly limited her many activities in numerous good works, and she will be sadly missed by a large circle of friends, while to those nearest and dearest her death will be an irreparable loss. "The ashes of the just smell sweet and blossom in the dust."

* * *

Representative Sisson, of Mississippi, is to be the Decoration Day orator at the services to be held in the National Printery at noon time on May 29, 1913. The talented Southerner has made a reputation for convincing logic and pleasing oratory even in so difficult a place as the House of Representatives, and the Printery people have a good thing coming in Mr. Sisson's address.

* * *

This one, from the Seattle (Wash.) Union Record, has about it such a subtle thrust at the "law of averages" that I feel it a duty to keep it going:

"The Post-Intelligencer thinks that because one person in a hundred has an automobile—or should have according to the automobile census—that as a nation we are prosperous. Perhaps—but it is just possible that in order for that one in a hundred to have a machine the balance of the ninety-nine have to go a little shy on eats. These statistics are ticklish things, Mr. Post-Intelligencer, and you can't judge how many people go hungry by the number of automobiles owned by those who do not know what hunger is."

* * *

I have lately received intelligence that Colonel Charles H. Slack, formerly among us as a member of Columbia Union and a worker in the Government Printing Office, and later much in evidence as a Tennessee editor and orator, has gone on to the lecture platform, his first offense bearing the title of "Pi," its delivery being scheduled for May 6, in Nashville, Tenn., under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy. The "Colonel" has many of the necessary qualifications for the job of lecturer, and I predict his success. Of course, if "Bud" sought my abvice in the matter I'd tell him not to print his picture—even good-natured Tenneesseans can't stand everything.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

THE INLAND PRINTER

If you are an apprentice, if you THINK you are a job printer; or if you think you are any printer at all, you need the Inland Printer. If you want to know the printing business from "A to izzard," it will tell you how. J. V. Johnson is authorized agent for Washington, and orders gived to him or left at THE TRADES UNIONIST office will be promptly filled. If you want to be a good job printer, or any other kind of GOOD printer, you need the Inland Printer and Trades Unionist.

PRES. GOMPERS IMPROVING

Advices received from the Episcopal Eye and Ear Hospital are that the condition of President Gompers is progressing very favorably and that it will not be long before he will be able to leave the hospital.

LABOR MAN APPOINTED.

It has become known that Secretary of Commerce Redfield has appointed Walter Macarthur, editor of the Coast Seamen's Journal, San Francisco, United States shipping commissioner at San Francisco, effective June 1 next. The position carries with it a salary of $4,000 per annum. Walter Macarthur is widely known in the labor world as one of the stanch trade unionists, his present position as editor of one of the foremost labor journals testifying to his exceptional ability as a writer. His knowledge of the movements of men is wide and his philosophy is that of the statesman. He was in the British merchant marine service from 1876 to 1886; in the American merchant marine from 1886 to 1891; was manager and associate editor of the Coast Seamen's Journal from 1891 to 1895, being made editor in the latter year, the position which he now holds. He is the author of the "Red Record," a resume of the cruelties perpetrated upon American seamen, and the "Handy-Billy," a book of new century pamphlets, as well as a contributor upon every phase of the labor problem.

SHIRT CUTTERS WIN.

New York, May 9.—The United Garment Workers are successfully winning the strike of the shirt cutters. To date forty-seven firms have agreed to the conditions contained in the new agreement and only 200 men are still on strike, with prospects of an early settlement. It has been almost impossible to get strike-breakers to take the places of this class of workers, making the task of the Garment Workers much easier than usual.

GALESBURG NEWS.

Galesburg, Ill., May 9.—The wave of organization sweeping over the country has made its appearance in this city. Recently the Bakers were organized, starting out with a splendid charter list. The Teamsters' Union is making progress in securing wage advances and agreements. The men employed in excavation and wagon work are now working under an agreement, the price on scraper work being the same as last year, 60 cents per hour for man and team, but the price on wagon work having been increased from 55 cents to 60 cents per hour.

ELECTION MAY 28, 1913

JOHN W. SHERMAN
FOR DELEGATE I. T. U.

SPECIFICATION CHAPEL G. P. O.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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Three Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts

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The bank makes money on deposits—why not get YOUR share of the profits?

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100 per cent Pure Bread

fresh three times daily
AT ALL GROCERS

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME COMPANY

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THE ONLY OLD LINE LEGAL RESERVE COMPANY ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary. R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity. Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at the Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 U St., n. w.

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Selbold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 245 15th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

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LABOR DAY COMMITTEE

At the meeting of the Central Labor Union, on last Monday night, President Kidd appointed the following committee to make arrangements for the annual celebration on Labor Day, at Benning's Race Track: Charles T. Smith, Luke F. Ludlow, N. A. James, A. C. Hayden, John Lorch, Richard Grace, Joseph Clark, Fred Koehler, Fred Fox, and Frank Rom.

BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS.

Indianapolis, May 9.—The Teamsters' Union, of Rochester, N. Y., has been successful in obtaining a substantial increase in wages and better working conditions as the result of a short strike. The increase in wages will average about $2 a week. President Tobin, of the Brotherhood, states that all over the country there is a tendency on the part of employers to sign increased wage scales and grant better working conditions, with scarcely any difficulty encountered where men are thoroughly organized. At the present time there are only a few men involved in strike, while at this time in years past there have been several thousand engaged in contests, which indicates that employers begin to realize that the amicable adjustment of differences is of equal advantage to them, as well as to the teamsters. During the past month the International Brotherhood of Teamsters has issued ten charters.

PAINTERS WIN STRIKE.

Danville, Ill., May 9.—The Painters have been successful in securing an agreement from all the boss painters. Two of the largest strikes that have occurred in Danville for years have been won by the workers. The carpenters' strike was won some weeks ago, when they received an increase in wages and shorter hours, as well as the union shop, and now the painters have just won their strike. The Building Trades Council has been largely responsible for these two victories, and is in better shape than ever before.

PLUMBERS ON STRIKE.

Syracuse, N. Y., May 9.—All the union plumbers in this city, numbering over 200, are on strike. The men demand $5 per day, an increase of 45 cents over the present scale.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Albert J. Weber, probationary stereotyper.

Mrs. Delphine Darling, folder, reinstated.

Miss Marion J. Kennedy, temporary press feeder.

Stanton W. Algate, Rodney P. Savoy, Patrick H. McCarthy, William S. Smith, John R. Kines, John J. Burns, Thomas W. Brasheers, probationary skilled laborers.

Alan T. Phelps, Charles A. Richards, Hayward G. Burrell, August J. Weber, William J. Harrover, Harvey A. Jonas, temporary skilled laborers.

John H. Gattis, unskilled laborer.

Archie A. Carr, probationary messenger boy.

Separations.

Arthur McNelly, compositor, resigned.

James G. Boss, compositor, dropped.

Harry L. Hall, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Albert J. Weber, temporary stereotyper, dropped.

Frank O. Hart, Levi Huber, Ernest A. Hurdle, Marcus P. Jackson, William S. McDaniel, Jefferson D. Newlon, Joseph B. O'Neal, Harry L. Swiggett, Philip E. Sardo, Sidney C. Sommers, Charles D. Deming, Michael P. McKenna, Harry E. Libert, Ralph Lee, Frank Johnson, Gaston J. Bretagne, Wilson D. McNelly, David G. McKenzie, Samuel H. Lenoir, Shelley K. Kieffer, John W. DeVries, William T. Curran, James H. Camper, Samuel D. Barr, Henry Adamson, Jr., John F. King, Ross K. Kapp, Arthur R. Lindsey, Charles J. Meagher, Olin A. Palmer, John M. Reilly, Robert F. Simms, James H. Adams, Joseph W. Becker, Joseph H. Cummings, Frank P. Fugitt, Harry H. Geisbert, William F. Harris, temporary compositors dropped.

William S. Smith, John J. Burns, Thomas S. Nelson, William H. Robinson, temporary skilled laborers, dropped.

Transfers, &c.

Harry D. Beach, office of printing; Herve W. Kitzmiller, proof reader 60 cents per hour, proof section; Harrison F. Wilson, hand to monotype section; William T. Hall and Joseph E. Sheehan, linotype operators, 60 cents per hour, linotype section; Benedict Kirsch, compositor, 50 cents per hour, monotype section; John M. Ware, compositor, 50 cents per hour, hand section; Hubert J. Mills, monotype to job section; Arthur J. Wadsworth, monotpye keyboard operator, 60 cents per hour, monotype section night; John E. Shaeffer, Joseph W. Belcher, William H. Beringer, Thomas E. Doty, John C. Euler, Robert H. Harstin, Charles B. Huse, Godfrey F. Weidman, Paul I. Bulter, Fred E. Davis, James T. Jones, Thomas F. Lewis, Lewis McKinney, William R. Mason, George R. Maxwell, monotype section, night to day; Elliott A. Hoopes, and Frank Jost, caster helphers, 35 cents per hour, monotype section night; Joseph K. Linkins, and Henri W. Shields, caster helphers, 35 cents per hour, monotype; John A. Staub, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; Frank R. Burton, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, press division intermediate; Samuel P. Darby, John S. Griggers, Ralph E. Evans, William C. Farmer, skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, press division; William E. Burch, and Frank J. Freeman, helpers, 35 cents per hour.

VICTORY FOR PAINTERS.

Springfield, Ill., May 9.—The Painters' Union has won a complete victory. The old scale expired on April 1, and as the members of the Master Painters' Association refused to grant the increase, a strike followed. A number of independent employers, however, signed the wage scale and their employes continued to work. Now, the Master Painters' Association has signed the new scale and agreement. The contract covers a period of two years and the scale provides for 50 cents an hour for the present year and 52 1-2 cents an hour for 1914. The sign writers are to receive 25 cents per day more than the painters.

BIG STRIKE IMPENDING.

Baltimore, May 9.—A strike of all the clothing cutters and trimmers in this city is in prospect. The United Garment Workers are preparing to demand a weekly schedule of forty-eight hours to supplant the fifty-four-hour work week now in effect. The local union has voted unanimously to make this demand, and efforts are now being made to secure the reduction in hours in an amicable manner. With the success of the recent garment workers' strike it is not thought that the employers will make a very determined stand against the union's demand. The reduction in hours is desired in order that Baltimore may be placed upon a more equitable basis with other clothing manufacturing cities.

TO BE EXPECTED.

Paterson, N. J., May 9.—Recently the United Textile Workers' officials arranged a meeting here for the purpose of addressing the strikers from the mills. As was to be expected the I. W. W.'s came near disrupting the meeting, these gentry making an unsuccessful attempt to create a riot in the meeting hall. The disturbance was quelled, however, and the meeting held, a large audience remaining to hear the addresses.

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

Capt. William R. Ramsey, one of the best known members of Columbia Union, is again at his desk in the proof room of the Government Printing Office, after an absence of three or four weeks owing to an illness which was at one time quite serious. The Captain is one of the fine figures of the old guard of unionists of this city, and his friends are much pleased to note his improved health and return to work.

* * *

The coming entertainment and dance to be given by the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association promises to be one of the best of the kind ever staged in this city among amateurs. President Parsons and his helpers among the association's members are working hard to this end, and Phil Nachman, who is in charge of the show, assures me that it will be well worth devoting the evening of April 29, 1913, to the good things which he proposes to provide at National Rifles Hall for Washington printers and their families and friends. By all means go to the show—an all-printer affair, I understand—if possible; but if you can't go, buy a few tickets, anyway. Proceeds for the benefit of the club's trip to Pittsburgh, in August, as well as to forward the great object of the association—more outdoor life for the printer.

* * *

Wayne Byers, a printer whom many of the down-town contingent of Columbia Union knew well in the past, died at his home in Alexandria, Va., on Thursday, April 3, 1913, aged 46 years. Mr. Byers joined No. 101 in October, 1890, and was for many years employed on the Post. Several years ago, due to poor health, he gave up the trade of printer, engaging in other business in Alexandria, though he retained his membership in the Union up to the time of his death. Funeral services were held from the residence of his sister, in Alexandria, on Sunday, a goodly number of Mr. Byers's old friends and fellow-craftsmen from Washington being in attendance.

* * *

I rarely get hold of a Wisconsin newspaper that I do not see some complimentary reference therein to Merlin Hull, a gentleman who set type for several years in the Government Printing Office and who has been making a splendid record as a public man in his native State for the past six or seven years. This is from the Chippewa Independent, politically opposed to Mr. Hull, but yet fair enough to accord him his just due:

"It is the universal verdict of those who have business before the Wisconsin legislature that Hon. Merlin Hull, the speaker, is as clean cut a gentleman as ever presided over that body. He is a parliamentarian of no mean ability. He is thoroughly progressive, honest and economical, and, if he has any kind of support, will shorten the session and save the people money. In this age of extravagance and crookedness in public life it is gratifying to find a man like Merlin Hull, who has the interests of the State at heart, and willing to give the best that is in him to make it one of the best States in the Union. Speaker Hull is a great deal like the men who filled the halls of the Wisconsin legislature in the early days of the commonwealth, before the primary election law. They were men of force and ability, of vigilance too aggressive to permit anything to be slipped by them whereof they did not know the meaning and the purpose in full."

While a member of Columbia Typographical Union Mr. Hull made many friends among its members, and these feel both pleasure and pride in his success.

* * *

From Nashville, Tenn., comes to me the news that my old friend and former co-laborer, Charles H. ("Colonel Bud") Slack, once of Columbia Union and the Government Printing Office, is still going forward and upward. On March 6 he was elected exalted ruler of the Nashville lodge of Elks, and the way old Bud let loose the streams of his eloquence when inducted into the office was something to enlighten, revitalize, charm, and—fill about two columns of 8-point! Here is just a little specimen of the kind of word painting which the "exalted" Slack gave his brethren on the occasion referred to:

"One breeze from the fields, redolent of clover; one breath from the deep woods, savoring of cedar and hemlock; one glimpse of the mountain's fluted crest, with the wide world beyond filling the mind's eye; one glance at the expansive prairie, dipping and disappearing in the distance; one whirl with the shirt-sleeve boys and the linsey-woolsey girls; one riot of the imagination, tieing rainbows into double bow-knots and bumping heads with the stars, is more in accordance with the nature of things, and therefore more enjoyable, than any effort that smacks and smells of the midnight oil. I do not believe in encouraging the oil trust, anyhow."

* * *

The well-known (I had almost said "famous," and it would not have been out of place) Rebew Orchestra is to give its twelfth annual concert in this city in the near future, the time being the evening ef Wednesday, April 16, 1913, and the place Odd Fellows' Hall, 423 Seventh street, N. W. Henry W. Weber, a well-known attache of the Government Printing Office proof room, is director and Mr. Walter Crouch concert master of this high-class amateur organization. The performers for the coming event include such well-known and pleasing talent as Miss Florine Walker, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Klein, Mr. W. J. Weber, Mr. Newton T. Hammer, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Butler Pierce, and Mr. J. G. Weber, assisted by the full orchestra of about 45 artists. The program to be given is one so excellent that all who attend will be certain of an evening full of enjoyment of real music, vocal and instrumental.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

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Mr. J. W. Gregg, 614 O Street, N.W., is the only dairyman serving the Government Printing Office who has signed the agreement of Local No. 347.

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Which is Red, White and Blue!

C. H. Trammell, of the National dairy, and E. E. Oliver, of the Union Valley dairy, have transferred their membership to the Bakery Salesmen's Union and are engaged at that craft.

Walter T. Trittipoe, formerly Secretary and Business Agent of the Milk Wagon Driver's Union, was a caller at headquarters this week. He is now a member of Local No. 33, but still takes a keen interest in all matters that pertain to the uplift of the milk men.

David A. Thompson, route agent at Thompson's dairy, Four-and-a-half street, S. W., while serving a route with which he was unfamiliar, ran into and crashed through the glass of an inner hallway door about ten days ago and was seriously injured, one of his eyes being so badly cut as to make it uncertain, at this time, whether or not the sight is destroyed.

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These galleries are located at 1223-1225 G Street Northwest. Here some very beautiful pictures and paintings are displayed. Framing is given very careful attention, and all business is conducted carefully and with an aim to please and retain customers. Mr. S. J. Venable is the proprietor, and he has been unusually successful in this business, and has recently opened up a store in Ninth Street. We are pleased to have his co-operation in our Annual Review, and urge our readers to patronize him when needing anything in this line.

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This firm is a dealer in Diamonds, Jewelry, and Silverware. As this is an old established house with a reputation for carrying the best in this line, and the store at 704 Seventh Street Northwest is one of the most reliable places to trade. The business was established in 1864, and since that time until today the firm has constantly enlarged its stock and has always done a successful business.

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In May Mr. Crandall, who is the General Manager of this company, will open the La Grand Moving Picture Park, at 77 North Capitol Street and New York Avenue. We predict that Mr. Crandall will be as successful in this undertaking as he has been before, and bespeak for him the co-operation of the public. The Washington public has shown that a theater of this kind is very much appreciated. Its educational as well as its amusing qualities are well recognized, and films are constantly being improved upon, so that now it is a great pleasure to patronize these houses.

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The trade-winning business methods of the management of this firm arouses no little degree of envy among its competitors, and its many patrons have naught but praise for the E. F. Droop & Sons Co.

Their fair attitude toward organized labor entitles them to the frendship and patronage of all fair-minded people.

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This concern is one of the largest industries of Washington, and their position has always been conducted in a commendable manner.

The management is on the most friendterms with the employes here, and it is pleasing to note that such cordial relations exist.

Mr. Elliott S. Morse is the general manager of the company and a very well-qualified man for the position. The office of the company is located at 1413 G Street Northwest.

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We are pleased to mention in our first Annual Review that this firm has demonstrated through its business policy that organized labor and organized capital should respect the fact that each are entitled to organization. It is a pleasure to indorse such friends. Owing to their broad-minded and public-spirited way of conducting their business this firm has achieved a prestige that is substantial and strong. We are pleased to note this to our people and wage-earners of all the vocations, and urge them to give it their patronage whenever it is consistent.

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G. G. CORNWELL & SON.

Established 1865.

In summing up the various wholesale establishments of Washington, firms that have added materially to the upbuilding of our city, we take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the above firm. In its retail grocery district there is no firm that stands more prominent. This company is known for its square dealings and the prominent place it holds throughout its trade territory is but an example of the popularity of the firm and its line of goods. This company carries one of the largest stocks of fancy groceries, mineral waters, wines and liquors, cigars, &c., of any similar concern in the city.

The prominent place held by this firm in our wholesale district, and in the upbuilding of our city was not won in a day, but through conservative management. The gentlemen comprising this establishment are shrewd, conservative business men, and are exponents of all conservative labor movements, and we take pleasure in placing the names of the above firm in our annual review edition.

HERZOG HOTEL,

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Any project whatever which is for the advancement of labor organizations always receives the hearty co-operation of this company and it has done much for our community.

This enterprise has the indorsement of organized labor, and union men and their families are urged to give its product their united patronage.

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John A. Koons is the president of this company and Bruce S. Branson secretary and treasurer. Both gentlemen are well known to our readers and have served the public faithfully.

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Our people have been at a loss in the past to show exactly where to extend reciprocity, and for that reason the union people of Washington will hail the coming of the Annual Friendly Review. It is pleasing to know that in the Annual Review, which will be widely circulated and read by thousands of union men and others, that we can say that no electrical company in the city stands higher than does the Carroll Electric Company. This company is known throughout the business circles of the city, and has gained a good reputation by fairness and consideration of all classes and very deservedly so, as they treat all classes and their employes with the greatest consideration. This company deals in everything pertaining to electrical supplies. They employ expert workmen and no firm of the kind is better prepared for doing every kind of work in their line than they are. We take pleasure in commending them, and ask our people to give them their support and co-operation in every way that it is possible for them to do, and show their appreciation of those who are friendly to organized labor.

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Copper, Brass and Iron Work of Every Description for Breweries, Distilleries Chemical Laboratories, Confectioners Dyers, and Laundries—Retinning Range and Stove Work—Steam Tables Kitchen Utensils—Coffee Urns

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Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Back

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Dyeing and Scouring Establishment
Suits Scoured and Pressed, $1.00
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We Retail at Wholesale Prices.

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Merchant Tailor and Importer
For Ladies and Gentlemen
Altering, Dyeing, Cleaning, Pressing
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Opposite Masonic Temple

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DANIEL H. KOOP
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Buy your Oxfords and Pumps Here and Save a Dollar
526 H Street N. E.
Next to Corner of Sixth

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NEW WHEELS ON EASY PAYMENT

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Clothier, Hatter, and Gents' Furnisher.
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Georgetown's Popular Department Store,
THE BEE HIVE
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Ladies' Garments and Millinery, Dry Goods, Ladies, and Men's Furnishings.
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We Are Now in Our New Store.
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Plate and Window Glass
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French-Italian Importing Co.
Importers and Distributers.
French, Italian, Spanish, and American Wines, Liquors, Groceries, and Table Luxuries.
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Peter George
NUTS
1822 14th St. N. W.

THE HUB FURNITURE CO.

This very creditable establishment is located at the corner of Seventh and D Streets Northwest, and a complete line of up-to-date house furnishings is carried at all times. Their line includes all modern high-class furniture, carpets, rugs, linoleums, oilcloths, curtains, window shades, and housekeeping goods of all description. They sell at the lowest price consistent with the goods they carry. See them for everything in this line and be assured of square dealing to you and entire satisfaction. We have no hesitancy in placing this store among our leading concerns, which is to be depended upon to substantially aid in the upbuilding of our city.

In the rapid strides that our business houses have made during the past few years, there is none worthy of more particular note than the successful progress made by this company. The business principles on which they have prospered are "The best in quality and the fairest in price." We are pleased to note that the business men and other citizens of Washington hold the Hub Furniture Company in highest esteem.

HARRY V. BOUIC & CO.

This firm are dealers in Real Estate, Insurance, Sales, Loans, Rents, and Investments.

No more excellent firm than the above can be found in our enterprising city, and when, as in this case, the concern has shown itself to be heartily in accord with our principles, it is a pleasure to recommend them to the members of the different organizations as a concern upon whom they can thoroughly rely. By consistent application of correct business methods this company has built up for itself a large and successful business and one where the laboring man is treated with the same courtesy and consideration as the capitalist. Owing to its broad-minded and public-spirited manner of dealing this enterprise has made itself exceedingly popular with all classes of people. Their office is at 1427 H Street Northwest, in the Southern Building, where the union man will find a hearty welcome.

Mr. Harry V. Bouic and Richardson Gibson are the popular members of the firm.

JESSE L. HEISKELL.

Mr. Heiskell deals in real estate and investments. He is located at 1403 H Street Northwest, where he conducts a constantly increasing business. His word can always be depended upon and his advice on all matters pertaining to real estate or investments is thoroughly sound. We are pleased to call the attention of our union readers to this fact and urge them to keep this in mind should they at any time in the future seriously contemplate the purchase of real estate or consider a safe investment for their money.

Mr. Heiskell also represents the Hamburg-Bremen and Potomac Fire Insurance Companies. Attends to renting and collecting and manages estates. This business was established in 1887, and by this you may feel safe in putting your business in Mr. Heiskell's care.

EGYPTIAN DIAMOND COMPANY.

Mr. John Saadi is the engaging proprietor of this business, which is located at 602 Ninth Street Northwest. We urge our readers to call at this address and look over the unusual stock of diamonds Mr. Saadi carries. He also carries the Mascot Fountain Pen, which is one of the handiest pens in existence. If you are looking for something for a remembrance or for a gift you would do well to call upon Mr. Saadi first. He is very reasonable in his prices and extends courtesy to one and all. We are pleased to wish him the success he so well merits.

ALEX. ST. JOHN & SON.

This firm is doing a hustling business as cornice, skylights, tin, copper, and sheet metal contractors. Heating and ventilating is also given prompt and satisfactory attention. The shop is located at 1245 Wisconsin Avenue Northwest, and connected with phone W. 516. All jobbing is promptly attended to and a fair price made on all work. Be sure and see this firm for anything in this line. Toward labor the firm has always maintained an attitude of absolute fairness and friendliness and we are pleased to accord them a place in this Review.

M. G. COPELAND CO.

This is one of the popular, progressing firms of our city, and one which is doing a constantly increasing business. They are manufacturers of awnings and flags, window shades, tents, and canvas covers. The very best materials are put in each order and great skill exercised in the putting together of each one. At this time of the year our readers will be glad to hear of such a firm, and we feel that we cannot too strongly commend this one to them for their patronage. The company is located at 409 Eleventh Street Northwest. Prices on all work are unusually reasonable.

THE KEYSTONE HOTEL COMPANY.

Mr. George C. Campbell is the president and general manager of this popular hotel, which is located at 482 Pennsylvania Avenue Northwest. This hotel is all newly furnished throughout and is an ideal home in every respect. Mr. Campbell comes from York, Pa., and is thoroughly capable in this business. Since his inception here he has been unusually successful. He is a warm friend of labor and always interested in the welfare and advancement of the workingmen.

BARRETT & COMPANY.

This is known popularly as the Ladies' Hat Shop. A specialty is made of wire, rice, and net hat frames. Old hats are made new by this firm, and all their work bears the hall mark of ability and true taste. The shop is located at 805 Ninth Street Northwest.

At this season of the year the service of a firm of this kind is very necessary and you will also be practicing economy by trading here. We urge our readers to call at this shop when needing anything in this line.

JOHN SCRIVENER.

Mr. Scrivener is one of our most popular real estate brokers. He deals in sales, loans, and insurance. Special attention is given to the collection of rents and he has always been very successful in handling same. Mr. Scrivener is also a notary public. His office is located at 907 G Street Northwest. See him for anything in this line and you will receive the very best results.

HERMAN'S.

This is headquarters for men's, boys', and children's clothing, furnishings, and hats. Their line comprises the best made and at prices that win steady customers. This store is located at 738 Seventh Street Northwest, at the southwest corner of Seventh and H Streets. Messrs. L. J. Silverman and R. L. Kerngood are the popular proprietors.

INVENTORS' FIRST AID.

The Inventor's First Aid ($1) including the Inventor's Pocket Library (25c) or "Common Sense Help" for Young Inventors, by an Old One.

Such is the quite accurate description of the tools and the instructions offered to inventors by the publishers, the Engineer Searching Company, of the Citizens' Bank Building, Washington.

The library, written by a well known engineer, consists of ten tracts which throw much light upon some dark spots in our now failing patent system, and offer simple and effective protection against its current abuses—more especially for young inventors.

The highest authorities in engineering journalism recognize the merit and utility of these tracts. For instance, the Engineering News, of New York, says:

"A series of tracts giving practical advice, generally sound and well considered, to inventors, concerning best methods of real protection. Should be of much value, especialy to inexperienced inventors."

These tracts are also approved, as is the "Common Sense Help," by the Brotherhood of Inventors organized (1909) at Washington, for "Reform in Patent Law and Practice," in the sole interest of inventors.

After due examination, we are glad to recommend these "Helps," which will speak for themselves to our interested readers.

NATIONAL SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

This is one of the important banking institutions of the city, and one which has met with the approval and faith of the public since its very inception. To-day it has resources of over $9,426,483.97. It receives deposits from 10 cents upward and interest is allowed on $5 and above. Money is loaned on real estate and collateral security. This company is a legal depository for court and trust funds and acts as administrator, executor, assignee, and executes trusts of all kinds. Wills are also prepared by a competent attorney who is in attendance. Safe deposit boxes are for rent from $5 a year upward. Letters of credit, drafts, and travelers' checks are issued on all parts of the world. The officers of this institution are: William D. Hoover, president; Woodbury Blair, first vice president; Frank W. Stone, second vice president; George Howard, treasurer; Charles E. Nyman, secretary; Charles C. Lamborn, assistant treasurer, and Frank Stetson, trust officer.

P. J. NEE COMPANY.

The P. J. Nee Company displays this season so many beautiful and seasonable articles for the furnishing of the home that we need only call attention to them and request our readers to call at their store and inspect the line for themselves. This line includes new and novel sets of drawing-room and bedroom furniture, besides many special pieces which would fill a want in our homes or serve as wedding gifts to a young couple who are just housefurnishings. The firm is also showing a nice line of bedding, carpets, and draperies, which will be found suitable for this season of the year.

The reputation of this house was not built up in a day, but by each day and each year increasing its business, and in taking an active interest in every detail of this business and catering to the needs of the public. We are therefore pleased to have the co-operation of so able a firm in our Review.

T. E. GILBERT

An importer and tailor who has become well known and widely patronized because of the excellence of his work, is this gentleman, located at 925 F Street Northwest. If you want your clothes to look nice, always fit perfect, wear well, and always look stylish and dressy, patronize this tailor. Mr. Gilbert is now showing a beautiful line of new cloths for suitings, &c. A call will be appreciated, and Mr. Gilbert will take particular pains that you will be pleased with the result. He takes an active interest in each customer, assuring satisfaction and prompt attention. A speciality is made of $25 suitings, which are very popular. The workrooms are always open for inspection. Sanitary conditions exist, and fair wages are paid all employes.

THE IDEAL HAND LAUNDRY.

The traditional wear and tear on clothes sent to a public laundry is reduced to a minimum when the family wash is sent here. Miss Bessie C. Kennedy, the manager, gives this business her personal attention, and no work leaves this laundry indifferently done. High-grade hand work is made a specialty, and prices on all work are uniformly reasonable. The laundry is located at 1612 Sixteenth Street Northwest. We urge our members and readers to patronize this laundry when convenient. Once a customer, always one, applies here. Mending is done free, lingerie work is made a specialty, and suits are carefully cleaned and pressed.

NORMAN & ROBINSON,
201 Southern Bldg.

In writing up the different real estate firms of the city, we would make quite an omission, indeed, if we failed to make mention of this old and reliable company. They are dealers in real estate and loans, and by their conservative methods of conducting their business, are now enjoying a large and successful business of the kind. We are pleased to mention this firm in this, our Annual Review, and we feel that we would have done a great injustice had we failed to mention so deserving a real estate firm as the above, that has done much toward the advancement of Washington.

THE EXCELSIOR MARKET.

This is a handy place to trade. First class Meats and Provisions are carried and quick service and prompt delivery are two features which have made for the success of this Market. The Market is located at 2002-2004 Seventh Street Northwest, also at 703 Florida Avenue Northwest. We urge our readers and particularly our Union members to deal with this firm, assuring them of satisfaction and fair prices at all times.

S. H. BERMAN.

Mr. Berman is a Head-to-foot Outfitter to Men, Women, and Children. Millinery is also carried. Mr. Berman conducts both a cash and credit business and enjoys a steady trade both on account of his business courtesy and also because of the grade of goods he carries. The store is located at 1518 Seventh Street Northwest, where he will be glad to show the latest styles in both clothing and millinery.

HORN, THE TAILOR.

A high-class merchant tailoring establishment for the perfect tailoring of men's garments is conducted by this popular gentleman at 611 Seventh Street Northwest. In all his work Mr. Horn has given perfect satisfaction, and his art is beyond question, as he enjoys the patronage of men who appreciate well made clothes.

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R. M. BROWN
Paints, Oils, and Glass
Lucas Tinted Gloss Paints, Stains and Enamels
S. W. Cor. SEVENTH and N STS. N. W.

Heller's Hair Store
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The Oldest Hair Store in the City
Bring us your combings—we will make them in a switch for $1.50.

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F. O. Nichols, Proprietor.
Elegantly Furnished Rooms
50 and 75 cents for Each Person
Open All Night
Room and Board $1.00 to $1.50 per Day
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Special Rates for Excursionists
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Sanitary Dust-Killing Floor Oil
BED BUGS
And any Insect.
Cedar Spray, a Sure Cure
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SHOE STORE
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Makers of Correct Hats
For Men and Young Men
Repairing Neatly Done

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Fashionable Dressmaking and Corset Fitting.
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Dealer in
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Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.
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Dry Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Ladies' and Men's Furnishings at Right Prices.
Your money back if goods are not entirely satisfactory.
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Expert Dyeing, Cleaning, Pressing.
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Manufacturers of
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Millinery
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Imported and Domestic
Wines and Medical Liquors
Also Fancy Groceries.
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"Good Things to Eat."

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Prices Delivered: One gallon, $1.20; half gallon, 60c; quart, 35c.
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Wholesale and Retail
CONFECTIONERS
Ice cream a specialty. We use Pure Cream.
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Phone North 2086.
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For Ladies and Gentlemen.
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We do tailoring in all its branches.

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All Kinds of Kitchen Utensils Made to Order in any Shape or Form Desired
Everything in the High-Grade of Sheet Metal Work Manufactured
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WE FURNISH ANY SIZE TO ORDER

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OFFICE
National Metropolitan Bank Building
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Practice in All Courts
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METAL WEATHER STRIPS
WOOD SCREENS
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Toys, Varieties and Doll Hospital
Florist, Flowers in Season
718 H STREET NORTHEAST
Ticket Agent for W. B. & A. Ry.

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Importers and Jobbers of Jewelers' Supplies
718 THIRTEENTH STREET N. W.

Phone Main 5536 Notary Public Conveyancing
E. E. RAMEY
Loans on Real Estate in the District of Columbia
INSURANCE
617 FOURTEENTH STREET N. W.

Phone North 2797 Tuning and Repairing.
Established 1882.
HELBIG BROS.
Dealers in
PIANOS, PLAYER-PIANOS and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE
1742 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST

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Highest Grades of Imported Groceries, Wines, and Liquors
Teas, Coffees, and Spices a Specialty.
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$3.00, $3.50 and $4.00
UNION MADE
BEACON BOOT SHOP
1111 Penna. Ave. N. W.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE

When in Doubt, Buy of
HOUSE & HERRMANN
FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES, ETC.
N.E. Cor. Seventh and I Streets N.W

When Purchasing Bread
Get Meinbergs Top Noch
Look For Label on Each Loaf
JOHN G. MEINBERG
Baker and Confectioner
714-716 11th Street, S. E.

P. B. Suits
for Spring and Summer
in all the new colorings
$15-$18-$25
Parker, Bridget & Co.
HEAD-TO-FOOT OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS
"The Avenue at Ninth"

—TRY—
Butler's Rheumatic and Gout Remedy
also a Kidney and Heart Tonic
Price, 50 cents per Bottle
6 BOTTLES FOR $2.50
Manufactured since 1872 by
BUTLER AND FIELD, Pharmacists
Third and Indiana Ave. Northwest

We've Always Found Union People Reliable
Buy whatever you wish —have it charged—tell us just what terms will be convenient for you. Not a penny is added to our regular prices for this accommodation.
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WATCHES AND DIAMONDS
824 SEVENTH ST. N. W.

The only strictly
UNION TAILORING
house in the city
M. STEIN & CO.
TAILORS
Six Stores at EIGHTH and F Streets

Phone N. 5281
Old Purissima Rye
The Best the Distilleries Distil
WM. CANNON - - 1225 7th Street Northwest

ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 and at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Building Trades Mechanics Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, Hugh H. Digney, 1330 Emerson St. Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall, Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, No. 94: Meets second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 1065 31st street. Secretary, Chas. H. McDowell, 502 14th northwest.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1682 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535a 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, No. 10: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. E. Allison, 1117 6th street northeast.

Steamfitters' Helpers: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Thos. F. Flanagan, 45 H street N.W

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall. Secretary, Herbert Blackman, 906 B street south east.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 1220 Penn. Ave. Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

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RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, April 11.—The Brotherhood of Railway Carmen has just issued three charters for new lodges—one of these located in Terre Haute, Ind.; one in New York State, and one in Worcester, Mass. The charter lists are of good size, and prospects bright for many additions.

JAMES E. MULLOY.
Contracting is one of the essential factors in the make-up of a city and greatly assists in promoting its prestige and prominence as a commercial center. Mr. Mulloy is a carpenter and builder of repute, who has successfully filled many contracts. He makes a specialty of jobbing, and all work is attended to promptly and competently. He is located east side Seventeenth Street, between O and P. Phone North 1229. Estimates are cheerfully given. Mr. Mulloy has always entertained a deep regard toward labor.

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CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Freeman M. Murray and James K. Lacock, compositors.

John A. Phillips, reinstated as proof reader.

Leo Simmons and Clarence H. Peake, temporary skilled laborers.

Wilber L. Shipley, temporary pressman.

Mrs. Louise K. Roche, temporary press feeder.

Separations.

Charles F. Trogner, press reviser, resigned.

Joseph H. Polkinhorn, temporary compositor.

Noah W. Magowan, skilled laborer, resigned.

Charles H. Lisner, temporary compositor.

William R. Lightfoot, unskilled laborer, resigned.

James K. Lacock, temporary compositor.

Harkness L. Bowley, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Clarence M. Agnew, electrotyper's helper, resigned.

Henry F. Luce, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Joseph N. Purks, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

William F. True. compositor, resigned.

Joseph J. Birmingham, pressman, resigned.

Earl O. Griffith, messenger boy, resigned.

Joseph F. Dyer, skilled laborer, resigned.

John F. Newton, compositor, resigned.

Julian P. Armstead, skilled laborer, resigned.

Mrs. Grace V. Steele, folder, resigned.

Joseph McK. Hodges, skilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Emerson B. Swayne, reviser, 70 cents per hour; Charles W. Bell, reviser, 65 cents per hour; Benj. F. Durr and A. H. Rossall, readers, proof section; John F. McGinnis, press reviser, 75 cents per hour; George H. Birdsall, compositor, 50 cents per hour; John D. Bradley, maker-up, 60 cents per hour; Guy Brosee, electrotyper-finisher apprentice, 50 cents per hour; Dennis H. Noonan, electrotyper-molder apprentice, 50 cents per hour; Edward Ronan, Jr., stereotyper-apprentice, 50 cents per hour; Charles J. Graf, compositor, monotype section, night; Edgar C. Whitman, pressman, press division, day to night; Timothy M. Ring, compositor, monotype seotion, night; William E. Mantz, helper, 30 cents per hour; Lloyd G. Cuney, messenger, office superintendent work; Forest G. Grimes, helper, linotype section; William J. Delano, helper, proof section; Thurston G. Brown, helper, hand section; Dennis F. Sheehan, monotype section; Courtney C. Thayer, helper, linotype section, night; Samuel G. Kirby, referee, proof section; Ralph A. Murdock, helper, proof section; Andrew R. Jenkins, helper, monotype section; Benjamin F. Stewart, helper, linotype section; Harry B. Matchett, Jr., helper, monotype section; Francis D. Scott, helper, linotype section; Harry J. Robertson, bookbinder, pamphlet binding section, night bill force; George H. Freeman, skilled laborer, and Miss Matteele E. Spriggs, skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section, day to night; Robert F. Handley, skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section, night bill force; Charles E. Hill, R. W. Armstead, Louis E. Stern and R. J. Lyons, skilled laborers, night bill force; William H. Cornish, referee, proof section; David A. Walsh, pressman, from press division, day to intermediate; Mrs. Pearl G. Padfield. press feeder, press division, day to night; Miss Ella T. Lloyd, skilled laborer, ruling and sewing section; Miss Lizzie M. Thomas, machine operator, ruling and sewing section; Robert C. Thomas, electrotyper's helper, foundry section; Henry Adamson, Jr., J. H. Camper, Wm. T. Curran, J. W. DeVries, Lawrence Hurley, S. K. Kieffer, S. H. Lenoir, D. G. McKenzie, W. D. McNelly, C. J. Meagher, J. B. Moulden, O. A. Palmer, J. M. Reilly, R. F. Simms, John E. Wayson, temporary compositors, monotype section, day to night; John E. Walsh, assistant foreman; Rush Eaton and Regan Henderson, gathering machine operators; Francis A. Hicks, helper; Miss Etta E. Brooks, Miss Jessie A. Burritt, Mrs. Mary E. Cooper, Miss Jessie M. Good, Miss Natalie I. Jones, Mrs. Emma S. Rider, Miss Carrie E. Smallwood, Mrs. Elizabeth M. Somers, skilled laborers; Walter D. Johnston, Henderson V. Martin and William F. Strauss, skilled laborers; William E. Hart, Norman E. Hutchinson and Eli Whitley, unskilled laborers, and Julius Witzel, machine operator; transferred from the night bill force, pamphlet binding section, to the Congressional Record force, same section; William I. Buckner, Sidney S. Bunn, Eugene F. Jackson, Hardy Randall, James W. Rich and George Whittle, skilled laborers; James N. Cox and Henry Thomas, unskilled laborers, from pamphlet binding section, day, to Congressional Record force, same section; Mrs. Susie B. Snyder, skilled laborer, Congressional Record force, pamphlet binding section; Miss Daisy E. Davis, Mrs. Ella McCullum and Miss Matilda M. Proctor, skilled laborers, Congressional Record force, pamphlet binding section.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 52 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 20, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

MOVEMENT PROGRESSING

Manufacturers' Association Positively Refuses Overtures for Peace.

Erie, Pa., June 20.—About 100 blacksmiths and helpers employed at the Erie Forge Company are on strike because of the refusal of the company to meet a committee representing the union relative to making an agreement for a nine-hour day without any reduction in pay, and the right to take up grievances witho it being discriminated against. The Bay City Forge Company and the union have come to an agreement, and the men are at work. The Erie Forge Company is endeavoring to treat with individual members of the union, but without success. The City Council has endeavored to act as mediator between the manufacturers and the Iron Molders. The manufacturers, in replying to a letter sent by the committee selected by the City Council, state: "We decline to appoint a committee. The general attitude of manufacturers does not favor such action. It would not be fair to nonunion men for us to meet a union committee. That would be practically the same as telling the fellow who wants representation that he must first join the union." It is stated, however, that a number of the manufacturers who belong to the association are not in favor of continuing the strike. Other members of the Manufacturers' Association are bound by an ironclad agreement, which carries with it a fine of $1,000, for recognition of the union, unless all members of the association favor such move. It is needless to say that the strike will be continued with as much vigor as heretofore. The Carpenters are holding open meetings, and the two organizations are growing rapidly. At each open meeting many nonunion men are making application for membership, and the outlook is exceedingly good for enrolling a large percentage of all the men employed as carpenters in the city.

INDICT MINERS

High Officials Are Charged With Conspiracy Against Operators.

President John P. White, of the United Mine Workers; Vice President Frank J. Hayes, and seventeen officials and subordinate officers of District 17, have been indicted by the Federal grand jury. The indictment charges a conspiracy in restrain of trade and commerce between the United Mine Workers of America and the coal operators of Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois against the West Virginia coal operators. President White, upon learning of the indictment, said: "I am not at all surprised at the length the operators have gone to to bolster up their cause. They have been making charges in the press for months, and it is peculiarly significant that on the eve of the Senate investigation of conditions in West Virginia they should have brought about a new situation. The charge that we have been in league with operators is absurd and ridiculous. We will be amply able to make clear that no such conditions existed or were even thought of. If we had conspired with the operators, why did they not indict the operators? There are operators in the four States mentioned, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, who own mines in West Virginia. They would hardly be conspiring against themselves."

BUILDING TRADES WIN.

Michigan City, Ind., June 20.—The state of trade here is good and the city fairly well organized. The carpenters went on strike this spring for a raise of 5 cents per hour—from 45 to 50 cents—and an agreement. The strike lasted for six weeks, when the contractors tired of the contest and after a conference an agreement was entered into with the Carpenter Contractors' Association for 47½ cents per hour this year and 50 cents per hour thereafter until April 1, 1916. The striking carpenters, immediately upon the inauguration of the contest, entered the contracting field and secured numerous contracts, and this was the influence which prompted the union fighters to make terms, as they foresaw their ultimate failure. As a result, the Carpenters' Union has been materially benefited, it now being practically 100 per cent organized. The painters, plumbers, and brickmasons also secured a 5-cent per hour increase.

LARGE SUM IN BENEFITS.

San Francisco, June 20.—The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen in the last biennial period expended over $8,000,000 in the payment of death and disability claims and the regular expenses of the organization.

SENATE IMMIGRATION BILL.

Senator Smith has just introduced an immigration bill, which is practically a duplicate of the Burnett-Dillingham bill, passed by Congress at the last session and vetoed by President Taft.

CARPENTERS ON STRIKE

Building Contractors' Association Endeavoring to Bust Unions.

Birmingham, Ala., June 20.—The strike of the unions composing the Building Trades Council, which commenced May 19, has been one of the most effective ones ever inaugurated in the Birmingham District. About eighteen months ago the contractors organized under the name of the Building Contractors' Association. One of the objects of the association is to make Birmingham on open-shop city. On the first of May the building contractors locked out the carpenters, although they claim that the carpenters struck, and on May 19 the Building Trades Council, believing that every union man's job was at stake, called a general strike after having been unable to secure an amicable adjustment with the Building Contractors' Association. The building trades have time and again offered to arbitrate the differences, but the Builders' Association has refused all overtures. The strikers in Birmingham today are in splendid condition. There is not a union in the Building Trades but that has increased its membership, some of the unions having been doubled. Over 250 carpenters have joined the Carpenters' Union since the strike began. As a result of this contest, another Builders' Association has been formed, which has for one of its objects the settling of wage scales and hours of labor by an amicable agreement with the Building Trades Council. This latter Association has already over fifty master builders in its membership, and is rapidly increasing.

FORM NEW CENTRAL BODY

A New Central Labor Union Has Been Formed Comprising of 143 Delegates.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 20.—The United Trades and Labor Council of this city, having refused to enforce Section 1 of Article II, Constitution of the American Federation of Labor, suffered a revocation of charter. Immediately after the withdrawal of the charter the American Federation of Labor, through its organizers, issued a call for a meeting for the purpose of organizing a new Central Labor Body to be comprised of local unions attached to International Unions who are affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. This meeting was called for June 10 and resulted in the formation of a new organization with a large number of local unions as affiliates. Secretary Morrison came here for the purpose of assisting in the formation of this new Central Body, and was present at the meeting. The new Central Labor Union was formed by 143 delegates representing forty-nine local unions, and in addition there were twenty-five representatives of local unions who requested and secured the privilege of remaining in the meeting without voice or vote, with the understanding that their unions would send delegates to the next meeting of the new Council, which will be held on June 19.

OFFICIALS RE-ELECTED.

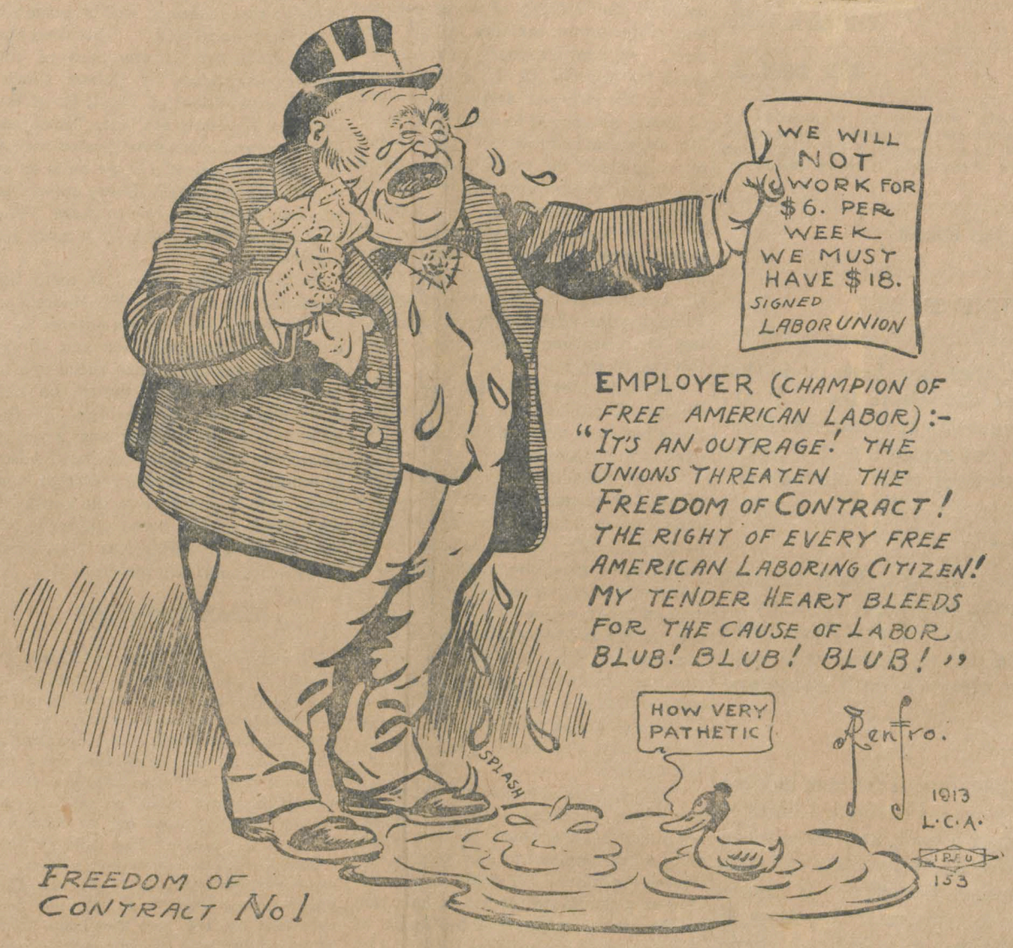
Houston, Texas, June 20.—The following officers were elected by the Switchmen's Union of North America at its recent convention in this city: President, S. A. Heberling, Chicago; first vice president, J. B. Connors, Chicago; second vice president, L. R. Porter, Nottingham, Ohio; third vice president, T. Clohessy, Chicago; fourth vice president, F. J. Sheehan, Buffalo, N. Y.; fifth vice president, Thomas Misenhelter, Kansas City; secretary treasurer, M. R. Welsh, Buffalo, N. Y. W. H. Thompson was re-elected editor of the Journal. W. H. Bird, of St. Louis, was elected as assistant to the president or, as he will be known, legislative representative. Buffalo was selected as the next meeting place for the biennial convention, which will be held in May, 1915.

LIMIT ON COLD STORAGE.

Congressman William S. Vare has introduced a bill prohibiting the cold storage of food beyond a period of ten months. "The effect of the bill, if enacted in the form submitted, will be to prohibit the sale and transportation in interstate or foreign commerce of any food except nuts, fruits, cheese, and vegetables, which have been held in the cold storage for more than ten months, and to require the labeling of all foods which have been held in cold storage less than ten months, so as to show the day, month, and year they entered and were removed from cold storage."

DIFFICULTY ADJUSTED.

Fitchburg, Mass., June 20.—The strike of the carpenters has been satisfactorily adjusted by the action of the master builders in agreeing to pay a minimum wage of $3.50 per day to first-class carpenters. In a letter to the carpenters' union the master builders stated that the large majority of the contractors, including all of the largest employers in the building trades, had agreed to pay $3.50 to carpenters, and that all men who went on strike could find employment by applying for it.



GET MORE MORE

The Electrical Workers New Agreement Calls For a Raise of 25 Cents Per Day.

Galesburg, Ill., June 20.—The electrical workers have signed up with the Home Telephone Company. The new agreement carries with it a raise of 25 cents per day, and instead of working the nine-hour day the year round the men will work nine hours per day during eight months of the year and eight hours per day during the other four months. The minimum wage is now $3 per day. The same agreement signed by the local company was presented to the Bell Telephone Company, but it refused to deal with the organization. The Bell company, by its past actions, is considered hostile to organized labor. The committee in charge of the scale reports that their negotiations with inside wiring contractors are progressing satisfactorily, and that they expect to have their new agreement signed up in the near future for the next two years.

BIG LABOR MEETING.

Cumberland, Md., June 20.—A meeting of organized labor was recently held on the postoffice plaza. There was a parade of the various locals in the city prior to the meeting. John P. White, president of the United Mine Workers, was the principal speaker. Jackson H. Ralston, the Washington attorney in the contempt case for the officials of the American Federation of Labor, also addressed the meeting relative to the initiative and referendum, which the Direct Legislation League is endeavoring to secure for the State of Maryland. Several thousand people were in attendance, it being one of the largest labor meetings ever held in Cumberland.

SENATE PROBE BEGINS.

Charleston, W. Va., June 20.—The Federal probe into conditions in the West Virgina coal fields began on June 10. According to tentative plans the committee has held an executive session and decided as to the mode of procedure. Miners and operators are in the city expecting that they will be called upon to testify before the committee. It is problematical as to the amount of time that will be consumed in the investigation of witnesses in this city, and it is not known yet whether the committee will visit any other section of the State, although it is likely they will visit the Paint and Cabin Creek coal mining districts.

COMPRESSED AIR WORKERS.

New York, June 20.—During the past month the International Compressed Air and Foundation Workers' Union has organized a new local in Montreal, Canada, with prospects for a large membership. This will remove one serious objection of the contractors, who used the excuse that they could not ship men across the border.

BAKERS STRIKE.

Huntington, W. Va., June 20.—Following the refusal of the employers to agree to the demand of the bakers to eliminate Sunday work, all union bakers in this city are on strike.

TO AMEND ERDMAN ACT

This Amendment is Designed to Meet Objections Raised in A Recent Dispute.

An amendment to the Erdman Act has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Newlands. It is designed to meet the objections to the Erdman law which were raised in the recent dispute between the Locomotive Firemen and the Eastern railroads, by substituting the Board of Arbitration to six members, the law now providing for three. According to the amendment a Commissioner of Mediation and Conciliation is to be provided for, who, with two other government officials to be appointed by the President, with the ratification of the Senate, would constitute a Board of Mediation and Conciliation. The Board would name disinterested arbitrators to act with arbitrators chosen by the employers and employes. The proposed amendment relies upon voluntary arbitration, and, while it covers only controversies arising between interstate railroads and their employes, it is stated that the railroad officials and the railroad brotherhoods are not averse to having the shopmen included, providing they desire to be included.

PHONE OPERATORS ORGANIZE.

Holyoke, Mass., June 20.—Telephone operators of the Holyoke exchange have formed a union. Nearly every operator has become a member. The Boston Women's Trade Union League has been much interested in the work of organizing the women workers and has given material aid in the organization of this union. E. S. Alden, president of the Massachusetts State Branch of the American Federation of Labor, was also active in promoting the new organization. There is no friction between the telephone company and the operators at the present time and it is expected that these pleasant relations will continue.

STEREOTYPERS IN SESSION.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 20.—The International Stereotypers' and Electrotypers' Union of America convened in annual session in this city on June 9. Secretary Morrison of the American Federation of Labor, who is in the city, assisting in the formation of a new central body,, addressed the convention. The reports of the officers showed that good progress has been made since the last convention.

BOILERMAKERS RETURN.

St. Louis, June 20.—The boilermakers and helpers who went on strike recently have returned to work pending an adjustment by committees now in conference on the demands made upon the employers prior to the strike. It is confidently expected that the differences existing will now be adjusted to the satisfaction of employers and employes.

SETTLED BY ARBITRATION.

Trenton, N. J., June 20.—The grievances of the dust pressers at the Cook Plant have been settled by a board of arbitration. While it is understood that the employes are not satisfied with the decision, yet under the terms of the agreement they propose to abide by it for the term which was agreed upon.

WANT A SIX-HOUR DAY

It is Stated that Miners Can Produce All the Coal Needed in these Shorter Hours.

Columbus, Ohio, June 20.—At the International Joint Conference to be held next year to fix the new scale, it is reported that the Ohio miners will demand that all coal shall be weighed before it is screened, and that it be paid for on a mine run basis; a uniform inside day wage scale, with proportionate advances with mining rate; that the joint agreement be based on machine mined coal; that a general substantial advance be made on machine and pick mining at the basing point, and also on all dead work, deficient work, yardage, and day labor, and that all brake-through be paid entry price. The Ohio miners will also seek to secure a six-hour, five-day weekly schedule for work on all classes of inside and outside day labor based on present prices. It is stated that the miners can produce all the coal needed in these shorter hours and could work practically all the time, whereas, if they worked longer hours, work is not steady and many miners be without employment.

MAKING PROGRESS.

Schenectady, N. Y., June 20.—The local union of Brick, Tile, and Terra Cotta Workers, at Mechanicsville, has just won a serious strike, of about 300 men, for an increase of 5 per cent and with the prospect of a still greater increase when the arbitration board makes its award on the wage question. The Hodcarriers and Building Laborers of Schenectady, after a short strike, secured an increase in wages to 30 cents per hour, and gained full recognition for the union. The Carpenters secured an increase from 45 cents to 50 cents per hour, without strike. Much activity is being displayed by the men employed by the General Electric Company.

URGES UNION LABEL.

St. Louis, June 20.—Miss Agnes Wilson, daughter of the Secretary of the Department of Labor in President Wilson's Cabinet, recently addressed the National Women's Trade Union League convention, which met in this city. Miss Wilson said: "I urge that we start a movement to bring out the Garment Makers' label on women's clothing. The names of all union makers of women's clothing should be mentioned in the official publication of this league. That will advertise the goods and it will advertise us."

PRINTING PRESSMEN.

Rogersville, Tenn., June 20.—The International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of North America will convene in regular annual session at the headquarters of the organization on June 16. Advance reports are to the effect that the local unions will be represented to a greater extent this year than ever before.

PICTURE MEN GET RAISE.

Wheeling, June 20.—The moving picture operators have secured a new scale. A minimum scale of $12 has been established, and the agreement contains a clause providing for arbitration in the case of any disagreement in the future.

ARE STILL FORGING AHEAD

Betterment in Conditions and Wage Increase of Carpenters Continue.

Indianapalois, Ind., June 20.—Secretary Frank Duffy, of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, reports the result of recent trade movements as follows: In Philadelphia, a demand was made for a minimum wage of 55 cents per hour on and after June 1. Contractors agreed to pay 55 cents on September 1, 1913, an additional increase to 57 1-2 cents on January 1, 1914, this to run until June 1, 1916, after which date the minimum wage will be 60 cents per hour. Pittsburg, Pa., a minimum wage of 56 1-4 cents per hour has been granted, which is an increase of 50 cents per day over the old rate. Houston, Tex., received an increase of 6 1-4 cents over the old rate, which makes the minimum wage in that city 56 1-4 cents. The local unions in the North Shore, Mass., district gained an increase from $3.82 to $4 per day. Four towns in the Berkshire County district, Mass., received an increase from $3.36 to $3.50 per day; Bay City, Mich., an increase from 40 to 45 cents per hour and the Saturday half holiday; Erie, Pa., wages increased 22 1-2 cents per day; Alliance, Ohio, an increase from $3 to $3.60 per day; Chester, Pa., an increase from 40 to 45 cents per hour; Dallas, Tex., an increase from $4 to $4.50 per day. Strikes are in progress in about fifteen cities, with the outlook for settlement very good. New unions were organized during the month of May in the following places: Ennis, Tex.; Vicksburg, Miss.; Portland, Oreg.; Hot Springs, Va.; Randolph, Mass.; Barre, Vt.; Zeigler, Ill.; Robstown, Tex.; Scammon, Kans.; South San Francisco, Cal.; Yorkton, Can.; Ionia, Mich.; Chenoa, Ill.; Montreal, Can. (floor layers); Normangee, Tex.; Olney, Ill.; Red Cliff, Can.; Tifton, Ga.; Detroit, Mich.; Morristown, N. J.; Gainesville, Fla.; Savanna, Ill.; Birmingham, Ala., and Prairie du Chien, Wis.

DULUTH BUILDING TRADES

From All Indications Are Fast Regaining Ground Lost in the Lockout of 1907.

Duluth, Minn., June 20.—The Duluth Labor World, in its last issue, editorially says in part: "The building trades unions of Duluth are fast regaining the ground lost in the lockout of 1907. Many of the building trades contractors long ago became tired of the so-called 'open shop' they were compelled to establish under a club wielded by the American Bridge Company, and the Duluth Real Estate Exchange. For several years following the lockout most of the building trades unions were badly shattered. Their ranks were broken and working conditions became exceedingly unfavorable, although little complaint was made about wages or hours of labor. Where conditions have not become unfavorable, they at least have remained stationary, while all about them trades that enjoyed union shop conditions made steady advances. During the past year weak unions have gathered new strength. Now a few of them are 100 per cent strong; that is, they have as members every tradesman in the city. Those that are not 100 per cent strong are mighty close to it. As a matter of fact, we have the union shop in Duluth today, although it is not generally conceded or recognized."

MUST COMPLY WITH LAW.

The Supreme Court of the United States has upheld the constitutionality of the newspaper publicity law enacted as a part of the postal appropriation act of 1912. The particular section attacked was that which bars all newspapers and periodicals from the mails unless the editors or owners file with the postal authorities semi-annually statements giving the names of editors, owners, stockholders and bondholders, and the average daily circulation, and thereafter immediately publish the statement. It also forbade under penalty of a fine, the publication of paid-for articles without marking them "advertisements." Chief Justice White interpreted the objectionable feature as being not a restriction of the freedom of the press, but merely as affixing the additional conditions for admission of newspapers to the special privilege of the second-class mails.

SAVES MONEY ON POWDER.

Secretary Daniels gave public hearing fying his contention that the government would save money by manufacturing its own armor plate, points to the fact that there has been a saving of over $3,000,000 in the last thirteen years during which the Navy Department has operated a powder factory. The secretary asserts that the government is now manufacturing powder at 37 cents a pound which is as good or better than that for which it formerly paid 60 cents a pound to private manufacturers.

WHITE RATS.

New York, June 20.—The White Rat Actors' Union of America will meet in annual session in this city on June 19.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABELS TRADES UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JUNE 20, 1913.

We do not vouch for the statement that has been made that the Self Preservation Club composed of officials at the G. P. O., who meet at certain intervals for the discussion of measures effecting their interests is about to disband but rumor has it that the members of this club feel that its functions under the new administration will be barren of results.

It is reported that one of the men holding a high salaried position at the G. P. O., during the past campaign contributed $100.00 to the Republican campaign and $5.00 to the Democratic fund. Thought perhaps that he would win no matter who lost. This is what might be called carrying water on both shoulders. We wonder who this individual is?

It has been reported to this office that several of the men holding preferred positions at the G. P. O., such as Foremen, Chiefs of Divisions, etc., have combined and formed a pool, and have hired the services of an attorney to fight the first demotion that will take place when the new Public Printer assumes his office. If this is so, and an investigation will be made to ascertain the facts, it would seem to us that the getting rid of these men entirely would be for the best interest of the service. It will require the service of more than one attorney to keep some of these men in their positions.

Much comment favorable and otherwise was created by reason of our editorial of last week. We are not bothered much about the criticisms that this editorial occasioned for, we feel that we have the right to comment upon the officicial acts of any officer of our government. If one half of what has been told to us about the acts of some of these officials are true, it is about time that a change did take place at this office. It has been stated that most of the disatisfaction that exists at this place can be traced to the acts of the Chief Clerk, and to restore that harmony that should prevail at the establishment of this kind, the need for a change in this position would seem to be apparent.

Another individual holding a high salaried position at this same institution was solicited for a contribution to the Democratic campaign fund. Much to the surprise of the party soliciting such contribution, the high salaried individual wrote a very impertinent letter stating in no unmistakable tones that he was not a Democrat and had no sympathy with this party. In order that this party may make an administrative success, it would be folly to allow this class of people to hold positions of responsibility under the new administration for they might carry their personal feelings to the point where they would think more of their party than they did the success of the office, and so consequently the replacing of this individual with one who could be trusted would be for the best interest of the service.

SUNDRY CIVIL BILL.

After traveling one of the most rocky roads ever traversed by an appropriation bill, the Sundry Civil Bill has at last been passed by both houses of Congress.

This bill has been the cause of more comment than any bill that has been passed by Congress in many a day, having been vetoed in the closing days of the last Congress by President Taft, because of the clause that exempts the prosecution of labor organizations and farmers organizations from any money appropriated under this bill.

The Manufacturers Organization and the National Organization of the Chambers of Commerce of the country have started a campaign the object of which is to have President Wilson follow in the footsteps of his predecessor and attach his vetoe. We do not believe that the President will comply with the wishes of these gentlemen, although he may have something pertinent to say about the advisability of attaching riders of this kind on appropriation bills. As far as organized labor is concerned there is not a member of it who wants to be immune from prosecution when they violate law, but we insist that the construction of the courts in deciding organized labor to be a body in retraint of trade and one that comes within the purview of the Sherman Anti-Trust Law is wholly wrong and that it was not the intention of Congress when this law was enacted to bring labor organizations under its provisions. We intend to fight for the passage of a law that will remove all doubt from the minds of a prejudiced judiciary that we are not amenable to law under the Sherman Anti-Trust Act. With the passage of the Sundry Civil bill organized labor of the District have a great deal to be thankful for, for it provides for an increase in salary for the girls working at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing after a fight that has been waged for the past four years. The increase amounts to $1.50 per week for every girl who has been receiving $1.50 per day and brings the minimum wage in the Bureau up to $1.75 a day for women workers. This should be an incentive to the girls working at the Bureau to perfect their organization and begin at once the agitation for a minimum wage of $2.00 per day, and this can be brought about if the girls will but organize thoroughly.

ENDORSED FOR CONGRESS

Baltimore Unionists Urge John H. Ferguson to Seek the Nomination.

Information from the Monumental City, where the political pot is boiling, informs us that since the death of the late Representative George Konig, of the third congressional district, the leaders have been endeavoring to select from the announced candidates one who, like the deceased, is deeply interested in the welfare of wage-earners and trades union matters in the district. At a rally recently held in the sixth ward, John H. Ferguson, president of the city and state federations of labor, was urged to enter the field. Mr. Ferguson is an ardent unionist, and capable, and if he should be successfnl the city of Washington would have in him an able champion in the National House of Representatives, as he is well known here, and in all his addresses he has something pleasing to say about the beauties of the National Capital. In urging the advisability of nominating Mr. Ferguson a Baltimore paper has this to say:

"Since the death of Representative George Konig, of the third district, there has been much discussion in regard to his successor.

"In the third district dwells a large number of trades-unionists. They are unanimously of the opinion that the man to succeed Mr. Konig should be a trades union man, one having the confidence of the men who toil every day at manual labor, as well as one who has the respect and esteem of the employing classes. The late George Konig was, as every one knows, a former president of the Ship Calkers' Union, and it was his proud boast that his initiation into the union gave him his start in life.

"Knowing the sentiment as we do, and being convinced that the trades-unionists of the third district would rally to the support of such a man, we heartily commend for their consideration as a candidate for the nomination at the primaries the able president of the Baltimore Federation of Labor, Mr. John H. Ferguson of the sixth ward, and a printer by trade.

"Should Mr. Ferguson consent to enter the contest in the third district, we are firmly convinced that he would triumph at the polls. He is one of the most popular trades unionists in the city today. He is well educated, intelligent, and a capable speaker on progressive topics. He has never violated an obligation nor betrayed a trust. His record has been one of achievement, not bluster. He has had opportunity to do things and has done them, and in the doing has been fearless and fair toward all classes of citizens.

"He is young and progressive, but conservative withal. Faithfulness and conscientiousness rule his whole course of action in all he undertakes. During his entire career he has never by word or act bartered a principle. These are a few simple facts with regard to the man, and they are not based on insufficient evidence. Actions may not be more eloquent than words, but they are more convincing."

URGE SEAMEN'S LEGISLATION.

At a recent meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, now in session in this city, have adopted resolutions favoring the amending of the maritime laws affecting seamen along the lines of the bill being championed by the International Seamen's Union. The resolutions call attention to the absence in the merchant marine of native Americans, owing to the low standard of conditions, the increase in wrecks of vessels, and in the increase in the loss of lives consequent upon the decreasing standard of skill. The indorsement of the organization is also given to Senate bill No. 4, which is now before a subcommittee in the Senate.

WIN CLEAR VICTORY.

Worcester, Mass., June 20.—The electricians are now all at work. The strike has been one of the most successful ever attempted in this city by a local union. Previous to the contest the electricians could not claim a single union shop in this city. The union has not only been successful in establishing a number of union shops, but has also secured the forty-four-hour week and an increase of 60 cents a day for its members. This result is considered one of the greatest achievements ever gained in this city.

CASE GOES OVER.

Although quite contrary to expectations the Supreme Court of the United States did not act on the application of President Gompers, Vice President Mitchell, and Secretary Morrison for a writ of certiorari on Monday, June 9. The application went over until June 16, when it is probable that a decision will be rendered.

MOLDERS MAKING GAINS.

Guelph, Canada, June 20. — All of the Guelph foundries, with the exception of two, have granted the demands of the Iron Molders' Union. The demands of the molders are for an increase of 25 cents per day for day workers and 10 per cent advance for piece workers.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Alfred D. Calvert, late temporary compositor at the G. P. O., is now working on the job side in this office.

O. J. Moore was on the sick list several days last week but is again at work.

Local Union No. 4, International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, will give its annual excursion and picnic to Marshall Hall on July 12, 1913. The proceeds of the excursion will be placed in the "Glockling Fund." This fund has been established for the care of the widow and children of Robert Glockling, late president of the I. B. of B., who died February 6th last. The object of the excursion is a most praise worthy one, and the sale of a large number of tickets is anticipated. Every union man who can should buy one or more. The trip will, without doubt, be a most enjoyable one.

On the evening of the 11th inst. the residence of Mrs. M. W. Moore, on North Capitol street, was entered by a burglar. Fortunately her son, Oliver J. Moore, was awake and succeeded in capturing the intruder before he had got farther than the vestitule. In the Police Court the burglar was given a thirty-day sentence to Occoquan. A few evenings later another attempt was made to gain entrance to the house by way of one of the back windows, but the would-be burglar was frightened away before getting inside.

WHEELING NEWS.

Wheeling, W. Va., June 20.—Representatives of the American Federation of Labor have organized the employes of the Enterprise Enamel Company of Bellaire. Closely following the organization several of the girls were discharged because of their affiliation with the union. This precipitated much unrest, and the company finally locked out its employes. Work of the hardest kind done by girls is paid for at the rate of $4.30 a week. A popular subscription is to be raised in the Wheeling District to lift the liens now held by the Bell Telephone Company against the property of several members of the electrical workers' union, who were on strike against the company six years ago. At that time the Bell Telephone Company secured an injunction against the strikers from Judge Dayton, whose history is replete with antagonism against labor, and in a suit following the company was successful in getting the costs of the case assessed against the strikers. The costs operated as a lien against the homes of several of the employes. The central body has taken the matter up and will call for assistance, so that these union men may be relieved from the burden and the homes saved to the men against whom the costs were assessed.

PRINTERS GET MORE.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 20.—The machine scale committee of the local Typographical Union has reached an agreement with the employing printers which provides for an increase of $2 a week for all newspaper printers and time and a half for overtime. This scale runs for two years. Under the old agreement, which ran for six years, newspaper printers were paid $21 per week for day work and $24 for night work. Therefore, the new scale calls for $23 and $26. The job scale committee of the union, after having several conferences, has signed up a number of offices for a raise in the scale, but some of the small shops have not as yet attached their signatures.

POWDER WORKERS CONVENE.

Terre Haute, Ind., June 20.—The United Powder and High Explosive Workers of America convened in regular session in this city on June 10, with a good delegate representation. The officers reported a considerable increase in membership, with a general advance in wages and betterment of conditions.

GOING SOME!

Toledo, Ohio, June 20. — Notices have been posted in the Overland automobile plant and its auxiliary, the Kinsey Manufacturing Company, stating that, starting August 1, a fifty-hour week will be the rule, instead of fifty-four hours, as at present. The nine-hour day limit will apply to each week day except Saturday, when the plant will be closed down during the afternoon. No wage reduction will be made. Employes will be paid for overtime at the rate of one and one-half times the day rate and double pay will be the rule on Sundays and holidays. Over 7,000 men will be benefited by this concession, which came unexpectedly. Before the date set for the inauguration of the shorter work day an adjustment in the wages now paid will be made. The increase in pay is on the hourly basis, and advances will be made to equal the loss of four hours' pay. The order only applied to the company's two Toledo plants. The other factories are the Garford, at Elyria, Ohio; the Grand Motor Truck Company, at Lima, Ohio; the Morrow Company, at Elmira, Ohio, and the Federal Manufacturing Company, at Indianapolis, Ind. The company announced that similar reductions in hours will be mate at these plants just as fast as possible.

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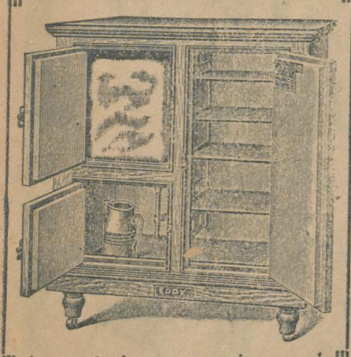

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

Miss Mary A. Law, until a year or so ago a proof reader in the Government Printing Office, has recently purchased a newspaper at North Powder, Oregon, and will devote her time in the future to its publication. It is a weekly, independent in politics, and will favor the movement which is now attracting so much attention all over the world—the enfranchisement of women. Miss Law has many friends among her former coworkers in this city, and these, along with many others in all walks of life, will hope for her success. She is a bright young woman, of lovable characteristics and high integrity, and a newspaper under her direction should prove a valuable asset to the community in which it is published.

* * *

B. H. Baxter, who has held membership in Columbia Typographical Union for many years, and whose employment has been in the War-Navy branch of the Government Printing Office for several years past, left this city on Saturday last for an indefinite stay, owing to ill health. He goes from here to Mexico, Pa., and will later spend some time in the country near that place. I first met Mr. Baxter as a co-worker many years ago, when we set primer near each other on specifications, along about the date on which I met the renowned William D'Orsay, Col. "Jeems" Carter, the late Jimmie McCabe, S. H. Bell, J. W. McCann, Jim Broadnax, "Billy" Walsmith, James H. Alburtis, the late Ned Fallon, Henry Young (the one among us who could actually laugh when he had a lean "take"), Jerry O'Connell, Jim Matile, Augustus Laing, John Hoyne, Charlie Warren, William A. Marschalk, Charlie Juno, "Bill" Duling, Walker Miller, and a host of other well-known characters then performing on that publication. It was a hard-working crowd, but a merrier set of men or a more helpful were never housed under one roof. I hope that Mr. Baxter may come back from the country entirely restored to health.

* * *

In Secretary George G. Seibold's office one day recently I met W. S. Waudby, who had dropped in there for the purpose of paying his monthly dues to Columbia Typographical Union. "For a number of years," said the veteran unionist, "this has been a habit of mine, and I consider it one of the best a fellow ever got into. My first full-membership card in the typographical union was taken out on January 8, 1876, though I had held apprentice membership for three years previous to that date. As you see, that gives me a record of forty years as a printer, or, rather, as a member of the union. As a matter of fact, much of the time has been spent away from the 'case,' in clerical and other occupations, but never during that forty years have I been without a card in the union." That is a record that Mr. Waudby may well be proud of, and I need hardly remark that he is. For a number of years—in fact, almost since its inception, in which he had a prominent and creditable part—Waudy has been connected with this Government's Bureau of Labor, rendering good service to that department and always pushing the legitimate interests of organized labor. No man more fully enjoys the companionship of printers than does "Bill" Waudy, and wherever they congregate there will he be found.

* * *

Columbia Typographical Union held its monthly meeting on Sunday last, the principal business being the installation of the officers who are to serve during the coming year and the reading of the annual reports. From these I learn that during the year which closed with the meeting the organization decreased the debt on the Typographical Temple about $6,000, or at the rate of $500 per month, leaving the debt now due $7,500—a sum that the officers believe will be paid off during the coming twelve months. For death benefits there was paid out (local and International) approximately $15,000, while for charity, relief contributions, etc., a disbursement of about $1,500 is to the credit of the membership. During the year there were 32 deaths, the normal payments on each of these being one hundred dollars from the local and four hundred from the International. The dues paid by our members are two per cent on earnings—one per cent local and one-half of one per cent each for International Typographical Union old-age pension and mortuary funds.

A matter which the officers consider of grave importance to all members was touched on in the reports—the habit of a number of members holding regular situations allowing their names to be almost continually on the arrears list. This is a subject that should have the most earnest attention of every one who values his membership in what is to-day beyond doubt the best organization of its kind in existence. Even if a member should be careless of his own vital interest, a sense of justice to his family should induce him to attend to this most important obligation. With the change in our laws which puts four-fifths of the funeral benefit disbursements in the hands of the International Typographical Union officers the day has gone when a man's carelessness or selfishness in this matter can be remedied by a vote of his local union after he has passed on. In other words should a member suddenly die one day after his card became in arrears the local officers would be powerless to obtain for his family the $400 which the International Typograrhical Union pays on a five-year membership, and the only possible chance for such a family to get any benefit at all would be for the local to waive its law and GIVE such stricken ones the $100 due members who die in good standing, but such giving would be a charity pure and simple—there would be absolutely no obligation. The only safe and just way, therefore, is as the officers point out—keep your dues paid up. No organization is more liberal in its benefits than is ours, and every member owes it to himself, his family, and the union to live up to the laws on this subject.

* * *

That complimentary dinner which Washington printers tendered the delegates elect to the coming Nashville convention was a very pleasing affair. The number in attendance was about right for a real printerman's good time, and the boys had it. Joe M. Johnson was toastmaster—a sit which his knowledge of the craft, his bright mind, and his rare wit particularly fit him to occupy; he was at his best Sunday night, and that is good enough to satisfy any one. As usual when making public addresses, Mr. Waterman was thoughtful and entertaining and his talk was highly commended by his hearers. The others who took part acquitted themselves creditably, and all left the banquet hall of the National Hotel voting the affair a success and praising its promoters and managers.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

THE INLAND PRINTER

If you are an apprentice, if you THINK you are a job printer; or if you think you are any printer at all, you need the Inland Printer. If you want to know the printing business from "A to izzard," it will tell you how. J. V. Johnson is authorized agent for Washington, and orders given to him or left at THE TRADES UNIONIST office will be promptly filled. If you want to be a good job printer, or any other kind of GOOD printer, you need the Inland Printer and Trades Unionist.

SEAMEN'S UNION.

Seattle, June 20.—At the seventh annual convention of the International Seamen's Union it was decided to make a vigorous campaign for membership during the coming year in anticipation of a large increase in American shipping subsequent to the opening of the Panama Canal. Boston was selected as the convention city in 1914. Andrew Furuseth was re-elected president, and the convention instructed the executive board to send the president to the convention of the International Transport Workers' Federation in London. Vice presidents were elected as follows: P. Flynn, V. A. Olander, James Conway, H. P. Griffin, P. B. Gill, I. N. Hyler, H. N. Lornsten, and E. Steidle; secretary treasurer, T. A. Hanson; editor Coast Seamen's Journal; Walter McArthur; delegates to the American Federation of Labor, President Furuseth, John Carney, Earl Norkauger, and P. B. Gill.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Meets Every Monday Night

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423-425 G St. N. W.

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Telephone: Lincoln 2919

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month at Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O.Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Sec etary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Andrew Bender, 1012 7th southwest.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor. Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Plasterers' Hall, Four-and-a-half and Pa. ave. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1335A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at the Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. F. Hickman, 1800 U St., n. w.

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave, Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 245 15th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Second Friday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

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CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William O. Engler, emergency pressman.

Brinton H. Abendschein, temporary messenger boy.

Harry Sayles, temporary skilled laborer.

Thomas S. Curtin, emergency pressman.

Separations.

William R. Pleasant, temporary skilled laborer.

William O. Engler, temporary pressman.

Miss Ida V. Tiverny, press feeder, resigned.

Miss Marion Wakeley, cataloguer, resigned.

Miss Mary M. Linzey, skilled laborer, resigned.

Thomas S. Curtin, temporary pressman.

Transfers, &c.

Mrs. Lisbeth W. Lenhart, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Nelson Murdock, unskilled laborer, press division; Henry W. Weber, assistant foreman and reviser in charge, 80 cents per hour, proof section; Wallace B. Christian, office man, 55 cents per hour, press division; William L. Pierce, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Dennis J. O'Leary, in charge of section, 75 cents per hour, press division; William T. Hall, proof reader, 50 cents per hour, proof section; Charles F. Reicks, 40 cents per hour, plate vault section; James D. Markham, electrotyper-finisher apprentice, 50 cents per hour, foundry section; Miss Ethel Owen, $1,000 per annum, office of superintendent of documents; Robert A. Williams, skilled laborer, 25 cents per hour, press division; Elmer E. Briggs, monotype machinist, monotype section, night to day; John E. Sheaffer, monotype machinist, monotype section, day to night.

RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, Mo., June 20.—The Brotherhood of Railway Carmen has just organized two new lodges, one at Lexa, Ark., and another at St. Louis, Mo. The latter starts off with a large charter list and with splendid prospects for the future. Members of the brotherhood employed by the Canadian Pacific Railroad, east of Fort William, Ont., Canada, have secured an increase in pay.

MOLDERS GET RAISE.

Connersville, Ind., June 20.—The molders have been successful in raising the minimum wage from $3 to $3.25 per day without friction. This result was brought about by the strong organization maintained by the molders.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

An efficient toastmaster and an efficient committee in charge made the dinner to the I. T. U. delegates the event of the week in circles typographical. One fault with these occasions is the departure of the reporter for the daily press before the best courses are served. Supplementing the printed programme were short talks by Messrs. Klinknett, Jenkins, Bodenhamer, Dow (just from his law graduation class), Young, Laufler, Kidd, and others.

—

One needs a card index to keep track of the sons and daughters of brother craftsmen occupying high-honor place in the several graduating classes. Edward W. Morecock tells of his second son becoming a veterinary surgeon, and then chestily adds, "my grandson is doing quite well, thank you."

—

Eddie Redfield is in the limelight. Not only has he a son at the top of the list in his graduation class, but is some cousins removed from the distinguished Gothamite of the same name now presiding over the destinies of the Department of Commerce. At each and every phone call Mr. Redfield now has phone holders and messengers galore. I may send Mr. Redfield down in the company of Frank Lerch and young Sam Gompers. You know, one reason I was anxious to land these people was that they might send for others, Harry Redfield, Eddie's brother, had an ambition some time since to be transferred to a sister department, at which time I was told "I looked up your friend Redfield, and the worst I can find against him is that he tried to sing Dick Deadeye some thirty years ago."

—

Mr. Edward A. Huse, chairman of the reception committee, was not in attendanance at the complimentary dinner to the delegates-elect. The excuse he had to offer was that the date of the dinner and the date of his twenty-fifth wedding anniversary was one and the same.

—

Theodore Gerber, Jr., the second son of our Mr. Gerber of the G. P. O. proof room, is a late graduate from the McKinley Manuel Training School. Another reason that he should have a notice is that he wins a handsome medal, given as second prize in the Interscholastic Rifle Club. Another potent reason is that he leaves this week for St. Louis to engage in civil engineering.

—

Oliver H. McCardell, of the First Division, night, had a son embark in matrimony the past week.

—

Paul Bragg, son of Operator Bragg, of the Lino, keeps his picture in the daily papers. When he is not in the movies, and business is somewhat slack, he jumps in the river and saves a man from drowning.

—

Charles Maxwell, retiring from the presidency of New York Typographical Union, was given a dinner at Shandley's, Broadway, on Sunday night last. Among those present were the retiring Public Printer, the incoming Public Printer, John Mitchell, and James M. Lynch. Mr. C. J. Dumar, toastmaster, informed Mr. Ford, in introducing him, that on his arrival in Washington he would find the Government Printing Office in such excellent shape that the institution practically run itself. Mr. Donnelly, billed to speak of the big Printery, contented himself in that direction by saying he did not know much more about the office at this time than John Mitchell did about the labor commissionership of New York State. Mr. Lynch delivered one of his characteristic addresses, while many craft notables of New York and other cities were in evidence.

TORONTO NEWS.

Toronto, Canada, June 20.—The strike of the electrical workers is over, an agreement having been reached. The following increases have been seoured: Foremen, heretofore receiving $90 per month, will hereafter receive $100. Those heretofore receiving $85 will now receive $95, and those receiving $80 are now raised to $90. Other electrical workers have secured a raise from 2½ cents to 6 cents per hour. The cabinetmakers, who have been on strike, are gradually gaining additional employers. Six of the struck shops have signed up with the union, and the men have returned to work. The structural iron workers are still on strike, but are in good spirits and expect to win. The plasters' laborers also are out, but making an excellent fight. The photoengravers, also on strike, are putting up a brilliant fight. The carpenters are negotiating for a minimum wage scale of 45 cents per hour, and if an amicable agreement is not soon reached another strike will be in progress. The amalgamated glass workers' strike is still on, and they are making a good fight.

TEAMSTERS ON STRIKE.

Buffalo, June 20.—Over 1,000 teamsters, members of the newly organized Teamsters' Union, are on strike in this city for an increase in wages averaging $3 per week.

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TRULY WONDERFUL VALUES!
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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 57 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 25, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

"CONNIE" FORD

Public Printer is Wined and Dined by His Friends.

He is Presented With a Handsome Watch Chain and Charm.

Over One Hundred Persons Attend the Banquet.

If any doubt ever existed in the mind of United States Public Printer Cornelius Ford in regard to his popularity and the amount of esteem in which he is held by his friends and associates of his home town, that doubt was thoroughly dispelled on Saturday night last, when upwards of one hundred of his companions of years—fellow-printers who had worked with him, together with a sprinkling of men from other walks of life—gathered around the festive board at a complimentary dinner tendered him, sang his praises in no uncertain tones and presented him with a handsome watch, chain and charm, the latter being a replica of the official badge of the International Typographical Union.

It was a splendid tribute to a man who enjoys the esteem and confidence of all who know him, and, although elevated to a high position in the Federal Government, he will always remain to his friends the same "Connie" as of yore, for he is not the sort of man whose head is liable to be turned by affluence or greatness.

"While you have left us for the classic precincts of the National Capital," said Toastmaster Baxter in presenting the guest of the evening with the watch, chain and charm, "we all know that, despite the change in your surroundings and the fact that you will mingle with the 'highbrows,' you will come back to us the same 'Connie' as of yore."

As he arose to respond to the cheers and plaudits of his friends, Mr. Ford was plainly affected. His voice trembled and his eyes filled as he essayed to speak, but, pulling himself together with an effort, he gracefully thanked them for the splendid demonstration, and also the gift.

"I have always tried to be on the level with everybody," said he, "and always endeavored to give everybody a square deal. In my new position I shall do exactly the same, and I hope to be able to always retain the confidence and esteem of all my friends."

Congressman John J. Eagan and Eugene Kinkaid were present and spoke, and the Mayor of Hoboken, Martin Cooke, also spoke, and several others prominent in business and labor circles.—From the *Hudson Observer*, Monday, July 21, 1913.

LEGISLATIVE RESULTS.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 25.—The Pennsylvania Legislature has adjourned and the State Senate has made itself conspicuous by defeating the Workmen's Compensation Bill which was prepared by a commission composed of seven members appointed two years ago. The House of Representatives passed the Commission Bill by a large majority, but the Senate refused to concur, and finally killed it. A bill was passed, however, reducing the hours of employment of women to ten hours a day and fifty-four hours a week. The Legislature adopted a resolution also proposing Woman's Suffrage. A Department of Labor and Industry was also created which takes the place of the Factory Inspection Department. Another law enacted adds vocational education to the State school system.

INJUNCTION DISMISSED.

Peoria, Ill., July 25.—The injunction case of the Keystone Company against the Machinists' Union has been dismissed. The attorney for the company admitted the truth of the affidavits made by members of the union, which contained a complete denial of the ex parte statements made for the purpose of securing the injunction. The result is a complete vindication of the contention of the machinists and paves the way for a settlement of the difficulty. The decision of the court has given the strikers renewed energy and hope for a final settlement.

ROOFERS' CONVENTION.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 25.—The International Brotherhood of Composition Roofers, Damp and Waterproof Workers of the United States and Canada will hold its general convention on August 25, 1913, at Pittsburgh, Pa. Local unions have recently been organized in Sacramento, Cal.; Birmingham, Ala., and Portland, Ore.

BARTENDERS ORGANIZE.

St. Cloud, Minn., July 25.—Organizer John D. Chubbuck, of the American Federation of Labor, has organized the bartenders of this city with a good-sized charter list.

MAKING NEW CONTRACT

Members of the Amalgamated Association are Asking for a Substantial Increase.

Aurora, Ill., July 25. — The working agreement between the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes and the Aurora and Elgin Interurban Lines expired recently. Negotiations are now under way and have been for a month or more looking to a renewal of the pleasant relations which have existed during the past three years. The members of the Amalgamated Association are asking for a substantial increase this time. In the three years the last contract ran, material changes have taken place, principally among these being the increased cost of living. The scale presented the company calls for the following: Aurora and Elgin City lines, 26 cents per hour for new men for six months; over six months to one year, 27 cents, and after the first year 30 cents per hour; Aurora and Elgin Interurban lines, 34 cents per hour; Yorkville line, 31 cents per hour; third rail line, 42 cents per hour; ticket agents and substation operators, linemen, shopmen, &c., 10 per cent increase. Stipulations regarding the conditions are also in the new demands, important among them being that employes be able to complete a day's work in twelve hours. Conferences are being held, and both sides express the belief that an amicable adjustment will be had.

PASSES EIGHT-HOUR LAW

This Same Bill Was Passed By the Senate But Failed to Get Through the House.

Senator La Follette of Wisconsin presented a bill providing for an eight-hour working day for women, and safeguarding the health of females employed in the District of Columbia, has been passed by the Senate without opposition, it being favored by the District Commissioners. This same bill passed the Senate during the second session of last Congress, but failed to get through the House. The bill provides that no female shall be employed in any manufacturing, mechanical or mercantile establishment, laundry, hotel or restaurant or telephone or telegraph establishment or office, or by any express or transportation company in the District more than eight hours in any one day, or more than six days or more than forty-eight hours in any one week. It further provides that no female under eighteen years of age will be permitted to work in any of the business institutions above noted before 7 o'clock in the morning or after 6 o'clock in the evening of any one day, or will be permitted to work more than six hours continuously at any time in any establishment or occupation named in which three or more such females are employed without an interval of at least three-quarters of an hour. Time books are required to record the working hours. Proper inspection is provided, and severe penalties imposed.

SHIP CONTRACT LET.

It is reported that the Navy Department has signed the contract designs for the new battleship, No. 38, authorized last year. It will be built at the New York navy yard. The limit of cost, exclusive of armor and armament, amounts to $7,425,000. This vessel and her sister ship, the Pennsylvania, now being built at the Newport News Shipbuilding Company, Newport News, Va., will be the largest battleships designed for the American Navy, and, so far as known to the Navy Department, the largest designed for any navy. Designs have also been approved for the submarine tender Bushnell, which will be constructed by the Seattle Construction and Dry Dock Company. This vessel was authorized at the last session of Congress, and will cost about $1,000,000.

A MERRY WAR.

Reports from various sections are to the effect that the whilom leaders of the I. W. W. are embroiled in an internecine war over the distribution of funds collected for the purpose of spreading the propaganda of that organization. While advertising itself as an industrial organization it appears that there are many divisions within its ranks and that the leader of each division is struggling to make himself the bright, particular star. Crimination and recrimination is now the order of the day, and there seems to be no limit to the possibilities of these industrial panecea mechanics in their field of industry.

STRIKE SETTLED.

Information comes through the Department of Labor that the strike of carmen on the Reading road has been settled and the strikers have returned to work. The disagreement arose over an advance in wages, which was finally adjusted satisfactorily.

PLATE PRINTERS' CONVENTION.

The International Steel and Copper Plate Printers' Union of North America are holding their convention in Chicago this week.

BOYCOTT? NO!

Whenever a Labor Union Institutes a Boycott it is Illegal and Un-American!

Lancaster, Pa., July 25.—A letter has been sent to the members of the Master Plumbers Association of Pennsylvania by its secretary in which attention is called to the fact that some members of the Master Plumbers' Association are employing men from other cities who are on strike. This letter in part says: "I have been informed that some of our members have employed men from Read-i , who are on strike. Is this loyalty? Is it just to the members of the Reading association? You all know how loyal they have been toward the other associations when in trouble. I have been informed by the Reading association that this is a fight to the finish. The public is with the Master Plumbers and are helping them to the extent of holding bac' their work and not forcing them to hire the journeymen in order to finish up their contracts, and it is up to us as members of the Central to give them all the support that is in our power. Protect your interests by employing men from your own city, and then you will be sure not to get any who are on strike. Tell your customers of the situation in the nearby cities, and they will be only too glad to put up with the delay in getting out their work." Plumbers, together with a number of other building trades crafts, are on strike in Reading for an increase in wages. This letter from the secretary indicates the plan of campaign adopted by the Master Plumbers. Whenever a labor union institutes a boycott it is illegal and un-American, but the employers have no synonym for this designation when they employ similar tactics.

UNION MAN REAPPOINTED

Thomas J. Duffy Was Appointed on the New Ohio Industrial Commission.

Springfield, Ohio, July 25.—Thomas J. Duffy, former president of the Brotherhood of Operative Potters, is the member of organized labor appointed by Gov. Cox on the new Ohio Industrial Commission. His appointment is for four years. Duffy was a member of a Workmen's Compensation Commission, which made a study of the question for two years prior to the last legislature and which submitted its findings to the last legislature, resulting in the enactment of a compensation law. The new commission now has under its control the Commissioner of Labor Statistics, Chief Mine Inspector, Chief Inspector of Workshops and Factories, Chief Examiner of Steam Engineers, the Board of Boiler Rules, Board of Arbitration and the State Liability Board of Awards. The local labor paper in this city, the Tribune, says: "Thomas J. Duffy, former President of the Potters' Union, has made an excellent record as a member of the Liability Board of Awards and is favorably known to trade unionists. He will carry with him into his new position the confidence of not only the labor men of Springfield, but also of the entire State."

EDITOR RESIGNS.

The editor of the Toledo Union Leader, James P. Egan, has resigned. He has been in the editorial chair since the birth of the Leader, some seven years ago, and declares that in that period he has not had a vacation, and now, in the interest of health, is to begin a long sojourn in the mountains. The Toledo Union Leader is one of the strong and well edited papers in the labor world, and has hewed close to the trade union line—courageous and aggressive. The periodical crop of isms has always been dealt with by its editor in accordance with trade union philosophy. The trade unionists of Toledo are the losers by the resignation of Editor Egan, for his long experience, clear conception and persistent efforts for the common uplift have been factors in bulwarking the trade unions of his home city as well as the movement as a whole.

STRIKE-BREAKERS ROB CARS.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 25.—Four strike-breaking employes of the Pierre Marquette Railroad were recently haled into Police Court to answer charges of having stolen several articles of value from the company's cars. They made no attempt to deny the accusations, having already confessed their guilt. Two of them paid their fines, but the other two were sentenced to sixty days in jail. It is stated that the men in making their confession named several other strike-breakers in the employ of the company as also implicated.

MOLDERS WIN CONTENTION.

Hamilton, Ontario, July 25.—The Molders Union of Brantford has triumphed in its fight with the Brantford Foundry Development Company. The Brantford Foundry was accepting work from a Hamilton foundry, against which the molders were striking. The Brantford firm will no longer accept contracts to do this work. The molders have returned to work.

PUTS BLAME ON RAILROAD

A Thorough Investigation Places the Responsibility Upon the Officials.

According to the Interstate Commerce Commission's report of its investigation of the accident occurring on the New Haven and Hartford Railroad at Stamford, Conn., on June 12, in which six passengers were killed and twenty injured, holds that the responsibility for placing an inexperienced and uninstructed engineman in charge of a high speed passenger train rests with the operating officers of the Railroad. The Commission also found that the home and distant signals at Stamford were too close together. Officials of the Department of Justice assert that the report of the Interstate Commerce Commission excoriating some features of the management of the Railroad and its alleged monopolistic tendencies would be of assistance to the Government in determining whether the corporation should be prosecuted criminally or civilly, or both, under the Sherman Anti-Trust Law. In turn the Railroad shifts the responsibility for the wreck to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. The officials of the Road claim that the Brotherhood objected to an order issued to the effect that spare engineers with less than two years' experience or two years rating as engineers would not be allowed to run through passenger trains, and claims that this order was protested by the engineers on the ground that the Company did not adhere to the rule of giving an engineer thirty days notice before amending existing rules, and further claiming that the engineers offered the rule which is now in effect providing instead of two years' experience the requirement of one year.

MOLDERS WIN OUT

The Minimum Wage Scale Has Been Increased to $3.40 Per Day.

Philadelphia, July 25.—The Iron Molders have secured a splendid settlement in this city. Conferences were held between representatives of about thirty foundries and representatives of the five local unions located here and an amicable agreement was reached. The minimum wage heretofore has been $3.25 for Molders, which has been increased to $3.40. The rate for Coremakers was $3.10, which also was raised to $3.40, thereby eliminating the differential in the wages of Molders and Coremakers. On and after January 1, 1914, the rate for both Molders and Coremakers will be $3.50, the agreement being operative until January 1, 1915. The agreement also provides a basic piece rate of $4.25 in lieu of a 10 per cent advance asked for for all piece workers. There are seven clauses in the agreement, among which wages, arbitration, and shop conditions are provided. The Molders employed on stove plates are not included in the agreement, as they are covered by an agreement with the Stove Manufacturers' Defense Association, which has been operative for many years and includes about 20,000 Molders and affecting 95 per cent of the output of stoves and furnaces.

MAY USE INITIATIVE.

Duluth, Minn., July 25.—Local cigar dealers, cigarmakers, jobbers, and manufacturers are much perturbed because the city commission has passed an ordinance prohibiting the conduct of cigar stands in saloons outside the hours designated by the law regulating liquor licenses. It is claimed that this restriction will not compel a stricter enforcement of the liquor law, but will give the Cigar Trust a chance to control the tobacco situation completely. The proposition that meets with the greatest favor is the initiation of an ordinance permitting cigar stores to be operated in front of liquor selling places, with the provision that transparent partitions be erected in order that an unobstructed view into the barrooms can be had during the hours they are required to be closed. If the vote be favorable upon a regulation of this character the prohibitive ordinance of the commission would be automatically repealed.

INTRODUCES RESOLUTION.

Representative John I. Nolan has introduced a resolution in the House providing for a Committee of nine members of the House of Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker to make a thorough and complete investigation and report as to the truth of the charges made by M. M. Mulhall, as they relate particularly to the activities of the National Association of Manufacturers, the National Council for Industrial Defense, and kindred organizations.

ORGANIZE BARBERS.

Portsmouth, Va., July 25.—An organization of white barbers has been perfected here, and the colored barbers have organized under a separate charter. These two local unions comprise every barber in the city. Already they have secured a reduction in hours, closing at 7 o'clock in the evening instead of 8.

DEATH OF C. C. THOMPSON

Long Prominent in the Affairs of Typographical Union No. 101.

C. C. THOMPSON.

The death of Charles C. Thompson, which occurred in this city on the morning of Wednesday, July 23, 1913, came as a surprise to many and as a sorrow to all who knew him. He had been in poor health for several months past.

Charles C. Thompson was born in Pennsylvania on February 2, 1862, and learned the printer's trade in that State after leaving school. He joined Meadville (Pa.) Union in October, 1879, and was a delegate from that local to the International convention which met in Pittsburgh in 1886. From his early manhood he had been prominent and active in Typographical Union affairs. He represented Columbia Union at the convention of the International Typographical Union in the Philadelphia session in 1892—a preferment which his brethren conferred on him after much good work in various ways for the members of No. 101. For a number of years past he has served as the chairman of the Board of Trustees of Columbia Typographical Union (a position held by him when death came), and for his excellent work in that important position he has at all times received the highest praise of our members and of many outsiders who had constant evidence of his capacity as a business man of ability and integrity. To him is due much of the credit for the splendid financial condition in which the union he served so faithfully finds itself today.

Mr. Thompson came to this city almost a quarter of a century ago, commencing his career among us as a compositor in the Government Printing Office, but was soon advanced to the position of assistant foreman in one of the divisions of that establishment. On retiring from government service he joined our down-town contingent, soon becoming foreman of the Washington Post, where he served acceptably for several years, and later occupied a like position on the Washington Herald fer two or three years. Leaving there, he became an employee in the composing room of the Evening Star, and was a member of that chapel at the time of his death.

Mr. Thompson is survived by his wife, two married daughters, and a son, Denman Thompson, a member of the Evening Star reportorial staff.

"Charlie" Thompson was one of the most thorough printers in the Capital City, a pleasant companion, a strong unionist, and an upright citizen. That such a man should reach the end of his useful career in its prime is a matter of regret to all; that such a friend should depart so early is a source of keen soroow to those who knew and loved him.

W. N. B.

RUSH TO COVER.

Duluth, Minn., July 25.—Members of the Minnesota Employers' Association who have been active in this city and in the State are energetically denying that the Association is in any way connected with the National Manufacturers' Association, whose former lobbyist, Col. Mulhall, has made it evident that the Association is largely engaged in fighting labor unions. It now seems that the employers who have been members of the Manufacturers' Association are endeavoring to get under cover for the reason that they do not take kindly to the position in which they have been placed of belonging to an organization which has gained such an unsavory reputation from all quarters.

IMPORTANT SETTLEMENT.

A telegram received from James J. Freel, president of the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union that an agreement has just been negotiated, restoring contractural relations between the local Stereotypers' Union and the American Newspaper Publishers' Association of Chicago. The history of the difficulty in Chicago in the printing trades, which began in May, 1912, is well known.

NEW MEDIATION LAW

The Fact That This Bill Was Rushed Through the House Averted a Strike.

Fortunately, after the strained situation existing between the Eastern railroads and the Brotherhod of Railway Trainmen and Order of Railroad Conductors was relieved by an agreement reached at a conference between the parties interested and President Wilson, together with Secretary W. B. Wilson of the Department of Labor. This conference agreed to a new mediation bill, which changes the material provisions of the Erdman law. Under the latter law, where arbitration was resorted to, three members composed the board, while the new mediation law provides that where arbitration is had under its provisions the arbitration board will consist either of three or six members, as the parties to the controversy may elect. The employes, where an arbitration board consists of three, are to select one arbitrator, the employers one arbitrator, and these two are empowered to select a selection of a third member the board of mediation will make the selection. The same rule applies where six members constitute the board, with the difference, of course, that the employes may select two, the employers two, and the four the aditional two, with the same provision applying for the appointment of the last two where a deadlock is reached. Secretary Wilson of the Department of Labor was not in harmony with the provisions of the bill which provided for the operation of this law entirely independent of the Department of Labor, but as the railroad brotherhoods and the railway managers were favorable to this independent action, the Secretary of the Department of Labor did not press his objections. Several of the executive officers of the international organizations whose members are employed by railroads requested the American Federation of Labor to seek a broadening of the provisions of the new plan so as to include the members of their organizations in the operation of the new mediation and arbitration scheme. The conference above refered to, however, provided only for the railroad brotherhoods coming within the purview of the agreement. Immediately upon an understanding having been reached by the representatives of the railroad brotherhoods and the railway managers, the House of Representatives passed the Newlands-Clayton bill and the President signed the same on Tuesday, July 15, the Senate already having passed the bill. This new law creates a board of mediation and conciliation to be headed by a commissioner to be appointed by the President. Two important amendments were adopted to the bill, one of which was enacted for the purpose of preventing any interpretation making the law provide for compulsory arbitration, and is as follows: "Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to require an employe to render personal service without his consent, and no injunction or other legal process shall be issued which shall compel the performance by any employe against his will of a contract for personal labor or service." It has been announced by the President that a commissioner will be appointed at the earliest possible moment, thus permitting the entire controversy to be submitted to a board of arbitration. There appears, however, another disquieting feature in this situation, in that the Erie Railroad has announced that it will refuse to enter into the general arbitration to which the railroads have agreed. It is problematical as to what the Erie siruation will lead to, no statement having as yet been given out by the representatives of the railroad brotherhoods. Another question entering into the controversy is the fact that the representatives of the railroads announce that under the new arbitration plan the railroads will insist upon a consideration of the grievances of the railroads as well as the grievances of the employes. The true meaning of this declaration is not yet thoroughly understood, although the spokesman for the managers, Mr. Lee, declared that "the men had always been urgent for arbitration upward, but never had been willing to have the railroads' questions arbitrated, together with their own demands." He further stated that the conference committee would demand that the whole question of differences between the companies and the employes be gone into without reserve. To this announcement no counter-statement has been issued by the representatives of the Brotherhoods in the present controversy.

GARMENT MAKERS STRIKE.

Philadelphia, July 25.—A large number of men and women, estimated at 5,000, members of the Ladies' Cloak and Suit Makers' Union, are on strike. About 200 factories are affected. The strikers are demanding higher wages and a betterment of working conditions.

RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, July 25.—The Brotherhood of Railway Carmen has just granted two charters to local lodges, one at Springfield, Mass., and one at Schreiber, Ontario, Canada.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF ... FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY 25, 1913.

In proportion as the workers help themselves by the power of trade unionism there is the less need of help from the law-making powers and the less disappointment because of failure on the part of the latter.

A law is needed to protect the public against the employment of boys and youths as chauffeurs. Not having reached the age of discretion, their greatest ambition and delight seems to be in stampeding little children and terrifying old men and women by rapidly approaching as closely to them as possible before giving a warning, this method being well calculated to daze and bewilder them and cause them to step into danger, rather than to escape it.

COAL TAX.

The recent legislature of the State of Pennsylvania passed a law levying a tax of two cents on every ton of coal mined in the state.

We would not mind this so much if it but increased the price of coal to the consumer a like sum, but judging from past experiences by the time that the raise reaches us it will be about fifty cents, as each of the hands through which the coal passes will add theirs with the above result. We trust that this law will be tested in the courts, for we are of the opinion that it is unconstitutional.

DEATH OF MR. C. C. THOMPSON.

In the death of Mr. Thompson organized labor, and especially the printers, of the District have lost one of their most faithful members. He has been in the harness a long time and has held many positions of trust, both in the union and in the various places where he was employed, and never can it be said that he did not discharge those duties in a creditable manner. He was of a lovable disposition and made a host of friends, who will mourn his death. It is such characters as Charlie Thompson's that go to make up a little of the sunshine in each of our lives. THE TRADES UNIONIST wishes to convey to the bereaved family its heartfelt sympathy.

PUBLIC PRINTER.

In another column of this paper is an article that shows the respect and esteem in which Mr. Ford is held by his former associates. His reply to the toastmaster in which he states that he will continue to give all a square deal and hopes to retain the respect of his fellow man, speaks volumes. Mr. Ford has had the admiration of the employees of the office since he has assumed his position as Public Printer, for his unassuming attitude in his few trips through the office (which he has made in such an unostentatious manner), is so different from the trips of the former Public Printer's that it has been the talk of the office. While the task of the office of Public Printer is a trying one, judging by the good things that were said of Mr. Ford at the testimonial dinner that was tendered to him by those who best know him, he is quite equal to the task.

COMMENT.

Our editorial of last week entitled "Wolves" caused quite a little comment. It was said that it was rather pointed. We intended that it should be pointed, for we are of the opinion that from the disclosures that have been made by Mr. M. M. Mulhall, before the investigating committee of the Senate that too much care cannot be exercised by the labor movement to see that it does not harbor in its ranks those who should be on the outside looking in, instead of the inside looking out. We expressed the opinion that there is not room in our ranks for the man who earns his living through a profession, for notwithstanding their manifestations of interest in our welfare their first thoughts are for the professions of which they are members and the interests of the wage earner and the men of professions are distinctly opposite. Sincerity of purpose and interest would best be shown by a withdrawal from active participation in trade union affairs.

MISREPRESENTED.

Action was taken at the meeting of the Central Labor Union, on last Monday night, to protect the body from the continual campaign of misrepresentation to which it has been subjected by unscrupulous persons who have been collecting money from the business men of the city on various advertising propositions. A reward of twenty-five dollars was offered for the arrest and conviction of any person claiming to represent the Central Labor Union in the collection of money or goods, as the body wishes it to be understood that no one is authorized to use the name of the Central Labor Union on any proposition of an advertising scheme. This is a matter that should receive the careful consideration of every member of organized labor of the District, for these persons resort to all manner of means to fleece the business men, and they, not knowing that these men are not connected with the labor movment, judge the movement by this class of sharks.

It should be the aim of every member of organized labor to keep the name of the Central Labor Union in the best possible light before the general public of Washington, for the odium that attaches from the misrepresentation that it receives from this class reflects upon the good name of every member connected with organized labor.

BAKERY SALESMEN

What has become of the agitation for clean food, of which we read so much not long ago? Has every one concerned had a case of cold feet? Who is there left to take up the cudgel in the interest of the man on the wagon? Well, there we are safe, for the answer to that comes readily enough. What is the answer? Why, Local No. 33, of course—the one power on which we can always rely. Well, here goes, Mr. "Baker Boss." What are you going to do about it? Are you going to continue to have the salesmen on your wagon hitch and unhitch his horse, and then appear before us with his hands in a condition unfit for the handling of the bread which is to repose upon our snowy cloth among the other good things prepared for our breakfast?

We question him concerning the condition of those hands, and are informed that he is compelled to hitch and unhitch his horse, and that there are not adequate facilities for the proper cleansing of his hands unless he goes about a square away from the stable, and he naively informs us that all this walking takes time and that when a man is employed upon a per centage basis time counts, for it is not good business to allow the salesmen of his employer's competitors to beat him out.

As we gaze upon his hands a great feeling of disgust stirs within us, and though we can hardly hold him responsible for the conditions under which he is compelled to work, we feel our appetite slowly ooze away, and we feel that we do not care for any breakfast this morning, and that if the "boss bakers" do not wish to have these conditions changed we will be compelled in the future to patronize one of the chain stores, where we are sure to secure a loaf of bread which was wrapped at the bakery and which we know has not been exposed to the contagion to which the bread we formerly purchased from our friend, the "boss baker," was exposed—and so needlessly.

And, as all this happens, we wonder why all of the "big bakers" don't do as the great majority are now doing, that is, compel their salesmen to stay out of the stable, and as a penalty for a violation of this rule inflict summary dismissal upon the transgressors.

And again, we wonder why the acknowledged peer of all the bakers in the city, if not in the entire country, should be so backward in this matter.

At the last regular meeting of the union, held on Wednesday, July 16, an election for an alternate to serve as delegate to the coming convention of the Maryland State and District of Columbia Federation of Labor was held, and, though rather hotly contested, was decided in favor of the president of the local, Bro. Thos. C. Fox, he being declared the winner on the third ballot. The alternate is to serve in place of the member elected as delegate, Bro. J. F. Hagan, who has since his election not only dropped out of the business, but seemingly lost all interest in the organization, and on this account would be manifestly unfit to represent Local Union No. 33. We want live men on our committees and to act as our representatives. How is this for the delegation to the convention as it now stands: President T. C. Fox, Secretary-Treasurer and Business Agent J. E. Toone, and Recording Secretary J. L. Considine? C. L. U., get busy!

Once more it becomes our sorrowful duty to record the death of one of our brothers, in the announcement of the decease of Brother W. C. Bell, of 423 North Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va., on Friday the 18th of July, after a long illness. Brother Bell formerly was employed by the Boston Bakery, now known as the General Baking Co., and will be remembered by the many friends he made during that time, on account of his sunny disposition and for the reason that he was ever ready to do all in his power for the brother who approached him in the proper manner. He will be remembered by those prominent in the organization as a member who was always ready to willingly do all that was asked of him. He has now gone to his eternal reward, and we feel sure that his sufferings are over, for if ever a mortal suffered on this earth Brother Bell was the one. He has not been able to work for more than three years.

A few days before his death he embraced Christian Science, and put his whole soul into this belief, and upon the occasion of the visit paid to him on the day before his death by two of the officers of No. 33 his talk on the matter of his belief in the religion he had embraced was a revelation. He had a smile on his face at the time, and although he was hardly able to speak above a whisper, he repeatedly stated that the "Truths" as taught by Jesus Christ, and as recorded in the Bible, were the ones on which he had pinned his faith and that he was sure that they would make him whole. He stated that he was at perfect peace with all men and that having lost his mortal mind he had received an immortal mind, and that his head was filled with the wonder of it all, and expressed a wish that he could make us understand it.

This is the second death to occur in the ranks of No. 33 within the short space of a month, and it is a record, as our vital statistics will show, no other case of two members having passed over within so short a period.

We mourn the loss of our brothers, pray the Almighty to grant them perpetual rest, and deign to express the prayer that the Angel of Death may not visit among our ranks soon again.

J. L. C.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

S. Arthur Eyler is back from a week's vacation, looking fat and ready for business.

J. W. Lockett is subbing on the job side for Chas. D. Deming during the latter's sojourn up in the mountains of Virginia.

And that reminds me "Charlie" must be having a pretty good time up there, judging from the following postal received from him the other day:

"LINDEN, VA.,

"DEAR FRIEND.—Some country up this way, as you can see from card. Eating everything but the legs of the table. Tell the boys I shall remember them all later. C. D. D."

Miss Gertrude Laine, of the folding room, is back from a sojourn at Colonial Beach. She reports a pleasant trip, and looks it.

Capt. E. M. Nevils, delegate from Columbia Union, No. 101, to the Nashville convention, is up at Bolivar Heights, Camp Ordway, W. Va., and will remain there until it is time to start for Nashville, where the convention is to be held.

Mrs. M. W. Moore and son, Oliver J., will go to Rochester, N. Y., next week on a business and pleasure trip. They expect to be gone about two weeks, visiting Philadelphia and other cities during that time.

Mrs. L. C. White, daughter of the late Mark W. Moore, accompanied by her daughter, Mary Elizabeth (age 3 years), has returned to Raton, New Mexico, where she will make her future home. Her husband, Dr. Lyle C. White, late of the G. P. O. bindery, where he has many friends who will be pleased to learn of his success, has established a growing and lucrative practice at Raton, and is fast accumulating a goodly supply of this world's goods.

The Law Reporter Printing Company base ball team, composed only of bona fide employees of the Law Reporter office, desire to arrange games for Saturday afternoons during August and September, with other printing office teams. A goodly number of the members of the team have been stars on the sand lots and feel sure of being able to come back to "form" and give a good account of themselves. The members of the team are: Joe Handiboe, J. Fletcher, Fred Stringer, J. B. Sullivan, Harry R. Fellinger, E. Grimm, R. B. Galleher, C. D. Deming, L. Altman, C. Susson, Jos. Baruch, P. Patrick, Paymond Plager, O. J. Moore and B. Jones. Address all communications to Jas. Fletcher, care of Law Reporter Co., 518 Fifth Street, N. W.

A steeplejack re-gilded and oiled up the weather vane on the Norris building, corner Fifth and F streets, the other day, to our great relief. It had become very erratic and unreliable of late.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

William C. Connor, assistant foreman of the forwarding division, returned to work the past week after a two weeks' stay at Atlantic City, where he went to recuperate after undergoing a critical operation at the Georgetown University Hospital.

Mrs. Walter Oliver and daughter, wife of Walter Oliver, assistant foreman of the ruling and sewing section, left last week to spend the remainder of the summer at Peak Island, Maine.

Mrs. Blanche S. Wilson, of the ruling and sewing division, is spending her leave at Maple Glen, Pa.

"Unser Karl" Ecker, of the forwarding division, chief rooter for the Athletics and a real estate compendium of useful knowledge, is now using a hair tonic, which was recommended by Lewis Stark.

Henry Schuerman, the well-known basso of the forwarding section, has entered into the bonds of matrimony. He has the best wishes of his fellow-workers.

"Dick" Lohmeyer, accompanied by his family, will spend the next two weeks at Bristow, Va.

William Kirkland Dugdale Harrison, driller a la premier of the ruling and sewing section, and our jovial big "Bill" Guntrum, cutter par excellence of the same section, have taken up the game of cribbage, and judging from the skill displayed by these knights of the pasteboard, they will be a hard team to beat.

TREASURER OF BAKERS

In the list of officers that was printed last week the name of the treasurer was omitted through an error. For this important office the Bakers re-elected Fred Hanold unanimously as he has served the Bakers in this capacity faithfully and intelligently for several years.

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Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

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Make your selection from our big stock. EXCEPTIONAL VALUES $1.00 and $1.50.
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All summer wearables at Reduced Prices.
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BROCKWELL'S BITS

The finest handiwork of a good God is the helpful man.

* * *

The regular quarterly meeting of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association will be held on Sunday, July 27, 1913, at Typographical Temple. The meeting will be one of much interest to all the members, and every one should attend. Details for the Pittsburgh trip will be arranged, as well as other important matters considered.

* * *

"Do you think anybody in the world understands those 'funny' paragraphs in the Times?" asked the critical printer of his chum.

"Yes, I guess so," was the dubious reply.

"Huh—you do? Who, for goodness sake?"

"Oh, the man who writes them—possibly."

* * *

"A few days since," said a well-known Washington craftsman to the writer, "I attended the funeral of a printer who had had during his lifetime a wide acquaintance, and among others who had known and loved him was a United States Senator, who attended the funeral. In a conversation with this Senator the matter of the benefits coming to union printers was mentioned, and when I told the Senator about our $500 funeral benefits he was greatly surprised, but when I had pointed out to him the other good things that our organization gives its members—the privileges of the Home, the old-age pension, etc.—with a short explanation of the wonders it has accomplished in the matter of keeping up and increasing wages and improving working conditions, he was, to use his own words, 'wonderfully enlightened on a subject of great interest.' He was loud in his praise of our great union, and frankly stated that it was his belief that it was what most of us proudly claim it to be—the greatest thing of its kind in the world."

* * *

Once in a while a knock is so funny that I am impelled to print it, especially when it can really do no harm.

"Are you going to that dinner that the printers are to have at the National?" I asked one of the defeated candidates in reference to the little spread in honor of the delegates from Columbia Union.

"No," he replied, "I am not exactly a coward, but I confess I am afraid to go there. You see, they might have the same knife with which to carve the dinner meats that they used on me during the election, and, as I'm no swine, one dose of that blade is enough for me."

* * *

"I wish you would tell me what benefits would be due my husband in case he should die while he is a member of the typographical union," is a question which came to me through the mails some days since. As a matter of fact, such questions should be asked of the proper officers of the union, and then there will be no danger of guesswork in the answers. However, it may be well to print an answer to this question, in the hope that it may be of interest to others as well as the one who propounded the query. The local benefit of Columbia Union is $100 after one year's membership, the card holder to be in good standing at the time of death. The International Typographical Union benefits are for a membership of one year or less, $75; continuous membership of two years, $125; three years, $175; four years, $275; five years and over, $400. It will thus be seen that for a membership of five years and over the total funeral benefit here would be $500. In all cases the member dying must be in possession of a paid-up current card.

* * *

In a North Carolina paper of a recent date there appeared an article on the subject of the oldest typesetter in that Commonwealth. Three names were featured as holding the distinction—L. N. Keith, of Winston-Salem; Joseph Harris, of Hillsboro; and James Marion Cross, of Concord. It so happens that in the days gone by I have worked with each of these veterans who are termed by the newspaper referred to as "representatives of an art now almost lost"—that is, setting type by hand. To know that they still live and can yet manipulate the "leaden messengers of thought" makes me realize that I am no longer in the spring-chicken class. Perhaps it is of Cross that I have the most vivid recollections, and when the Carolina scribe speaks of him as "having the socket in his jaw filled with a generous wad of tobacco" memory leaps back full many a year and I am again in the presence of the celebrated and only "Jeems" Marion Cross. He was a companionable man in those days, ever ready to tackle a bad "take" or enjoy a good joke, and always full of the milk of human kindness, and occasionally, I must say, full of—something considerably stronger. I do not believe a complete record of his life would show that he ever did any harm to a fellow creature. He was the possessor of a fiery red nose, and when setting type assumed a position that earned for him the nickname of "Crooked." (In no other way, however, would that title apply.) At this time Cross must be at least 80 years of age, Keith is hardly a day younger, and dear old Joe Harris has, I feel sure, long since passed the Scriptural allowance of three score years and ten. Bless them all, and may each register at least a hundred ere the final count is closed. They dwell in a wondrous country—a region of matchless corn, snowy cotton, and the luscious grape, along with many other good things, in addition to its good people—and the manner in which they keep their years should add to its title of "land of the long-leaf pine" another one, "land of the long-lived typo."

W. N. BROCKWELL.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

Much is expected of the New man as head of District affairs.

—

The old saying, "Too much pork for a shilling," seems to have passed into innocuous desuetude.

—

The specialists are experiencing some difficulty in fixing the zenith point of drunkenness.

—

When there is a seeming dearth of something to talk about, just mention Chautauqua.

—

At times we are almost tempted to take a chance in one of those mark-down suit sales—when they drop from $20 to $4.98.

—

Congress will now proceed to take the tariff out of politics by putting a little more in.

—

Except for the life-saving service, many who go to the seashore would never see shore any more.

—

Sunday observance in Washington is coming to seem more and more like our Fourth of July.

—

It would be easier to establish peace in Mexico if the looters could once agree on the size of piece each must have.

—

This old world would be measurably better if those who set up a standard for others to live by would always make that standard their own.

—

The moon may be ever so full and get by unnoticed.

—

In a free country those who do not like the slit skirt may look the other way. See?

—

The public has come to disregard the request to call at the political morgue to identify the remains of W. J. Bryan.

—

Great beads of perspiration appear the moment a practical and rational investigation is suggested.

—

With the help of the suffragettes the London police are kept as busy as a dog with fleas.

ESTIMATES FOR CONCESSIONS

All persons desiring concessions at the Labor Day Celebration at Benning on Labor Day such as the Lunch privilege, Ice Cream, etc., are requested to submit their estimates to Mr. Newton A. James, Chairman of the Concessions Committee, on or before July 20th, as they will be awarded on this date.

NEWTON A. JAMES, *Chairman.*
Committee on Privileges.

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman: Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Sec etary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners. 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Mason, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each north in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier. 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave, Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 245 15th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

In making up your list of "Who's Who" in the bindery section, place the names of Messrs. Luke F. Ludlow and Waverly Taylor well up toward the top.

—

Jason Waterman, for some time past acting as private secretary to the Public Printer, is now, by transfer, in charge of the publications of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service.

—

The New York World corrected its story to the effect that our John W. Hays, of the International, was not in any way entangled with the Mulhall correspondence. The individual in question was Joseph Hayes, secretary of the Typotheta.

—

The Panama job of foreman of the composing room I was endeavoring to give out last week was handed to Fred I. Nobles, of the G. P. O. proof room. Mr. Nobles hails from Wisconsin, and had a limited experience in Porto Rico.

—

A copy editor is wanted in the Geological Survey, the management of which proposes to hold a civil service examination therefor, to take place on August 6th. For a score of years dozens of G. P. O. employes have been reading and revising these publications, and to my mind the Survey makes a mistake when they fail to avail themselves of these gentlemen's serices. Of course the printerman is not barred from taking examination, and almost without exception in the several governmental departments the "editor," so called, is a G. P. O. graduate.

—

Messrs. Long and Serrano will make the trip to Nashville convention via the Merchants and Miners Transportation Company, to Savannah. Mr. Sanders goes by rail, visiting relatives in the "old Kentucky home" en route. Mr. Nevils will remain until a later date, in order to look after the comfort of visitors. The fare, by rail or water, is moderate.

—

Ralph Alderman, of the Mono section, is now "Captain" Alderman of the District National Guard. Mr. Alderman, an expert shot, has for some years been the instructor for the several teams from the District competing at Seagirt and Fort Perry and other national and international meets. Louie Vogt, of the Lino, also carries Captain before his name.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE

Prominent Among Laws Secured Was the Eight-Hour Law for Public Employees.

Worcester, Mass., July 25.—The Executive Board of the Massachusetts State Branch at its last meeting received the final report of the legislative committee. This report contains a resume of the bills introduced, the efforts made for their passage and the final results. Prominent among the laws secured were the eight-hour law for public employes; nine hours for children over fourteen and under sixteen years of age, and the public opinion bill that has been urged by the labor unions for the last eight years. The public opinion law provides that all questions of public policy may be put on the ballot in a senatorial district if 1,200 voters petition for it and any representative district if 200 voters petition for it. Another measure gives the new Board of Labor and Industries, together with the Industrial Accident Board, increased powers for investigation and the making of rules or regulations for safety and health. A uniform child labor law was passed excluding thousands of children from dangerous, unhealthful, and demoralizing occupations. Provision was also made for widows left with children, and although the amount of the pension was not as high as desired, it gives some relief. The legislature passed two bills on injunctions limiting the powers of the courts in the issuance of injunctions. Four bills went through, amending the Workmen's Compensation Act.

AFTER MONEY GETTERS.

It is very evident that the Civil Service Commission is going after the correspondence and other Civil Service "coaching" schools that are endeavoring to coax money from the fourth-class postmasters of the country to prepare them for Civil Service examinations. The correspondence of some of these schools has been turned over to the postal authorities with the request for action.

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CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Charles H. Magill, bookbinder, reinstated.

Victor E. Peterson and William J. Thompson, skilled laborers, reinstated.

Samuel E. Cornwell and Clarence A. Robinson, temporary skilled laborers.

John W. Schott, messenger.

Separations.

Jason Waterman, clerk, resigned.

Frederick I. Nobles, proof reader, resigned.

Patrick J. Donegan, compositor, dropped.

Mrs. Fannie H. Fant, emergency press feeder, resigned.

Carroll Gray, messenger, resigned.

Stuart H. Patti and William Hamma, temporary messenger boys, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Gustav G. Loehler, assistant superintendent of buildings, $2,250 per annum, (temporary assignment); Ralph R. Rich, clerk, $720 to $900; Miss Ella A. Giusta, helper, $270 per annum; John A. Openshaw, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; George A. Johnson, Library of Congress branch binding section; John W. Haslett, Library of Congress branch binding section; John L. Sherfy, ruling and sewing section; Stanton W. Algate, pamphlet binding section, intermediate; Charles E. Hill, pamphlet binding section, intermediate, to day: Mrs. Delphine Lord, Library of Congress branch binding section; Charles P. Wright, pamphlet binding section, night; Stanley R. Gilbert, linotype section, night to day.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc., of THE TRADES UNIONIST, published weekly at Washington, D. C., required by the Act of August 24, 1912.

Editor, Managing Editor, Business Manager, and Publisher, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th Street N. W.

Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding one (1) per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: Joseph A. Wilner, 811 G Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

Signed,
JOHN B. COLBOYS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 23rd day of July, 1913.

J. Edwin Giles,
Notary Public, D.C.

My commission expires January 7th, 1917.

CONDEMNS GOVERNOR FOSS.

Boston, Mass., July 25.—Gov. Foss was condemned by the Executive Board of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor at its meeting in Boston for his attitude toward the employes in the Hyde Park Plant. The Governor has refused to arbitrate the differences at issue and has also refused to permit the State Board of conciliation and arbitration to bring about a meeting between himself and his employes. The Board also indorsed the position of the strikers and made provisions to assist the strikers' committee and give all possible support. It was later learned that the companies with which Gov. Foss is interested are to either move their machinery plants or install new ones in Canada with the intention of carrying on their machinery manufacturing business in Canada.

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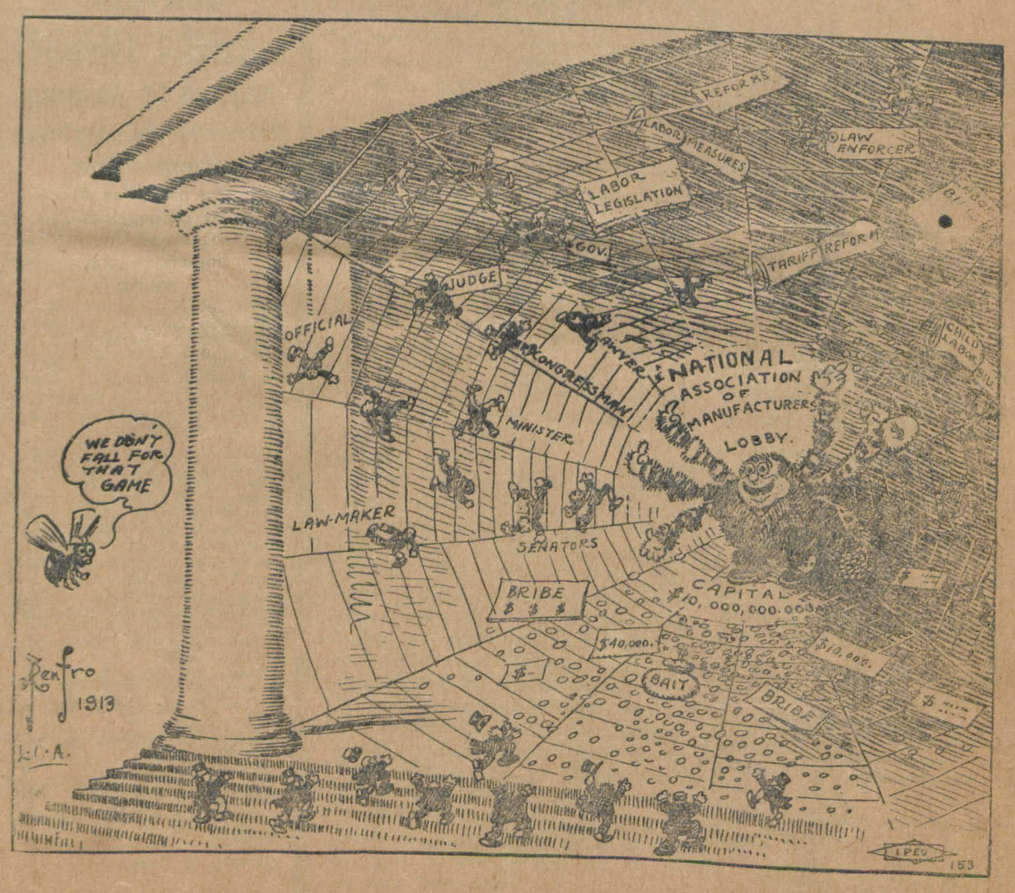


THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 58 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

THE RAILROAD SITUATION

From the Best Information Obtainable a Settlement is About to Be Reached.

Immediately following the passage by Congress of the new Mediation and Conciliation Law, supplanting the Erdman Act, the President appointed as the new mediation board Judge William F. Chambers, at one time Justice of the International Court at Samoa, and since 1901 a member of the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission; Judge Martin A. Knapp, presiding judge of the United States Commerce Court, and Louis Post, Assistant Secretary of Labor. The two first named were confirmed by the Senate, but for some reason, based on the phraseology of the law, Mr. Post was not confirmed. However, the Board of Mediation is at work, and, while indications pointed to extreme difficulty in harmonizing the differences between the managers of the railroads and the representatives of the Brotherhood, a sort of understanding has been reached, and it appears now that a settlement will be had under the new law. One of the disquieting episodes which has been relieved, was the fact that the Erie Railroad, until recently, refused to become a part of the general mediation and arbitration plan. Another troublesome factor was the fact that the railroads at first insisted on several questions raised by the railroads being adjudicated at the same time that the wage question is taken up. From the best information obtainable it now seems that all of the railroads involved are to co-operate with the Brotherhoods to reach a settlement on the wage question, and, after that is settled, then the railroads are to bring forward the demands which they propose to make of the Brotherhoods and the Mediation and Arbitration Board will be resorted to for the purpose of arranging a settlement.

CONVICT LABOR STORY

An Ex-Prisoner Has Entered Suit Against Prison Labor Contractors.

Information is received that suit was brought in the Rhode Island courts by an ex-prisoner to recover from prison labor contractors wages for his labor during imprisonment. The suit is based on the clause in the State constitution which prohibits slavery. Under the contract system convicts are forced to labor without wages for the contractors. This is held to be slavery, and as such, contrary to the constitution. Should the case be successful it will strike a heavy blow at the contract system, not only in Rhode Island, but in every state where it exists. Backed by the National Committee on Prison Labor, William Anderson, for three years a prisoner in the state prison, is suing the former and present contractors, for whom he labored, for wages during the full time of his imprisonment. The contractors from whom Anderson claims wages are the two shirt contracting firms, the Reliance-Sterling Manufacturing Company and the Crescent Garment Company, through Salant & Salant, which firm it is held reaps the profits from the Crescent Garment Company contract. Salant & Salant have been understood to be opposed to contract prison labor, Mr. A. B. Salant, a member of the firm, openly denouncing the system. The National Committee on Prison Labor has issued a statement that as the case is against contractors and not the state it will not hinder the present officials in fulfilling their duties; that if the wage is secured for the prisoner it will help his family during his imprisonment and give him some money on hand at the time of his release. The committee two years ago passed strong resolutions condemning the contract system and every other system which exploits convict labor to the detriment of the prisoner. To promote co-operation between the labor unions and the committee, a Labor Committee has been appointed of which Collis Lovely, vice president of the Boot and Shoe Workers' Union, is chairman, and John J. Manning, secretary. Such co-operation ought to be valuable in assisting the campaign against the contracting of prisoners.

STATE INSURANCE PAYMENTS.

Columbus, Aug. 1.—According to figures given out by State Treasurer J. B. Brennan, $56,541.12 was paid out of the State Insurance Fund for claims by the State Liability Board of Awards between January 13, 1913, and June 8, 1913. The State Insurance Fund turned over to the Treasurer by former State Treasurer Creamer on January 13 amounted to $167,637.46. Since that date $312,331.91 has been paid into the fund in premiums by companies insured under the state plan, making a balance on hand, June 30, of $423,428.29.

GOV. FOSS ADAMANT.

The Assistant Secretary of the Department of Labor, who made an effort to effect a settlement between the employes of the two concerns in which Gov. Foss is largely interested, was unsuccessful. The Assistant Secretary declares that although wages appear to be the only thing involved there seems to be something beneath the surface which is difficult to assertain.

THE BUILDING SITUATION

Reaction in the Building Trade Has Been Quite Visible for Sometime.

New York, Aug. 1.—A recent issue of Bradstreet's, under the caption "The Reaction in Building," has this to say: "The reaction in the building trade visible some time ago in the New York district is becoming manifest in an increasing number of other cities, which are apparently feeling the effects of conservative lending of money for new enterprises. Thus, the June returns of building expenditure to Bradstreet's show the third successive decrease since March, and the percentage of decrease from the like month a year ago is the largest reported in any month since January, 1912, eighteen months ago. The additional fact is also brought out that the declines at the metropolis no longer account for the entire decrease, but that Chicago, Los Angeles, Milwaukee, San Francisco, St. Louis, and Boston have contributed to the falling off. Also it might be noted that the cumulative effect of the past three months' decreases is a slight decline in the half year's total of building as compared with the like portion of 1912. The June expenditure at 138 American cities as reported to Bradstreet's is $77,085,083, as against $84,968,106 in May and $89,585,794 in June a year ago. There is here shown a decrease of 9.2 per cent from May and of 13.9 per cent from June last year. This percentage of decrease in June compares with a decrease of 6.6 per cent in May and 6 per cent in April, and likewise compares with an increase of 9.5 per cent in the first quarter of the year."

GET SHORTER WORKDAY

This Was Brought About Through the Installation of Mechanical Tabulation.

A 25 per cent increase in pay, with shorter hours was given to employes of the Auditor of the Postoffice Department during the last year. This was brought about through the installation of mechanical tabulation for adding postmasters' money order accounts. At the time Congress authorized the auditor to install tabulating machines, provision was made for converting the salaries of 207 money order assorters and skilled laborers, with average salaries of $760 per annum, into a lump sum for payment to machine operatives on a piece-work basis. Following the inauguration of this system proficiency was gained in the operation of the machine, and fewer employes were needed to handle the work, and all vacancies were allowed to remain unfilled, so that at the present time 117 machine operatives are drawing the salaries formerly paid to 207 employes, and the average machine operative gets $945 per annum, as compared with the former annual salary of $760. No employe is permitted to perform work outside of regular office hours. One-fourth of the operatives complete the maximum day's work in six hours.

CLOSING UNCLEAN SHOPS.

Denver, Aug. 1. — The State Board of Examiners of Barbers is continuing its crusade against insanitary barber shops. A number of places have been closed owing to the insanitary and even filthy condition of the shops. The law under which the State Board of Examiners is operating has been extremely beneficial in curtailing the spread of disease, no person being permitted to work at the barber trade who is afflicted with a contagious or infectious ailment. Large numbers of tuberculosis patients are in Colorado, and with the enforcement of present law patrons of barber shops are given adequate protection against infection by this disease. There are 600 less barbers in Colorado than when this law became operative four years ago. This is considered to be of inestimable benefit to the general public.

ONCE MORE?

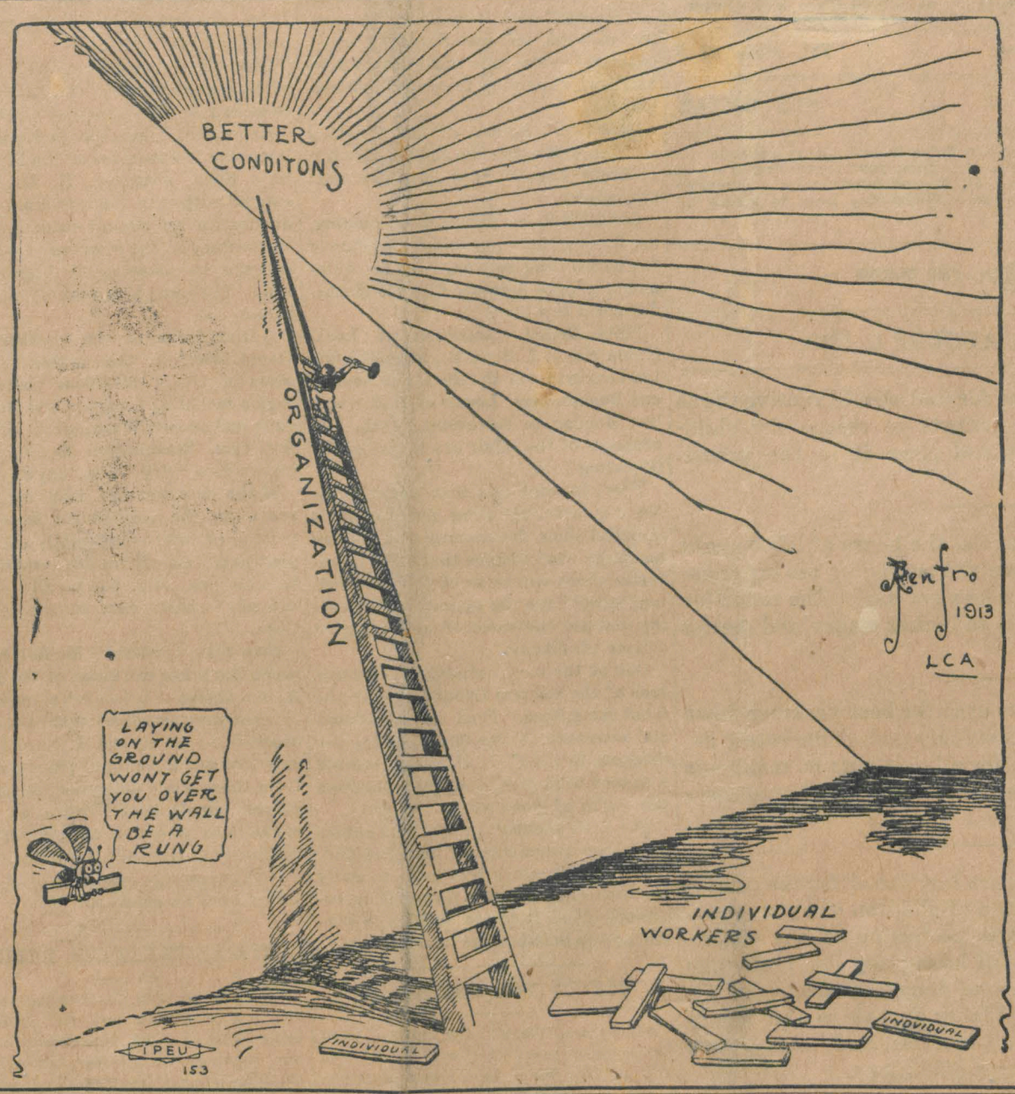
Toledo, Ohio, Aug. 1.—The Metal Trades Councils, of Toledo, Ohio; Detroit, and Grand Rapids, Mich., have sent out circulars urging, in substance, that delegates from the Metal Trades to the next American Federation of Labor convention be instructed to urge an industrial form of organization and against trades autonomy. It apparently has not occurred to those who formulated this "new" scheme that there never has been any objection made by the American Federation of Labor to workmen in allied industries in perfecting any form of organization the membership of those organizations desire.

BARS NEGROES AND JAPS.

Denver, Aug. 1.—The Commissioners of Property has issued an order forbidding negroes and Japanese from using the public bathing beaches in the parks of the city. A tempest was raised for a short time, but the commissioner insisted on the order going into effect.

20,000 ON STRIKE.

Hamburg, Aug. 1.—The strike declared by the workmen in the shipbuilding yards involves over 20,000 employes.



THE LOBBY PROBE

Many Witnesses Have Been Subpoenaed and Are to Go Upon the Stand.

During the past week Col M. M. Mulhall, former secret agent, political fixer, briber, and corruptionist of the National Association of Manufacturers, has been on the stand before the lobby probe committee. A great mass of correspondence has been identified by the whilom colonel and many more men implicated. It is gradually coming out that all of the associations that have been hostile to organized labor drew their inspiration largely from the National Association of Manufacturers, whose fountain head, if even a portion of the story now being told is correct, reeks with corruption and bribery to an extent not even dreamed of. The Lobby Committee has just gotten a good start. Many witnesses have been subpoenaed and are to go upon the stand. It is expected that President Gompers and other officials of the American Federation of Labor will testify before the Lobby Committee, and when the entire truth comes to the surface it is apprehended that the National Association of Manufacturers will have received such a probing as to practically make its influence in the future extremely weak, and will probably drive from its councils men who are imbued with the idea that industrial problems must be settled by intrigue, supplemented with bribery and corruption.

CAN BANK BY MAIL.

It is stated that banking by mail is the latest innovation entered into by the government in connection with the postal savings system. Hereafter deposits may be made by mail and withdrawals likewise effected through the same agency. When the postal savings system was first put in operation postmasters were forbidden to permit deposits by such persons as were not patrons of the postoffice in which they sought to bank. This was found to work a real hardship on a certain class of those who desired to become depositors and the postmaster general has abrogated the rule and orders to that effect have been issued.

PRINTERS SIGN UP.

Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 1. — Contracts covering a period of five years have been signed up by the Sacramento Typographical Union and the newspaper publishers of this city. The scale dates from January 3, 1913, from which time back pay has been given the employes, and provides for an increase of 50 cents per day. This brings the scale up to $28.50 per week for day work and $31.50 per week for night work.

ALASKAN COAL FOR NAVY.

One thousand tons of Alaskan coal to be tested for use by the United States Navy. The director of the Bureau of Mines, having personal charge of the expedition, is now in the coal fields of Matanuska, Alaska, and exhaustive tests will be made of the coal for the purpose of determining its heat, steam and other value.

MAKES A PREDICTION

The Parcel Post System is Rapidly Absorbing the Express Business.

That the express companies within the next few years will be absorbed by the parcel post system is the prediction made by Representative David J. Lewis of the labor group and now chairman of the House Labor Committee, who is also an expert in transportation. Representative Lewis declared that the beginning of the end of the express companies is near at hand, asserting that the parcel post would gradually absorb the small retail package business of the express companies until the latters' margin of profit would be wiped out. The new rate of 1 cent a pound with a weight limit of twenty pounds for 150 miles in any direction from point of shipment and ½ cent a pound for local delivery, including rural routes, is a parcel post system far excelling any other known to the English-speaking race. According to Representative Lewis the parcel post by January 1 next will show a profit of from $7,000,000 to $10,000,000.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY.

Marietta Glass Manufacturing Company vs. Pruitt, decided by the Supreme Court of Indiana, it appeared that the appellee as an employe of the appellant was attempting to adjust a gauge to an unguarded ripsaw while it was in motion, which was the known practice of the factory. The gauge stuck so that it did not move freely, and without the request or knowledge of the appellee, a fellow employe struck the gauge with a timber to help move it. The timber became caught on the saw and was thrown against the appellee's head, injuring his jaw and causing him to throw out his left arm, which the saw cut off. The court held, affirming a judgment on a verdict for the appellee, that the unguarded saw was one of the proximate causes of injury.

ORGANIZE TRI-STATE LEAGUE.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 1.—The Tri-State Printers' League, embracing the States of Georgia, South Carolina, and Florida, was organized recently in this city. Delegates representing Typographical Unions in the States named were present and a constitution and by-laws were adopted and officials elected to serve until the next annual convention, which will be held in June, 1914. A feature of the work of the league, which will be of interest to all printers, will be the monthly bulletin to be issued from the office of the Secretary-Treasurer. These Bulletins will contain all the latest information of interest to printers.

TRY TO SETTLE.

The Department of Labor is endeavoring to bring about a settlement between the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and its Machinists. Negotiations were recently opened by a representative of the Department, and are being continued. A strike is imminent, but every resource is being used to avert it. Over 1,500 machinists are involved.

PATTERNMAKERS' LEAGUE

The Application for An English Charter Was Absolutely Refused.

Toronto, Canada, Aug. 1.—According to the Industrial Banner, an unsuccessful attempt has been made to from a dual organization to the Patternmakers' League of North America by a few disgruntled patternmakers here. This paper states that a petition was forwarded to the headquarters of the United Kingdom Patternmakers of Manchester, England, asking that a charter be issued. The General Secretary Treasurer of the United Kingdom Patternmakers was a visitor to this country recently and, according to instructions, made his reply in person. The application for charter was refused with the admonition "that it would be very detrimental to the interests of the workers to divide their forces, and that the International organization of North America was the best able to protect the welfare of the workers in the various crafts in this country." It is averred that the answer of the English Labor official has effectively squelched the aspirations of these disgruntled members and that probably nothing more will be heard of the attempt to establish a dual organization. It is hinted that there may have been some scheme behind the move to weaken the Patternmakers' international in order that the employers might secure concessions at the expense of the workmen.

SEAMEN ARE ANXIOUS.

The Congress of the United States has been so slow in considering legislation relative to abolishing involuntary servitude among the Seamen that it is reported the Seamen are becoming restive and in all probability will appeal to the President for relief. During the Sixty-second Congress the House passed the Seamen's Bill and in the very last hours of that Congress the Senate also passed the bill with numerous amendments. The final result, however, was that the measure died with the Congress. There is now a threatened strike of the Seamen and the matter has been presented to Secretary of Labor Wilson, and in turn referred to President Wilson.

CIGAR CLIPPERS DANGEROUS.

The United States Public Health Commission has issued a warning against cigar clippers, claiming that it is an agency for the spread of disease. This statement points out that many cigar smokers on purchasing a cigar, before clipping off the end, place it between the lips while paying for the purchase. The Health Department observes that this is an effective method of bringing about the interchange of mouth secretions, and consequently dangerous.

ANTI-ALIEN LAW.

San Francisco, Aug. 1.—The Webb Anti-Alien Land Law, recently passed by the legislature, will become effective August 10. Time for filing referendum petitions against the law passed at the last session has expired, and therefore cannot now be submitted to a vote of the people.

THE SAME OLD SCHEME

The Commerce Club is About to Advertise That Employment Can be Secured.

Toledo, Ohio, Aug. 1.—The Commerce Club of this city is about to put into effect an old scheme of advertising that employment can be obtained for both skilled an unskilled men in this city. The officers of the Central Labor Union have taken the matter up and assert that no necessity exists for importing workers, either skilled or unskilled into Toledo. It is further stated that during the spring months there was a brisk demand for men, especially in the building trades, but that this is not unusual. At this time, however, there is no demand exceeding the supply. There are plenty of unskilled workers in this city who are out of work and there are also some skilled workmen who are idle. The glass factories and one of the large automobile establishments are running short forces temporarily for the summer. The spring building rush is over and there are carpenters, sheet metal workers and others in the building trades who are temporarily idle. The only employers unable to obtain help are those who do not pay fair wages. It is further reported that records at the State Free Employment Bureau show that applicants for jobs exceed the inquiries for workers three to one. Within a short time a large number of women employed at summer resorts and 1,500 to 3,000 sailors, and longshoremen who make their homes in Toledo, will be out of employment and wanting jobs in factories and other occupations. In view of this situation the importation of any considerable number of workmen will result in an unfortunate situation next winter.

AN ANALYSIS

Organized Labor Has Gained a Shrewd Understanding of Politics.

From a current issue of the Annalist: "Organized labor has gained a shrewd understanding of politics. It has learned to make its demands when it will be most awkward for the railroads to refuse them. For instance, the trainmen have voted to strike for an increase of 15 or 20 per cent in their pay just when public opinion begins to be veering about in favor of granting the railroads permission to raise their rates 5 per cent horizontally. Their application to do so is pending with the Interstate Commerce Commission. There is scarcely any doubt that the strongest argument set out by the railroads is that they have been raising wages in order to enable their employes to meet the higher cost of living. That has appealed strongly to average common sense. But now if the railroads should say, 'We have gone quite as far as we can go in that direction,' and refuse to raise the trainmen's pay, the public might think, "Well, then, if they are not going to raise wages any more perhaps it will not be necessary for them to raise rates.'"

METAL MINERS MAKE DEMANDS.

Elvins, Mo., Aug. 1.—The local Executive Committee representing the local unions of the Western Federation of Miners in the Lead Belt met in Flat River, and, acting under instructions, forwarded to the mining companies a demand for an increase of 50 cents per day, and the check-off system. The Executive Committee has been instructed to notify the companies that upon the failure to meet the demands by August 1, providing negotiations are not in progress, that the committee shall immediately proceed with further action as provided by the laws of the organization. It is understood that the companies have, up to this time, practically refused to grant the flat increase to all the men working in and around the mines and mills and smelters of the Flat River District. If this situation continues it is probable that a strike will ensue.

STANDS CIVIL SERVICE TEST.

St. Paul, Aug. 1.—A civil service examination has been held in the State Labor Bureau under a law enacted by the recent legislature, the successful candidates to hold office during good behavior beginning August 1. The result announced shows that the old employes have exceptional merit, as all of them who took the examinations have secured some sort of a position as a result. Under the law the Commissioner of Labor, William F. Houk, makes the appointments from among the three who receive the highest mark. Experience in Department work controlled in the assignment of positions.

BAKERS MAKE BIG SETTLEMENT

Newark, N. J., Aug. 1. — The Bakers have secured one of the most important settlements in this city made this year. The Ward Baking and Confectionery Company, which is one of the largest concerns in the United States, has signed an agreement with the union for the union shop, the nine-hour day, and the taking up of the wage question by arbitration each year if desired, this agreement to run until 1917. The Ward Baking Company is to erect a $2,000,000 plant in this city.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TRADES AND LABOR UNION COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 1, 1913.

The trade union movement asks for and should receive the assistance of all fair-minded men in its efforts to rescue the child from the factory, mill and workshop and place it in the schoolroom.

To make female labor more valuable, the hours of labor ought to be reduced one hour per day; from the prevailing ten hours per day to nine, and from nine to eight hours per day. The reduction of the hours of labor tends inevitably to higher wages and better social conditions.

When our enemies say we seek to drag the best workmen down to a level with the poorest, they knowingly and deliberately lie. Organized labor seeks a living wage for all, but puts no maximum on any man's wages. We want him to get all he can, but not less than a living wage.

Organized labor endeavors to secure legislation for the protection of its interests; for the protection of children and young persons, both male and female; for the protection of the women against excessive toil and long hours of labor; for the protection of life and health; for the elimination of dangerous firetraps. To attain these worthy objects organized labor appeals to the bar of public opinion; to the enlightened self-interest, and to members of legislative bodies regardless of party affiliations.

Rainbow chasers in the trade union movement are of no more value than in any other walk of life. The reason the trade union movement has accomplished so much for the toilers in this country is to be found in the fact that the stability of its leadership has been such that the movement has marched steadily forward. No time has been wasted in pursuit of the dreams of visionaries.

No one outside of the trade union movement realizes what fights the leaders have had to hold some of the more radical members from following leaders, the end of which would spell disaster.

AN ASTOUNDING TALE.

The story that is being told to the Senate Lobby Committee by Martin M. Mulhall, will easily prove to be the sensation of the century. To follow this man in his astounding tale of what appears to be the grossest kind of corruption, is enough to make a decent citizen of this noble inspiring country of ours blush with shame. It is not so much the story that he is unfolding, as it is the contemptible ramifications of the self-pretending, highminded organization of business interests, by whom he was employed in his nefarious work, known as the National Association of Manufacturers.

Notwithstanding the braggadocia spirit that they have just recently assumed, after having recovered from the first shock of the exposures of Mulhall, they cannot make the public believe other than that Colonel Mulhall is now telling the truth in so far as it relates to what appears to be the main purpose of their organization. They may threaten to sue for libel, slander, and what not, but if they think for one moment that they can by this method intimidate the public press, they have but a faint idea of the independence and fearlessness of this same press. It is not our purpose to dwell upon either the corruptness of their organization as a whole, or the leading individuals of it, for other agencies will very ably take care of this side of the question, but we would like to use Mulhall and his astounding tale to call to the attention of the trades unionists the need for the most careful scrutiny of the ones into whose hands they place the confidences and destinies of those who toil. Too great a care cannot be exercised in the selection of the men who are to act as the guiding spirits of the various organizations, and it is the duty of every member of organized labor—a duty that he not only owes to himself and family, but a duty that he owes to his fellow trades unionists and the public in genetal—to see to it that the men that they elect to office are honest and absolutely above reproach.

We have been aware for some time that spies have worked themselves into the good graces of some of our organizations, to report the doings of the union and its individual members, to incite the more radical to acts of depredation in times of industrial disputes, in order that the sympathy of the public may be lost to their cause, but it has remained for the story of Mulhall to give us gross, specific instances of this villainous and atrocious conduct; and if what he has stated in his narrative is true in so far as it applies to members of trades unions, it is but further and conclusive evidence of the need for vigilance on our part to be extremely careful of the ones whom we place in positions of trust. We have stated times without number the need of separating from our movement the professional labor man—the man who earns his living in most instances by his wits, as the majority of attorneys do. We have failed to find one instance of where this class are retaining their self-professed interest in the labor movement for any other motive than a sordidly, selfish one, and the sooner that the eyes of the honest men of labor are opened to this fact the better off will labor be, and the most effective way to cure this evil is a more regular attendance on the part of the members at the meetings of their unions.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

Al. Taylor, of the ruling section, will put in the next two weeks at Atlantic City.

Miss Mary Pitts, of the sewing section, will sojourn for two weeks at Ocean City, Md.

E. L. Osborne, of the ruling and sewing section, accompanied by his family, spent the past week at Colonial Beach.

"Happy" Jack Fox, of the forwarding division, left last Saturday on an extended automobile trip through New England, expecting to return September 2nd.

George H. Smith, of the finishing section, will enjoy the cooling breezes of Long Branch, N. J., for the next two weeks.

Chas. Malpas, foreman of binding, and Henry Hoiby, assistant foreman of the forwarding section, took an automobile trip to Atlantic City last Saturday for a few days.

Felix Belair, president of Local Union No. 4, I. B. of B., attended the joint excursion of the Bindery Womens' and Bookbinders' Locals of Baltimore, last Monday, to Tolchester Beach. The proceeds of the affair are to go to the Glockling fund.

There is some talk that Local Union No. 4 is contemplating putting on a minstrel show the coming fall. Many members are in hopes that such an entertainment will be held, so that they may again have the opportunity of seeing and hearing some of the talented artists (in black).

One of the most important committees of the Central Labor Union is the label committee. Fred Arends, financial secretary of the Bookbinders, also delegate to the C. L. U., never misses a chance to impress upon the delegation the worth of labor's only weapon.

The little souvenir programme gotten up by the committee for the Bookbinders excursion which was held recently contains some valuable information, especially when it comes to *Who is Who* among the bookbinders in the Office.

OUSTED FOR ORIENTALS.

Bellingham, Wash., Aug. 1.—The local labor paper says: "It will be hard to find in this State any gloomier settlements than those which are found surrounding certain big salmon canning plants on Lummi Island, where dozens of Bellingham families have settled down in tents and other accommodations in the hope of securing employment, only to find that their presence there has been used as a club to drive a hard bargain with Japanese and Chinese and Filipino laborers, and who have supplanted them in their employment. Filipino, Chinese, and Japanese have been engaged for the season at wages believed to range from $25 to $30 a month, boarding themselves, while the company furnishes the houses. The white people formerly working at this plant have been informed by Japanese foremen that only Orientals hereafter will be employed. It is a pitiable condition of affairs and practically establishes the fact that Orientals are to be hereafter employed wherever possible."

STREET CAR LOCK-OUT.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—A lockout of members of division 241 on the lines of the County Traction Company is on, with some 300 members affected. The lines of the company operate through the suburbs of La Grange, Lyons, River Forest, Cicero, Berwyn, Oak Park, Austin, and Evanston, and were formerly part of the consolidated traction and suburban railway systems. Considerably over a year was the period covered in an effort to secure an understanding with the officials of this company, but without avail. Since July 3 no attempt has been made to operate cars on the lines, the company locking out the men on that date.

RAILROAD STRIKE SETTLED.

Jamestown, N. Y., Aug. 1.—The strike of the Jamestown, Chautauqua and Erie Railway has been settled, and all strikers have returned to work. All the strikebreakers have been discharged and have left the city. The settlement followed a series of conferences between the superintendent of the road and the strikers, and the announcement was given out that "the settlement was satisfactory to both sides." It is reported that a compromise settlement was effected, and that a portion of the demands of the engineers, firemen, and trainmen were granted.

CARPENTERS WIN.

Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 1.—The Union Banner, the local labor paper, says: "For the first time in the history of labor and capital employers have granted far reaching demands of labor without a dissenting vote. Such accessions were made by the Fort Worth contractors to the two Carpenters' Union. The unions asked for a shorter work-week and an increase of 5 cents an hour in wages. The scale is now $4.40 a day."

ASK SPECIAL SESSION.

Chicago, Aug. 1.—The City Council by a vote of 60 to 5 has passed a resolution asking the Governor to call a special session of the Legislature for the purpose of passing a bill submitting to the voters of the State a constitutional amendment providing for the initiative, referendum, and recall.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Another time-honored legend may be filed away in the archives of illusions. Like dear old "Ground Hog Day," "St. Swithin's Day" has outgrown its usefulness and is as unreliable as the fairy tales of our childhood.

Chairman J. B. Sullivan is enjoying a week's leave of absence. He will take in Philadelphia and Atlantic City, and finish the week at Elkton with an uncle and his family.

Chas. D. Deming is enjoying himself so well up at Linden, Va., that he has extended his leave another week.

Raymond Plager, our junior apprentice, who is a member of the First Battery Field Artillery, N. G. D. C., started with the battery from Union Station for the annual encampment of the battery on the morning of July 31st and will be away until August 11th inst. The camp this year is at Tobyhanna, Pa.

A little freak of the weather manifested itself in this region Tuesday, when a heavy downpour visited the region including Langdon and Bladensburg and missed Washington entirely. But, then, Washington desires to be known as a "dry" city, anyway.

If the new weather man can't improve on the weather we have been treated to lately—especially the temperatures—his official life promises to be a hot one, as people in all walks of life will "roast" him to the queen's taste.

Now that "Colonel" Mulhall has exposed the inner workings of the N. M. A. and shown it to be even more wicked (if that were possible) than it has been charged to be by the A. F. of L., we may look for a plenty of pious protests from those noble union-hating, self-annointed angels, Post, Kirby et al. Their contortions and denials are really as laughable as they are ridiculous.

"The higher up the monkey climbs
The more he shows his tail."

STRIKE-BREAKERS REBEL.

New Orleans, Aug. 1.—Between twenty-five and thirty Chinese strike-breakers being shipped from New York to this city created considerable commotion in the attack upon the Captain of the vessel, resulting in the probable fatal injury of one man, who was shot. Those Chinese were ordered into the hold of the vessel, but they objected, owing to the excessive heat, and put up a fight against obeying the order. The strikebreakers were being transported here for the purpose of taking the places of the strikers who have struck against the Union Fruit Company. The treatment which the Chinese received is similar to the treatment accorded Orientals wherever they are employed by shipping companies.

ROAD GETTING ACTIVE.

New York, Aug. 1.—Recent report of the Interstate Commerce Commission, relative to the fatal wreck on the New Haven Railroad at Stamford, on June 12, are, so it is stated, to be taken up at once by the road's officials. "Immediate steps will be taken to bring the operation of the road up to the standard recommended in the commission's report," said General Manager Clinton L. Bardo, of the New Haven. It is further announced that the management of the road will hold a meeting with a committee representing the company's engineers to discuss that feature of the Stamford wreck which had to do with the employment of spare engineers on passenger trains.

LABORERS GET SETTLEMENT.

Peru, Ill., Aug. 1. — The Laborers' Union, which has been on strike for some little time, has finally secured a settlement and returned to work. The strike was settled on the basis of paying the Laborers 35 cents, 40 cents, and 45 cents per hour, which practically meets the demands made before the strike occurred. Considerable difficulty was experienced in securing a settlement, but the local union contained within its membership practically all the Laborers in this section and they made a splendid fight.

BAKERS SIGN UP.

Rochester, N. Y., Oug. 1.—The Ward Baking Company has just signed up with the Bakers' Union, agreeing that only union bakers shall be employed at the plant and that fifty-four hours shall constitute a week's work and establishing a wage scale for bakers of $20, $18, $16, $14, and helpers, $12 per week. Another large company in this city, the Flour City Baking Company, also has signed an agreement with the Bakers. The officials and organizers of the Bakers' Union are certainly doing splendid work.

WANTS CINDER PROTECTION.

There should be an equipment on every window on trains with cinder screens and deflectors, whether coaches or Pullmans, was the new railroad regulation proposed in a bill introduced by Congressman Prouty of Iowa. He declared that people riding in day coaches were as much entitled to protection from cinders as Pullman passengers.

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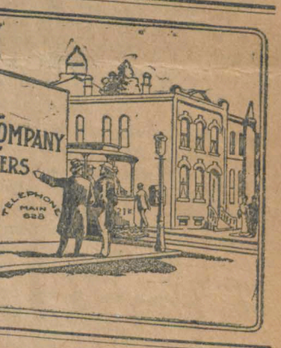

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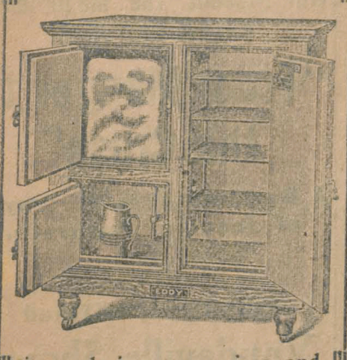

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

How very unnecessary some words are in certain newspaper head lines. For instance, in one reading "Colored man lynched in Georgia" the first word was the veriest surplusage.

* * *

There is pending in the Congress a bill to pension Wilson Certain, and that name ought to make easy pickings for the wide-awake pert paragrapher. I'm expecting every day some of that tribe to chortle out some such remark as that they know of one Wilson who is not near as certain to do certain things as certain politicians would certainly like him to.

* * *

"You don't have to be wealthy to be a philanthropist. Any time you pat a little child on the head, or smile at a baby in the arms of a faded mother, or tell a poor consumptive that he's looking fine, or buy a meal for a poor fellow who is hungry, or slip a dime to a cripple, or send a few flowers to a hospital, or kiss your wife, you couldn't do better if you had three million dollars."

* * *

That board of mediation and conciliation recently established by Congress is evidently causing considerable trouble to careless people connected with the great art of printing. I have seen it typed "meditation and conciliation" several times, once in a grave governmental report, but when it turns up in a big head line as "medication and confiscation" I can but tremble for the "art preservative of all other arts."

* * *

I read in the papers a few days since where a Washington mother had applied to the authorities of the District for a license for her two sons—aged 11 and 13—to engage in public boxing, so that "they might clothe their sister." In this country every year many millions are collected to civilize the heathen and help to Christianize the world, but it seems Washington doesn't get its share of the appropriation.

* * *

The regular monthly meeting of Government Printing Office Council of the National Union will be held tomorrow (Saturday) evening at 8 o'clock. If a member of this popular organization, it will pay you to attend. About five out of seven of its members are printers, and there are things taking place at all stages of the meeting. Refreshments—sandwiches, thirst eliminators, cigars, etc.—are most always a part of the evening's doings.

* * *

John P. Murphy, now postmaster of the United States Senate, is a former printer whom quite a number of the craft will recall as a typesetter in the National Printery some years ago. Among these is John B. Dickman, president of Columbia Typographical Union, who was a side partner of the gentleman when they both printed in the old piece division of the Government Printing Office under the foremanship of Col. Horace F. J. Drake, now a proof reader in that establishment. When Mr. Murphy left this city he returned to his Tennessee home, made a success in business, got into politics, and now returns to Washington to again serve Uncle Sam. In a trip through the Office a few days ago he gave cordial greeting to quite a number of his printer comrades of other days.

* * *

The quarterly meeting of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association was held at Typographical Temple on Sunday last, and was a very interesting affair. The party of players and officers to go to the Pittsburgh tournament was decided upon, these comprising about 14 players (including Manager Luitich), President Parsons, Vice-President Greenawald, and the secretary-treasurer. The tournament commences Labor Day and continues for a week. The Washington party will leave here over the Baltimore & Ohio at about 10.30 on Sunday morning, August 30, arriving at Pittsburgh at about 6 p. m. the same day, and in addition to those named a large party of friends of the association will, I am told, go along to "root" for the home team.

The Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association has become a fixture in local printerdom, and it is a fine organization to join. Dues are but $1 per year. Requirement for membership is to be a card holder in Columbia Union. The organization is now in the most prosperous condition it has ever known and is growing every day. Any information on the subject of the association will be gladly furnished by the president, T. C. Parsons, or by the secretary-treasurer, W. N. Brockwell.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

NEW IRON SCALE.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 1. — The new wage scale for 1913 and 1914 agreed to between the Western Bar Iron Association and the Conference Committee of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers at French Lick Springs, Ind., ranges from $5.25 to $9 on gross tons of 2,240 pounds, this being the puddling rate. The last settlement was made on a 1.50 card, which carries with it a wage scale of $7 per ton.

Attention, Readers!

The attention of the readers is called to the advertising columns of this paper, in the hope that they will at all times give preference, when making purchases, to those merchants who use this paper as an advertising medium. Also, when making those purchases, let it be known that you saw their "ad." in THE TRADES UNIONIST, and you will bestow a great favor on its owner, which will be greatly appreciated. The columns of this paper are open at all times to members of organized labor having anything of interest to say of their craft, or to organized labor in general. So you are respectfully invited to make use of same.

MILL STRIKE ON.

Steubenville, Ohio, Aug. 1. — The members of the Amalgamated Association at the Pope Tin Plate Mill are on strike because the Phillips Sheet Tin Plate Company, a subsidiary concern, refused to enter into negotiations with the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers. The company declared that it is to be their policy to operate its plants on the open shop or nonunion plan. There was nothing then for the union men employed at the Pope plant to do but refuse to work after the expiration of the scale year As a result the entire plant was closed down. The Machinists and Tin House Men took the same course as the hot mill men. The contest will probably be a long one.

LOCKOUT OVER.

Information is received to the effect that the building trades lockout of Chicago has been brought to a close. The story is that the Employers' Association and the Building Trades Council, of Chicago, have entered into an agreement settling the present controversy and incorporating tentative arrangements for the purpose of adjusting future difficulties.

SUES "KATY" ROAD.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 1.—Alleging that the Missouri, Kansas, and Texas Railroad has violated the anti-trust laws of the State, suit has been filed in the District Court for a judgment of $15,000,000 by the State.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc., of THE TRADES UNIONIST, published weekly at Washington, D. C., required by the Act of August 24, 1912.

Editor, Managing Editor, Business Manager, and Publisher, John B. Colpoys, 604 5th Street N. W.

Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding one (1) per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: Joseph A. Wilner, 811 G Street N. W., Washington, D. C.

Signed,
JOHN B. COLBOYS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 23rd day of July, 1913.
J. Edwin Giles,
Notary Public, D.C.

My commission expires January 7th, 1917.

ESTIMATES FOR CONCESSIONS

All persons desiring concessions at the Labor Day Celebration at Benning on Labor Day such as the Lunch privilege, Ice Cream, etc., are requested to submit their estimates to Mr. Newton A. James, Chairman of the Concessions Committee, on or before July 20th, as they will be awarded on this date.

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[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

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Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 chird at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary. R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 548 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 245 15th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

INVESTIGATING LABOR CAMPS.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 1.—The New York State Bureau of Industries and Immigration has a special corps of investigators examining the 2,000 immigrant labor camps in the state as to sanitary and housing conditions. Canning camps in the northern part of the state, paper pulp and highway camps in the St. Lawrence section, and aqueduct, railroad and brick yard camps constitute the major portion of the camps. A year ago an investigation was made and the report declared that most of these camps were unhealthy and a menace to the health of the state. This year the investigators will compare the conditions with those of last year for the purpose of recommending what reforms suggest themselves.

UNION AND NONUNION.

Cincinnati, Aug. 1.—The strike of nonunion garment workers came to an end when 300 non-union strikers voted to return to work and accept the proposition of a fifty-two-hour week, with fifty-four hours pay. The non-union workers had been out since the general strike of the United Garment Workers some weeks ago. The union workers secured an agreement calling for fifty hours with fifty-four hours pay. The union organizers endeavored to secure a like settlement for the non-union workers, but were unsuccessful. This ought to have sufficient influence to induce the non-union workers to join the United Garment Workers and protect their interests.

MINERS ORGANIZING.

Denver, Aug. 1.—The officials of District No. 15, United Mine Workers of America, are having splendid success in organizing the miners in the southern part of the State. The southern fields have been extremely difficult to bring into the union fold, but during the last year there has been unusual activity among the miners themselves, and if the present interest continues the time is not far distant when the Southern coal fields in this State will be practically all organized. In fact the outlook is better at this time than at any time in the past for bringing into the union all of the miners in Southern Colorado.

TOUCH OF HUMAN NATURE.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Aug. 1.—The Cedar Rapids Tribune, one of the ably edited labor journals of this State, is authority for the statement that the new city market is not producing the beneficial results anticipated. According to the paper, the city market was established to reduce the high cost of living by bringing into closer contact the country producer and the city consumer, but that the scheme has degenerated into a farce, so far as the original plan is concerned. The paper says: "That the present prices are as high and in some instances higher than at the grocery stores for the same commodities was clearly established by a committee of West Side ladies, who have been regular patrons, but who have become disgusted with the methods prevailing. These ladies made the rounds of each wagon, jotted down the prices, and then took occasion to make comparison at both East and West Side stores the same morning. In every instance it was found that the market prices were as high as those elsewhere, and that in some instances prices were higher." Human nature seems to be about the same in Iowa as in Topolobampo Bay.

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BANS LOAN SHARKS.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 1.—Commissioner of Property Otto Thum, member of the Typographical Union, and who recently appointed some twenty union men to various positions, has issued a notice to the heads of various departments warning employes against assignment of wages. The Commissioner asserts that hereafter "the assignment of salaries will not be countenanced except in cases where some emergency may arise, whereby it might become necessary for an employe to make an assignment in order to carry him over some unavoidable embarrassment. However, such cases must be referred to me, and if the circumstances warrant I will be glad to personally O. K. such assignment. It is not my desire to insinuate that any of the employes in your department have been in the habit of assigning wages in the past. I give you this as information as to the policy my department intends to pursue in the future."

A PRINTERS' AWARD.

Sioux City, Aug. 1.—The award handed down by the arbitration committee in the matter of the job printers was not exceedingly satisfactory. In fact, it was disappointing, as it set the scale of wages below that which is generally paid at this time. The award calls for an increase in the job scale established six years ago of $2 per week, $20 instead of $18. The original demand was for $24, and this scale was signed by all but three of the employing job printers of the city, the latter three participating in a lockout and strike, the difficulty later being referred to an arbitration board. The award, as stated, is unsatisfactory, but the typographical union is very jealous of its reputation of standing by its agreements, and the award will undoubtedly be accepted and carried out.

BRIGHT FOR SETTLEMENT.

Toronto, Aug. 1.—Prospects for a settlement of the Photoengravers' strike appear brighter than at any time since the commencement of hostilities. Negotiations have been opened by the representatives of the strikers and the employers, and it begins to appear as if an amicable settlement will be reached. The Photoengravers have put up a valiant fight, and recently shipped back another batch of importations from Great Britain. It is stated that practically all of the old country members of the craft, who have been brought to Toronto under a misapprehension, have refused to take the places of the strikers, and from this fact the strike has been made most effective.

TRAITOROUS METHODS.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 1.—Because the coal miners of the state are restive and discontended the coal operators, in order that they may forestall organization, are employing detectives, spies, and traitors to draw out the opinions of coal miners they come in contact with particular reference to the union. Wherever these spies learn of men whose sentiments are for the union they are reported and the men are discharged. Fake organizers are being employed, following the plan used by the traction company in this city. The coal miners are being notified of the scheme with the hope that victimization may be stopped.

LABORERS AFFILIATE.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 1.—The Hodcarriers and Building Laborers now on strike, formerly were not affiliated with the organization recognized by the American Federation of Labor. Owing to this fact the employers have taken advantage of the situation to the detriment of the Laborers' Union. The hodcarriers, however, have joined the International Union of their craft. It is now expected that the Building Trades will give every assistance possible for the purpose of securing a settlement for the hodcarriers.

STEAMFITTERS WINNING.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 1.—The United Association of Steamfitters is rapidly winning from all employers of its members the concessions for which they went on strike. Twenty-six of the thirty-five shops in the city in which the members of the union worked before the strike have signed the new agreement and are back at work. Fourteen of these shops signed up within two days and negotiations are rapidly bringing the balance of the shops in line. This has been one of the most effective strikes ever carried on in this city.

RAILROAD GRANTS INCREASE.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 1.—Negotiations between the Canadian Pacific Railroad and the Federated Trades on the Western lines for a new schedule, which has been in progress for some time, has terminated in an amicable settlement of the controversy. It is given out that an increase of 2 cents per hour has been granted, in addition to several betterments in working conditions.

MOLDERS STRIKE.

Grove City, Pa., Aug. 1.—Fifty Molders, employed at the Bessemer Foundry Works, have gone on strike, and many of them have left the town. The Molders demand 25 cents per day increase.

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VOLUME XVII. NO. 60 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 15, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

EXTEND ITS BENEFITS

The British Board of Trade Has Been Extended to Five More Specified Trades.

London, Aug. 15.—The success of the British Trades Boards Act has been so substantial and the cause for the extension of the act so irresistible that the Board of Trade has consented to extend it to five more specified trades. This, in view of the separate treatment of Ireland, means that eight additional boards will be created. In doing this the Board of Trade rightly conceived the purpose and scope of the boards, and it is gratifying to know that the act is to be applied generally. The new trades to be included are: Sugar confectionery, preserving and pickling; shirt-making industry; hollow-ware (box canisters, etc.); linen and cottton embroidery; calendaring and machinery ironing (laundry industry). The following figures will give some idea of the number of workers for whom the act is intended. Confectionery, etc., 70,000; shirt-making, 40,000; hollow-ware, 10,000; linen and cotton embroidery, 5,000; laundrying and calendaring, 110,000; ironing only, 18,000; total, 251,0000. Should the whole of this industry be included, the Trade Boards will have in their keeping the interests of nearly one-fourth of all the women workers in factories and workshops. It should be stated that employers everywhere (except in the laundry industry) are not opposing, but cordially accepting the act. It is very difficult to organize the workers for whom the act is intended, but though difficult, it is a duty which the National Federation of Women Workers will gladly undertake, in conjunction with the Anti-sweating League. It will be observed that the extension of the act applies almost entirely to girls and women.

STORY OF CHILD LABOR

The Child Labor Committee Tells of Conditions Found in Georgia Cotton Mills.

The children of 6,000 families in all the States are reading about the children who work in cotton mills, tenements, canneries, coal mines and glass factories. The story of child labor had never been written for children until the National Child Labor Committee prepared this latest number of the Child Labor Bulletin in which "our warm friend Mr. Coal," the little boy's big medicine bottle, and other inanimate friends of well-cared for children tell them the story of their lives. The only story for grown-ups in this number of the Bulletin is an account of conditions found in Georgia cotton mills last April by agents of the National Child Labor Committee. In Georgia, children of widows and of aged dependent fathers are allowed to go to work at ten years old, but the law is so poorly enforced that in many mills children of ten were found at work whose "widowed" mother had married again, or whose "aged, dependent father" was under fifty and also at work. Georgia is the only state in which children under twelve may legally work in factories and the legislature is now considering a bill to do away with this condition and raise the age limit to fourteen years in 1915.

DANIELS HEARS WAGE PLEA.

Vallejo, Cal., Aug. 15.—A committee representing workmen employed at the Mare Island Navy Yard presented a petition to Secretary of the Navy Daniels on his visit here, asking that the workmen be given representation on the Wage Board. Secretary Daniels conferred with the committee, and, while stating that the wage question was a difficult one, asserted that efforts were being made by the department to work out a satisfactory solution. The committee also requested the abolition of the premium system—a system devised to measure compensation according to individual efficiency—stating that, although the system had been established with the consent of the workmen, certain of those who opposed it had been summarily discharged. The Secretary stated that this matter also would receive consideration upon his return to Washington.

PRINTERS' QUARTERLY SESSION.

Lancaster, Pa., Aug. 15.—The regular quarterly convention of the Eastern Pennsylvania District Typographical Union was held in this city on August 3. This district comprises Allentown, Carbondale, Easton, Harrisburg, Lancaster, Philadelphia, Pottsville, Pottstown, Reading, Scranton, Wilkesbarre, Wilmington, and York. F. J. Frezise, chief instructor, and W. B. Prescott, of the I. T. U. course of instruction in printing, delivered lectures and gave demonstration of how typography is taught to students by correspondence.

CHICAGO PRINTERS RAISE WAGES

Chicago, Aug. 15.—The Typographical Union is now working under a new wage scale which calls for a $24 a week minimum. This is an increase of $1.50 a week over the old scale. Every shop that had been paying the old scale signed the new one.

A GOOD LESSON

Keeping Employees is a Conservative Policy Receiving Serious Attention.

In a current issue of the Coke and Coal Operator and Fuel Magazine appears an interesting item under the caption "Keeping Employes." It is as follows: "One phase of the efficiency of a conservative policy that now is getting serious attention is that of conserving the skill and experience of employes. A remarkable example of this form of efficiency is to be seen in the leather factories of Cornelius Heyl, in Worms, Germany. Of 4,922 workers and officials in the Heyl factory, 1,880 have been in the employ of the firm ten years and more, 892 in employ twenty-five years or more, 122 for forty years or more, and twenty-one for fifty years or more. More than one-third of the employes have been with the firm more than ten years, and more than one-sixth for a quarter of a century or more. An American expert brought face to face with these figures for the first time would be apt to exclaim that, if he were running the Heyl establishments, he would clean out the dead wood and get in a lot of bright young men. This would be natural. It is a common American policy to discharge men in the middle years of life and to employ young men who are hustlers; but there is a great economic waste in this American method."

FOR MINE SAFETY

Efforts Will Be Made During a Meeting in Pittsburgh for More Uniform Work.

The need of uniformity in mine accident prevention and rescue work has been brought to the attention of the operators, engineers, and mine surgeons throughout the country, and efforts will be made at a meeting to be held in Pittsburgh September 22, 23, and 24 to make more uniform the work in this line. In 1911 3,603 men were killed in the mines and quarries of the United States and 63,301 were injured. Since the inauguration of the "Safety First" movement of five years ago large numbers of the mines have been equipped with rescue crews to save life following disaster, and in the development of this work has grown up a confusion of methods. The purpose of this particular meeting is to discuss the various methods and decide upon the best. The enactment in the various States of workmen's compensation acts, together with the rapid spread of legislation compelling employers to care for injured workmen, is acting as a stimulant on mine operators, as well as other employers, to take such measures as will make for the safety of their employes.

TO "MAKE PRINTERS."

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 15.—The Board of Education of this city has adopted a new course of study at the high school. It has employed an instructor of printing at a salary of $1,800 a year to teach the young idea to print, while it is learning other more or less useful things in its four-year course at high school. This industrial opera buffet will be carried on by devoting one and one-half hours per day to this particular course. It is really an amusing fact so far as the plan is concerned, it having been proved in the past to be unfeasible and resulting in only turning out half-baked printers, who, if they desire to follow the business, will be compelled to learn the trade over again. To teach anyone the printing business in a theoretical way at the rate of one and one-half hours per day during four short school years and expecting to turn out competent printers in four years may be perhaps in accordance with the "Learn-a-Trade-Quick Scheme," but will result in failure.

APPOINTS UNION MAN.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Oscar F. Nelson, President of the International Federation of Postoffice Clerks, as well as Vice-President of the Chicago Federation of Labor, has been appointed State Factory Inspector by Governor Dunne. Mr. Nelson assumed the office on August 1. As President of the National Federation of Postoffice Clerks he succeeded in getting many adjustments favorable to the employes and secured legislation that has been of material benefit to the men who work in the postoffices throughout the country.

OFFERS MEDIATION.

Walter B. Palmer, of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, has been detailed by Secretary Wilson to go to Calumet, Mich., to see if the Government can be of assistance in the settlement of the strike of copper miners at that place. Action was taken by Secretary Wilson with respect to the Caulmet strike, because of the reported grave condition of affairs in the Calumet District.

ORGANIZE ENGINEERS.

Decatur, Ill., Aug. 15.—The Stationary Engineers have formed a local union, and starts out with a large membership and bright prospects.

TRADES UNION DIVIDENDS

The Typographical Union is Making Good Progress, With a Steady Trend Upward.

Reports of the officers of the International Typographical Union to the convention occurring at Nashville, August 11-16, has been sent to the membership. The progress made by the organization so far as average earnings are concerned shows a steady and strong trend upward, with an average paying membership in 1909 of 44,921. The average earnings per member per year for that year were $897. In 1910 the paying membership amounted to 47,848, with average earnings per member of $953. In 1911, the average paying membership further increased to 51,807, with average earnings per member per year of $974. In 1912, the average paying membership reached 53,807, with average earnings per member per year of $992. The year 1913 showed a still further increase in paying membership, it reaching a total of 55,614. Average earnings also in 1913 reached the new high-water mark of $1,023 per member. The total increase in wages from June 1, 1908, to May 31, 1913, was $16,650,748. These figures are accurate, as the International Typographical Union collects its old age pension upon a percentage of earnings basis, which gives to the international office accurate data.

INCREASING MEMBERSHIP.

Elvins, Mo., Aug. 15.—The local unions of the Western Federation of Miners, operating in the Flat River District, are organizing their forces with great rapidity. The miners have determined that they are entitled to increased wages and better working conditions, but the lead and zinc mine operators have refused to give any concessions, consequently the unions are preparing to insist upon their demands. The membership in all the local unions has been increasing by leaps and bounds as the result of organizing work, and should it become necessary to call a strike practically every man working in the metal mines in the Flat River country will respond.

PERRY RESIGNS.

Indianapolis, Aug. 15.—Edwin Perry, National Secretary-Treasurer of the United Mine Workers, has resigned. Edwin Perry has been identified with the Miners' Union for eighteen years and has served as President of the Iowa State Miners' Organization, afterward being elected Secretary and subsequently being elected as Secretary-Treasurer of the International organization. Mr. Perry has been succeeded by William Green, of Ohio. The reason given for the resignation of Mr. Perry is that of failing health caused by the arduous duties of the position which he held.

TO INSTALL PRINTING PLANT.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 15.—At the convention of the National Brotherhood of Operative Potters the Finance Committee recommended that an appropriation of $10,000 be set aside from the defense fund for the purpose of installing a printing plant. The convention unanimously indorsed the recommendation of the committee and the matter will be submitted to the general membership for approval or disapproval.

REFUSED JURISDICTION.

At the current meeting the Executive Council refused the application of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union for jurisdiction over newsboys, the American Federation of Labor retaining the right to charter organizations of this character.

FOR THE WORKMEN

Court Ruled that Warnings Became An Absolute Obligation of the Employer.

Hanson vs. Red Wing Sewer Pipe Company, decided recently by the Supreme Court of Minnesota, it appeared that the place where the plaintiff, an employe of the defendant, was required to work was inherently dangerous, and that the defendant had established a custom in accordance with which the men engaged in work at the bottom of a bank in a clay pit were warned by the men on top of the bank whenever the latter pried loose and were about to drop chunks of frozen clay; that the plaintiff relied on this custom for protection, and that he was injured in consequence of such clay falling upon him at a time when no warning was given by an employe on the top of the bank. The court held that the duty to give such warnings became an absolute obligation of the employer, for a breach of which he was responsible, though the failure to give the warning in the particular instance forming the subject of the action was the negligence of a person engaged in the common employment.

FATALITIES INCREASE.

According to reports from State mine inspectors and compiled by the Bureau of Mines, there were 195 men killed in and about the coal mines of the United States during May, 1913, as compared with 150 during the same month in 1912. The largest disaster occurred on May 18 at the Imperial Mine, Belle Valley, Ohio. It was caused by gas explosion, fifteen men losing their lives. In making comparison with 1912, it must be borne in mind that the report for 1913 has not been received from California, Georgia, and Oregon, which states for 1912 showed a loss of five lives. Fatalities in coal mines during the first five months of 1912, were 1,056; while for the same period for 1913, the loss of life was 1,078.

THIS REFUTES CALAMITY HOWL.

The United States is enjoying a period of great industrial advancement and prosperity, according to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce, on industrial activities, commerce along the great domestic arteries, and finances, as shown by industrial reports. The figures show imports of manufacturers' materials, exports of manufacturers, and agricultural products, movements of manufacturers' materials within the United States, activities of transporting agencies, and the supply and distribution of currency at the latest available dates. In practically all of these the figures of the fiscal year 1913 exceed those of the former high record year, 1912.

SAFEGUARDING LIFE.

It is reported that the Illinois Steel Company has reduced accidents during the last ten years by 66 2-3 per cent. These figures are significant because the steel industry is an extra hazardous industry, including a large hazard which has not heretofore been covered with mechanical guards. It is further asserted that one-third of this reduction has been accomplished by means of guards and two-thirds by means of education, inspection, and organization.

SELECT PERKINS.

At the recent meeting of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L., President George W. Perkins, of the Cigarmakers' International Union, was selected as delegate to represent the American Federation of Labor at the meeting of the International Secretariat at Zurich, Switzerland, in September, this year.

FOR ARMOR PLATE PLANT

Indications Point Toward the United States Government Owning a Steel Plant.

Indications are pointing toward a big steel plant to be owned by the government, operated by the Navy Department and producing a large part of the heavy and expensive armor used in the protection of battleships. It strongly appears that party lines will be broken in a demand for the total demolition of what is known as the armor trust, as two Republican representatives, one Democratic Senator and the Democratic Secretary of the Navy are all working toward the same end. Already a bill has been introduced appropriating money to establish a plant, but it is not considered that the amount appropriated is anywhere near adequate to commence operations. It is asserted by the Secretary of the Navy that evidence is not lacking that the present price of steel armor is based more upon what the companies think they can get than what it costs. It has been shown that the government can produce armor for very much less than is now paid the armor trust. In fact, since the government has been dividing its orders between the three mills manufacturing armor plate it has totally eliminated competition and the Secretary's statement as to the charges made by the armor companies is based upon facts.

THE STEAM SHOVELMEN.

At a recent meeting the executive Council adopted a resolution to the effect "that it is the sense of the Executive Council of the A. F. of L. that an organization of Steam Shovelmen and Dredgmen should be formed and chartered by the American Federation of Labor; that such organization should be composed of the members of the International Brotherhood of Steam Shovelmen and Dredgmen and the Associated Union of Steam Shovelmen. That such amalgamated organization should have jurisdiction over Steam Shovelmen employed in construction and excavation work, with the exception of those employed in the coal and metalliferous mining industries, jurisdiction over the men in these last named industries being vested in the United Mine Workers of America and the Western Federation of Miners, respectively." President Gompers and Secretary Morrison were instructed to arrange a conference of the representatives of the various organizations. The present arrangement is to have this conference August 20 at the Kaiserhof Hotel, Chicago. The result of this conference will be reported to the next Executive Council meeting.

CONVENTION CALL ISSUED.

Ottawa, Ontario, Aug. 15.—The official call has been issued by the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada for the twenty-ninth annual session, which will convene in Montreal, Province of Quebec, on Monday morning, September 22, 1913. Among the questions to be discussed will be the repeal of the present Alien Labor Law and the enforcement of the monetary clause of the immigration laws all the year round; the consideration of the proposed eight-hour bill; amendments to the industrial disputes and investigation act; semi-monthly payment of wages on all railways, as well as considering the old age pensions and pensions for widows and children in Canada, now pending before a special committee of the Dominion parliament.

MORE POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

The postmaster General has announced that after September 2 all Presidential postoffices will be postal saving depositories. This adds 174 offices to the list.

READS LIKE ROMANCE

The Stockholder Has Rapidly Been Pushed to the Rear By Labor Monoplies.

With the demand of railroad employes for increase in wages comes stories from financial papers of "What Might Have Been." Discussing wages and railroad dividends, the Wall Street Journal recently said: "The stockholder has rapidly been pushed to the rear by the labor monopolies. During three typical years prior to the wage advances which began to come so thick and fast in 1909 it required 39.19 per cent of railroad gross income to pay the wage bill, against 42.95 per cent in 1912. During these few years the laborer has absorbed 3.76 per cent of gross earnings at the expense of the stockholders. Of course, this is the average and does not exactly apply to every individual road. On the basis of an increase of wages equal to 3.76 per cent of gross earnings, the Boston and Maine stockholders last year sacrificed to wage earners $1,729,237, while the New Haven stockholders gave up $2,441,483, and the Frisco shareholders sacrificed $1,582,973. The entire railroad situation would not be totally different but for this rise in wages. Boston and Maine could have paid 7 per cent instead of 4 per cent last year, and New Haven could have paid 9 per cent and shown practically no deficit, instead of paying only 8 per cent and showing a deficit thereafter of nearly $1,000,000." And then again if some of this railroad stock was put through a clothes wringer the roads would undoubtedly pay a large revenue on a capitalization based upon an actual physical valuation. In this connection it might be stated that the Southern Pacific Railroad, one of the best-paying pieces of property in the entire railroad world, can show a deficit at any time it is desirable to do so. Just a system of bookkeeping, that's all.

AGAINST THE WORKMAN

The Court Held That the Evidence Furnished No Ground of Liability.

Staerich vs. Pearson Mining Company, decided by the Supreme Court of Minnesota, it appeared that the plaintiff and a fellow servant were engaged in "shake blasting" in the breast of a mine by means of dynamite and cans and fuses. The practice was for each to light a fuse at the same time and then run to a place of safety until both blasts exploded. On one occasion each of the workmen had tried to light his fuse, but only one explosion was heard. They remained away for five minutes, and when they went back an explosion took place. It appeared that the plaintiff was a miner of some months' experience, and there was no evidence that he did not know how long he should stay away from the blast, though there was some evidence to the effect that both should have remained away fifteen or twenty minutes. The court held that the evidence did not show the existence of any duty to instruct him in regard to the time, and that it having been shown that the fuse was of the length usually furnished for the class of work in question, the fact that it was not longer furnished no ground of liability on the part of the defendant.

SEEK UNIFORM LAWS.

New York, Aug. 15.—The commission on uniform state laws, which has been holding conferences regularly for twenty-three years, seeking the reforms which are obvious from its name, will meet in Montreal, Canada, during the week beginning August 26. This will precede the annual meeting of the American Bar Association. Representatives from all of the states, Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico, and the Philippines have been urged to be present. Among the subjects for discussion will be that of a uniform workmen's compensation act. The nearest approach to uniformity in state laws is that on negotiable instruments, which is now a law in forty-two States and Alaska.

A SHERIFF'S DUTIES.

It is reported that the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania held, in the case of Shields vs. Latrobe-Connellsville Coal and Coke Company, that where a sheriff was employed by a coal company to furnish deputies and guard its property during a strike, and the sheriff's purpose in entering into the contract was to secure a profit to himself, and not mere reimbursement for his expenses, such contract was void as against public policy.

PRINTERS GET RAISE.

Jackson, Aug. 15.—A committee representing the Typographical Union has secured an agreement with all newspaper and job offices. The job scale has been given a boost of $1 a week for the first year with another dollar added the second year. The employes on the newspaper plans received a $2 a week raise with all overtime at the rate of price and one-half.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL SECTION, UNION TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL, WASHINGTON, D.C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 15, 1913.

Having been known to be a nation that lives on excitement, with Congress in session, the lobby investigation, the war scare with Mexico, the investigation into our District affairs, the fight between Tammany and Sulzer, there can be no fear of our dying of inertia.

DISTRICT INVESTIGATION.

Ben Johnson and his committee on District affairs have been diligently at work examining into some of the ramifications of conditions at our Municipal Building. They first had before them our experienced members of the Board of Assessors, and, from the admissions made by these gentlemen, it is high time that a change should be made in the personnel of this board. The charge has been repeatedly made that the property of certain classes of people has been assessed at a figure that has been entirely too low, while others have been assessed at a figure equally too high. It goes without saying that the favored ones were not the holders of small homes, but the class who could and should bear the burdens of taxation. It developed during the investigation that vast fortunes have been made by speculators in real estate, and the speculators comprised a coterie of influential real estate sharks, some of whom have paraded as being our best citizens, and it seems to have been done through the pliability of our assessors. When land could be purchased for 19 cents a foot and sold in a few years for $1.50 cents a foot without any improvements having been made thereon by the parties who purchased it, we think that a change should not only be made in the personnel of those responsible, but there should also be a change in the system of taxation.

The matter of condemnation juries in the District, when but 152 men sat on 141 juries in the last five years, shows one of two things, either that great favoritism has been shown, or that the city is lacking in intelligent material for duty of this kind. We hate to think that the latter is true, for we are more inclined to the former view, and we trust that it will be many a day before a like situation can arise, and if a law should be passed that would prevent any one from serving on more than one condemnation jury in a period of five years we are of the belief that this would correct this evil, for evil it appears to be.

We trust that the District Committee will continue in its investigations of our District affairs and suitable measures adopted that will do away with favoritism and connivance, which have evidently so long prevailed.

THE LOBBY HEARINGS.

The lobby hearings in the Senate and House were going in full blast for just a day and a half of this week when the House Committee had to adjourn as their chief witness Colonel Mulhall under the grueling cross examination of the committee practically collapsed. The Colonel evidently does not relish the manner in which he is being grilled by the House Committee, and unless we miss our guess he will within a short time either confess that he buncoed the N. A. M., when he was sending in his daily reports purporting to have influence with the great number of Congressmen and Senators or else he will resort to the old and oft used remedy, lack of memory, for in the short time that he has been on the stand, he has contradicted the story he told before the Senate Committee.

Over on the Senate side we have been treated to the amusing spectacle of listening to the noble and humanistic purposes of the N. A. M., through their chief counsel, Mr. James A. Emery. To listen to him, one would think that this organization was organized for the main purpose of devising ways and means of protecting, uplifting, and bettering the conditions of those who have to toil for a living, for his lucid discription of the work done, time and money spent in trying to enact workmen's compensation acts, employers liability laws, etc., would lead one to believe that it was a philanthropic association instead of one that resorted to treacherous, sordid, and mercenary methods to destroy the only means through which those who toil can hope to better their conditions, namely, Trades Unions.

Mr. Emery on the witness stand is a fair example of the professionalist, for when he has to take the position usually occupied by the other fellow, and has to be the defender instead of the aggressor he goes all to pieces. There is one thing that stands out pre-eminently, and that is, that every one connected with the N. A. M. are expert letter writers and that some of them have come back to haunt them. If the officers of this association thought when they were writing some of these very interesting missives that they would turn up in the manner that they have, they would never have deigned to put their thoughts on paper, and in their blinded egotism they thought they saw the time coming when they would be the makers of Presidents and Rulers in general of this great government of ours. Out of all this mass of rottenness one feature stands out quite clear and that is, that the sun has set on the activities of the N. A. M., in so far as they have hoped to be a power in our political equations and to think that they have been the dupes of such a man as Mulhall, is to put them in such a ridiculous position as to make them inextricable and the laughing stock of the entire country. The moral that the trades unionists should take from this investigation is to see to it that they should rid themselves of the professionalists in their locals and place men in the various positions of trust in whom they have the greatest confidence, and not allow themselves to be buncoed by this class of parasites.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

A fellow by the name of Moon in the bindery got married. There was a change of Moon and a Honey-Moon. After a while his wife presented him with a daughter. That was a new Moon. He went out and got drunk for joy. That was a full moon. When he sobered up he had only 25 cents left. That was the Moon's last quarter. When he got home his mother-in-law met him with a rolling-pin, and then the Moon was in total eclipse and stars were visible.

Col. Leingfitt, engineer officer in charge of the water supply, states in his report that the consumption of water at the Government Printing Office during the month of June, daily average, was 1,800,300 gallons—some water drinkers with long thirsts. This report should be very pleasing to the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

Alex Boyd has been transferred from the Bureau of Engraving to his old position as forwarder in the Bindery.

The Bookbinders' excursion was a grand financial success. The committee netted a profit of over two hundred and fifty dollars. Much credit is due the chairman, Leonard Kukart, for his untiring efforts.

During the heavy downpour last Sunday, Wm. C. Connor and Ike Powell, of the Bindery, who reside at the Karlshein Villa, Winthrop Heights, put on their bathing suits, went out and enjoyed a walk and a fine shower bath with the lightning playing around them,

John Mullen, formerly of Albany, N. Y., is slowly recovering from a very serious operation at Providence Hospital, having had his foot amputated.

Excellent work was done in the Bindery this year in getting out the census reports. Books were well bound and sent rapidly to the department.

Fred J. Slick, of the forwarding section, and wife, left last Saturday for Rochester, N. Y. The trip will be made in his large Overland car. This being Fred's maiden long trip, we expect to hear many amusing if not exciting incidents on his return.

MAKING PROGRESS

The Moving Picture Machine Operators' Local have been making rapid progress in their campaign to unionize all of the moving picture theatres in the city, and they are going to make a vigorous effort to have all of these houses signed up to a union contract before the first of October.

During the past week they have succeeded in having the following theatres sign their contract: Colonial, on Pennsylvania Avenue; Angelo, at Fourteenth and Q Streets, and the Lyric Amusement Company. The progress that has been made is gratifying to the members of this local and the delegates to the Central Labor Union, who have been requested to have the membership of their various unions lend all the assistance they possibly can to this local and to look for the union transparency when patronizing picture theatres.

ENJOIN FLINT GLASSWORKERS.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 15.—Another sweeping injunction has just been issued by Alston G. Dayton, judge of the United States Court for the Northern District of West Virginia, against the American Flint Glassworkers' Union and its representatives at the behest of the Eagle Glass Company of Wellsburg. Organizer Joseph Gilhooly of the Flints has been endeavoring to organize the employes of the Eagle Glass Company for some time past, and was meeting with fair success, when a determined move was made to thwart his efforts. The company failing in its efforts applied to Judge Dayton for a restraining order and it was promptly issued. A United States Marshal was sent from Parkersburg to serve the writ. It prohibits free speech and places any man in contempt who asks any employe of the Eagle plant to join the union on the pretext that by so doing he would violate a contract he is alleged to have with the company. The so-called contract is said to have been secured from its employes by coercive methods after it was discovered Organizer Gilhooly had made considerable progress among the men. It is expected the case will be carried to the United States Supreme Court by the American Flints.

ADJUST HODCARRIERS' DISPUTE.

Wheeling, Aug. 15.—The dispute which has been pending here for several weeks between the hod carriers and the contractors was finally adjusted a few days since, and all men have returned to work. Under the new agreement the hod carriers will receive $2.80 per day and building laborers $2.30. The day laborers are granted an increase of 20 cents per day and the hod carriers 30 cents. This is a second agreement, the former one being repudiated by the contractors.

SECURE AN INCREASE.

Cincinnati, Aug. 15.—The motormen and conductors of Covington and Newport, Ky., have secured recognition of their union and an increase of one and two cents per hour. These improvements were no doubt the result of the recent street carmen's strike in Cincinnati.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Raymond Plager returned Monday, from Tobyhanna, Pa., where he has been in camp with the First Battery Field Artillery, National Guard of the District of Columbia, (of which he is a member) looking and feeling in fine condition. The battery was in camp ten days.

Mrs. E. J. Helm is vacationing at Atlantic City this week, and Miss Gertrude Lane is taking her place in the book room.

St. Swithin seems to be doing his best to redeem his reputation, but he commenced mighty late on the job. Kind of an eleventh hour reformation, it looks like.

The Law Reporter Club vs. The Washington Post Club were scheduled for a game on the west diamond of the elipse Tuesday evening, with the following line-up for the Law Reporters: Fellinger, 2d base; Handiboe, ss; Stringer, Jr.; Fletcher, 3d base; Sullivan, 1st base; Deming, c f; Plager, r f; Grimm, l f; Sussan, c. Substitutes, Patrick, Jones, Baruck, Altman. The game was played in the mud, resulting in a victory for the Law Reporter club by a score of 11 to 8. The principle feature of the game was the double play, Fellinger to Sullivan, in the ninth inning, which broke up a rally and ended the game, together with the pitching of Stringer and the catching of Snssan.

Three jokes that the police have called to their attention frequently are: The dog muzzling law, the crowding of street cars, and riding on the footboards. There is nearly as much attention paid to one as to the others, and that is, none at all.

Trolley poles are being set at the east end of the Washington-Bladensburg Interurban car line, and it is expected that through cars will be running from Fifteenth and H streets northeast to Berwyn in the near future.

CARPENTERS STILL GROWING.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 15.—The outside men in Toronto, Can., have been on strike for several weeks in support of a movement for an increase in wages of 5 cents per hour. Practically all the men are back at work and receiving the increase, which makes a minimum wage in that city of 45 cents per hour. The inside men, too, received an increase in wages of 5 cents per hour after a strike lasting two months. A lockout of the building trades in Kansas City was terminated during the past week, a satisfactory agreement having been reached. Our members in Fall River, Mass., to the number of 300, have been on strike since May 15, in support of a movement for an increase in wages. The strike was settled last week by compromise and the men returned to work. The following unions were organized during the month of July: Portland, Ore.; Greenwood, S. C.; Greenville, S. C.; Spartanburg, S. C.; Omaha, Nebr.; El Centro, Cal.; Tacoma, Wash.; Detroit, Mich. (millwrights); Webster City, Ia.; La Grange, Ga.; Lynbrook, N. Y.; Charlotte, N. C.; South Ft. George, B. B. C., Can.; Elburn, Ill. (box makers); Birmingham, Ala.; Havre, Mont.; Riverhead, N. Y.

STREET CARMEN ORGANIZE.

Providence, R. I., Aug. 15.—Employes of the Street Railway Company in this city have formed an organization. This was mainly brought about by the lines running in all directions from this point having gradually gone to the union basis with the consequent increase in wages and bettering of conditions that follow organization. Following the establishment of the organization here the officials of the road and representatives of the union have come to an agreement which will extend over the next two years, by the terms of which the employes have been granted conditions similar to the lines that employ union men. The agreement dates back to July 1 and expires June 1, 1915. The wage scale is as follows: First six months, 23 cents an hour; second six months, 24 1-2 cents; second year, 26 cents; third year, 27 cents; thereafter, 28 1-2 cents. In this agreement is included scales of wages for linemen, ground men, track men, trolley boys, freight handlers, and others. It is estimated that the increase to the employes of the new union will amount to approximately $185,000 per year.

SHOW ENORMOUS INCREASE.

New York, Aug. 15.—Labor organizations in this state have made a splendid showing during the past year. The number of local organizations in the state on March 31 was 2,539 and the membership 638,818. As compared with September 30, 1912, this is an increase of sixty-one organizations and 112,146 members, a larger semi-annual increase in membership than has occurred in any other year. The membership increase occurred chiefly in New York City, being 88 per cent.

CALL SPECIAL SESSION.

Grand Forks, N. Dak., Aug. 15.—A special session of the North Dakota Legislature will be called for the early part of next year to provide the machinery to carry out the constitutional amendment requiring United States Senators to be elected by a direct vote of the people. The State is without this machinery, and as a Senator is to be elected in 1914 it is necessary that provision be made.

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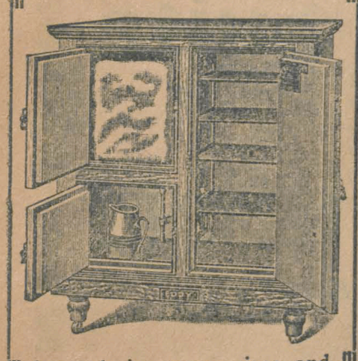

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

The monthly meeting of Columbia Typographical Union occurs on Sunday next at Typographical Temple.

* * *

The marriage of Mr. Michael N. Serrano, which took place in this city on Thursday, August 7, 1913, while somewhat of a surprise to his friends, is nevertheless a source of sincere congratulation to the gallant gentleman and fair lady who are the principals. The bride was Mrs. Estelle Kennedy, of this city. The happy pair are spending the week in Nashville, Tenn., where Mr. Serrano is representing Columbia Union as one of its delegates to the convention of the International. To bride and groom the writer tenders his best wishes and the hope that much happiness and many years may be theirs.

* * *

The crisis in Mexico is on now for sure—two or three American newspaper correspondents have been arrested by the Huerta people.

* * *

En route to the Nashville convention of the International Typographical Union a number of delegates and visitors stopped in Washington, among those calling on Secretary Seibold being Arthur L. Jackson and the irrepressible George Nichols, of Baltimore; C. N. Ballard, of New Haven, who, besides representing his union at this year's convention, is serving his third consecutive term as its president; J. R. McClellan, of New York; Delegates Daniel O'Connor and Frank A. Livingston, of Providence, R. I., along with "Booster" John J. Murphy, of the same city; and Joseph J. Soffett, who represents Hoboken, N. J., accompanied by his wife.

* * *

Twenty-one years ago Joe M. Johnson, one of Washington City's best known printers, then foreman of a daily paper in Spokane, had as an apprentice a bright young man named Frank McNeil. For years Joe had heard nothing of Frank, but when he arrived at home from work last Saturday night he found a message awaiting him to "dig up" McNeil at a downtown hotel on the following morning. Bright and early Joe M. was at that hotel—so bright and early, in fact, that the hotel keeper never had so much as a remote chance to breakfast that young man from the far-away Pacific coast; Joe and Mrs. Joe attended to that. After the morning meal the session commenced, and a most pleasant day was spent by the one-time foreman and his now fully matured apprentice, Joe putting in much of the time in saying good things about old chums. Mr. McNeil is a good printer and a first-class linotype operator, but is now out of the business, being interested in mining. Brother Johnson made things mighty pleasant for his former "cub" during his short stay in the nation's capital.

* * *

George T. Bruffy, a well-known member of Columbia Union, is back at work in his place in the proof room of the Government Printing Office after a trying illness of more than a month. I am glad to see the good-natured Tom again in the harness and hope it may be a long time before he is again in the hands of the doctors.

* * *

Harry Giles, than whom there are few better known men in the range of the National Printery, recently spent a week or ten days at a resort on the Potomac—Wilkerson's. Giles is one of the most accommodating men that ever ornamented the mundane or printed a "take," and this trait is accentuated whenever he goes on one of these down-the-river fishing trips. Every day he made it possible for his companions to land fine catches of the more lordly denizens of the deep, such as bass, trout, etc. In fact, so busy was he for the luck and comfort of others that his catch was catfish only; and now he sports something he never had before, a nickname, which the same is "Catfish Harry."

* * *

The sixth annual tournament of the Union Printers' Baseball League takes place this year in Pittsburgh during the week beginning September 1, and the Washington contingent are busily preparing for the meet. The party is to leave here on Sunday, August 31, at 10 a. m., over the Baltimore & Ohio, arriving at Pittsburgh at 6 o'clock that day. Members of the organization who desire to do so can obtain the reduced railroad and hotel rates by giving timely notice to either one of the officers of the local association—T. C. Parsons, president; C. H. Greenawald, vice president and national commissioner; W. N. Brockwell, secretary-treasurer. The rate for the round trip is $35.10, same including railroad fare, meals en route, and seven days at the Fort Pitt Hotel (League headquarters), one of the finest hostleries in the Smoky City. The return trip can be made by the Pennsylvania if desired by the payment of a small addition to cover the difference in individual and party rate, and the stay at the hotel can be made as short as five days at the reduced rate. The program for the week will be:

Sunday, August 31—During the evening, general greeting of the guests by members of Athletic Association and Typographical Union No. 7. 8 P. M.—Meeting of national commissioners at headquarters.

Monday, September 1—9 A. M.—Labor Day parade. The visitors will be invited to participate with members of Typographical Union No. 7, after which lunch will be served at Teck Park. 1 P. M.—Ball game, Teck Park. 3 P. M.—Ball game, Teck Park. 8.30 P. M.—Reception, English room, Fort Pitt Hotel.

Tuesday, September 2, 10 A. M.—Visit to the plant of the Independent Brewing Company, South Side. 1 P. M.—Ball game, Teck Park. 3 P. M.—Ball game, Teck Park.

Wednesday, September 3—9.30 A. M.—Automobile ride for the visitors. 1 P. M.—Ball game, Exposition Park. 8 P. M.—Boat ride on Monongahela. Dancing.

Thursday, September 4—The day will be spent at Keystone Park, on Pittsburgh and Western Railroad. Dancing, field sports and other events will be on the program.

Friday, September 5—3 P. M.—Ball game, Exposition Park. 8 P. M.—Ladies' party. 8 P. M.—Stag party.

Saturday, September 6—3 P. M.—Ball game, Exposition Park. 8 P. M.—League night—presentation of Herman trophy to 1913 champions. Dancing.

The cities represented will be Denver, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Indianapolis, Chicago, New York, St. Louis, Boston, St. Paul, Washington, and Pittsburgh, and several hundred printer people will attend.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

BOTTLERS' DELEGATES

At a regular meeting of Bottlers' Union, No. 251, held last Sunday, W. H. Ryan and Frank Rom were elected delegates to the Maryland State and District of Columbia Federation of Labor, which will hold a four days' session in Frederick, Md., commencing Monday, August 25th.

ESTIMATES FOR CONCESSIONS

All persons desiring concessions at the Labor Day Celebration at Benning on Labor Day such as the Lunch privilege, Ice Cream, etc., are requested to submit their estimates to Mr. Newton A. James, Chairman of the Concessions Committee, on or before July 20th, as they will be awarded on this date.

NEWTON A. JAMES, *Chairman.*
Committee on Privileges.

SCORED A VICTORY.

Rosario, Argentine, Aug. 15.—The municipal workers in this city have scored a great victory over the town administration. They had put forward a number of demands for the regulation of the working time and conditions of labor, but the high-handed Town Council, dominated over by the employers, promptly refused the demands. Upon this the workers entered into a strike, which met with the sympathy and support of the whole of the workers. At the end of three days the authorities had to "sing small." As might well be expected, the news of the victory was received with delight by the working population throughout the Argentine.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
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423-425 G St. N. W.
Secretary's Address: 533 Tenn. Ave. Northeast.
Telephone: Lincoln 2919

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Thursday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Wm. C. Corbett, 2009 Columbia Road.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, E St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, E. M. Birrell, Alexandria, Va.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mon days of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman, 5229 Georgia Ave, Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, George Kraus, 245 15th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

This is the post card season, when one can stand at the mail box of the several divisions and write a column of personals, giving the whereabouts of absentees. Between Camp Ordway, the Nashville convention, and the Knights Templar at Denver, it seems as though nearly everybody had taken flight.

—

Claude McDonald, returning from his annual inspection of the Washington colony in Gotham, reports Tom Hoagland reading proof at $28, day work, with a Saturday half holiday.

—

This week Captain Alderman and team mates, Messrs. Groome, McFayden, Clauser and Powers leave for Fort Perry, Ohio, to participate in the International rifle meet. The United States Government, it will be remembered, appropriated $25,000 for the entertainment of foreign participants therein. But for Captain Alderman's modesty, I would long since have had him and his medals, received in various shooting contests, at the Knights of Momus banquets, to show the distinguished guests that men able to solve the mysteries of a mono keyboard can excel in other directions.

—

Speaking of the Knights of Momus, a movement is on foot among the management of this organization to change the date of the annual banquet so as not to follow so closely on the heels of the Gridiron. Also a possibility of changing the date from Sunday to Saturday night, to conform to the new excise law.

—

On Sunday afternoon, I noticed one of the cars on the line to the wharves—one of those side-entrance, parted-in-the-middle make—with every passenger in the front half white and every passenger in the rear half black. This was an accident. It was also segregation, without friction. Just as many window frames, just as many end seats in one as the other. A rule easy of adoption by the Public Utilities Commission, to be in effect until all seats in either compartment were filled.

AMALGAMATION CONSUMMATED.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 15.—Arrangements have been completed whereby the Tin Plate Workers' International Protective Association and the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers are merged into one organization. Final negotiations were carried out last week at Amalgamated headquarters in this city. By the terms of the agreement the Tin Plate Workers are issued charters by the Amalgamated Association with no extra cost to the individuals except for the insurance. Former President W. S. Hunt will act as organizer for that branch of the industry.

PLUMBERS GET AGREEMENT.

Springfield, Ohio, Aug. 15.—The Plumbers have just secured a new agreement with many advantages. The new scale raises the wage rate from 46 cents to 50 cents per hour. Beginning with July, 1914, there is to be a further increase to 54½ cents per hour. Another provision that calls for the establishment of the fourty-four-hour week will be inaugurated the first of July, 1914. While there are eleven unions in Springfield that have been successful in securing the eight-hour day, the plumbers are the first to establish the forty-four-hour week.

PROBABLE SETTLEMENT.

Toledo, Ohio, Aug. 15.—The strike against the two large wheel companies in this city will probably be ended in a short time. Negotiations are in progress between the strikers and representatives of the firm, and it is stated that it is likely that a settlement will be reached. There are over 700 strikers involved, and a settlement will undoubtedly be of benefit to the company as well as to the strikers.

RAILROAD MEN MAKE DEMANDS

Hagerstown, Md., Aug. 15.—The trainmen, carmen, machinists, and blacksmiths in the employ of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, who have been negotiating with the officials of the road in regard to a change in the wage schedule, have been unable to secure an adjustment. As a result, it is apprehended that a contest will take place which will involve the entire Western Maryland system.

WAGES ARE RAISED.

Holyoke, Mass., Aug. 15.—Employes of the Interstate Electric Road at Attleboro have received notice of a raise in wages. Men on the cars are to receive 23 cents an hour for the first six month, instead of 22 cents. A raise for all of the grades is in the same proportion.

PLUMBERS ON STRIKE.

Chattanooga, Aug. 15.—The local Plumbers' Union is on strike, its demand for an increase in wages and better working conditions having been refused. The demands of the Plumbers were only for the purpose of establishing a fair living wage scale and decent hours.

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To His Big
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Making the Selection as Good as Ever

These are the best suits sold in Washington—M. S. M. (Man's Store Make.) Suits—every size from 33 to 50 in the sale—but there's only one-two-and three of a kind—that's why you get them at half price—This is your opportunity—don't miss it—get in today if possible—if not tomorrow.

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$35.00 Suits, $17.50
$30.00 Suits, $15.00
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OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
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THE WASHINGTON LOAN & TRUST COMPANY. Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus, $750,000. Interest paid on deposits. Acts as administrator, executor, trustee, etc. JOHN JOY EDSON, President.

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ASTORIA PHARMACY, Third and G Streets Northwest. Price and Product Right.
THEODORE A. T. JUDD, Druggist, Cor. Seventh and F Streets S. W. For old and chronic case of Rheumatism try a bottle of Prescriptvon No 2220.
QUIGLEY, Druggist, Twenty-first and G Streets N. W.
A. T. BRONAUGH, Pharmacist, Southwest Corner Seventh and P Streets N. W.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 62 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 29, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

TO OPPOSE IMMIGRATION

Efforts Will Be Made to Stop the Undesirables Being Dumped on Our Shores.

Denver, Aug. 29.—Active steps are being taken to thwart the efforts of certain interested individuals and corporations in this section of the country to prevent the cheapening of native labor through the influx of thousands of laborers from Southern Europe after the opening of the Panama Canal in 1915. Action will be taken in support of this proposition at a meeting of the State Federation of Labor at Trinidad. Charges are made that steamship companies have sold up to date more than 125,000 tickets on the installment of 10 cents a week for passage to the Pacific ports through the canal. This charge is made by the Western Labor Immigration Association of Seattle. A conference is trying to be arranged for those interested early in November. The class of people to be dumped on the Pacific coast is claimed to be far more illiterate than those who have been flooding the country for years by other routes. The subject, in all probability, will be brought to the attention of the American Federation of Labor Convention, which meets in Seattle on November 10 next.

WANTS CONSTABULARY

An Appeal Was Made to Governor Tener to Send the "Black Cossacks."

Erie, Pa., Aug. 29. — Mayor Stern called upon Sheriff Mooney to appeal to Governor Tener to send the State Constabulary, "the Black Cossacks," to this city, where there is a strike of metal workers. Sheriff Mooney conferred with the strike leaders over the situation.

The disorder of which the Mayor complains is caused by Burns operatives and hired thugs imported by the manufacturers. Two Burns men and a strike-breaker were arrested here last night for having shot three strikers. The strikers are in the Hamot Hospital in a serious condition.

The Metal Trades Council of this city has issued a statement addressed "to all organized labor," to the effect that for the past nine months a strike of the metal workers of Erie and vicinity has been in progress. The unions involved in the struggle are enumerated as follows, which is the order in which they became engaged in the fight: Molders' Union, No. 38; the Patternmakers' Association; the Machinists' Union and the Metal Polishers' Union. The fight on the side of the employers is being conducted by the Erie Manufacturers' Association. This association, according to the statement of the Metal Trades Council, has been advertising throughout the country for mechanics, who, when they come to Erie, discover that they have been brought here only to act as strike-breakers. The statement describes the protracted fight in the following paragraph: "Every power that possibly could be brought to bear has been used against the union men in Erie—injunctions, vicious without parallel; the blacklist and intimidation, beyond that which could have been expected in the Black Ages; the Mayor of the city has used his high office and the power of the police to persecute the striking molders, and last, but not least, the public press has been suppressed and prostituted into an abject silence, except to magnify a supposed violation of an injunction or where men have been arrested for unlawful assemblage,' the latter offense being because they made use of the public highways. Men and boys have been thrown into prison and defiance has been hurled at those who have suggested that the members of the Manufacturers' Association should be willing to meet their employes."

UNUSUALLY SEVERE.

Cincinnati, Aug. 29.—Two of the most drastic sentences ever imposed in the State of Ohio were given two striking teamsters by Judge Fricke, in Municipal Court here, when he fined William Watts $250 and costs and sentenced him to thirty days in the workhouse, and Dixon Plumb $150 and sentenced him to thirty days in the workhouse. Charges against the two strikers were that they had "incited to riot," when, as matter of fact, their offense consisted of attempting to persuade another teamster to join the ranks of the strikers. Police officers and thugs in the employ of the express companies testified that the men had done their best to start the riot. Watts' sentence will keep him in prison for more than two years, as he has no money to pay the fine. Dixon must serve a little more than a year, as he also has no money.

WON AN ADVANCE.

Birmingham, Eng., Aug. 29.—An agreement has been reached by the employers' association and the brass workers and metal mechanics by which wages have been increased by rates ranging from 9d. (18 cents) to 2s. 6d. (61 cents). The wages are for a week of 54 hours and affect some 4,000 men. They do not apply to the brass casters, whose wages were increased some eighteen months ago.

REVOLT OF COPPER MINERS

Defenseless Men and Women are Attacked By Militia and Thugs.

Calumet, Mich., Aug. 29.—On the 23d of July 15,000 men laid down their tools and came out on strike.

Previously these men had worked in the copper mines of the Upper Peninsula. These mines are known as the Calumet and Hecla Copper Company, and are owned and controlled by men who have their homes in Brookline, suburb of Boston, Mass. Some time before coming out on strike, these men had organized and became members of the Western Federation of Miners. They had been working a so-called ten-hour day. They were more than an average of eleven hours per day underground. Their wages would not average $2.20 per day. I have seen their statements and made a personal investigation of the matter. As low as 27 cents has been paid for nine shifts work; another got $1.61 for nineteen shifts work. Some received as high as $3 per day.

And to cap it all, the companies decided to make the miners handle the drilling machine single (they weigh over 200 pounds) which had formerly been handled double. When a person knows what it means drilling hard rock, with a machine of that type, operated by compressed air, sometimes on a staging up in a slope amid dangerous roof and hanging rock, with not one breath of air except the exhaust from the machine, the light just a small flicker in the dark, you can understand why they revolt.

The men held meetings, decided to request recognition of their union, an eight hour working day, a minimum wage of $3 for underground men, and a proportionate increase for those working above ground, and that two men be allowed to work on the machines as formerly.

They requested a joint conference with representatives of the company to try to come to an agreement on these questions. Their requests were met with scorn and contempt, and a decision to strike followed. At first the company refused to take the situation seriously, stating that the strike would collapse before the end of a week; that they had ruled those men for fifty years and had never recognized a union or treated with their men in that way; that they had always done as they pleased, and that they proposed to continue to do so. The strike is starting on the fourth week, and out of their seventy-nine mines they have not been able to get one ton of ore mined, trammed and hoisted, notwithstanding the press has announced that the strike was over and practically all the men back to work.

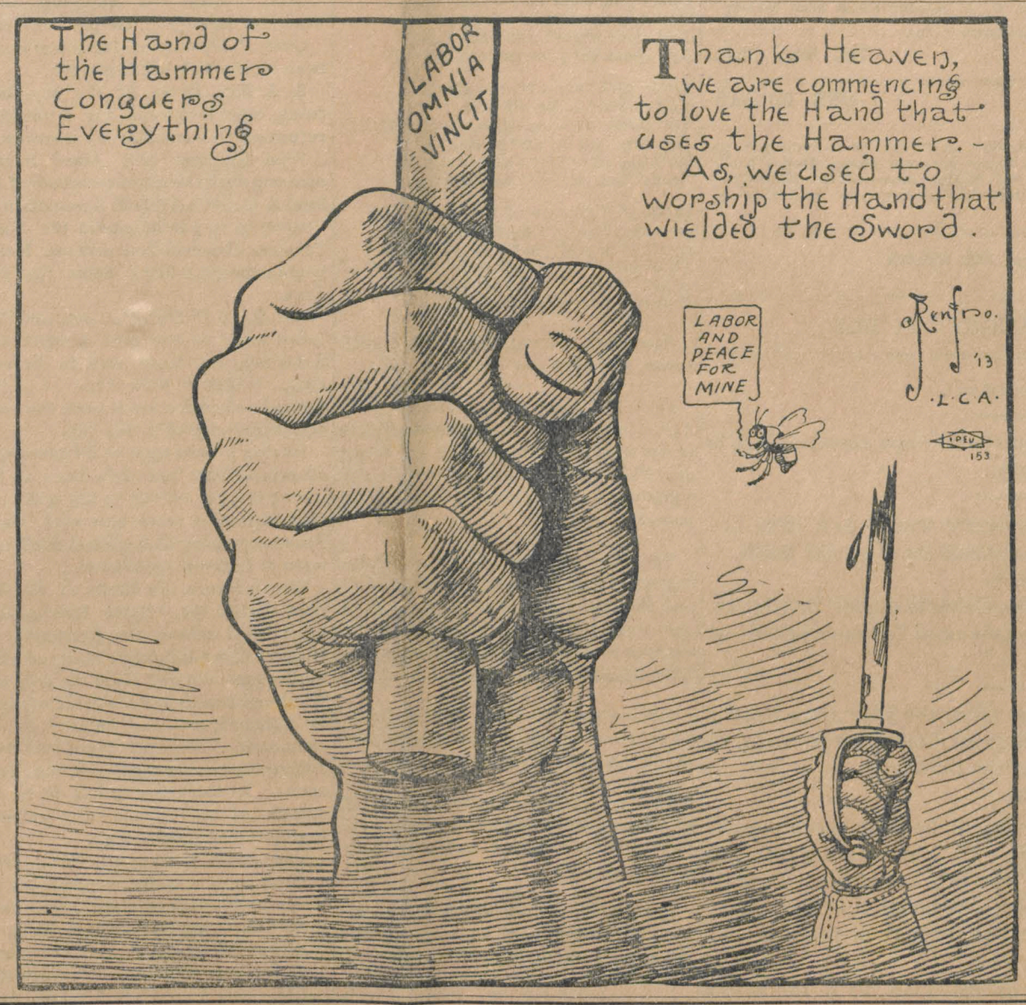
Since the companies have realized that the men are in earnest they have tried every means known to the most vicious heartless, and conscienceless slave-driving corporation to break the strike, but so far have failed utterly. The Governor sent in the militia. The Sheriff gave his office to the Waddell-Mahon strong-arm gunmen, imported from the slum districts of New York and other large cities.

The press has maliciously slandered and deliberately lied about the miners' cause, the miners, and their representatives. The militiamen have driven their horses on top of peaceful citizens on the sidewalks, beaten up and intimidated the miners in every way known to a professional strike breaker in an effort to discourage or scare them into going back to work as slaves to the copper mine owners. In fact, Gen. Abbey, in command of the troops, only differs from Chief Strike-breaker Farley in that his work is done in a government uniform, in the name of the State and is paid direct out of the people's money for his service. He is even more able than Farley would be, in my judgment, in using the militia as scab herders, strike-breakers, and black-leg protectors.

A certain living mummy, who never did a day's work in his life, and don't know anything about what it is to earn a dollar by honest labor, once said a scab was a hero. Well, Gen. Abbey, under Gov. Ferris, is trying to make a hero of that kind out of the militia of the State of Michigan. They have shot people in the back, brow-beaten men and boys, insulted women and girls, and, after filling up on beer and whisky sent them by the mine owners, swaggered up and down the streets with their big guns and sabers, a disgrace to the rottenest government on earth, let alone ours; a standing menace to peace and decency. The imported Waddell-Mahon man-killers have murdered two men in cold blood, the most cowardly and wantonly brutal and utterly unwarranted butchery I ever had any knowledge of. They seriously wounded two others, powder burnt the fact of a baby, and shot a bullet through its clothes, while it was being held in the arms of its terror-stricken mother, while three other little tots were crouched around her knees. These people were in their own home, engaged in taking their evening meal, when the outrages were committed. Hundreds of others have been insulted and beaten up by these gutter ruffians and the militia has always been on the scene to encourage them in their devilish work. Notwithstanding all these things, the men are standing as firm as the day they came out, as solid as a stone wall, determined to win, no matter how long it takes or at what cost. They are making a wonderful fight. The copper barons have heretofore succeeded in keeping practically all other organizations from being established here.

If these boys win it will mean 50,000 members in the other trades, and they will win if we can only furnish them enough assistance to keep them from starving and freezing. I believe other organizations should send their men in here to get their people organized, so that we can all work to the best advantage. It is too good an opportunity to let pass. If we win, the copper country could be made a fit place to live in for men who work for a living.

HELP US.



INJUNCTION GRANTED

Which Was Bitterly Fought And the Hearing Lasted For Three Days.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 29.—Judge John E. Sater, of the United States Court, granted a restraining injunction against the strikers at the Phillips Sheet and Tin Plate Company of Steubenville, Ohio, on application of the Philips Sheet and Tin Plate Company. The restraining order was of the usual sweeping nature, and named fifty-three members of the Amalgamated Association who have been active in the strike, both at Steubenville and Wierton, W. Va. This action was taken on the part of the company because it realized that the battle up to that time had been largely in favor of the men. Realizing that it was necessary to call in the power of the government to assist in defeating the desire of the men to secure better working conditions, this action was taken. The issuing of the injunction was bitterly fought by the attorneys representing the strikers, and the hearing lasted for three days. Judge Sater laid down the general theory that while a man may refuse to work he must not deny that right to others. He said further: "Labor leaders should see that the men under them and their sympathizers should not make threats or use violence to gain their ends. They may use persuasion, but not coercion. This company has a right to use persuasion in getting the men to work. They also may lock out men, but neither the strikers nor the company have a right to use means contrary to law." The counsel for the strikers at the Steubenville plant announced that an appeal will be taken for a new hearing before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

RESUMES OPERATION.

Fall River, Mass., Aug. 29.—For the past fifteen weeks what is known as the Iron Works Company, employing some 15,000 textile workers, has been closed down. This idleness was not the result of any strike or threatened strike on the part of the employes of the company. No satisfactory reason has been assigned for the long shut down. The various textile unions have been compelled to pay out several thousand dollars in support of their members during the idleness which has resulted. The announcement of the opening of the factory on Monday last, was received with much satisfaction by the various workers in this industry.

NEW WAGE SCALE.

Wheeling, W. Va., Aug. 29.—The wage scale of the Tin Plate Workers has been signed by the management of the Whitaker-Glessner Company. The company granted the requests of the men in every instance. The changes in the working conditions are many. The scale for Granite City, Ill., was also signed. This only leaves two lodges to be heard from in the tin plate industry.

NEW CHIEF CLERK NAMED.

It is reported that Ethelbert Stewart, of Illinois, has been appointed by Secretary of Labor Wilson as chief clerk of the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of of Labor. Mr. Stewart succeeds G. W. W. Hanger, who was recently appointed by the President as a member of the new Board of Mediation and conciliation.

IT DID NOT WORK

The Trainmen Who Secretly Formed Their Union Appeared Perfectly Satified.

Indianapolis, Aug. 29.—A humorous situation developed here early today when officials of the traction companies entering Indianapolis were sleepily awaiting for trainmen employed by the various lines to emerge from a building where they last night completed the formation of a union. The conductors and motormen began their session early last evening, and shortly afterward officials of the various interurban lines drove to the hall in automobiles and trained the headlights of their machines on every exit. During the entire night the officials remained at their posts declaring they would not leave until the employes came from the building. The trainmen who had secretly formed their union, appeared to be satisfied with the conditions and chose to remain in the hall rather than to leave and be recognized by their superiors. Application has been forwarded to the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employes for charter, which will arrive in a few days. In the meantime demands are being formulated and will be presented to the company. Rezin Orr, General Organizer of the Association and one of his associates, were attacked and badly beaten up by the thugs.

"JUST LIKE RUSSIA."

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 29.—Seven of the striking girl shirtmakers were arrested in front of a clothing manufacturing establishment here yesterday on a charge of disturbing the peace. The girls were on picket duty. These were the first arrests in the garment workers' strike, which went into effect Wednesday. The girls denied that they had done anything to merit arrest. They were released on bond. They charged at peace headquarters that a policeman said to them when they went on picket duty: "You are going to be treated just like you would be in Russia. You'll be tortured and have your tongue cut out."

MORE SACRIFICES.

Clifton, Ariz., Aug. 29.—Nine miners were killed and one probably fatally injured when a cable pin snapped at the Coronado mine and two ore cars, carrying twelve tons of ore and thirteen miners, dashed down a thirty-eight degree grade for a distance of 3,300 feet. The cars and their passengers had just been lowered over the brink of the grade, which is one of the longest and steepest in the world, when the pin holding the cable attached to the cars snapped, the safety chains broke, and the cars started downward like a shot.

MACHINISTS GET INCREASE.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 29.—Danger of a strike of every machinist and helper on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads is believed to be over, when the men were offered an increase of 1 cent an hour and other concessions.

NEW BLACKSMITHS' UNION.

Duluth, Aug. 29.—A new union of Blacksmiths has just been completed in this city by Vice President A. L. Anderson, embracing nearly 60 per cent of the men working at that industry in this city.

READY TO CALL STRIKE

Deputy State Labor Commissioner Ordered to Make a Report of the Conditions.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 29.—Gov. E. M. Ammons prepared to exert all the influence of the State administration to avert the threatened strike of coal miners in Colorado, New Mexico, and Utah. He ordered Edward Brake, Deputy State Labor Commissioner, to visit the Southern Colorado fields, locate the trouble at once and make a report on the exact conditions. Frank J. Hayes, international vice president of the United Mine Workers of America, who is in Denver today, said he has full authority to call a strike if the conditions warrant it. Recognition of the union, Hayes declared, will be insisted on by the miners.

The mine workers' vice president said today that the strike, if called, will affect 20,000 men in District 15, comprising Colorado, Utah, and New Mexico.

"That the United Mine Workers are willing to back up the miners in Southern Colorado if they are forced to strike is apparent from the assessment announcement sent me by President White," said Hayes Friday. "We can get $400,000 a month for an extended period of time if necessary. In this day of enlightenment strikes are the last weapons of wage earners and we never indulge in one unless employers arrogantly refuse to arbitrate differences or such arbitration utterly fails to recognize the justice of our claims." The Governor's office is hopeful that early next week it would be possible to get the operators of the Southern fields and the miners' representatives together in conference.

HE SAYS IT'S "EIGHTEEN."

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 29.—Attorney General Hogan notified Miss M. Edith Campbell, of the Board of Education, of Cincinnati, that in his opinion the word "eighteen" in the new children's code should read "sixteen," as that was clearly the intention of the framers of the law. The law says a girl does not have to attend school after she is sixteen years old, but cannot go to work until she is eighteen. According to Mr. Hogan's ruling employers may now engage girls who have passed their sixteenth year, or retain those in their employ who are above that age. That is how the Attorney General nullifies action of the Legislature.

ANOTHER ONE ADDED.

Halifax, N. S., Aug. 29.—For some time past efforts have been made to secure the affiliation of a large independent local union in this city of Longshoremen with the I. L. A. Until recently little progress has been made, when a visit was paid to this city by Vice President Tighe, who succeeded, with the assistance of Secretary Joyce, of the local union, in having application made for charter. The new union is known as No. 842.

DEMANDING AN INCREASE.

New York, Aug. 29.—The Suspender Workers' Union has demanded an increase of 25 per cent, a 54-hour week and recognition by such employers as have heretofore refused to deal with the organization. Unless these demands are granted a strike will probably follow in the course of a few days.

TO ENFORCE THE LAW

All Seagoing Ships of 1,000 Tons Burden or Over Must Carry Three Mates.

Steamship owners and agents from all the big seaports of the United States, held a conference with Acting Secretary of Commerce Sweet, Supervising Inspector General Uhler, of the Steamboat Inspection Service, Chairman Alexander, of the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, Congressman Hardy, Senators Fletcher and Crawford, and representatives of the Masters, Mates and Pilots' Association, on enforcement of the "three mates" law of which Congressman Hardy was sponsor.

The conference was called in the office of Acting Secretary Sweet. The Hardy law has been in force for two months, requiring that all seagoing ships of 1,000 tons burden or over carry three mates. Many violations of the law have been reported, fines aggregating $500,000 having been remitted by the department, it being claimed by owners and agents that it is impossible to get the men for mates. At the conclusion of the conference Acting Secretary Sweet announced to the steamboat men that the law must and would be enforced, as he had no alternative. After at first denying that men could be had, the steamboat men promised to do everything in their power to get extra men. Atlantic Coast vessel owners were warned that the Department of Commerce will rigidly enforce the law requiring all vessels of 1,000 tons or over to have three licensed mates.

Vessel representatives met at the department and said they would exert every effort to comply with the law. The Seamen's Union asserts that enough competent mates can be secured to man all vessels subject to the act, but that the vessel owners are averse to meeting the additional expense.

TO AVOID MINE DANGERS

Miners to Be Taught How to Avoid Dangers Which They are Beset With.

Pittsburgh, Aug. 29.—When the plans of Dean H. B. Mellor, of the school of mines, University of Pittsburgh, have been consummated, thirty-five instructors of the institution will have taught 5,000 men engaged in the mines of Western Pennsylvania how to avoid the dangers with which they are beset while at work. When the fall term of the university opens in October, the second step undertaken by the school of mines will be entered upon. Last January the first step was accomplisned successfully. Eight classes of miners, aggregating about 150 men, were formed in the vicinity of Pittsburgh. Instructors visited these classes once a week, with the result that when the university term closed in June, fifty of the mine students passed successfully the State examinations for higher positions. The instruction of miners in Western Pennsylvania will be conducted gradually, the scope of the work being broadened until it takes in the entire district. It is the intention to form fourteen classes when the fall term opens. At least sixty towns will be considered for holding the classes. The university has received the hearty co-operation and indorsement of coal companies and mine operators, and the miners are reported to be much interested in the plans. Prof. J. Z. Zimmerman will have charge of the corps of instructors. The main object of the instruction is to systematize and standardize the work of the miners.

SWEEPING CHANGES.

Boston, Aug. 29.—The laws affecting young employes, which will cause sweeping changes in labor conditions in this State, will become effective September 1, and arrangements are now being made to rigidly enforce these laws in reference to the prohibited employes. Some of the provisions are: No boy under eighteen or no girl under twenty-one years of age can be employed in a store after 10 o'clock in the evening or for more than ten hours per day or fifty-four hours in a single week. They are also prohibited from working before 5 a. m. or after 10 p. m. in any factory, workshop, manufacturing, mechanical, or mercantile establishment, barber shop, boot black stand, public stables, brick or lumber yard, telephone exchange, telegraph or message office, or in the construction or repair of buildings, or in any wage industry carried on in tenement or other houses. The various other provisions of this law are too extensive to be quoted in full at this time.

BENEFIT THE PEOPLE.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 29.—In an address at the Commercial Club recently Secretary of the Interior Lane declared it was one of the first duties of the government to develop Alaska. The Secretary declared himself not only in favor of government construction of a railroad, but federal ownership of such a system. He wished to see the Alaska coal lands developed so that they would benefit all the people, and not fall into the hands of a monopoly.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

Official Organ Central Labor Union, Affiliated with the A. F. of L., District of Columbia, and Trades Council, of Alexandria, Va.

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNITED TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON — FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., AUGUST 29, 1913.

False friends are worse than none at all.

The trouble with the man who can see no hope ahead of him is simply that he is headed the wrong way.

It is easy enough to arouse enthusiasm with a new idea, but not so easy to compel thought by the expression of an old truth.

Will you be one of those who will celebrate Labor Day by attending the celebration that has been arranged for your benefit at the Benning Race Track.

We have not received any advices from the War Department that an application has been received from Bois Penrose to go to Mexico in case of war, in the ranks of the privates.

We hope that the New York World will be fully recompensed for the Seventy-five dollars a week that they are paying for the story that is to be written by the man who is to tell of his "Twenty Years a House Employee," but we are of the belief that they could spend this money to much better advantage for their readers.

There can be but one side to the question as to a minimum wage and the limitation of the hours of labor, and that is the welfare of the race. The convenience of an employer or of an industry should not enter into it, nor should the willingness of employees to work long hours play any part. An industry or business which depends upon injuring humanity for its existence should not only be allowed to die, but should be crushed to death immediately.

LABOR HONORED.

During the past week labor has been honored in the District by having one of its members chosen by the Commissioners to occupy the responsible position of one of our Assessors. The investigation that is being conducted into our municipal government unearthed a condition that, to put it mildly, was shocking, and a change was made in the office of Assessors.

In the selection of Mr. E. W. Oyster, to fill the vacancy created the summary dismissal of one of these members, we feel that a wise selection was made, for in Mr. Oyster we will have a man that has made an inexhaustive study into the question of taxation. He is a true disciple of the teachings of the late Henry George, whose son is now a member of Congress and one of the members of our District Committee, and who is taking an active part in unearthing some of the unfair conditions that have so long been imposed upon the working people and the owners of small property in the District.

We extend our congratulations to Mr. Oyster and trust that he will be able to bring about a change for the better, and while we do not agree in all questions with the gentleman we can say that the selection is one that will bring lasting results to those who toil.

LABOR DAY.

Monday, September 1st, will mark the Thirty-first Annual Celebration of the day that has been set apart to commemorate and pay tribute to the dignity of labor. It is on this day that the trades unionists should show their appreciation for the benefits that they have derived from the advantages of their organizations and to renew the obligations that they took when they first joined the organization of their craft. As we look back over the past year we have a great deal for which we can truly say, we can be thankful for. There has not been any serious labor troubles, and the conditions of the toilers as a whole have been materially bettered through increased wages and better working conditions. We have seen a change in administration during this year past, and if the promises of the party now in power are fulfilled, legislation which we have been trying to have enacted into law will have become a reality during the next few years, and the advantages that will be gained will be far-reaching. We have also a great deal to be thankful for that has come to light during the lobby investigation, for while all that has been told of the machinations of the Manufacturers' Association, in so far as their enmity to organized labor is concerned, has long been known to every man who carries a card, it remained for this investigation to bring their nefarious work to the attention of the public and the lawmakers, and before another year rolls around we will be troubled less from this source. We can also be thankful for the splendid strides that we have made in the matter of increased membership, for, with over two million and a quarter in numbers, we have reached a position in the industrial and political world where we can make ourselves felt, and it will never happen again that a committee going before the halls of Congress will be insulted as was a committee a few years ago. We also feel that before many more months have passed that the forces that have been fighting us the most bitterly will be calling on us for aid, for, with the advent of the un-American organization known as the I. W. W., the manufacturers and kindred organizations will be appealing to us to rid them of what appears to be a curse. So that, in reviewing the past year, we have a great deal to be thankful for, and let us strive during the coming year to, by our actions, be able to say, when the next Labor Day comes, that we have done our part towards making conditions better than we found them.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

The following lines, from the Westfield (Pa.) Free Press, appear under the caption "Naked Truth." If not to that extent, it may be said that they contain more truth than poetry:

Little girl you look so small,
Don't you wear no clothes at all?
Don't you wear no chimese shirt?
Don't you wear no pretty skirt—
Just your corset and your hose,
Are those all your underclothes?

Little girl, when on the street
You appear to be all feet.
You wear your clothes so very tight;
You are just an awful sight—
Nothing on to keep you warm,
Crazy just to show your form.

Little girl you won't live long,
Just because you dress all wrong.
Can't you wear more underclothes
Than just your corset and your hose?
After 'while, I do believe,
You will dress like Mother Eve.

Some men are really brave in a good cause, and some need to be pushed.

If, in the years past, there had been a greater exercise of man's best efforts in the uplift and regulation of social conditions the demand by women for equality of suffrage would now be less potent.

Van Cleave, on the witness stand, indignantly denied the statement of Mulhall that the two had slept together at one time. Honors are now easy, however, as Mulhall seemed pleased rather than offended by the contradiction.

It sometimes occurs to us that Harry Thaw's career might have been different if the elder Thaw had died poor.

The first six letters in assessor apply to those people who have a ready objection to everything and everybody proposed.

Conditions in 'York State are seemingly no better than in some States where they have but one Governor.

It is claimed that the death rate is greatest among unmarried persons; and yet, according to this same authority, 17,000,000 people apparently don't seem to know which to choose.

The lobby investigation has emphasized the old saying that there are black sheep in every flock.

Serenely grand old Ship of State has met fierce storms and waves of late.

It would help some if those who are so much interested in salary raising would once in a while interest themselves in a raise of wages.

It has been stated that 1,000 sight seers visit this city daily, that $3 is the average sum spent by each one, and that four days is the average length of time the visitors remain in the city. At this rate, with a steadily increasing country population to draw upon, it will not be so very long until it will be unnecessary to pass the hat for a safe and sane celebration.

People with ossified heart trouble have been known to live to a ripe old age.

The death harvest by automobiles in the streets of Chicago was 26 during the month of July, and of that number 15 were children.

This is the season when the considerate husband sends wife and family away for needed rest, while he attempts the task of preparing at least one meal a day; and this is the time when soiled dishes accumulate, the floors grow dusty from neglect, the appetite wanes, and his appreciation of a good housewife finds expression in a suggestive note which abbreviates an originally-planned vacation.

CONTINUES TO GROW.

Manchester, England, Aug. 29. — Two and a quarter million workers will be represented at the Trade Union Congress, which opens here on September 1. This figure is an advance of a quarter of a million on the number of Trade Unionists represented at last year's Congress. This great increase is due partly to the number of new unions which have joined the Congress, but mainly to increases of membership of the old unions. The Miners' Federation, for example, reports an increase of 50,000 members, the Shop Assistants one of 37,000, the two Dockers' Unions, 25,000; the Gas Workers, 11,000; the Amalgamated Weavers, 10,000; Boot and Shoe Operatives, 9,000; Card and Blowing Room Operatives, 8,000; Boiler Makers, 7,000; Clerks, 4,000; Amalgamated Union of Labour, 4,000, and Postmen's Federation, 2,600. Two newly affiliated unions in the building trade have a membership of 14,000. Fraternal delegates will attend the Congress from the United States, Canada, Germany, and France.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

New York, Aug. 29.—The committee of the cloakmakers, who are on strike in shops controlled by sub-manufacturers, reported yesterday that an independent strike of 1,500 cloakmakers started yesterday morning against manufacturers in this city who are doing work for employers in Philadelphia, where there is a general strike.

LAW REPORTER CHAPEL

By J. V. Johnson.

Mrs. Mark W. Moore, and son, Oliver J., started Friday morning last for Rochester, N. Y., and other northern and eastern points. They expect to be gone about three weeks and will take in Philadelphia, Atlantic City, etc. From the postals received from "Ollie," they are enjoying some beautiful scenery and a pleasant trip.

Chas. D. Deming, of the job side, has been on the sick list this week.

S. Arthur Eyler, of the key-board force, took last week for a vacation, returning to work Monday morning.

Fred Stringer will start Sunday morning with the other members of Columbia Union's Athletic Association for Pittsburg, to participate in the Union Printers' Baseball Tournament. Here's hoping the boys bring home the pennant.

Mr. H. D. ("Dick") Lowd and Mrs. Lowd were in the city a short time Saturday, on their way to Atlantic City. "Dick" took time to come around and shake hands with the boys, who were all glad to see him.

Having a hard time to fill dates with all-printer base ball clubs, the Law Reporter team is taking on any good club that desires to cross bats with them. Tuesday evening they played the Woodward & Lothrop combination.

Why not turn the affairs of the District over to the "Home Rule Association" and relieve the President, the District Commissioners, et al, of their burdensome duties? It is the only way Brother Frizzell and his associates can be satisfied, and the balance of the community, composed only of outsiders, non-residents, incompetents, etc., don't count. At least that seems to be the opinion of this wonderfully patriotic combination of statesmen.

The Jones-Works bill is proving something of a white elephant on the hands of District officials. Just what it means and what part of it is being or can be enforced are problems they have thus far been unable to solve satisfactorily. The Police Court seems to be the only branch of the municipal establishment really enjoying the situation.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

Michael Sweetman, assistant foreman of the ruling room, returned last Thursday, after a three days' fishing trip to Leonardtown, Md. Elmer Webster was acting in his absence.

Thomas Eastburn, of the forwarding section, has gone to Ocean View, Va., for a week's stay.

John J. Mullen, of the forwarding section, whose foot was amputated at Providence Hospital some time ago, was taken to his home last Sunday.

The many friends of James H. Mattimore, of the forwarding section, tender their sincere sympathy on account of the tragic death of his son.

Mrs. B. Sallers, wife of "Ben" Sallers, of the casemaking section, was stricken with paralysis last week at their home in Baltimore.

Brother Robert M. Phipps passed away August 21st, of heart disease. "Bob," as he was known by his fellow-workmen, was a man of extraordinary modesty. He enjoyed the confidence of his friends, and his loss will be mourned by his many associates. The following members of Local No. 4 acted as pallbearers: Wm. W. Bray, Robert Sowerbutts, James D. Connor, Geo. A. O'Donnell, John J. Burns, George W. Liomin. His foreman, Wm. C. Connor, and Brother Thomas A. McNerney also attended the funeral, which was held at Congressional Cemetery.

SECURES RECOGNITION.

Pittsburg, Aug. 29. — The building laborers employed on one of the large department stores in this city, made a demand for an increase of 31-8 cents per hour, the previous wage having been 28 1-8 cents. The demand was refused by the contractors. The men ceased work, being supported in their demand by the hoisting engineers. The trades named being affiliated with the Building Trades Council, the matter was immediately taken up and general strike was threatened by all the mechanics employed on the building. Announcement was made by the Master Builders' Association that a lockout would be ordered on three large buildings under construction and other building operations valued at about $6,000,000. Conference between the Building Trades Council representative and the Master Builders' Association was brought about, which resulted in an adjustment of the dispute. Question of the increased wages for the laborers will be left to arbitration. An agreement was entered into between the representatives of the Building Trades Council and the Master Builders' Association, whereby each agrees to recognize the other and avoid future difficulties, if possible. This is the first time such an agreement has been entered into since 1903.

NEW MEAT CUTTERS' UNION.

San Diego, Cal., Aug. 29.—The Butchers and Meat Cutters have formed a new union, including a large majority of the men engaged in that calling in this city.

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Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

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Bottled at the Brewery.

LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
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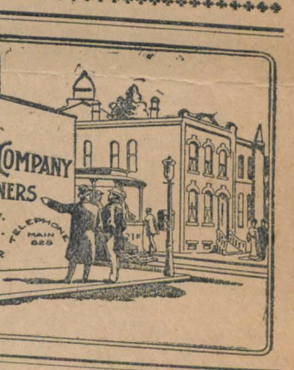

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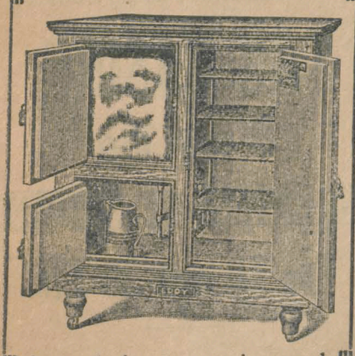

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

It is a matter of keen regret to learn of the serious illness of Mr. William F. Reed, of the proof room of the National Printery. He suffered a stroke of paralysis a few days since at his old home in Camden, N. J., where he was spending a portion of his vacation. Mr. Reed has been many years in the Government Printing Office and has a large acquaintance there, among whom, along with many other friends here and elsewhere, there is a sincere hope that he may soon be himself again.

* * *

"Married, at the residence of Dr. Charles A. Law, Union, Oreg., on August 3, 1913, Mr. Cyrus Rossell Tibbetts and Miss Mary A. Law, both of North Powder, Oreg." This item, from a Western paper, will be of much interest to many employees of the Government Printing Office. In that establishment Miss Law was employed for a number of years, resigning from a position in its proof room about two years ago. The workers in that section, along with many other friends in the Typographical Union and the Eastern Star chapter (Naomi, No. 3) with which she was connected, wish this popular young woman and her husband much happiness.

* * *

The baseball club of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association will leave here on Sunday morning next to participate in the Sixth annual tournament of the National Union Printers' Baseball Association at Pittsburg. The tournament will cover the week beginning with September 1. The Washington party will be composed of Manager John F. Luitich and twelve of his players, these being Messrs. W. E. Weaver, A. W. Suess, C. H. Cooke, Clyde North, Elmer McKay, F. E. Thornburg, Edward Goucher, Lawrence Roberts, A. M. Jullien, J. T. Ellett, H. C. Cutting, and Fred Stringer. Mr. Greenawald, national commissioner for this city, and the secretary-treasurer of the association will also attend, as well as a number of friends of the Washington players who will go along as rooters and sight seers. Mrs. Weaver, Mrs. Ellett, and Mrs. Greenawald, and perhaps other ladies, will enliven the party.

* * *

Last Sunday I visited several printers who are temporarily out of commission owing to various infirmities. Among the number was Henry Noyes, who is well known by many in the Government Printing Office. For several years he has been practically an invalid from the effects of rheumatism, and about a year ago resigned his place as a proof reader in the Printery. During the present week Mr. Noyes entered Sibley Hospital, where, under the medical care of Dr. Samuel Battles, he will take treatment that offers hope of improvement in his health. Even the long siege of ill health which has held Henry has not destroyed his cheerfulness or lessened his keen wit and that penchant for seeing the humorous and ridiculous side of life which always made him such a general favorite with his companions in the days of his activity. Needless to say that, knowing so many persons in common and viewing so many things in the same way, the writer and the cheerful veteran had a "session" that was most enjoyable. I certainly hope that Brother Noyes's stay at the hospital will turn him into a well man.

* * *

"Well," said a newspaper writer to me a few days since, "I am in sure-enough hard luck. I have lost my place on the paper on which I was engaged for several years, and I hardly know what to do. I have but a small amount saved up, and it will be hard to pull along until I can learn some other method of making a living."

"Oh, well, why will you have to learn another business? You are a capable man, have a large acquaintance and lots of friends, and there is no reason why you should not obtain a job on some other paper."

"Ordinarily that would be true," he said in a sad and dejected way and with the most hopeless look I ever saw, "but I was discharged for such a grave cause that no other paper would think of employing me. All managing editors know my offense."

"What in the name of Heaven have yon done?" I asked.

"What have I done?" he groaned in reply. "Why, great heavens, man, I wrote an article about Missouri and failed to call it 'the show-me State!'"

And as I wended shackward I sadly thought of the hopelessness of his future.

* * *

Some of the headings in those more or less solemn government publications passing through the Public Printing Office often excite the laugh nerves of typos and readers. One reading "Suggestions for a dry farmer" had that effect on a reviser of my acquaintance some days ago. "Of course," said he, "that scientist means all right, but—well," laughingly, "there be many 'suggestions for a dry farmer' in my neck of the woods that the learned man wots not of. When a real 'dry' farmer gets a suggestion of that kind it is a safe bet that the cool spring or the old oaken bucket will not be patronized, but that the plow horse is more liable to straightway feel a saddle—or mayhap a blanket only—and his master on his back, the aforesaid dry farmer declaring to himself that he is compelled to go to town on a very important mission. When he arrives in town that 'suggestion for a dry farmer' generally gets action—the 'suggestions' covering cider, beer, wine, and whiskey, though either one will answer if he can't get 'em all. Far be it from me to reflect on what the average Congressman so eloquently terms the 'down-trodden son of the soil,' but when it comes to really and effectively—not to mention liquidly—taking care of 'suggestions for a dry farmer' the gent who prepares the agricultural bulletins will find himself woefully distanced by the man with the hoe. Should the 'sturdy yeoman' (another favorite expression of the sometimes hoarse but ever eloquent Congressman) live in prohibition territory, the process of handling the suggestion may be a little different, but nevertheless action will be had. Instead of throwing the saddle on Dobbin, he will let that faithful creature rest a while at the end of the corn row—and sometimes it is a rest so extended that Dobbin feels as though he is on his annual vacation—and get him to a near-by fence corner or hollow tree or friendly stone pile where some thoughtful comrade or enterprising 'retailer' has left the wherewithal to properly meet all reasonable 'suggestions for a dry farmer.'"

W. N. BROCKWELL.

STRIKE OF SHIP BUILDERS.

Recent advices from St. Petersburg, Russia, say:

"Almost all the ship-building works at Nicolaieff are idle, the workers being on strike. A bonus of 10,000 rubles on the completion of the Dreadnoughts now under construction offered to the men had had no effect. The general manager was hurriedly called from St. Petersburg and the naval minister is in constant telegraphic communication with Nicolaieff. The management of the admiralty works has informed the minister that they cannot accept responsibility for the punctual delivery of work in hand.

Out of 9,000 employes it is said that only some 20 apprentice "improvers" are not on strike. It is rumored that the companies will close down their works for two or three months, and that then martial law will be introduced at all yards and works connected with naval construction. The local press has been prohibited from publishing any news about strikes.

ENFORCING THE LAW.

New York, Aug. 29.—Forty-six manufacturers of this city and their employes were brought before the Justices of Special Sessions recently charged by agents of the Bureau of Fire Prevention with having violated the factory laws. Fines ranging from $20 to $75 were imposed, and the Justice warned five manufacturers found guilty of locking the doors of their plants while operatives were at work that if they were convicted of the same offense a second time, they would be sent to prison. "In the future," said Justice Zeller, speaking for the court, "it is the intention of this court to make an example of men who persist in violating the law. There is not going to be another Triangle Shirt Waist Co. fire if this court can help it."

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THE BAKERY WORKERS

Arrangements have been completed for the big meeting of the Bakery Workers of Baltimore to be held at Greibs Park, on Saturday, August 30. It is hoped that from this meeting, the organization of Bakers will become a factor in the labor movement, and that the conditions of the Bakers will improve so that they will compare favorably with the conditions of their Washington brothers who have through a perfect organization gained conditions that are equal to those enjoyed by any city in the country. Prominent men in the labor movement will address this meeting and one of the principal speakers will be John Webber a member of the international executive board and a prominent member of the Washington local of Bakers and also a delegate to the Central Labor Union.

Arrangement have been made for a large delegation to attend from Local No. 118 of this city, to go to Baltimore Saturday, August 30th, to attend this meeting. The fare on the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Line is one ($1.00) dollar, by procuring tickets from the Business Agent of Bakers Union No. 118, either at the office of the Union, 624 6th Street N. W., or at his residence 722 6th Street N. E.

Those that decide to go may take any car of the above mentioned line during that day, but all should be on the train not later than 1.00 o'clock P. M. Extra car leaves at 1.35 o'clock, P. M.

Tickets are good for that date only, and members not returning same day must see the Agent at Liberty Street Station in Baltimore, before taking the train, to get tickets stamped.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

RESULT OF ARBITRATION

The Court Decided Its Award Applies Only to Reporters and Proofreaders.

Christ Church, N. Z., Aug. 29. — The Arbitration Court of New Zealand has made an award dealing with the work of journalists. It has dealt with almost every trade carried on in the Dominion, but this is the first time that it has been called upon to intervene in the methods of conducting a profession. The newspaper proprietors were cited to appear before the court by the Christ Church Union of Journalists, and the dispute was argued at great length by a judge, who is President of the Court, and two assessors, representing the two sides. Journalists in nearly all branches of the profession were involved, but the Court decided that its award should apply only to reporters and proofreaders. It has fixed a reporter's working day at twelve consecutive hours, including meal hours. Except in special circumstances a reporter cannot be brought back to work until after an interval of at least ten hours from the completion of his day's work. Any time worked in excess of this must be paid for within the next fourteen days, either in time off at the rate of an hour and a half for each hour worked, or in cash at the rate of half a crown an hour. A reporter must be allowed one clear day and one clear evening off in seven, and two weeks' holiday on full pay in each year. The salaries fixed are: Senior reporters, £5 15s; general reporters, £5; junior reporters, £3 10s; cadets, first year, £1 5s; second, £1 15s; third, £2 5s; casual reporters, 10s for half a day or 15s per whole day. In ordinary awards the court has made it a practice to insert a clause providing that when workers are engaged preference must be given to members of Trades Unions, if they are as qualified as nonunionists. The newspaper proprietors strongly opposed the application of this principle in the journalists' dispute on the ground that it would bring the reporters into close affinity with Trade Unionism generally and would prejudice the news columns of the journals, especially during strikes and other industrial troubles. To prevent this the court has provided that although preference to Unionists is to be granted, the Journalists' Union must maintain an independent existence annd must not join the Trades Council or any other association of Trades Unions.

TRADE UNION CONGRESS.

Vera Cruz, Mexico, Aug. 29.—A conference has taken place here for the purpose of calling together a committee for a Mexican Trade Union Congress. The projected congress will, above all, deal with the question of organizing the Mexican proletariat and agrarianism, which has played such an important role in the civil wars of the last few years. Having regard to the crippling effect that these wars have on all departments of public activity, the efforts of the Mexican workers are all the more praiseworthy and gratfying.

HAVE UNITED.

London, England, Aug. 29. — The Postal Clerks' Association and the Postal Telegraph Clerks' Association have amalgamated, with a total membership of 11,500. This action was accomplished by referendum vote, the vote being for amalgamation, Postal Clarks, 6,237, against 563; Postal Telegraph Clerks, 6,003 for and 1,296 against.

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OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 65 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1913. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

MINERS' RESCUE WORK

Handsome Prizes are Offered to Men Who Compete in this Class of Work.

On September 22, 23, and 24 Pittsburgh will be invaded by prominent mining men, surgeons of mining companies, and miners connected with the rescue and first-aid work from many parts of the United States. Western Pennsylvania and the Pittsburgh district in particular will be largely represented. H. M. Wilson, of the American Mine Safety Association, says that the reports received indicate the meeting will be very largely attended by men interested in the safety of their mining operations. An interesting program of papers and discussions has been prepared. J. W. Paul, of the Bureau of Mines, reports that the arrangements for the mine rescue contest, which will be held at Arsenal Park on September 22, assures the success of this unusual event. Handsome prizes have been offered for the men who compete in showing their skill in doing rescue and recovery work at mines. There will be held a first-aid contest somewhat similar to those held elsewhere in the mining regions. For this a number of handsome prizes have also been received. The Bureau of Mines has arranged a big experimental explosion at their mine at Bruceton. This will be the first explosion exhibit given at the mine since its completion. On September 23, however, it will be possible for those interested in such matters to see just exactly what causes the explosion, how the explosion wave acts, the speed and the pressure and other important items, as these will all be automatically recorded in the instrument room. A number of rescue men, fitted with artificial breathing apparatus, will enter the mine immediately after the explosion, so as to illustrate how they can go into a mine still smoking and full of gas immediately after a disaster.

WILL THEY DO IT?

There's a Rumor that Pullman Conductors and Porters Will Form a Union.

Chicago, Sept. 19.—Coincident with the incorporation at Springfield, of the Federation of Pullman Conductors of America and the Federation of Pullman Porters of America, a rumor was started here to the effect that these organizations might be the first steps toward the forming of a real union of the 15,000 or 20,000 conductors and porters employed by the Pullman Company. Up to the present time, all efforts at organization along union lines have been frustrated by the company, although the conductors have a mutual benefit association and the porters have several local fraternal bodies. That the Pullman employes certainly need a union to protect their interests is evident from the fact that the conductors' wages range from but $70 to $95 per month, and the colored porters are paid only from $25 to $40 a month. Either class of employes is absolutely helpless in case a cranky official exercises the right of discharge or discipline.

Notwithstanding the fact that a Pullman conductor has to be a man of the greatest tact in handling the public, and the porters have to stand for all sorts of abuse, they are treated with very little consideration by the company which exploits them.

RETURNED TO WORK.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 19.—The striking workmen of the Sturtevant plant, of which Gov. Foss owns the controlling interest, have returned to work under an agreement reached between representatives of the strikers and the superintendent of the works. The men employed at the Becker Milling Machine Company, not having received any proposition for an adjustment, continue on strike. The terms of the settlement have not been given out, but are said to be mutually satisfactory to the parties interested. The strike has been very bitterly fought, and the men have been out for a period of nearly fourteen weeks.

CARPENTERS STILL GROWING.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 19.—Secretary Fank Duffy, of the United Carpenters and Joiners of America, reports the number of new unions organized during the month of August as follows: Logan, W. Va.; Galveston, Tex.; Victoria, Tex., Hampton, Iowa; Ellenville, N. Y.; Hoquaim, Wash.; Quakertown, Pa.; Anasco, Porto Rico; Greenwood, S. C.; Central Valley, N. Y.; Detroit, Mich.; Stockton, Cal.; Oakland, Cal.; San Francisco, Cal., two new unions; Woodstock, Ontario, Canada.

SECURED AN INCREASE.

Holyoke, Mass., Sept. 19.—The unrest and uncertainty of the week past in the case of the movies and the operators has been adjusted and there will be no strike of the operators. They have been asking for an increase of from $18 to $20 a week and from $5 to $6 for Sundays. The proprietors have agreed to the increase. International President Charles C. Shay was present in the city and assisted in bringing about the amicable settlement.

THE UNEXPECTED HAPPENS

The Strike is Being Prolonged For a Much Greater Length of Time than Expected.

New York, Sept. 19.—Under the most favorable conditions as regards the settlement of the strike and the resumption of mining, officers of Lake Superior copper companies say that they will not be able to show much more than nine months of normal production in the current year. Some progress has been made by the Calumet & Hecla organization in reopening a number of shafts and getting up ore, but practically all the other properties on the Michigan Peninsula are still tightly closed down. No secret is made by local directors of the companies affected that the strike has been prolonged for a much greater length of time than they had expected. They had hoped that the appearance of militia would curb demonstrations of force on the part of the strikers and would convince those who were following the union leadership in lukewarm fashion that it would be to their best advantage to take back their old places again. The troops did keep the situation in hand as far as the welfare of property was concerned, but their presence is thought now to have stirred up considerable resentment against employers in quarters where it was not in especial evidence in the early days of the strike. If true, this state of mind has naturally added to the influence of the union leaders in keeping the men in line. If the differences of employer and miner could be settled without further delay it is figured that at least a month would be necessary to put the mines in their former state of efficiency. This is the view of the situation taken by Wall Street as reported in one of their papers.

MORE PAY; LESS HOURS

As the Result of the Agreements Which Went into Effect September 1, 1913.

Philadelphia, Sept. 19.—Some 15,000 men were benefited by increased wages and shorter hours as the result of the agreements which went into effect September 1. Those affected are the Carmen, Carpenters, Cement Workers, Painters, and Paperhangers. The Carmen received an increase of 1 cent an hour on the surface roads. On the L road the minimum will be 28 cents and the maximum of 33 cents per hour. The Carpenters' new wage scale is 55 cents an hour, which runs until January 1, 1915, when the wage will be increased to 57 1-2 cents. On June 1, 1916, an additional advance will go into effect, bringing the wage up to 60 cents an hour. A total of 5,000 Carpenters will be benefited by this increase. Cement Finishers' Union has succeeded in securing recognition from their employers with an eight-hour day and 50 cents per hour. The Painters' wage rate has been advanced 5 cents per hour and eight hours a day, five days in the week, with four hours on Saturday, making a total of forty-four hours a week.

STRIKE CAUSED OIL FAMINE.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 19.—The Russian government has decided to invite the importation of large quantities of solid and liquid fuel to be admitted duty-free after October 1 for a period of six months on account of the prolonged strikes at Baku, which have produced a famine in the native coal and naphtha. It is estimated that some $10,000,000 has been lost at Baku through the curtailment and stoppage of work at the oil wells and the auxiliary industries. The shortage of the naphtha output has compelled works and railways using liquid fuel to make preparations for going back to coal, while the extra demand thus created for the latter is too great to be supplied from purely Russian sources. Hence the action of the Imperial Council of Ministers in admitting fuel free of duty.

LARGE BENEFITS PAID.

Chicago, Sept. 19. — The three street car divisions of this city, in conjunction with the International Association, has paid approximately $50,000 in disability and funeral benefits from January 1 to July 31. Divisions No. 241, 260, and 308 have contributed $13,100, while the International has contributed $36,150. Two years ago an element among the Chicago membership was predicting ruin for the Association if the increase of disability and funeral benefits was adopted, as recommended by President Mahon at the last convention. Instead of the predicted disaster there has come instead one of the greatest booms ever experienced by our membership and their wives and little ones.

WIN THEIR DEMANDS.

New York, Sept. 19.—The cigar makers of the Edwin Cigar Company, of New York, demanded an increase of wages from 10 cents to 50 cents per thousand on various grades of cigars. The strike resulted, lasting one week, the men winning the concessions asked, and the firm also agreeing to run a strictly union shop. All of the strikers will be taken back without discrimination.

DEFEAT TOBACCO TRUST

The Lockout Has Been Withdrawn and Trade Unionism is to Be Recognized.

Macedonia is a great tobacco province, and years ago syndicates took the trade in hand, with the usual wage-cutting results. This compelled both growers and workers to organize themselves, and several successful strikes occurred. When wages had been forced up again to the extent of about 45 per cent, the capitalists decided to stop competition among themselves. A great trust was formed, and set itself to reduce the workers to a state almost of serfdom. However, the trade union has undauntedly continued its counter organization, with the result that 60,000 members were enrolled. There were more strikes and fresh victories for the wage-earners. Finally, the capitalists resolved, if possible, to crush the union altogether, by means of a lockout. This determination was reached just before the outbreak of hostilities in the Balkans. Meetings were prohibited, and leaders arrested. Misery and starvation were everywhere. But for eleven months the men, splendidly led, held out, and at last they have achieved the victory they deserved. The trust has capitulated entirely; the lockout is withdrawn, trade unionism is to be recognized, and a great uplift has been given to the labor cause.

BARRED THE UNION LABEL

The Improved Order of Red Men Refuse to Recognize the Labor Unions.

Information is received that despite a vigorous fight waged on the floor of Congress, the Improved Order of Red Men, who opened their sixty-sixth Great Sun session in the New Willard recently refused to recognize the labor unions. Representative Frank C. Smith of Illinois, during the morning session, introduced a resolution calling for the recognition of labor unions by printing upon all stationery of the order the allied trade unions' stamp. When his resolution was introduced Great Incohonee Carl Foster ruled it out of order on the ground that the order did not engage in politics or in religion. An appeal was immediately taken by Mr. Smith and the motion put to a vote. Excitement reigned in the hall as the vote was taken, but it was seen that the labor unions were to be denied. The representatives sustained the Great Incohonee, and the labor unions were defeated by a great majority. As a result, the union label will not appear on any of the printing of the order.

WANT BANKS TO PAY.

Hartford, Conn., Sept. 19.—Writs of scire facias were served by United States marshals on eight banks, demanding payment from garnisheed funds of the $275,000 treble judgment given a year ago to D. E. Loewe & Sons, the scab hatters of Danbury, when they won their twelve-year struggle against the United Hatters of North America and the American Federation of Labor, which financed the well known hatters' boycott contest. The case, which has had two trials in this city in the United States Court, and has twice been to the United States Supreme Court, is now before the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, and the banks will oppose the writs on the deposits of the union men, which have already earned in interest $20,000, until final adjudication in New York City next winter.

ROASTED BY MOLTEN METAL.

New Castle, Pa., Sept. 19.—At the Red Jacket furnace of the Carnegie Steel Company and the Atlantic furnace of the Republic Iron and Steel Company molten iron burst through the base of a stack at each, killing one man and injuring another in each accident. At the Atlantic furnace Samuel Hanna was so burned by molten metal that his body was scarcely recognizable. George Mitchell was burned severely, but probably will recover. At the Red Jacket furnace John Flyak was burned to death, while Stephen Fabine was burned severely.

FINED AND IMPRISONED.

Columbus, Sept. 19.—Two of the ten strikers of the Phillips Sheet and Tin Plate Company of Steubenville, who were recently summoned to appear before Judge Sater, of this city, on a contempt charge, were found guilty and each sentenced to imprisonment for sixty days and fined $50. The men have been removed to the Coshockton county jail. Five of the remaining number were released. The three other cases will be disposed of by Judge Sater later. The restraining injunction was issued three weeks ago.

MINERS' DEATH ROLL.

London, Sept. 19.—The report on the mines and quarries in the Newcastle district states that 114 fatal accidents resulted in 116 deaths, all being single fatalities except one case of a fall of ground and another case of premature explosion of a shot, causing the loss of two lives in each case. Of the fatal accidents, 11 causing 12 deaths occurred in Cumberland; 55 causing 55 deaths, occurred in Durham (North), and 48 causing 49 deaths occurred in Northumberland.

THE COPPER MINERS

Investigations Show That the Men Have Grievances That Should Be Remedied.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 19.—Judge Alfred Murphy has just made his report to Gov. Ferris regarding his investigations as to conditions prevailing at Calumet and other mining towns in that vicinity. He says, "The men have grievances that should be remedied. The employers insist on refusing in their individual discretion re-employment to any striker who has engaged 'in acts of agitation,' or who has 'incited thereto.' To agitate for improved conditions, to agitate for the right of employes to organize, to agitate for any legitimate end is the right of every citizen. To penalize the exercise of that right by refusing employment throughout the copper country to any striker is to put him and his family upon that community practically without employment. It is wrong, fundamentally and wholly wrong in principle. In policy nothing so much reminds me of it as the obtruse course of the Bourbons. It would put the strikers who return to work in the position of sacrificing their fellows who had been loyal in a common cause. The position of the employers that withdrawal from membership in the Federation must be a condition precedent to re-employment is equally arbitrary and untenable. In principle, if any employer can do this, he can, with like propriety, compel withdrawal from any political, religious, or social body as a condition of employment. It is basically un-American. In this tense situation, where power should be used generously and gently, it is a policy which will set men's teeth, evoke in the strikers the spirit of loyalty and sacrifice, and make them ready to suffer desperate hardships before acknowledging any such right in the employer. The respective conditions concerning wages, hours, and other conditions of labor are attended by many considerations, and by different factors in different mines."

INSIST ON DISCIPLINE

Leaders Decide Against a Local Union and Order the Men to Return to Work.

Berlin, Sept. 19.—For the first time in the history of German Labor unions a meeting of leaders has decided against a strike undertaken by a local union and ordered the men to return to work. The case is that of the metal workers at the shipyards of Hamburg who recently struck against the consent of their leaders. The leaders of the German Metal Workers' Union, therefore, met in Berlin to the number of about 150 to take action. It was generally expected that they would be obliged, if only for the sake of preserving the esprit de corps of the organization, to approve of the strike. On the contrary, by a vote of 126 to 18, they passed the following resolution: "This extraordinary general meeting of the German Metal Workers' Union declares, after hearing the statements of the Executive Committee and of the members employed in the shipyards who left work without the consent of the Executive Committee, that this action is not compatible with the principles of union tactics and discipline. It condemns the procedure adopted by those members most emphatically, as this does not appear calculated to increase the fighting strength of the union in face of the united action of the employers in the metal industry."

CALLS IT REVOLUTIONARY.

Madrid, Spain, Sept. 19. — Throughout Spain a strike of miners is threatened, and the Prime Minister has declared that it is a revolutionary movement, promoted by three or four agitators, a bold statement considering the notoriously miserable conditions of the Rio Tinto and other miners. As a matter of fact, at a meeting in the North, as many as 1,729 miners have voted for the strike and only seventy-two against, and at another, 8,348 were in favor of a fight and only 182 against the strike. The present movement started among the 25,000 miners of the Huelva (Rio Tinto) district, and is being joined by 24,000 miners in Asturia, 14,000 in Vizcaya, 10,000 in Murcia, and 7,000 in Santander. The miners demand a 25 per cent increase in wages, and the introduction of the principle of the minimum wage.

ENFORCING THE LAW.

New York, Sept. 19.—Eleven men were fined or given the alternative of prison sentence for smoking in factories by the Court of Special Sessions. Samuel Adelson, a clothing manufacturer, pleaded to two charges. On one of smoking in his factory he paid a fine of $50 and a similar fine for having the doors of a workroom locked during business hours. Nine of the smokers were fined $20 each or thirty ayds in prison.

WAS IT CRIMINAL NEGLIGENCE?

Steubensville, Ohio, Sept. 19.—One man was burned to death and two others probably fatally injured this afternoon by a gas explosion in a furnace at the Carnegie Steel Company's plant, at Mingo.

THE STONE CUTTERS

After Endless Striving for the Last Thirteen Years Have Almagamated.

Indiananopils, Ind., Sept. 19. — General President Sam Griggs, of the Journeymen Stone Cutters' Association, writes: "After endless striving for the last thirteen years at the cost of thousands of dollars against a dual organization, which has been maintained by the employers, for the purpose of keeping the stone cutters divided, an agreement has at last been reached. Officers of the Journeymen Stone Cutters' Association have succeeded in wiping out of existence entirely this dual body, which has caused untold hardships to be endured by the members of the legitimate organization of stone cutters, chartered by the American Federation of Labor. This elimination is the result of an agreement entered into with the employers, who formerly employed members of the dual organization, and is to the effect that they will turn over all of their shops to our Association and in the future will employ only members of the Journeymen Stone Cutters' Association; and it is further agreed that all members of the independent union, about 2,000, will be admitted as members of our Association on the payment of a stated initiation fee. This agreement and the consequent elimination of the independent union practically assures our Association 100 per cent of organizations throughout the United States and Canada. It will also make possible the organization of the entire exterior marble industry (it is unorganized today) under the banner of the Journeymen Stone Cutters' Association of America, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

PAINTERS' VICTORIOUS

Practically All Demands of the Union Were Conceded By the Employers.

New York, Sept. 19.—Fifteen thousand painters and paperhangers, members of the International Painters and Paperhangers' Union, who were on strike twelve days have returned to work, the fight having ended in a complete victory for them. Practically all of the demands of the union were conceded by the employers at a conference between both sides. By the terms of the agreement, which will expire in the first week of September, 1914, the workers win a forty-four-hour workweek; a strictly closed shop; not less than $5.40 a day for painters, and 30 and 35 cents a roll for paperhangers; insurance of the worker by the employer against accident, the permission to have a delegate of the union in each shop; legal holidays off with pay, the first of May to be deemed a holiday; time and a half for overtime; the provision of all materials, including scaffolds and appurtenances, &c., by the employer; the employer while at work on the job is to be subject to all the union regulations. This organization is not connected with the International Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers of America, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. It is composed largely of Hebrews from the East Side, who are engaged in repair work.

LABOR DAY INJUNCTION BILL.

Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 19.—Labor Day celebration in this city was by far the greatest and most successful ever pulled off in this State. It was held in the beautiful Ostrich Farm Park, under the auspices of the Central Trades and Labor Council. Addresses were made by Mayor Van C. Swearingen (a union man), who was introduced by William E. Terry, former General Organizer of the A. F. of L., who acted as chairman of the day. He also made a short address on general labor topics. Labor Day was more generally observed in the State of Florida this year than at any time since the annual celebrations were established. The unions, through their representatives, are doing good work among the unorganized, and are assisting to write some of the laws on the statute books of the State for the uplift of its present and future citizens.

SHORTER HOURS; MORE WAGES.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 19.—The Electrical Fixture Workers' Union of this city presented a demand for an increase of 40 cents per day and 44 hours per week. The previous wage was $4 per day and 44 hours for four months and 48 hours for the remaining eight months. After a conference with the employers an adjustment was reached granting a higher rate of wage and establishing a permanent 44-hour week.

INCREASED WAGES GRANTED.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 19.—The Molders employed by the firm of Davis & Farnum and the Waltham Foundry Company have been on strike since June 1, demanding an increase in wages and improved shop conditions. An adjustment has just been reached whereby an increase of 25 cents per day over the minimum wage has been granted, and the men have returned to work.

TO CONTINUE THE BATTLE

No Serious Outbreaks Have Occurred Since the Killing of a Young Girl.

Calumet, Mich., Sept. 19.—The soldiers still continue active in protecting the few scabs who are working. No serious outbreaks have occurred since the killing of the young girl several days ago. At Kearsage mounted artillery scattered men and women pickets, riding down those who refused to move from the posts. Such pickets as were on duty were prevented from approaching strike-breakers either on their way to or from the mines. The militia and "deputies" are according the same treatment to pickets throughout the copper country, but in spite of their efforts to discourage the strikers and depress them, they have on several occasions held very largely attended parades. The militia men are charged with having vigorously used the butts of their rifles on strikers at Larium when they attempted to interfere with the strikes' progress. In order to discourage the strikers a story has been widely circulated through the press that orders have been given for woolen uniforms for 500 men; sweaters and gloves have also been ordered. The force of militia has been reduced to 500, and Gen. Abbey has announced that it will be maintained at that figure until a settlement of the strike is reached. Notwithstanding these preparations for a winter campaign on the part of the State, the men are by no means discouraged, as the contributions are coming in freely, and sufficient funds will be furnished by the various appeals sent out to keep the wolf from the door for some time yet. The United Mine Workers of Illinois have just deposited $100,000 to the credit of the leaders in the strike district.

DIVIDENDS ARE HIGHER

In Recent Years Labor has Absorbed a Great Deal of the Revenues of the Railroads.

New York, Sept. 19.—Most people have probably forgotten that the railroads are still trying to forestall, or at least minimize, a wage advance demanded by the conductors and trainmen on the fifty-two Eastern roads. The board of arbitration named by the companies and the labor unions has not been sitting through the summer, but will meet soon for organization. The tendency in recent years has been for labor to absorb more and more of the revenues of the railroads. In 1902 wages consumed 38.9 cents out of every dollar paid to the carriers. In 1912 labor got 43.9 cents. In the ten years following 1902 the total operating revenues of all railroads in this country increased 64.6 per cent, while operating costs increased 75.5 per cent, and wages 84.9 per cent. At that rate wages would finally absorb the entire margin of profit if not checked by an increase in rates or wholesale reductions in the number of men engaged in the transportation business.

CHARGE 8-HOUR LAW VIOLATION

At a recent meeting of the C. L. U. of this city charges were filed against several high government officials who, it is alleged, are flagrantly violating the eight-hour law. The charges were brought by a representative of the Machinists' Union, who declared that he had in his possession data to prove the allegations made. It is said that in one department a high official was letting contracts to private firms, whose employes work nine hours a day. The price stipulated was about double that for which the work could be done in government shops. A committee was appointed to act with representatives of the American Federation of Labor to investigate the charges. If proof for violation of the law is established prosecutions will probably follow.

CANNERIES PROSECUTED.

Bellingham, Wash., Sept. 19.—Following investigations made by State Labor Commissioner E. W. Olson and Mrs. Theresa McMahon, representing the Industrial Welfare Commission of the State, information was filed in the Superior Court here in ninety separate cases against salmon cannery owners for violation of the child labor law by employing children under 14 years old without permits from the Juvenile Court. Every cannery in the county, except the Carlisle Packing Company and the Lummi Bay Company, is represented in the wholesale filing of charges. The fine on conviction may be $10 or a maximum of $500, which makes it possible for the total in fines to reach $45,000.

A HEALTHY INCREASE.

London, England, Sept. 19.—For the past quarter the Gas Workers and General Laborers' Union reports tremendous increases in membership. The figures are as follows: London, 3,295; Lancashire, 4,622; Leeds, 4,087; Birmingham, 4,017; Sheffield, 2,000; Northern, 4,824; South Wales, 859; East Coast, 2,585, and Midlands, 1,089; total, 28,378. With the increase noted in the organizations named the total membership is now 120,856.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not la ter than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL ALEXANDRIA 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 19, 1913.

The joke seldom makes an enemy, but it often loses a friend.

The man who smokes is all right—the lamp that smokes is all wrong.

Clear skies and a spirit of national brotherhood seem to vie with each other in the homage paid to Labor Day—a benediction, as it were.

The changes that were made during the past week at the G. P. O., by the Public Printer seem to have met with universal approval, and the delegates to the Central Labor Union were especially pleased to hear that one of their members—one in whom they have placed great confidence—was fortunate enough to receive a promotion, and the Public Printer made no mistake when he honored Brother Luke F. Ludlow who acts as the custodian of the purse of the Central Labor Union.

ASSESSORSHIP FIGHT.

The readers of Washington's evening newspapers were treated to an entertaining verbiage warfare during the past week over the appointment of Mr. E. W. Oyster as an Assessor of the District. The argument that has been put forth by the paper that is apparently fighting this appointment is ludicrous, for if a residence in the District (with the exception of a trip once a year to Pennsylvania to exercise the right of franchise) of almost a half a century is not sufficient to make Mr. Oyster eligible to fill this position in strict compliance with the law, we fail to see how any body could more fully carry out its provisions in so far as the residence clause is concerned, and any attempt to deprive him of this position for such a technical objection would be the rankest kind of injustice.

We do not believe that this is the real reason for the fight that is being waged on Mr. Oyster, but are of the opinion that if the truth were to be told and the real facts given we would find that the interests that are doing the fighting are the same ones that are trying to oust Commissioner Newman, and the real reason for this fight is not the technical excuse given, but, because of the views that Mr. Oyster entertains on the question of assessments and taxation—views that he has time and time again expressed publicly—and the interests that have controlled the affairs of the District for so long and have been the recipients of unjust favors at the hands of the Assessors as to the valuation of property in the District evidently see the handwriting on the wall and realize that, with such an efficient and capable official as Mr. Oyster will unquestionably prove to be, and with the thorough knowledge that he possesses regarding the proper valuation of our down town property, the day of reckoning is at hand and that these same interests will have to stand their proper share of the burdens of taxation.

We hope that the attempt to oust Mr. Oyster and Commissioner Newman will prove futile, and we are sure that the working class of people will receive a more equitable deal than they have in the past.

THE LOBBY HEARING.

The investigation that has been in progress for several weeks past by a committee of the House looking into the charges made by M. M. Mulhall, is about to come to close. During the past week the committee had before them as a witness Mr. Samuel Gompers, and the testimony that he gave as to the activities on the part of the A. F. of L., in influencing legislation, and the reasons for such activity redounded to the credit of the whole labor movement.

His lucid description of the legislation in which the Federation was interested in, and, the humanitarian reasons that prompted them to take such interest and the fight that had been waged by the N. A. M., against this legislation was a revelation to the committee whose members paid strict attention to everything that he had say. That he made a profound impression on the committee could easily be seen, and his explanation of the openess with which the Federation acted in all its undertakings was a splendid refutation of the slanderous and malicious attack that had been made on the Federation by Mr. John Kirby, ex-president of the N. A. M., a few days previous.

We believe that great good will come to the people from this investigation and the professional lobbyist will soon be a creature of the past, and that they will have to seek other fields in which to ply their nefarious traffic. While the committee have sufficient data from which they can recommend corrective legislation, we were in hopes that they would have given a little consideration to the insidious lobby that was at work on the Oleomargarine Bill at the last session of Congress, for we are of the belief that some information of a startling character to the Trades Unionists would have been brought to light and also it might have been enlightening if they had made a cursory investigation into the Universal Transfers Bill to see if improper agencies were not at work on this bill and if the sudden ceasing of activities on the part of certain persons who professed to be deeply interested in this legislation was on account of any act of the agents for the local Railway Companies, but we suppose that the committee could go on indefinitely making an inquiry into the corrupt practices in so far as certain legislation is concerned, but it may be that the committee will yet take up these matters.

CONVENTION CALL

American Federation of Labor Issues Call For Thirty-Third Annual Convention.

American Federatian of Labor Headquarters, 801-809 G. Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

September 10, 1913.

To all Affiliated Unions, Greeting:

You are hereby notified that, in pursuance to the Constitution of the American Federation of Labor, the Thirty-third Annual Convention of the American Federation of Labor will be held at Eagles Hall (or at another hall which the Executive Council may later select) beginning ten o'clock Monday morning, November 10, 1913, and will continue in session from day to day until the business of the Convention has been completed.

REPRESENTATION.

Representation in the Convention will be on the following basis: From National or International Unions, for less than 4,000 members, one delegate; 4,000 or more, two delegates; 8,000 or more, three delegates; 16,000 or more, four delegates; 32,000 or more, five delegates; 64,000 or more, six delegates; 128,000 or more, seven delegates, and so on; and from Central Bodies and State Federations, and from local trade unions not having a National or International Union, and from Federal Labor Unions, one delegate.

Organizations to be entitled to representation must have obtained a certificate of affiliation (charter) at least one month prior to the Convention; and no person will be recognized as a delegate who is not a member in good standing of the organization he is elected to represent.

Only bona fide wage workers, who are not members of, or eligible to membership in other trade unions, are eligible as delegates from Federal Labor Unions.

Delegates must be selected at least two weeks previous to the Convention, and their names forwarded to the Secretary of the American Federation of Labor immediately after their election.

Delegates are not entitled to seats in the Convention unless the tax of their organizations has been paid in full to September 30, 1913.

It is, of course, entirely unnecessary here to enumarate the imminent important subjects with which our forthcoming Convention will concern itself, but the reminder is not at all amiss that every effort must be made to broaden the field and means for the organization of the yet unorganized workers, to strive to bring about, more effectually than ever, a better day in the lives and homes of the toilers, to defend and maintain by every honorable means in our power the right to organize for our common defense and advancement, for the exercise of our normal and constitutional activities to protect and promote the rights and interests of the workers; and to assert at any risk the freedom of speech and of the press and the equal rights before the law of every worker with every other citizen. These and other great questions of equal importance will, of necessity, occupy the attention of the Seattle Convention.

Therefore the importance of our movement, the duty of the hour and for the future, demand that every organization entitled to representation shall send its full quota of delegates to the Seattle Convention, November 10, 1913.

Do not allow favoritism to influence you in selecting your delegates. Be fully represented.

Be represented by your ablest, best, most experienced, and faithful members.

CREDENTIALS.

Credentials in duplicate are forwarded to all affiliated unions. The original credentials must be given to the delegate-elect and the duplicate forwarded to the American Federation of Labor office, 801-809 G Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C.

The Committee on Credentials will meet at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor six days previous to the opening of the Convention, and will report immediately upon the opening thereof at Seattle; hence secretaries will observe the necessity of mailing the duplicate credentials of their respective delegates at the earliest possible moment to Washington, D. C.

GRIEVANCES.

Under the law no grievance can be considered by the Convention which has been decided by a previous Convention, except upon the recommendation of the Executive Council, nor will any grievance be considered where the parties thereto have not themselves previously held conference and attempted to adjust the same.

If there be any further information regarding the Convention, or the arrangements for the convenience of the delegates, it will be communicated in a later circular, or through the American Federationist.

SAM'L GOMPERS, President.
FRANK MORRISON, Secretary.
JAMES DUNCAN, First Vice-Pres.
JOHN MITCHELL, Second V. P.
JAMES O'CONNELL, Third V. P.
D. A. HAYES, Fourth V. P.
WM. D. HUBER, Fifth V. P.
JOS. F. VALENTINE, Sixth V. P.
JOHN R. ALPINE, Seventh V. P.
H. B. PERHAM, Eighth V. P.
JOHN B. LENNON, Treasurer.
Executive Council A. F. of L.

BAKERY SALESMEN

Once more it becomes our pleasure to record the fact that one of our members has had the foresight to quit the bread business, where all his energy was given in the interest of an employer, and embark in a business venture for himself.

Bro. Albert Robinson is the fortunate and progressive member above referred to, he having assumed control of the Union Cafe, located at No. 109 Mass. Ave., N. E. The name of the cafe seems decidedly appropriate and appealing, not only from a union viewpoint, but from a business one, for it is merely a continuation of the past work of Bro. Albert Robinson that his business should be known as a "Union Place," as it is his intention that it shall be union in nature as well as in name, as far as it is possible for him to make it so. Bro. Robinson has been a trustee of Local Union No. 33 for the past two years, and has filled the position with great credit to the Local and to himself, as well as to the members who were the cause of his being elected to that responsible position.

Bro. Robinson has stated that it is his intention to carry a full line of union-made cigars and cigarettes, together with other brands of union-made goods which are generally to be found in a first-class cafe.

He therefore requests the patronage of all members of organized labor and their friends, assuring them perfect service and courteous treatment.

The business has until recently been conducted by Mrs. M. L. Twombly, who has made a pronounced success of the venture, and in this way Bro. Robinson has a great advantage over the usual novice in the business, as he already has an established trade.

Here's hoping "Robby," as he has been known to all of the members of No. 33, makes good from the start, and it should be the aim of every one of our members, and all others who wish to repay in a substantial manner a "sure enough union man," to stop in when they are in the neighborhood and give "Robby" a boost.

It is a co-incidence which augurs well for the success of the undertaking that the first customers of Bro. Robinson were the route agent of Corby's bakery (where Bro. R. has been employed), Bro. Thomas, and Bro. Robinson's successor, Bro. Peacock.

Should he exert only a fraction of the energy which he gave to the business of his former employer, his success is a foregone conclusion.

And now, here's wishing you all the success in the world, "Robby."

The matter of hitching and unhitching horses and otherwise caring for their "noble steeds," or rather those of a few employers, will no doubt be settled when these lines are read, as, at the time of going to press, a committee is about to confer with the employing bakers with reference to the same, and the resolution offered by Bro. R. E. Donaldson will, no doubt, become a law of the Local. Then goodby to one of the most troublous small questions which has clouded our horizon for some time. "Can a 'boss baker' go on record as wishing his salesmen to do stable work?" Never!

As soon as the above-mentioned business is cleaned up the matter of securing the applications of the Alexandria salesmen will be attended to, and they, poor, misguided fellows, be brought into OUR "happy family."

The minutes of the Frederick convention having been delayed, a report of the proceedings has not as yet been made to the Local, but we have been told that "galley proofs" will be sent us almost immediately, and that the book which was ordered will follow as soon as is possible. Well, we are eager to see the proofs. Some of our radicals want to know what was going on.

JAS. L. CONSIDINE.

STRIKE AGAINST MONOPOLY.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 19.—Disputes over the quantity and quality of powder used at the Franklin colliery of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company resulted in 800 men going on strike. This brings the total of striking miners in the city up to 2,000. General Manager Chase, of the Lehigh Company, said that he objected to the men purchasing powder from peddlers, as has been the custom. The peddler offered a much lower rate than the company imposes, but the contention is that his powder is inferior and more apt to cause trouble.

SETTLEMENT REACHED.

Cincinnati, Sept. 19. — Representatives of the Brotherhood of Railway Clerks and the officers of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad have succeeded in reaching an agreement, and there will be no strike of the clerks. The exact nature of the settlement is not known, but the statement was made by officers of the brotherhood that the adjustment was entirely satisfactory to them. A strike vote had been taken and the men were prepared to cease work on receiving notification that an adjustment was not reached.

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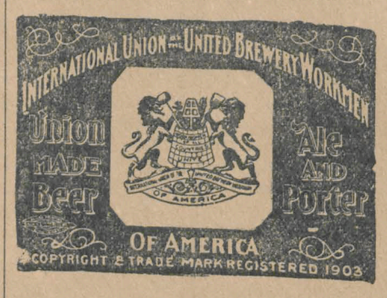

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

A newspaper heading tells me that "Eugene Foss assails the union." This is the gentleman whose election as governor of Massachusetts was made possible on two occasions by the votes of trades unionists. A changeling in politics and a somewhat noted player to the grandstand, his attacks cause little surprise to the thoughtful among us and certainly do us but slight if any harm. Governor Foss is not even original in his treatment of the unions, for he is not the first by any means to practice the art of throwing away the lemon after squeezing it dry.

* * *

Mr. William Leath, a well-known operator on the Washington Times and one of Columbia Union's ardent and intelligent workers, had the great pleasure during the past week of entertaining his brother, Joseph Leath, of the Denver Post. The latter, who is well known in printer circles of Denver, has been making quite a holiday tour of the East, accompanied by his wife, and they will return by the Southern route, stopping at Birmingham to visit friends and relatives before the return to Denver. The Leath brothers visited the Printery while Joseph was here, and that gentleman had the pleasure of viewing and admiring the wonders of the greatest printing office on earth and also holding a mighty fine "session" with his old-time Birmingham friend, John Openshaw, of the proof room.

* * *

William F. Reed, whose severe illness was noted herein two or three weeks ago, has returned to his home in this city, and I am glad to know that he is much improved. "Billy," who is employed in the proof room of the Government Printing Office, has many friends there and elsewhere who join this writer in the hope that he will soon be O. K. again.

* * *

Public Printer Ford has appointed Dr. Benjamin H. Swain to the position of medical director at night in the Printing Office. The doctor has served in various divisions of the Office, and was one of the nervy breed of printers who worked at the case by day and studied at night and thus became an M. D.—a performance at once creditable and requiring grit and brains, for its accomplishment. Dr. Swain is now and has been for about two years past a member of the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of Columbia Union, rendering excellent service to the organization in that capacity. He is well equipped for the position which the Public Printer has wisely assigned him.

* * *

Mr. F. H. Barnhart, a member of No. 101 who was stricken with paralysis several months ago, will return to this city about the first of October, after an extended visit to friends and relatives in New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. It is a matter of keen regret to "Barney's" many friends that he is still far from being a well man.

* * *

The Public Printer recently promoted a goodly number of his printer employees to reponsible positions in the Office, and among these I notice the names of Maurice Spencer, of Mississippi, who becomes assistant foreman of the hand section, day; George G. Wilson, of Georgia, foreman of the hand section, night; Stanley Ridings, of Missouri, foreman of the monotype section; Claude E. Haines, of West Virginia, assistant foreman of the monotype section, night; James H. Broadnax, of Arkansas, foreman of the Library branch; Edward M. Nevils, of Tennessee, foreman of the Congressional Record, night; Wm. J. McEvoy, of New York, foreman of the Congressional Record, day. These gentlemen are all loyal members of Columbia Union and all have to their credit long and capable service in the National Printery.

* * *

Mr. F. C. Roberts, ex-president and ex-delegate of Columbia Union, was taken ill on Friday last, and it became necessary to perform a surgical operation on him at a local hospital on Monday following. At last accounts Mr. Roberts was progressing nicely toward complete recovery. Few men are more widely known to the printers' craft than is Brother Roberts, and every one will hope that he will have an illness of short duration.

* * *

Brother Luke F. Ludlow was among the lucky ones in a recent distribution of promotions by Public Printer Ford in the bindery of the Printery, securing one of the foremanships. Luke is an enthusiastic member of the Bookbinders Union and is also treasurer of the Central Labor Union of this city, and his promotion pleases lots of people.

* * *

J. V. Johnson, treasurer of Columbia Union and a constant and entertaining contributor to the columns of this paper, has been very sick for more than a week past, his illness being of such a nature as to require an operation. Word from the hospital conveys the pleasing information that he is improving, and I trust that a few days more will see him restored to health and his usual activity.

* * *

The Washington printer baseball players who went to Pittsburgh to the sixth annual tournament of the Union Printers' National Baseball League covered much ground in the games and themselves with glory. They won every game they played and brought back the Hermann trophy that signifies the championship of the league, and, incidentally, they had a splendid time from the social and sight-seeing standpoint. The members of the association, it is expected, will in a short while tender something worth while to the clean-cut group of players who reflected so much credit on the Washington printers. They deserve well of their fellow-craftsmen.

* * *

This story of a bill has nothing to do with the Bill who writes the Bits, but it is well worth passing along for printer readers: "Bill had a bill-board and Bill had a board bill, and Bill's board bill bored Bill till Bill sold Bill's bill-board to pay Bill's board bill, and then Bill's board bill no longer bored Bill."

W. N. BROCKWELL.

MOVING PICTURE NOTES

In justice to the Colonial Theatre the complaint of the painters at the meeting of the Central Labor Union, September 8, was investigated by our business agent, who found the contracting painter boss, one Mr. Drew, did not live up to a signed agreement which called for the work to be done by union painters, and, instead, used the worst ever. We understand the painters have also had the work investigated and found the manager, Mr. Henderson, not to blame. Furthermore, the painters will assist in pushing a hard proposition to Mr. Drew, which will do justice to all concerned and protect the manager in the future.

Winner in the Voice for $20.00 in Gold, No. 2436, was our genial friend, T. J. Dennean, 1378 F Street, N. E., better known as the Mayor of the Northeast, a plate printer only because he likes the work and its company. Peter Moss and Jake Rosenbaum tried hard to get the Voice. However, some one said Jew luck, and I'll see you with our old friend Peck tonight.

THOROUGHLY UNION

The attention of our readers is directed to Mr. J. J. Fuller, of No. 60 H Street, N. W., as one deserving the patronage of every union man who frequents this neighborhood. He has shown himself to be a real sympathizer with trades unionism by his actions during the printers' strike. He carries a full line of union-made cigars and tobacco and periodicals, and courteous treatment and kindly appreciation will be shown to every one giving Mr. Fuller a call.

GOT RAISE BY ORGANIZING.

St. Thomas, Ont., Sept. 19.—The plumbers here who were formerly unorganized, made a demand for an increase, but because their employers appeared not disposed to grant the increase immediately, a strike was called. The officials of the Trades and Labor Council took the matter in hand and perfected an organization and secured an adjustment of the difficulty. The employers have now agreed to pay a scale of 35 cents per hour until November 1, when it will be further raised to 37 1-2 cents per hour, this being the scale formerly demanded by the men.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Meets Every Monday Night
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Telephone: Lincoln 2919
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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

arbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O.Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 Q street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Sectary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, Wm. H. Young, 415 7th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

My home burg is known the world over as a racing town. A boy born in a race town ought to be able to pick winners. Under date of July 25 this column contained this paragraph: "In making up your list of Who's Who in the bindery section place the names of Luke Ludlow and Waverly Taylor well up toward the top." On Saturday last Messrs. Ludlow and Taylor were placed in charge of the gold room and the fifth floor, respectively.

—

Back from the Columbus house early during a recent luncheon period I walked south past the office of the night foreman of printing, to discover what disposition had been made of the space formerly occupied by the abolished editorial section. It was still vacant, but as I attempted to pass behind one of the tall cabinets into the supply division I found my egress blocked by an elderly gentleman—a stranger—seated in an arm chair, a field glass resting between his knees.

"When did Capt. Chisholm put to work?" I blurted.

"He didn't; it was Merrit Chance."

Then I realized the function of the field glass. He was in the lookout's chair for the Postoffice across the way.

"I know that Chance has made some assignments, but you better wait until next winter, when the building is occupied, before you start to work."

"That's where you're behind," was the reply. "Perhaps you failed to note, because of the high fence, the distribution room in full blast every night."

And he handed me the glass, with "A powerful telescope, made in Berlin. The windows of the two buildings, being added lenses, really assist the glass."

Adjusting the instrument, I commanded a view of the lower floor of the new postoffice department, where, as the gentleman stated, an active force were engaged in the distribution of the mails—the remainder of the building, uncompleted, wrapped in shadow. So sharply was the scene magnified I could almost decipher the addresses on the letters as they were being carried along a giant belt. The majority of the envelopes were white, with many green and pink ones, shorter than the white, dropping into separate slots, on the order of the mats on a merg.

"What significance is attached to the pink ones?" was my inquiry.

"That is the color scheme invented by your Mr. Doty. You ought to know Doty."

"Oh, yes; I tipped him off to that job he has as foreman of the envelope division. When I learned that Mr. Ford was likely to put a plant in the old building for the printing of Uncle Sam's envelopes I passed the word to him and he applied for and secured the foremanship."

"Under an order of the Postmaster General, which will be incorporated into law at the coming session of Congress, the short pink envelopes are to be used only by the Treasury. They stand for the words expedite and safeguard. During the seasen for moving the crops Secretary McAdoo's mail is heavy—you know the direct-loan proposition."

"And the green ones?"

"Are for the Patent Office, an institution grown so rapidly as to require a night force of examiners. A reply to some of those letters will go out tomorrow morning. A case as to the date of the birth of a patent, involving millions, was decided by the postal clerk's stamp on the envelope."

"What becomes of the letters when they disappear in those slots?" I next inquired.

"The tubes carry them"—

"That's where I get you. The tube idea, connecting the departments, was very severely frowned on by the Appropriation Committee."

"These two experimental ones were put in by a London compressed-air tube company without expense to the Government. But here is something that will interest you," and taking the instrument from my hand he focused it on another window in the building. "Here is where they make up the city mail."

A huge easel, divided into compartments, occupied one end of the room. Seated at a table heaped with mail in front of it were a number of elderly gentlemen, dexterously distributing the letters to their respective places. I noted that time might have been able to whiten their locks, but it failed to break the audacity of the curls that clustered around their temples.

"Has that a familiar look?" I was asked.

"That easel is a counterpart of the printers' case."

"A replica of the case and the employment of the printer is being utilized in many of the large cities."

They never forget the boxes. Here was a city of refuge for the aged printer after he could no longer mono or lino and proof—when down the corridor from Chairman Hogan came the call of "time," and I had been but a fraction of a moment with my face against the pane.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

James D. Shirley, probationary compositor.

J. Fred Roxbrough and Charles J. Meagher, temporary compositors.

Richard E. B. Wakefield, William Doolan, Edward J. Fahey, Winfred M. Robey, and James E. Jeffries, probationary messenger boys.

Separations.

Michael Harris, bookbinder in charge, resigned.

Brower S. Clark, temporary messenger boy, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Wilver Conner and Frank R. Lanahan, skilled laborers, 25 cents per hour, binding division; Martin R. Speelman, officeman, 70 cents per hour; Charles E. Rudy, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, monotye section, night; Louis P. Kenney, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, hand section; Thomas J. Rowe, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night; George J. Hurst, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; Walter H. Oliver, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section; Charles C. Covert, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section; John A. Patterson, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; Elmer M. Webster, bookbinder in charge, 70 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section; Michael M. Sweetman, bookbinder in charge, 70 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section; Luke F. Ludlow, bookbinder in charge, 70 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; Mrs. Eva A. Hilton and Mrs. Mary E. Dow, skilled laborers, departmental detail roll; Frank McDermot, compositor, 50 cents per hour, hand section; David J. Roberts, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, day; George G. Wilson, assistant foreman, 80 cents per hour, hand section, night; James H. Broadnax, acting foreman, $2,000 per annum, Library of Congress branch printing section; John McConnel, bookbinder in charge, 60 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; Richard C. Lohmeyer, acting foreman, $2,000 per annum, Library of Congress branch binding section; James E. Cogan, acting foreman, $2,000 per annum, forwarding and finishing section; Timothy Shea, assistant foreman, 75 cents per hour, pamphlet binding section; Joseph Duffy, acting foreman of binding, $2,500 per annum; Miss Lida J. Usilton, skilled laborer, pamphlet binding section; Edward M. Nevils, acting foreman, $2,250 per annum, linotype section, night; John H. Hooper, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night; Stanley H. Ridings, acting foreman, $2,250 per annum, monotype section, day; Leroy D. Brandon, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night; William J. McEvoy, acting foreman, $2,250 per annum, linotype section, day; Thomas H. Collins, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, hand section, day; Claude E. Haines, acting foreman, $2,250 per annum, monotype section, night; Arthur A. Allison, George O. Atkinson, William Rebuschatis, proof readers, proof section, night to day; John J. Pepper, helper, 40 cents per hour, proof section, day.

HOURS LESS, WAGES MORE.

Minneapolis, Minn., Sept. 19. — Heat Frost Insulators and Asbestos Workers' Local, No. 34, has just signed agreements with all firms of the twin cities, Minneapolis and St. Paul. The agreement is for the eight-hour day, and an increase of 5 to 10 cents an hour, and 45 cents per hour, beginning with September 1, 1913, and continuing up to September 1, 1914, and 50 cents per hour from September 1, 1914, to September 1, 1915. Time and one-half for all overtime, and double time for all work performed on Sundays or legal holidays. No work shall be performed on Labor Day. Local No. 34 is 100 per cent organized. It only required the men in one shop to lay off four hours to get their demands. The other shops signed the agreement without any trouble. This agreement carries with it a clause for arbitration of all disputes between employers and workers during its life.

PROMISING INNOVATION.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 19.—At the Illinois State Federation of Labor Convention, which will be held at Decatur, October 14 to 18, fraternal delegates from the surrounding States and also from the Engineers, Firemen, Conductors, and Trainmen Brotherhoods will be seated. This movement is hoped to result in much good and eventually to bring into closer relations the interest of the workers represented, and also that it will probably result in other State bodies following a similar course. The Decatur meeting will be the largest in the history of the State Federation; 500 delegates are expected to be present, which will make it a record-breaking meeting.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 66 — WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1913. — ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

WANT HIGHER WAGES

Marble Workers' Helpers are Asking for an Increase from $2.50 to $3 per Day.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 26.—After several unsuccessful attempts to meet with members of the National Marble Dealers' Association in order to discuss the increase in wages demanded by Marble Workers' Helpers' Union No. 78, in Milwaukee and other cities in the State, more than sixty-five members of the union have gone on strike. With them went members of Marble Workers' Union No. 9, out in sympathy, and the entire city is now tied up, with the exception of two buildings, which contracts the Pickel Marble Company, of St. Louis, an independent concern, has. This firm has conceded to the demands of the union. The helpers ask for an increase from $2.50 to $3 per day. The Building Trades Council has indorsed the demands made by the union, and if any attempt is made to put nonunion men on the work in place of the strikers the entire building trades craft will be called out.

DIVIDENDS INCREASED

Printers Will Receive $26.16 per Week for Day Work and $29.28 for Night Work.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 26.—Negotiations have been pending since May last between the Typographical Union, No. 30, and the publishers of this city, as a result of a demand made for an increase in wages. The pending dispute has been adjusted and an agreement reached between the parties named above. The result is a new scale, which will run five years, from July 1, 1913, to May 1, 1918, and all increases in pay are retroactive to the first of last May. Journeymen will receive $26.16 per week for day work and $29.28 for night work. The old scale provided $24.50 for day work and $27.50 for night work. The rate per hour under the old scale was 51 cents per hour for day work and 57 1-4 cents per hour for night work The new scale is 54 1-2 cents for day work and 61 cents for night work. Overtime shall be paid for at the rate of price and one-half. A week's work shall consist of not more than 48 hours or not less than 45.

BREAKING POWER OF THE TRUST

An English builder gets the contract for turbine drums for the newest American battleship No. 39 at a little more than one-third the price offered by the lowest American bidder. The accepted bid, $57,436, was submitted by New York agents of the Cyclops Steel and Iron Works, Sheffield, England. It is exceptional for the Navy Department to send a contract abroad, but Acting Secretary Roosevelt held that the action today was justified by the tremendous difference between the English and American prices. The Sheffield bid includes the payment of duty, and by giving the work to the foreign builder the United States saves more than $100,000. There were two American bidders, the Bethlehem Steel Company, $169,568, and the Midvale Steel Company, $160,272.

BLACKSMITHS.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—President Kline, of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers, expects that the coming convention of the brotherhood, which convenes in Sedalia, Mo., October 6, will be made up of a large number of delegates. The convention will undoubtedly make provision for an extended organizing campaign. Unions of blacksmiths have recently been organized at the following places: Coalgate, Okla.; Sedalia, Mo.; Boston, Mass.; Asheville, N. C.; Schenectady, N. Y.; New York, N. Y.; Portsmouth, Va.; Renton, Wash, and Superior, Wis.

WON THEIR BATTLE.

London, Sept. 26.—After a long and hard struggle, lasting many weeks, the Jewish Tailors and Tailoresses' Trade Union has won a great victory. The employers agree to reinstate all employes engaged in the dispute, to dismiss blackleg labor, to grant a 10½-hour working day, and to recognize Trade Unions. The terms of agreement were arranged at a joint conference of workers and employers which lasted nine hours.

SCHOOL TO PREVENT CRIME.

The establishment of a laboratory for the study of criminal, pauper, and defective classes, also the collection of sociological and pathological information, is called for in a bill introduced in the House by Representative O'Leary of New York. The proposed institution will be located in the District of Columbia.

FOUR HUNDRED MINERS STRIKE

Charleston, W. Va., Sept. 26.—Four hundred miners, employes of the Mecca Coal and Coke Company on Morris Creek, struck, demanding the reinstatement of one of their number who had been discharged. Morris Creek is north of Paint and Cabin Creeks in the Kanawha coal field.

WHY THEY DIDN'T SHOOT

Thrilling Tales are Current Regarding the Settlement of the Gold Mine Strike.

Johannesburg, Sept. 26. — Sensational stories are current regarding the conference between the government officials and mine leaders, which resulted in a settlement of the gold mine strike on the Rand on July 5 last. Some of the labor leaders assert that Gen. Louis Botha, former premier of the Union of South Africa, and Gen. Smuts, Minister of the Interior, Mines, and Defense, were compelled at the point of a revolver to sign the agreement. Gen. Smuts has issued a denial of this. After the settlement was signed at the Carlton Hotel, according to Secretary Bain, of the Trades Federation, and Secretary Mathews, of the Miners' Association, all the conferees stood on the balcony of the hotel and observed soldiers with rifles leveled ready to fire at the crowd of demonstrators in the street. Two of the labor leaders again covered Gen. Botha and Gen. Smuts with revolvers. "One more shot and you are dead," said one of them. The ministers thereupon commanded the soldiers not to shoot.

FRIENDLY TO LABOR

The Improved Order of Red Men Had Their Printing Done in Union Shops.

It is reported that the most important matter acted upon at the closing session of the Red Men was the passing of a resolution defining the attitude of the order toward labor unions. On the first day of the convention a motion to have the union label placed on all Red Men stationery was ruled out of order, but fearing that this action would give the impression that the order opposed the labor unions, a resolution was passed declaring that the order was favorable to labor unions, but could not take a stand against nonunion labor by having the union label put on its stationery. It was declared that the order was neither a political nor a religious body, and has both union and nonunion members. It was stated, however, that its printing was done in union shops by union labor.

CLERKS IN REVOLT.

London, Sept. 26.—The "black-coated" worker made his first demonstration in Hyde Park this afternoon in favor of trades unionism, following tactics similar to those adopted by the laborer and artisan, who held meetings in the vicinity. The participants, many of whom were women, were all clerks representing a great variety of employment. They marched from the Thames embankment to Hyde Park wearing black masks, with the declared object of "avoiding victimization." Sandwich boards carried in the procession informed interested persons that 25 per cent of the clerks die of consumption in consequence of the wretched conditions under which they are forced to work. Speakers drew a lurid picture of the underpayment of the clerks, the insanitary conditions prevailing in a majority of the offices and stores, and the slave-driving methods of employers.

TO AID WORLD'S WORKERS.

Berne, Sept. 26.—An international conference for the protection of workers, convoked by the Swiss Federal Council, opened here Tuesday last. E. Schulthess, head of the Swiss Department of Commerce, Industry, and Agriculture, delivered a speech, in which he laid stress on the importance of a conference which has been called by the International Association for the Protection of Workers, with the object of preparing conventions limiting the working day to ten hours for women and young industrial laborers, and also forbidding the employment of the latter in night work. He asked that the Federal Council invite other governments to send delegates to this conference.

MACHINISTS' STRIKE ADJUSTED.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 26.—The strike of Machinists which has been on here for the past eight weeks has been won and with the exception of one shop all have signed agreements covering a fifty-hour week with an increase in wages all around. The fight was for the recognition of the union and for a nine-hour day instead of the ten-hour in force at the time of the strike being called. One firm is still holding out, the Wittmer Company, trading also under the name of the Fitch Engineering Company, making Brewers' supplies. They are employing only twenty men.

FOR ALASKA RAILROAD.

Representative Bryan has introduced in the House a facsimile of the Senator Poindexter Bill, providing for government ownership and operation of railroads and coal mines in Alaska. This measure provides for the regulation of the hours of labor, profit-sharing plans for employes in the coal mines and drastic regulations to prevent any private interests gaining an advantage in Alaska mineral resources.

COPPER MINERS' STRIKE

Now Appears as Though It's Going to be a Long Drawn Out Affair.

New York, Sept. 26.—The restriction of output at the Michigan copper mines, coupled with a demand which gives no sign of abating, is apparently looked upon in the engineering world as a serious matter.

"We are at the present time witnessing a remarkable situation in copper," says The Engineering and Mining Journal, "the world's stock having been reduced to the lowest figure on record since the American statistics have been reported, while the demand for consumption continues unabated. The statistical position was already strong before the Michigan strike occurred. The cessation of copper from that source was felt very quickly, inasmuch as that copper does not have to be refined electrolytically, and goes directly from the smelteries near the mines to the consumers. Whereas in the case of electrolytic copper about three months from mine to consumer is a normal time. Lake copper is ordinarily less than a month in transit.

"It appears now that the Michigan strike is going to be a long drawn-out affair. Even if it were settled tomorrow it would be many months before the former rate of production could be regained. Many of the mines are filling with water, and the exodus of miners from the district will produce a shortage of labor that will check operations for a long time. Eventually the companies probably will have to offer higher wages in order to secure the men that they want. In the meanwhile the producers of electrolytic copper can offer only partial assistance, inasmuch as the refineries of the country are already being operated at nearly their full capacity.

"The copper market has consequently worked itself into a dangerous position."

JAPAN'S UNEMPLOYED PROBLEM

Tokyo, Japan, Sept. 26.—Like many other great cities, Tokyo has an unusually large number of unemployed, and it is increasing at an alarming figure. Many of those locating here come from the country with high ambitions. In a short time they discover that all desirable positions have been previously preempted and find it extremely difficult to secure employment. This summer the number of unemployed has been exceptionally large, most of the men being in the prime of life, and are sometimes found in desperate condition, wanting for the actual necessaries of life and having nothing to eat for days at a time. This same condition is reported to be true of many of the larger cities, and no doubt is one of the causes which is forcing the government to seek some place to locate this large surplus in order to avoid serious complications, and a probable revolution, unless some means is secured to relieve the extraordinary pressure that is felt at the present time.

COMPANY LIABLE FOR DAMAGE.

A yard clerk was killed while proceeding to meet an incoming interstate freight train for the purpose of taking down the numbers and initials on the cars, of inspecting and making a record of the seals on the car doors, of checking the cars on the conductor's list, and of labeling them to guide the switching crews. The Supreme Court of the United States held, in the case of St. Louis, &c., Railway Company vs. Seale, that the yard clerk was employed in interstate commerce within the meaning of the employers' liability act of April 22, 1908, giving a right of recovery against a carrier for the death of an employe while so employed, although the yard might be a terminal for the particular train by which he was killed, and none of the cars were going to points beyond.

TO REPEAL CHILD LABOR LAW.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 26.—Special hearings in textile centers of the Bay State, beginning at New Bedford, will be held to hear opinions on the new child labor law by the special committee of the House of Representatives, appointed to investigate conditions surrounding the employment of women and children in Massachusetts. Since the law went into effect, September 1, hundreds of minors are said to have been discharged in Lawrence and Lowell. Representatives Sanborn of Lawrence, and Achin of Lowell, said in view of the fact many employers have absolutely refused to continue the employment of minors under the restrictions imposed, they felt it would be better to repeal the statute than work women and children eight hours a day.

TEAMSTERS' STRIKE ENDS.

Cincinnati, Sept. 26.—The strike of the Teamsters, which has been in progress for the past two months, has terminated, the men returning to work at increased wages and improved working conditions. The men will maintain their organization and strive to increase its membership, which now approximates close to 4,000 in the various unions.

TO ADOPT A. F. OF L. PLAN

The French Confederation is Said to be Split Into Two Factions.

Paris, France, Sept. 26.—The French General Confederation of Labor is said to be split into two factions, one known as the "Red," and the other as the "Yellow," designated as the conservative and the revolutionary groups. Other subdivisions are also said to exist as the result of cynicalism and opposition to three-year service in the army. One faction today is advocating a general strike. The other and larger group is inviting labor unions to redouble their activities and is encouraging the growing opposition among the working classes. This last is the official attitude of the Confederation of Labor, and as the "Reds" are dominant, this rather vague program is taken by the French government as a sign that the numerous arrests of labor leaders, for anti-military teachings, have had effect. It is predicted that the Confederation will scarcely need a dissolution order from the government, but that it will fall of its own accord. Whatever happens, there is a strong movement on foot throughout France among labor leaders to build up a new Confederation upon the ruins of the old, patterning it as far as possible after the American Federation of Labor in the United States.

RAILROAD MEN FEDERATE

Conductors Favorably Consider the Plan Indorsed by Other Labor Bodies.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 26.—The conductors' organization met here and favorably considered the plan which has already been indorsed by other labor bodies among the train operatives of the New Haven Railroad. Heretofore the engineers, the firemen, the trainmen, and the conductors have not been closely allied and were not at all apt to support each other by sympathetic strikes. Now it was learned that because of the attitude taken toward the men by General Manager Bardo and Vice President Whaley, so much dissatisfaction had been engendered among all the operating department laborers that they are perfecting a federation plan under which each of the brotherhoods will retain its individual organization while at the same time being a part of the large unit for the purpose of dealing with the New Haven Railroad management concerning working conditions.

COPPER DIVIDENDS CUT.

New York, Sept. 26.—Dividend action by mining companies whose properties are in the Lake Superior region gave further evidence of the effect of the prolonged strike following a reduction of the Calumet and Hecla's quarterly disbursement a few days ago. It was learned that Directors of the Wolverine Mining Company had decided to postpone a vote on the semi-annual payment due on October 1 until the strike was ended and the mines again producing ore. The company has been paying $10 a year since the rate was lowered from $17.50 in 1908. The Copper Range Consolidated Company cut its quarterly return to shareholders from 75 cents a share to 50 cents. The latest news from the scene of trouble goes to show that the deadlock between employers and the union miners in the affected territory is holding as rigidly as at any time since the strike was called nine weeks ago.

CIGARMAKERS.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—The approval of the Cigarmakers' International Union has been given to the local unions in Newark, N. J.; Dubuque, Iowa, and Hibbing, Minn., to seek a revision of their scales of prices to a higher level, these revisions affecting approximately 500 cigarmakers. The local union of cigarmakers in Boston is urging the Representatives in Congress from Massachusetts to use their influence to prevent any increase in the number of Philippine cigars coming into this country.

SECURE CLOSED SHOP.

Dallas, Sept. 26.—The Building Trades Council has finally succeeded in securing an agreement from the Slaughter Construction Co., one of the largest employers of labor in this city, which has previously been in the habit of working a few non-union men on all of its jobs. At last the building trades organizations have become sufficiently unified to force the issue, and a decision was made to do away with the "open shop" policy, and the company will hereafter employ union men.

GARMENT WORKERS GET RAISE

Dallas Tex., Sept. 26.—A new price list has been negotiated between the union clothing manufacturers of this city and local union, No. 240, of the United Garment Workers, whereby they will receive a slight increase in wages, as well as better working conditions. Miss Marguerite Daley, International Organizer, assisted the local union in completing the new agreement.

PEARL BUTTON WORKERS

After a Struggle Lasting Twenty Weeks Won all Their Demands.

New York, Sept. 26.—After a bitter struggle lasting twenty weeks, the pearl button workers who were on strike for a shorter workday, an increase in wages and recognition of their union, won all their demands, the outstanding bosses yielding after a lengthy conference. As a result, 800 workers have returned to work, 700 of the 1,500 originally involved having previously made settlements with these bosses. Four representatives of the organization, the Pearl Button Workers' Union, Local 14077, of the A. F. of L., were in conference with the bosses several hours before the settlement was reached. The A. F. of L. financed the lengthy struggle. Only one boss, employing twelve workers, refused to yield, and the strike will continue at his place. P. F. Duffy, the A. F. of L. organizer, who has been prominent in the fight, declared yesterday afternoon: "The settlement is a clean-cut victory for the workers. It has taught the bosses a lesson in that they cannot beat a mass of strongly organized insistent workers. The organization has been materially strengthened by the strike. The workers stuck together valiantly." The victorious workers will only work nine hours per day hereafter instead of the ten and twelve hours, as before, and they will get increases in wages varying from 10 to 20 per cent. The bosses have agreed to recognize the union.

TO BUILD AUTOMOBILES

Leading Standard Oil Stockholders are Contemplating this Move.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 26.—It is reported that leading Standard Oil stockholders are preparing to take over three of the largest automobile factories in the United States. A dispatch from Columbus announces the fact that the Rockefeller Motor Company has been incorporated and that its principle place or business will be in this city. The automobile industry is closely related to Standard Oil interests, for the various companies produce most of the gasoline. It is said to be the purpose of these intending purchasers to market cars at prices varying from $350 to $1,000, making their profit by lopping off the agents and advertising, now such an important part of the automobile companies' equipment. And the problems of decreasing gasoline production and increasing use of gasoline by automobiles, so difficult for the person owning an automobile, may be simplified by these old heads in the oil business.

CONDITION SERIOUS.

Dublin, Sept. 26.—All of the farm hands have joined the tramway workers in sympathetic strike. The movement is becoming political and the situation is rapidly getting critical. Thousands have also joined in a sympathetic strike at Glasgow, seriously interfering with the marine traffic. The London omnibus drivers have also joined in the movement, which is sweeping over the British Isles. Three thousand freight handlers are idle in Birmingham. Much perishable fruit is going to ruin in the freight houses. The strike is spreading also to Liverpool, 500 of the railroad employes being already idle. The Irish strike leaders are trying to spread the walkout over the entire British Isles, and conditions are becoming very serious here.

MACHINISTS WIN NINE HOURS.

Toledo, Sept. 26.—By an amicable agreement between the manager of the Toledo Bridge and Crane Company and the representatives of the Machinists' Union, a strike against that firm has been declared off. An agreement has been entered into whereby the nine-hour day will go into effect October 20, all of the strikers returning to work. The gain proves the value of a strong organization, and the result is creditable to the Machinists' Union and will greatly increase the membership. Fifty-three names have been added to the roster during the past month.

HOW WAGES HAVE ADVANCED.

London, Sept. 26.—At a meeting of Northumberland miners and coalowners at Newcastle recently the wages were advanced 3 3-4 per cent, making the rates of underground men and banksmen 52 1-2 per cent above the basis of 1879. The wages of surfacemen are 42 per cent above the same standard. In less than two years miners' wages in Northumberland have gone up 25 per cent.

MINERS FIND MUCH WORK.

Newcastle, England, Sept. 26. — The Northumberland Miners' Association are only sending one candidate for a year's instruction at Ruskin College, Oxford, this year, it being stated that full employment and the good wages now prevailing in the country may account for the falling off of miners' candidates for the college.

THE MEN SHOULD WIN

Employers Refuse to Meet Anyone Representing the Strikers.

Calumet, Mich., Sept. 26.—In a communication addressed to Secretary Morrison by John B. Lennon, Treasurer of the American Federation of Labor, the following comments are made on the situation as he sees it: "Our meeting was a great success. The miners are in excellent humor and maintain the best of order under a mighty severe strain from the detectives and militia. The men ought to win, as the industry is really tied up. Employers, however, refuse to meet with any one representing the strikers to talk over the situation. If they continue to maintain that attitude, the fight will be continued all winter, and the strikers will require much help. Moyer and Monahan are both here and appear to have great influence with the strikers being apparently capable and careful fighters. The situation, in fact, at this time looks good." Gov. Ferris held a two hours' conference with Attorney General Fellows and other State officials, and a representative appearing in behalf of the miners. At the conclusion of the conference the Governor and head of the State Railroad Commission took up the matter of aribtration with representatives of the company, as a plan had been devised which it was thought might lead up to an aribtration and result in settlement of the strike. The plan agreed upon, it is said, will result in the withdrawal of the Western Federation of Miners from the controversy. That the managers of the copper companies should request the strikers to return to work and that then the Governor appoint a board of arbitration to investigate the grievances of the strikers, leaving the three points of difference, namely, an eight-hour day, increased wages, and the placing of two men on a machine instead of one to be disposed of by arbitration. On submission of this proposition to Allen F. Rees, attorney for the mine owners, he telegraphed the Governor, as follows: "'Cannot act along lines of your telegram, because of conditions which seem to make it impossible." By the rejection of these overtures it would indicate that the strike will be continued indefinitely. One incident which occurred during the week has aroused the sympathy of the people in favor of the strikers.

During a parade an American flag was being carried by one of the paraders when the State cavalry dashed into the ranks of the marchers and the flag was torn from the carrier and trampled under the feet of the horses. This action caused such vigorous protest that a story was given out that the horses became unmanageable. Realizing the serious offense they had committed, the soldiers then gathered up the flag and returned it to its owner. When this incident was called to the attention of President Gompers, he said, "The mine owners have the government agencies at their disposal. They stop at nothing, not even to trampling down the nation's flag." He declared that the militia was at the command of the capitalists and that it was being used in Calumet to defeat the strike in which laborers were seeking to improve their conditions. The Calumet-Hecla Company was organized in 1871, with a capital stock of $2,500,000, of which only $1,200,000 was paid in. It has paid $121,000,000 in dividends during the last forty years, an average of $3,000,000 a year, besides paying over $40,000,000 for equipment, including railway and transportation stock, and also investing about $25,000,000 in other mines. Quincy Adams Shaw, president of the company, draws a salary of $100,000 a year as president and $20,000 a year as director. First vice president E. L. Agassiz draws $50,000 a year as vice president, and $20,000 as a director. James McNaughton, the "big boss" and king of the copper company, draws $25,000 a year as second vice president, $20,000 as director, and $40,000 as general manager. Several other officers also draw princely salaries. These facts are given to prove that the company is able to meet the demands of the men and still make 300 per cent dividends for the stockholders.

MOVIES ORGANIZED.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 26.—A new union of Theatrical Stage Employees, composed of moving picture operators, has just been completed, thus adding another union to the list already doing active work in Des Moines. In spite of the opposition offered to unionism by the Business Men's League they still continue to grow and prosper. In fact, the opposition has materially benefited the cause and more and more unions are now in existence than previously, through their pronounced antagonism.

NEW PLUMBERS' UNION.

Sudbury, Ontario, Canada, Sept. 26.—A new organization of Plumbers and Gas Fitters has just been completed here, with a 100 per cent membership. Organizer John Bruce completed the new union, and it is hoped that it will be one of the live factors in the labor movement of this city.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF TRADES UNION AND TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., SEPTEMBER 26, 1913.

PROFESSIONIALISTS AT WORK.

Our attention was called to the fact, during the past week, by a Secretary to a prominent Congressman, that the Labor Professionalists are plying their trade in the halls of Congress and are calling on Senators and Congressmen soliciting funds for some object or another, in the name of Labor. We told this Secretary, and wish to use this as a means of notifying others, that at no time, under any conditions, will a representative of the American Federation of Labor or the Washington Central Labor Union solicit funds of any description, and if any one who claims to be a member of the Labor Movement calls with any such proposition, that they may be sure that they are but parasites on the movement, and known to us as Professionalists.

SYSTEM OF PENSIONS.

In almost every city of any size in this country provisions have been made for taking care of the widows and the orphans of the police and firemen, and for members of either force who become aged or incapacitated in the line of their duty. We have such a system in this city, but to our mind it needs correcting to prevent some of the abuses that have apparently crept in.

The fund from which the payments are made are dependent to a great extent from the fines and forfeitures of unfortunates who happen to come within the clutches of the law. This being the case, there are times when the pension fund becomes inadequate to meet the just demands, and, for that reason, there should be some method devised that would ensure the carrying out of a just obligation. There is another phase of this question which should receive some consideration and corrective measures applied, and that is where a pension is being paid to persons who may have lost their health while in one of these positions, but who afterward were fortunate enough to regain their health and are earning a livelihood equal to that earned while serving in their former positions. It has been called to our attention that such cases occur, and to have these persons drawing a pension is an injustice upon the widow and the orphan, who are compelled to take less than is their due in times of insufficient funds, for if these able-bodied men were not participating in the fund, there would be more for the less fortunate and wholly dependent. We trust that the time is at hand when something will be done along these lines and that the abuses as complained of will be a thing of the past.

SUFFRAGE FOR THE DISTRICT.

The first plank in the declarations of principles of the Washington Central Labor Union is: "That We Demand Suffrage for the Citizens of the District of Columbia."

Sporadic efforts have been made on the part of some of our citizens to try and have Congress enact legislation that would give to the people some voice in our municipal affairs, but without success, and after the repeated attempts met with failure, those who were interested got discouraged and gave up the fight. There has recently been introduced in Congress several bills whose object is to give to the people some form of government in which they could participate, but it would be as well to have our form of government remain as it is as to pass certain of these bills. The objection to them is based on the provision that calls for property ownership in order that a person can qualify to exercise the right of franchise. We have been a dependency long enough, but to turn our affairs over to the hands of the vested interests—such as would occur provided this obnoxious provision should prevail—would be more distasteful than the present status of our affairs.

We believe that the time is ripe for a change in our form of government, and we also believe that the only provision that should be considered is one calling for an educational test to determine the fitness for the exercise of the right of franchise, a right that is enjoyed by every male, and in some places the females of our country. It is almost inconceivable to believe that in a country that boasts of the freedom of its citizens, and that there can be no government without the consent of the governed, that there could be a city with a population the size of our own, possessing an intelligence unsurpassed, that it should be necessary to have a protectorate form of government such as we have. The Philipinos, the Porto Ricans, the Hawaians, and and the Alaskans, other dependencies of the United States, are allowed a voice in the affairs of their government, and if these people are capable of participation in the conduct of their affairs, how much more so are the people of the District.

A bill has been introduced in the House by Clyde H. Tavenner of Illinois, which seeks to submit to the people at a specially called primary a series of questions on which they should express their views and find out just what the people of the District do want. We think that this is about as fair a way as any that could be devised, and would show to Congress the sentiments of the people, and it should behoove each and every Trades Unionist to take an interest in this question, and above all things see to it that the qualifications for this right is not restricted to the fortunate property holding class.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

John J. Mullen, who has been out of the office for about a year, returned to work last Tuesday in the Bindery, having had his right foot amputated. He was the recipient of many kind and congratulatory words from his many friends in the Bindery.

Joseph Lear, who has been out of the office for about nine months on account of a stroke of paralysis, died last Monday at his residence, 1616 North Capitol street northwest. Services were held at his home on Tuesday evening, when the last respects were paid him by members of Local Union No. 4, I. B. of B., of which Brother Lear was a popular member. Interment was at his birthplace, Greensburg, Pa.

Joseph P. Lovey, president of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, was a visitor at the office last week. President Belair and Secretary Stack were his escorts through the office,

Local Union No. 4, I. B. of B., is very jubilant, owing to the fact that their president, Felix Belair, has been honored by being made first vice-president of the I. B. of B.

"Tommy" Kelly, of the Stamping Division, left last Thursday for a trip to New York by water. He expects to be gone one week.

Laird L. Neal, of the case making room, and wife returned to Washington last Sunday, after spending two weeks in his home town, Chattanooga, Tenn.

"Tim" Shea, assistant foreman in the folding room, left last Saturday for his home in Hoboken, N. J., to cast his vote at the primaries.

FAVOR MUNICIPAL CAR LINE.

San Francisco, Cal., Sept. 26.—This city's recent 3 to 1 vote in favor of municipal railway bonds seems to have started a wave of city ownership sentiment. The transbay cities have decided that they would like to follow suit. To that end a conference of the Mayors of Berkeley, Oakland and Alameda has been called to devise means of taking over the traction lines in those communities, which now are owned by F. M. Smith, the "borax king." Such a move toward municipal ownership may be made under a law that passed the last Legislature. This new statute provides that cities or towns in one or more counties may combine themselves into a "public utility" district to construct or acquire public works to meet the people's needs. The bill became operative on August 11. It is fashioned after a similar law which permits the consolidation of communities to create a water district for the municipal ownership of waterworks.

GETTING TOGETHER.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 26.—Officers of four labor unions, representing 230,000 railroad employes, will meet here about October 15 to plan a general move for higher wages and improved working conditions. The unions to be represented are the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Locomtive Firemen, Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and the Order of Railway Conductors. The meeting here will be preliminary to action by each separate organization.

ANNOUNCE PIECE WORK.

Newport News, Sept. 26.—The Newport News Drydock Company has notified the boilermakers in its employ that all boiler construction work hereafter will be paid for on a piece work basis. It is stated that the boilermakers will resist this change, and that the other trades are in full sympathy with the boilermakers.

SUCCESSFUL CAMPAIGN.

Ottawa, Canada, Sept. 26.—The International Brotherhood of Bookbinders is making splendid progress in Western Canada. The campaign now on is being very successful and reports from Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, are to the effect that large numbers are being initiated into all of the unions. Prospects are that the Bookbinders will succeed in pretty thoroughly organizing that section of Canada.

INCREASED WAGES.

San Francisco, Sept. 26.—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company has entered into an agreement with the Order of Railroad Telegraphers whereby 1,200 telegraphers employed by the company will receive an increase of 10 per cent in wages and a reduction of one hour per day in their workday. The agreement, which was concluded yesterday, dates back to September 1.

NEW WAGE SCALE.

San Jose, Cal., Sept. 26. — The Stereotypers have negotiated a new wage scale, said to be the best in the country for small towns, which provides for an increase of 50 cents per day in wages. The new scale is as follows: Foreman, $5.50; journeymen, $4.50; apprentices, first year $2; second year, $2.25; third year, $2.50; fourth year, $3; fifth year, $3.50.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

DEMAND AN INCREASE

Girls Employed at the Bureau to Seek a Raise of Ten Per Cent in Wages.

At a special meeting of Federal Labor Union No. 12,776 composed of girls working at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, held on last Sunday, resolutions were adopted protesting against the introduction of a piece work system. They also decided to ask for an increase in wages of ten per cent for every girl working at the Bureau. They base their request upon the fact of the laborious nature of their work and the recompense as compared with industrial establishments on the outside does not measure up to the standard that should be maintained by the government. An additional reason and the principle one, is that the great saving that will accrue to the government through the introduction of machinery and presses should be shared in by the employes. They pointed out the fact that in the next four years additional presses will be installed that will save the government hundreds of thousands of dollars and that they feel that they should participate in this saving through an increase in wages. It is but fair to state that the majority of these girls who have to pass a physical as well as an educational examination to determine their fitness for their positions could do as well and in most cases better had they entered into a commercial business instead of working for Uncle Sam, for with the intelligence that they possess and their natural adaptability for commercial lines would have given them a much better position in future years than they can ever attain at the Bureau. The Central Labor Union at its meeting on Monday night, indorsed their proposition and assured them of all the aid in their power towards gaining for for them what is considered a just request.

HOD CARRIERS GET INCREASE.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 26.—Disputes between the Builders' Exchange and the Builders Trades Council, which have caused much trouble for both sides for several weeks, has been settled satisfactorily. It was agreed by representatives from each organization that all differences shall be settled by a permanent board of arbitrators to be selected by both sides. This will prevent any future cessation of work while differences between the builders and the workmen are being adjusted. The Builders' Exchange recognizes the unions and agrees to pay hod carriers and mixers 40 cents an hour, and that a day's work shall constitute eight and one-half hours, provided the workmen report half an hour early so as to have brick and mortar ready for the bricklayers when they arrive. Laborers are to receive 25 cents an hour and nine hours shall constitute a day's work. This agreement is satisfactory to all concerned, and the workmen and the builders are pleased with the plan to arbitrate all their differences.

COREMAKERS ON STRIKE.

St. Louis, Sept. 26.—Five hundred coremakers employed at the foundry of the Commonwealth Steel Company at Granite City, Ill., struck yesterday. Men from a colony of foreigners rushed to take their places, and trouble resulted in which several were hurt. The strike was the culmination of a long series of grievances on the part of the employes of the mills. The men complained that they had been unjustly treated by watchmen. Monday a committee of the coremakers called on the management and asked recognition. No demand for a wage increase had been made.

ABATEMENT FOR INJURY.

Only a few days ago the New York Court of Appeals held, in the case of Gorlitzer vs. Wolffberg, that an action by a husband to recover for loss of services of his wife and the expenses resulting from her personal injuries caused by the negligence of the defendant abated with the death of the latter, and that the question whether such an action abated or survived against the defendant's estate was determined by the statute relating to the survival of actions which was in force at the date of the defendant's death.

AN EXPENSIVE STRIKE.

Buffalo, Sept. 26.—An explosion occurred in the main plant of the Clover Leaf Milling Company last week, injuring about twenty-five men, several of whom were taken to the hospital, where their injuries were pronounced serious. The plant was partially ruined, suffering a loss of some $50,000 or more. The cause of the explosion was alleged to have been the employment of new men to take the place of the workmen who struck recently for more wages.

LIST CONTINUES TO GROW.

Burlington, N. J., Sept. 26.—Three employes of the United States Cast Iron Pipe Foundry were hurt, one seriously, when a flask of pig iron toppled over on them. Frank Trzeniezny was badly crushed and removed to Cooper Hospital, Camden. Martin Wheat and Walter Chimnsky were injured about the head. The men had just begun their duties for the day when they were caught by the metal.

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The Sweater Shop
800 Seventh St. N. W.
NOTICE: 5 per cent. discount on your purchase if you bring this advertisement with you.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

"Eat what you like," says a bulletin on foods from the Agricultural Department. Sure; but how about being able to get what you like at the present altitudinous prices?

* * *

The death of Dewitt ("Dan") P. Quinn, reported in the September Typographical Journal as occurring at Wilmington, N. C., on July 26, 1913, brought regret to a number of friends here, where he worked some years ago as a G. P. O. compositor. "I recall him as a co-worker with me in the Second Division, as it was then called," said Mr. Charles A. Read, of the Printery proof room, to me a few days ago, "and my recollection of him is a most pleasant one. He was a bright man, a strong unionist, and a most companionable workfellow." Quinn was originally from Hartford, Conn., to which city his remains were taken by his devoted wife for burial.

* * *

J. H. Page, secretary of mines, manufactures, and agriculture of Arkansas, was a Washington visitor during the past week. It was his first trip to the capital in about 18 years, he having left here after a short while spent in the G. P. O. as a typesetter on Uncle Sam's publications. He renewed a number of former printer acquaintances, all of whom were glad to know of his success both in newspaper and political work.

* * *

Few meetings—or, rather, encampments—of the Grand Army of the Republic ever take place minus the presence of my old friend Levi H. Patterson, who reads proof for this Government when he is not attending to G. A. R. or other such matters. "Pat" was present at the recent Chattanooga encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, and, as usual, was full of the occasion and had a fine time. Associated with him in the trip were three other G. P. O. men—"Comrade" Isaac Williamson, a well-known compositor of the hand section; Colonel J. P. Entrekin, of the accounting division, and Captain W. F. Daly. All of these worthy veterans speak in warm praise of the many courtesies extended them while in the Tennessee city, and "Pat" says that for a prohibition State the sources of supply of the truly good things of life are about the handiest he ever saw.

* * *

Daniel W. Beach, F. C. Roberts, and J. V. Johnson are three of the city's best known printers who are seriously ill. Mr. Roberts's condition shows improvement, but the condition of Messrs. Beach and Johnson is such as to cause much anxiety.

* * *

James H. Wiley, of the monotype section of the Government Printing Office, showed me a photograph a few days ago which brought up old times in what was then universally called "Swampoodle"—a designation not now heard very often. It was a picture of members of the Third Division chapel, taken in May, 1895, when Th. E. Benedict was Public Printer. Looking out from the picture are many familiar faces, among the number readily identified being Max Knoble, now a keyboard artist, and then sporting a western-like pose and a rather heavy mustache—an adornment he has since sacrificed; Dick Ward, a proofreader on the night force now; Ed. Sturm, of the merg section; Mathias Cuddy, of the watch force; W. S. Sill, Geo. G. Wilson, now a foreman of the hand section, night; F. C. Roberts, Ed. Burkholder, John Greene, now assistant foreman of printing; Sam Gompers, at this time a chief of bureau in the Department of Labor; Jack Robinson, Lon A. Shimp, Dr. Sam Battles, who is practicing medicine here very successfully; Charlie Sudworth, now a prosperous master printer; Thomas L. Jones (deceased), Hoyt Holton (and he sure did look like an untamed cowpuncher in those days—according to the photo), Ed. Hughes, Pat Donegan, W. Herbert (deceased), Bob Walters, John Ross, Charlie Sickles, George Carney, Ed. Wilson, Tom McAloon, John F. McLaughlin, James O'Neill, Harry Hughes, Charlie Sims, David Parker, Henry Lavison, Frank Watson (deceased), Jesse Morgan, Percy J. Talbott, Frank Sedgwick (deceased), and, of course, Mr. Wiley himself. There are many other faces in the picture, but if I ever knew their owners Time has dimmed my memory of them. With the exceptions above noted, I think all the members of the group are still living.

* * *

George W. Shaffer, after a residence of some months in the Union Printers' Home at Colorado Springs, has returned to this city and resumed work in his former position in the Government Printing Office. I am glad to note a very pronounced improvement in Mr. Shaffer's health, which I trust will continue and that he will soon be entirely well.

* * *

Dr. Woodward, health officer of the District of Columbia, recently attended the meeting of the American Medical Association, held at Denver, and while in that section had the opportunity of visiting the Union Printers' Home. The doctor (who, by the way, was elected president of the association) was greatly pleased with the institution and speaks in the most complimentary terms of the manner in which it is conducted.

* * *

Mr. L. C. Tuttle, of the Printery proof room, showed me a letter a few days ago from "Deacon" Frank E. Wright, formerly an operator and reader in the G. P. O., now residing at Seattle. That Frank is prosperous is shown by this paragraph in his letter: "This is a picture of our new house, built since arriving here—six rooms, full basement, bath, cabinet kitchen, furnace—and all paid for. Have done fairly well as an operator on the Times, averaging about $30 per week during the past year. Have 12 chickens and a collie pup. Regards to all."

W. N. BROCKWELL.

A PERIL BROUGHT HOME

By the death of two men known to fashion in New York in an automobile collision with a fast train on an unguarded grade crossing on Long Island promises to have more effect towards abolishing such death traps than scores of humbler killings, of which the world has heard little. For a tragedy in their own circle brings home to the directors of our railroads the peril in the operation of swift trains at grades across busliy traveled intersecting highways. Yet life was not more sweet to S. Osgood Pell and William Laimbeer, multi-millionaire brokers, than to Mike O'Toole, hodcarrier, and Felix Levinsky, pack peddler, run down by the iron horse quite as ruthlessly some months before. And while Pell and Laimbeer will be mourned in their fine homes no doubt as keenly as O'Toole and Levinsky in humbler abodes there will be this difference: In the fine homes the visitation of the angel of death will not take from any inmate a crust of bread, but in the humbler abodes, to sorrow will be added the frightful problem of non-support for the wives and orphaned children. Yes, life is sweet; all life. Therefore let us be more careful how we protect it.—*Baltimore Labor Leader.*

THOROUGHLY UNION

The attention of our readers is directed to Mr. J. J. Fuller, of No. 60 H Street, N. W., as one deserving the patronage of every union man who frequents this neighborhood. He has shown himself to be a real sympathizer with trades unionism by his actions during the printers' strike. He carries a full line of union-made cigars and tobacco and periodicals, and courteous treatment and kindly appreciation will be shown to every one giving Mr. Fuller a call.

MAKING AN INVESTIGATION.

Ottawa, Ontario, Sept. 26.—Charles G. Wood and Frank M. Bump, of Boston, delegated to investigate the working of the industrial dispues act, have arrived here. During their stay in Ottawa they will confer with F. A. Acland, deputy minister of labor; J. C. Watters, president of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, and others closely related to the administration of the act.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
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423-425 G St. N. W.
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Telephone: Lincoln 2919

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 o'clock at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

Barbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peltsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5635 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Wm. Hellmuth, 918 4th street northeast.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary. R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leibowitz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 606 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, Wm. H. Young, 415 7th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

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PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

These are the times that try men's luck.

The oyster, long absent, has returned with claim of residence undisputed.

Spontaneous approval by the rank and file is evidence of a good appointment.

Harry Thaw's life seems to be one long continued session of nightmare, with reality added.

Appetite for patronage must be keen when Penrose, Barnes, et al. are willing to swallow Roosevelt, and no questions asked.

It disarms criticism somewhat if the twice-married man is able to say that wife No. 2 was a particular friend of wife No. 1.

THE EVOLUTED PRINTER,

who comes armed with civil service credentials and sets type piano fashion.

A new edition of a standard dictionary is to be issued this fall, which will contain 450,000 classified words. The distionary of Shakespeare's day contained 5,000 words, and Webster's first edition, in 1828, defined only 150,000 words.

THE OLD-TIME PRINTER,

who "just dropped in" to see if more help was needed.

Survivors of the old-time Specification force of the Government Printing Office, which occupied a busy corner in the annex of the old building along Jackson Alley, in 1885, will be interested in the subjoined list of employes, who constituted the working force at that time. Of the number then employed more than one-third have answered the last summons, and these are indicated by asterisk (*). Of those who were originally employed on Specifications, and who yet survive, only a very small percentage are now connected with Specifications proper. To those remaining, the following official roster of July 1, 1885, will surely be of interest:

Foreman—W. H. Miller*.

Copy preparer—Theo. Hodes*.

Proofreaders—John R. Bradley, E. T. Barrett, L. L. Burke, A. T. Foxwell*, G. W. Fowler*, Thos. K. Heath, W. A. Lavalette, B. F. Mann, A. P. Marston*, C. X. Martin*, John S. Mills, Geo. J. Schley, A. W. Webb*, J. S. Ziegler, S. H. Bell; J. P. Morse, reviser.

Copyholders—E. H. L. Babson, M. W. Barr*, W. Carlisle, Chas. P. Cassidy, Wm. F. Ryan, E. D. Stimson, Robt. F. Sterling, J. V. R. Towers*, G. H. Tousey; W. E. Post*, registrar; Raymond F. Christ, messenger.

Makers-up—Chas. W. Baker*, Geo. R. Brandon*, Edw. Y. Fisher, Byron A. Ford, E. L. Scott*.

Imposers—S. S. English, Daniel V. Fenton*, J. C. Kauffman, W. Marden King, Jos. W. Palmer, F. P. Snyder*.

Compositors—James Austin*, Franklin Amann, J. W. Barnes, Wm. H. Bosley*, C. P. Boss, F. H. Barnhart, H. Y. Brooke, Wm. M. Boyd*, F. A. Brashears, F. E. Buckland, R. H. Campbell, J. W. Carter, A. G. Cook, T. H. Collins, N. S. Cologne*, J. W. Cross, John Delahanty, L. C. Dillon*, Howard Fishback, L. F. Fletcher, R. P. Fithian*, Geo. I. Ford, J. G. Forney*, James E. Frost*, Daniel Grady*, E. C. Grumley, Fred A. Hall*, Arthur J. Hall, J. P. Hamilton*, J. Fisher Hauer*, C. M. W. Earle*, Edward Eberback*, Ross H. Foster, Wm. H. Francis, J. A. Gibbs, J. S. Gourley*, Wm. E. T. Greenfield, H. B. Grigg*, Wm. H. Hale*, C. H. Hay, D. G. Miller, W. T. Priddy*, Theo. P. Reid*, H. C. Shearer*, Chas. Payne Smith, Wm. M. Stuart, F. P. Wilkins, C. Ed. Hodgkins, Henry Houghtaling*, John Haynes, H. H. Humble, Louis C. Johnson, Simeon Johnston, L. H. Julien*, Chas. V. Juno*, Samuel G. Kirby, Aug. M. Laing*, Clarence Lewis, W. A. Linton*, F. T. Maloney*, C. W. Mander, J. R. McBride*, J. F. Maupin*, M. M. Mitchell, J. W. Metzung, J. A. McCabe*, H. H. McKeever*, Jas. M. Montgomery, John R. Morrison, Chas. A. Morgan, Edward P. Murray, E. Newborough, Horace Noah, Jeremiah O'Connell, A. R. Platt*, W. F. Roderick*, J. G. Schonfarber, M. J. Sherk*, H. L. Shomo, J. L. Sinn*, Robert F. Sterling, P. R. Summers, Samuel Taylor, J. L. Thompson, R. B. Topham, Chas. N. Warren*, O. S. Webster, Geo. A. Webster, R. C. Wilson, L. G. Williams*, T. B. Wood*, John P. Woods, S. K. Young, L. K. Zook*, H. Zucker*, W. A. De Groot*, A. J. Boyer, W. M. Crawford, J. B. Dickman.

Laborers—S. P. Heinline*, John T. Lewis*, Fred C. Loftus, Henry McCoy*, Jas. A. Prosperi*, Walter Taylor, Lafayette Torrey*.

Memory delights in reverie when incidents of the long ago come trooping back as pleasant reminders of that splendid craft fellowship from which grow fraternalism and friendships true, and which abide while memory lasts or life remains, even beyond the veil—in the Land of the Leal.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

George W. Shaffer, compositor, reinstatement.

James J. Mullen, bookbinder, reinstatement.

Mrs. Nellie V. Ramey and John H. Smith, probationary compositors.

Fred W. H. Brandt, emergency monotype keyboard operator.

Thomas E. Reardon, temporary plasterer.

Miss Nora M. Ruggles, probationary cataloguer.

Lawrence Hurley, Earnest A. Hurdle, and Harry P. Berrang, probationary linotype operators.

Samuel W. Taylor, John M. Reilly, Henry E. Bartle, William M. Stuart, Frank O. Hart, John C. Keelan, Charles E. Castle, temporary compositors.

Separations.

Marvin R. Reynolds, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

Dennis M. Rogers, probationary messenger boy, resigned.

Peter L. Robinson, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

George W. Thornton, elevator conductor, resigned.

Kane Mahony, compositor, resigned.

James W. Burdette, clerk, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Richie F. Ward, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night; Walter D. Morgan, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section day; Henry F. Luce, unskilled laborer, pamphlet binding section; Hugh L. Buckingham, skilled laborer, forwarding and finishing section; Frederick L. Davis, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night; Andrew L. Huss, referee, 65 cents per hour, proof section, night; Ralph C. Hargett, messenger, 25 cents per hour, carpenter and paint shop section; James W. Wynn, unskilled laborer, office of foreman of binding; Charles Meir, assigned to bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; William Rebuschatis, proof reader, proof section, night; William W. Taylor, acting foreman, $2,000 per annum, ruling and sewing section; Edward J. Ryan, machine operator, 55 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section; James W. Brooke, proof reader, 60 cents per hour, proof section, night; David Altman, messenger, 35 cents per hour, office of foreman of printing; Sinclair B. Fowler, messenger, 25 cents per hour, office of foreman of printing; William J. Harris, compositor, linotype section, day; Edward F. Schmid, helper, $1,000 per annum, electrical section.

DOING EFFECTIVE WORK.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 26.—A feeling of brotherhood that organizers are rapidly transforming into a passion, according to reports, threatens to result in a sympathetic strike on the part of the miners of East Tennessee and Southern Kentucky for their fellow laborers, the West Virginia miners. It is said that a "walkout" is almost inevitable, and is expected to take place within the near future. It is said that organizers are at work at Madisonville and Stearnes, Ky., and have succeeded in arousing sentiment among the miners to a degree that they are ready to lay down their shovels and picks at a word's notice from their leaders. Knowing positively that a sympathetic strike is being planned, and fearing that violence may result, the Governor has been asked for aid, and it is probable that troops will be dispatched to the scene to prevent, if possible, the work of organization now being done.

PROSPER BY OPPOSITION.

Pretoria, Transvaal, Sept. 26.—One of the most striking effects of the recent industrial upheaval on the Rand has been the great increase in the membership of the various trade unions. Men have been joining in great numbers, and the railways, which are state-owned, have about 78 per cent of their daily paid employes in one union.

CARPENTERS' WAGES ADVANCED

Liverpool, England, Sept. 26.—Further advances of wages amounting to 1-4d. and 1-2d. per hour have been announced by the executive council of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners. These advances will apply to seventeen centers, including Grimsby, Bishop Aucland, Shrewsbury, Forfar, and Hereford.

FIRST SIGNED CONTRACT.

It is reported that the machinists and other shop crafts have signed an agreement with the Denver and Salt Lake Railway Company providing for an increase in wages of 1 cent per hour and a 9-hour day until April 1, 1914, at which time the 8-hour day goes into effect. This is the first signed contract the unions have had with the management of the Moffat road.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 68 . WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1913. ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Views On the Topic of Business Enterprises For Women.

WOMAN NOT TREATED FAIRLY

I have no sympathy with those who would classify woman as woman, and weigh her mentality and capacity upon a scale unfitted to determine the quality and quantity of the masculine brain; nor am I in accord with those well-meaning people who would place physical woman in a glass case, and forbid her to do her share of the world's hard work.

Sex difference does not justify the differentiation forced upon it.

Mr. Grundy of business, and Mrs. and Miss Grundy of society, maliciously or otherwise have attempted to unsex or unfit woman to assume responsibilities which are hers by natural right as much as man's.

While woman, for certain physical reasons, may not be as well adapted as man is for every kind of labor, the success thus far of woman in every department of business and profession has removed any question of her ability to accomplish whatever the human mind is capable of attaining.

Business, however, does not always play fair, and at times seems devoid of common sense and judgment, and it has wrongfully forced woman into certain vocations or trades. It has unfairly made it difficult for her to succeed in many lines for which she is preeminently fitted.

For the present it behooves woman, unless she be of extraordinary capacity, to follow the line of least resistance and enter the vocations open to her.

The business gate for women, widest and easiest to enter, appears to be the one which marks the entrance to stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping and indoor salesmanship.

Ninety-nine percent of the stenographers and typewriters are women, and women seem to be naturally adapted to these lines of work. Unfortunately, her ability in these directions is not primarily the reason she is permitted to enter them. She works for less than man's wages, and, therefore, is more in demand for those things which she can do as well, or better, than man can.

More than 90 percent of the clerks behind the counter are women, except those in stores catering wholly to men, and woman is certainly man's equal in salesmanship, notwithstanding that a third of the saleswomen are next to worthless; about the same percentage of men sellers are equally worthless.

Expertness in secretarial work, including stenography and typewriting, is more difficult to achieve than is proficiency in selling goods. The fairly efficient secretary and stenographer is better off, financially and otherwise, because her work is not as confining, because she comes in close contact with men in authority, and because she has more opportunity to become indispensable.

Custom has ordained that woman is to be master of the secretarial, stenographic, typewriting and bookkeeping departments of business life. In this work she has but little competition. It is hers almost exculsively. A few months' training fits her to act as a beginner; and a year's practice will give her proficiency, provided she is faithful, earnest, and of fair ability.

I would advise the average woman of fair education who must enter business to study stenography, typewriting, bookkeeping and secretarial work, and connect yourself with some good mercantile house or become stenographic secretary for a professional man or firm.

In this field she has the greatest opportunity. Her hours are likely to be shorter and her surroundings more conducive to happiness and comfort. If she be more than ordinarily proficient she is likely to attain a responsible and remunerative position if the house with which she is connected be sufficiently large and successful to recognize financially earnest endeavor and high efficiency.

NATH'L C. FOWLER, JR.

IMMIGRATION BILL.

Congressmen are discussing the immigration question, and an attempt will be made before the adjournment of the special session to pass an immigration bill, with an illteracy test as its leading feature, similar to that vetoed by former President Taft. At a meeting of the House Committee on Immigration recently the old Burnett-Dillingham bill, which met Mr. Taft's disapproval, was ordered reported to the House. Those who are anxious to secure the passage of this measure are bestirring themselves to secure the necessary support. It will be remembered that the bill was passed over the President's veto in the Senate, and lacked only a change of three votes in the House to have that body take similar action.

PRINTERS GET WAGE RAISE.

Springfield, Ohio, Oct. 10.—The local Typographical Union has secured a new agreement with the employing printers for an increase in wages to cover a period of one year. The new wage rate is $19 per week for day men in book, job, and newspaper offices, and the nignt scale will be $22. This agreement also provides that, beginning on October 1, 1914, in addition to adding another dollar to the rate of wages, time and one-half will be allowed for all overtime. Springfield Typographical Union now has the largest number of members in its history, there being approximately 150 affiliates.

FEAR BIG WEAVERS' STRIKE.

Webster, Mass., Oct. 10. — A general strike of 4,000 weavers at the mills of Salter and Sons, now working night and day on government contracts, is feared on account of the walkout of 500 weavers. The strikers are now receiving $7 a week and demand the one loom schedule, which would double their pay. Employes in the mills are restless and a complete shut down would not be surprising.

STOPPED ENGINES.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 10.—Seventeen of the twenty-one locomotives in use on the Detroit, Toledo and Ironton Railroad were condemned by boiler inspectors and taken out of service. The tie up of the engines resulted in a temporary prostration of train movements, but upon proper repairs being made these engines were permitted to enter the service again and normal operations of trains restored.

JOIN CARPENTERS.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—The various local unions, comprising what is known as the Pacific Coast Maritime Builders' Federation, located at numerous points along the coast from San Diego to Vancouver, B. C., comprising Caulkers, Ship Carpenters, Ship Joiners and Boat Builders, are being chartered by the United Brotherhood of Carpenters. These local unions some years ago were attached to what was then known as the International Shipwrights, Joiners, and Caulkers' Union of America, but seceded from the International Union and formed the Pacific Coast Maritime Builders' Federation. The convention of the Maritime Federation recently held in Portland, Oreg., took action upon the matter and in due time complete affiliation will be had and much strength will be added not only to the Brotherhood of Carpenters, but also to the water front organizations.

WAITING FOR FUNDS.

The chairman of the Government Commission on Industrial Relations, Frank P. Walsh, was in this city recently for the purpose of conferring with other members of the commission, and called upon the President for the purpose of discussing plans for organizing the commission. The commission is awaiting the passage of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill, which carries $100,000 for its support. Mr. Walsh stated that in all probability the headquarters of the commission would be located in this city. Nothing further will be done until the appropriation is made, as there are no funds with which to carry the work of the commission forward.

LABOR MAN GETS POSITION.

Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 10.—The Commission of Labor and Industry has appointed Francis Feehan, of Allegheny County, as Supervising Inspector for the Western Pennsylvania District. Mr. Feehan is well and favorably known among the coal miners of the country, and during the last few months was one of their legislative representatives in Washington, D. C.

TO BOOST PAY.

Information is received that a bill increasing salaries of rural mail carriers on routes six miles in length $20 per month and on longer routes $30 per month, has been introduced in the House of Representatives by Representative Woodruff. The increases are proposed because of the additional work entailed on account of the parcel post.

THE TEXTILE WORKERS

Statistics Show a Steady Increase for the Past Twenty-three Years.

Wages in the cotton, woolen, and silk manufacturing industries during the past twenty-three years have largely increased, while nominal full time hours per week for the principal occupations have decreased, according to a statement just issued by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The industries referred to employ approximately 333,000 persons. The rates of wages per hour show an increase in the cotton industry in 1912 over those of 1890 of 61.5 per cent, and an average increase in 1912 over 1910 of 11.1 per cent. The increase in wages in the woolen industry in 1912 over 1890 is 49.7 per cent, while the increase in 1912 shows 12.5 per cent over 1910. The silk industry shows a smaller increase than the other two industries, there only having been a 18.8 per cent increase in 1912 over 1890, while the increase shown in 1912 over 1910 was 4.1 per cent. The working hours in the cotton industry show that there has been a decrease of 8.1 per cent for 1912 over 1890. For the same period the woolen industry shows a 6.3 per cent decrease, while the silk industry shows a decrease of 5.8 per cent.

EXPERIMENT BIG SUCCESS

A Barrier of Pulverized Stone Will Prevent a Coal Dust Explosion from Spreading.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 10.—That a barrier of pulverized stone will effectually restrain a coal dust explosion in a coal mine from spreading, was conclusively proven, according to experts, by the demonstration put on at the Bruceton experimental mines before the delegates to the convention of the American Mine Safety Association. Coal dust had been placed in the main entry from the face to within 500 feet of the mouth. At that point a ten-foot taffanel barrier consisting of a number of shelves two feet wide, covered with as much stone dust as could be heaped upon them, had been erected. Igniting cannon had been mounted at the face and these were exploded by electricity. This caused the coal dust to explode, reproducing conditions that prevail in a mine during an explosion. It was found that the flames had not passed the barrier.

ANOTHER BLOW AT TRUST.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels awarded a contract for 65 tons of steel bolts for use in construction of battleship No. 29 to the Carbon Steel Company at a contract price of $448 a ton. Heretofore it has been customary to give the contract for furnishing the bolts to the successful bidder for the armor plate contract. This year, however, the Navy Department called for separate bids on bolts from the Midvale, Bethlehem, and Carnegie Companies, and each submitted a price of $548 a ton, or $100 more per ton than the figure named by the Carbon Company. To the same end, and for similar reasons, the New York Navy Yard has secured a contract for making two tons of bronze bolts, the figure named by the three companies being very much higher than that made by the New York Navy Yard.

FAVOR AMENDMENT.

New York, Oct. 10.—The New York State Workmen's Compensation Committee of the National Civic Federation met here for the purpose of planning a campaign arouse interest in the adoption of a proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of New York. The amendment, if adopted by the people, will enable the legislature to pass a compulsory workmen's compensation law at its next session. The State Federation of Labor has indorsed the amendment, and was represented at the conference by its president. Other labor officials of national repute also attended, and a number of large employers were also present.

SCHEME FAILS.

Wellsburg, W. Va., Oct. 10.—Twenty-five boys and young men brought from New York by the Eagle Glass Company to work as strike-breakers quit upon their arrival because they had been lured to this place by false pretenses. Upon their arrival here they were quartered overnight in a vacant storeroom, and for the first time learned the purpose for which they had been imported. This struggle has been on for a number of months, and the company has never been able to secure enough men to conduct its business.

TAX EXEMPTION.

Newburgh, N. Y., Oct. 10.—A piece of vacant property owned by the Central Labor Union of this city has been placed on the exempt tax roll by the board of review. This property is held by the Central Body as a building site for a Labor Temple and is held under what is known as the "Benevolent act" of the legislature, and under the tax laws all benevolent bodies are entitled to exemption, hence the placing of this property on the exemption roll.

LAWYER IS REINSTATED

Charles A. Thatcher Was Disbarred Four Years Ago for Criticising Judges.

Toledo, Oct. 10.—The Supreme Court of the State has restored the right to practice law in Ohio to Charles A. Thatcher, an attorney disbarred four years ago for criticising Toledo judges and Ohio State Spreme Court judges. The Lawyers' union sought Thatchers' disbarrment because of his criticism of the judges. these criticisms being based on decisions favorable to big corporations in personal injury cases, of which the bulk of his practice consisted. Thatcher's defense was that his obligations as an attorney did not remove his constitutional right of free speech. The elections following Thatcher's disbarrment resulted in the defeat of two judges and the withdrawal from the race of another candidate. Another judge criticised by Thatcher died in office. In 1912, under the nonpartisan judiciary law, Thatcher was a candidate for supreme judge, but was defeated, although obtaining a remarkable vote, running only slightly behind the leaders in the contest. This ends an interesting incident, five of the judges on the State Supreme Court Bench voting to annul the disbarrment and only one judge voting to continue it.

WANTS NAVY YARDS BUSY

Secretary Daniels Wants Government Crafts Built at Government Yards.

In order to maintain navy yards at highest efficiency through continuous employment of a full force of mechanics Secretary Daniels is devising a plan by which he hopes to induce all the executive branches of government to send to the government yards all repair work to be done on all types of floating craft owned by the government. The end to be finally sought is the construction also of all government craft at government yards. The Secretary points out that uninterrupted employment for navy yard workers is one of the essentials of the efficient operation of naval stations, while failure to give continuous employment to these workers may seriously impair their usefulness in time of emergency. The position is taken that assignment of all work on government craft to government yards, not only would decrease the cost, but would increase military efficiency in times of emergency.

ENGINEERS THREATEN STRIKE.

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 10.—A vote on the question of giving support to the officers of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, even to the extent of going on strike, to enforce a demand for a withdrawal of rules recently promulgated by the general manager of the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Road, is now going on. The employes object to that part of the new rules where it is provided "that in promotions or assignments to special runs engineers' fitness must be as much a governing condition as seniority." The engineers object to the word "fitness," owing to the fact that it is feared that the construction which can be placed upon the particular word would in effect destroy the seniority custom so long in vogue.

SILK WORKERS STRIKE.

Hazelton, Pa., Oct. 10.—The plant of the Luzerne Silk Throwing Company in Larksville has been closed down because of the strike of its employes. The employes joined a union some time ago, and upon the officers of the company learning this, things were made as unpleasant as possible for the members of the local union employed at the mill, and finally two of the employes, the President and Secretary of the Union, were discharged. The other employes made an ineffective effort to have the discharged men reinstated, but, failing, went on strike in self-protection. This company also operates a mill at Freeland, and unless the company recedes it is rumored that the employes of the latter plant will also go out.

LAWS IN EFFECT.

Albany, Oct. 10.—Practically all laws enacted at the regular session of the Legislature, improving working conditions for factory and mercantile employes, went into effect October 1. Prominent among these measures are at least one full day of rest in seven, providing for additional sanitary appliances, protection from fire and machinery and placing greater restrictions on sweat shops and tenement house industries, as well as labor performed by women and children. Most of these laws are the result of the researches and recommendations of the State Factory Investigating Commission.

WANT LABOR TEMPLE.

Akron, Ohio, Oct. 10.—Efforts are being made by the Central Labor Union to secure sufficient funds for the erection of a Labor Temple. Active work is now being done to raise the money.

For What Business Enterprises Are Women Best Adapted?

NEARLY ALL FIELDS ARE OPEN

Since women have entered nearly all the professions and vocations which were once conceded to man alone, it is difficult to tell for which ones she is best adapted. It depends much on the individual woman, her natural ability, education and business training.

It is a matter of record that there are but a few lines of professional or commercial life where the feminine influence has not been strongly felt, and of more than 330 occupations, which have been dominated by men for generations, she has invaded not less than 300, and in many of them has met with financial success and public commendation.

We might make the telling parallel column, putting the characteristics required of a business woman, and those which the average woman possesses side by side, and study the difference. It would show, except in rare cases, that women need to be trained in a school of experience for the fight for success. The women who attain distinction in commercial lines are the exception.

Woman in her true place is the real home maker of the world, made so by centuries of training, of duty, of wifehood and motherhood. The business woman is the product of recent years, the outcome of a desire for greater comfort and luxury, a longing for freedom from household routine, and, in some cases, the necessity of becoming the bread winner for others.

In 1850 no women were entered in the occupation returns of the United States census, but 20 years later an army of 2,000,000 were workers outside the home, and now more than 6,000,000 are in business.

A few years ago, comparatively, teachers, milliners, and dressmakers made up the larger part of the workers; today the percentage of women teachers has increased, but the number of milliners and dressmakers has greatly decreased, probably because of the tremendous supply of ready-to-wear garments furnished at low prices and the short seasons of work. Between 1890 and 1910 the number of women entering managerial, executive, and other business positions rapidly increased.

"What qualities lead women to success?" This is a natural question. Patience, persistence, belief in one's own ability to accomplish the object in view, are indispensable. Rosa Bonheur worked day after day, from morning until night, for 18 months, upon her masterpiece, "The Horse Fair." Mme. Curie labored in her laboratory for years before her discoveries regarding radium amounted to anything. Persistence is the keynote to success.

Too many women enter the business world as a link to something in the future, without any special thought of the result and no apparent fitness for the vocation.

Women of artistic temperament are rarely successsul in business, for they see chiefly the beauty and charm of life and do not understand how to cope with the material side.

At present domestic science seems to be the popular opening for young women, and while it requires executive ability, good judgment, and a fair education, it swings the pendulum of effort back to the home, for it teaches the economic, hygienic, and artistic ways of true home-keeping.

In great business enterprises the managing of gigantic industries, the supervision of masses, women are, and always will be, as a rule, unable to fill the places. Physically woman is not fitted for such duty, but if circumstances place her in control of male workers she must be a keen student of human nature. She must not expect the courtesy of social life; she must be just another worker with them, winning their respect and loyalty.

I should say let woman's first step in business life be the consideration of methods employed to gain the desired result; then let her choose that vocation insuring daily evolution of character, of mind, of ability; let her choose a vocation which will ever keep her mind on a success which will hold some form of high expression; and, above all, let her choose a business career giving her contented days, in which womanly qualities will be developed as well as business instincts.

Women should remember that the foundation stones of a business career are truthfulness, industry, self-reliance, courage, and trustworthiness, and on these she can build to the summit of the mountain of success; then she can say with Stevenson: "I know what pleasure is, for I have done good work."

BARBARA GALPIN.

INTERVIEW PRESIDENT.

The Executive Council, in session in this city September 22-27, called on President Wilson for the purpose of discussing labor legislation. Secretary of Labor Wilson also accompanied the Executive Council. The President was requested to use his influence to increase the appropriation for the Department of Labor and for the passage of numerous labor measures now pending before Congress. Among the measures urged were the Seamen's Bill, a bill to limit the indiscriminate issuance of injunctions against labor organizations, a bill for industrial and vocational training, and other bills to which the Federation of Labor is committed.

MAKING BIG GAINS.

Toronto, Can., Oct. 10.—Division No. 113 of the Street and Electric Employes' Union has broken all records during the past two months. From the middle of July until the middle of August more than 100 new candidates were added to the roster of the union and for the following month to September 15 the ratio of increase has been maintained, making a new record. The total membership has now reached the 1,900 mark and the indications point to a successful effort in making this union a 100 per cent one.

PLUMBERS STILL OUT.

Houston, Tex., Oct. 11.—There has been no material change in the Plumbers' strike situation, although a number of conferences have been held between the representatives of the Journeymen and the Master Plumbers. It is believed, however, that a settlement of the contest is near at hand.

TEAMSTERS GROWING.

Toronto, Canada, Oct. 10. — The new Teamsters and Chauffeurs' Union, recently organized by the organizing committee of the District Labor Council, is making remarkably rapid headway. At a recent meeting seventy candidates were initiated and the total membership is now at the 200 mark.

CONSTRUES 54-HOUR LAW.

Austin, Tex., Oct. 10.—The fifty-four-hour law, passed by the recent legislature limiting the hours of female employes applies to women employed as operators in private telephone exchanges, providing such employes are working in towns of more than 5,000 inhabitants. This was the ruling of the Attorney General when that question was brought up by the Labor Department of the State. Prior to this decision there was doubt as to the applicability of this act, when operators working as such in private exchanges were on duty as operators for only a few hours of the day, but the remainder of the time working as stenographers and clerks.

RAILROAD BILL REPORTED.

It is reported that under the terms of a bill favorably reported to the House by the Committee on Territories, President Wilson is authorized to take steps to build a government railroad in Alaska and issue $35,000,000 in bonds for its construction. The purpose of the road is to connect the Susitna Valley with the Seaboard, and also open up the Bering River coal fields, connecting Nome, Valdez, and Fairbanks. A bill of a similar character has already passed the Senate.

GET NEW CONTRACT.

Houston, Tex., Oct. 10. — The Stage Employes have secured a new contract which will eventually cover every theater in this city. Every house has signed, except one, and it is expected that as soon as the manager returns to this city from an extended trip he will also sign the agreement.

AGAINST MARTINE BILL.

Senator Penrose presented to the Senate a petition emanating from the Business Men's Organizations of the State, protesting against the passage of Senator Martine's bill, prohibiting the employment of mine guards by private interests.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF LABEL TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 10, 1913.

Never neglect an opportunity to secure a vote for a trade union man. And you have an opportunity in the Third District of Maryland.

A St. Louis woman claims to be able to photograph men's souls. Bet she will find her machine not working when she strikes some men we know.

PARSIMONY.

Congress gave a splendid example of contemptable parsimony in the Urgent Deficiency Bill that they are about to pass in the manner in which it treated the new Department of Labor. Secretary Wilson asked for an appropriation to enable him to carry on the work of this Department, the most important ever created for the benefit of the working people, and the small sum that was alloted him to carry on the work was, to our mind, intended as a rebuke, and showed the true feelings of Congress towards labor. There was no sense in creating this Department if it is the intention of Congress to cripple its efficiency by failing to appropriate a sufficient sum to enable its Secretary to properly organize and carry out the functions intended. We hope that Congress will yet see the error of its way and provide a sum that will allow Secretary Wilson to carry on in a proper and creditable manner the functions of this Department.

SATURDAY NIGHT SHOPPING.

During the summer months all of the big department stores in this city closed their places of business on Saturday nights, thereby enabling the help to escape the hardships incident to a long day of toil. It was confidently expected that this condition would continue during the year, but to our surprise some began the late closing hour on last Saturday, but we hope that the others will not follow in this practice. The Trades Unionists could assist very materially by refraining from doing any shopping on this night, and if they happen to be customers of these places, they would soon put a stop to this practice by transferring their patronage elsewhere and letting these concerns know the reason for such a transfer. There can be no possible chance of the employes of these establishments bettering their conditions without the aid of their fellow-brothers, and it should be the duty of each and every member of organized labor to lend their support to the shortening of the day's work of this class of people.

INDORSES JOHN H. FERGUSON AS A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS.

The Washington Central Labor Union, at its meeting on Monday night, placed its stamp of approval on the candidacy of John H. Ferguson, who is aspiring for a seat in Congress from the third congressional district. They voted unanimously to do all in their power to aid Brother Ferguson, who they all know to be an able, honest, intelligent gentleman, and one who would be a credit to the voters of this district. Although the Central Labor Union is composed of men of all political beliefs, it was a splendid tribute to John H. Ferguson to have his candidacy receive the unanimous indorsement of these delegates, and goes to show that where a man has devoted honest efforts to the cause of the toiling masses that his work is appreciated. It is earnestly and sincerely hoped that the working people of this district will bury their political beliefs on the day of the election and go to the polls determined to elect a man who will at all times be solicitous for their best interests, and if they will do this, there will be no question but that John H. Ferguson will be the next Congressman from the third Maryland District.

CONDITIONS AT THE TERMINAL STATION.

If one-half of the charges that have been made to us as to the conditions that prevail at the Terminal Station are true, it is a wonder that the respectable people of this city do not rise up in arms and protest. Here in the Capital of our country, in one of the finest stations of its kind, is a state of servitude that is appalling. When men are compelled to work twelve hours a day, seven days in the week for a pittance of Forty Dollars a month, and try and bring up a family, with rents and living expenses as high as they are, it causes us to shudder at the prospects.

When this monumental tomb was built the public lands and money was donated by the taxpayers of the District towards defraying the cost without any provision being made for them to participate in its earnings, with the thought that it would be a blessing to the citizens. But if any such thought was entertained it can quickly be dispelled, for the conditions that prevail at this place should cause an investigation by Congress and have the facts brought to the attention of the public, so that laws could be passed that would prevent such a state of affairs. We intend to report the information in our possession to the proper committees of Congress, to see if some of these intolerable conditions under which these people toil can not be remedied. We will strive to have a law passed that will compel all corporations and other employers of labor to grant at least one day off in seven to their employes, and also see if some humane figure can not be set for a day's work.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

"Charley" Spaeth, of the cloth forwarding section, will leave Saturday, October 11, for his home in Newport, Ky., where he will spend one month with his aged mother and sister.

Ben Sievertsen, of the forwarding and finishing section, returned to work last Monday, after a trip to his home in Minneapolis, Minn., where he went to bury his father.

Felix Belair, president Local No. 4, I. B. of B., entertained his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Peltier, of St. Paul, Minn., the past week.

Members of Local Union No. 4 are very gratified at the results obtained from their recent excursion in behalf of the Glockling fund. The report of Chairman Kukart, presented at Tuesday evening's meeting, shows a balance of over $300 for this meritorious cause.

The many friends of "Bob" Sowerbutts, of the Bindery, will be sorry to learn of the death of his father, which occurred last Tuesday.

Among the binders appointed last week was William C. Evans, former foreman of the State Bindery at Harrisburg, Pa.

Harry Arnold returned to work last Monday, after being home one week suffering with malaria fever.

Miss Anna Neary, a member of the Executive Board of the International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, was present at the meeting of Local No. 4 on last Tuesday night, and addressed the members.

SETTLEMENT REACHED

It is Stated Railroads Will Now Deal With the Federation of Trades.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 10.—Conferences which have been going on since May between the management of the Kansas City Southern Railroad and the committee representing the different shop organizations have resulted in an agreement. Among the principal demands made by the committee representing the shop men were future negotiations with the federated trades and an increase in the wage scale. It is stated that the railroad representatives at first refused to deal with the federation, asserting that they would only treat with the representatives of each trade separately. It is now said that, although the settlement has not been given out at yet, the railroads finally receded from their position, and will now deal with the federation of trades, as well as agreeing to an increase of 1 1-2 cents to 2 cents an hour, and also a six-day week of nine hours each.

LONGSHOREMEN GET IN.

San Pedro, Cal., Oct. 10.—A large and enthusiastic organization of Longshoremen has been organized at San Pedro. It is asserted that a foundation has now been made for one of the largest Longshoremen's local unions in the country. The opening of the Panama Canal, it is generally agreed, will bring such an immense amount of shipping to this section of the country that the workers, of necessity, must protect themselves by organization. The independent Longshoremen's Union that has been in existence here, will amalgamate with the new local union, which affiliated with the International Longshoremen's Union. The Longshoremen are now carrying on a campaign on the coast with the end in view of increasing the present membership and the organization of new local unions wherever possible.

TRADE UNIONS RECOGNIZED.

A London dispatch states victory for the trade unions has been gained, in that the British admiralty has decided to award them official recognition. This is interpreted to mean that hereafter in dealing with employes regarding wages, hours and conditions of labor the unions of the various crafts will be recognized as the representatives of the employes. With this general policy established by the British government it will have a salutary effect upon all corporations equipped to manufacture products used by that government.

WILL CARRY IT UP.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—Judge Seawell recently handed down a decision in favor of a certain publishing company in the matter of the latter's application for a writ of mandate to compel the Mayor to sign the company's contract for city printing which had been awarded before the strike of the Press Feeders occurred. The city attorney is preparing an appeal to the decision rendered by the judge to the District Court of Appeals.

TORONTO NEWS.

Toronto, Canada, Oct. 10.—The local Plumbers and Steamfitters' Union still continues to increase its membership, and it has been months since the organization has held a meeting without the initiation of new members. The Egg Candlers of this city have applied to the organization committee of the District Council to assist them in organizing a local union. This assistance will be given to the Candlers.

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HERALD CHAPEL NOTES

Chairman Angell is confined to his home. He is suffering from an acute attack of tonsilitis.

Vice-Chairman "Judge" Lynch, star performer on Merg No. 1, "slipped up" a sub "tf" Monday, and hied himself to the scenes of his boyhood days in South Carolina. He will do most of his visiting at Senuca with relatives, and the boys with whom he learned to play "one old cat, my bat."

"Happy Bill" Smith, the left-hand man of Foreman Price at the copy desk, is enjoying a well-earned vacation with "the old folks at home," over in Canada. He also expects to see one of the world's series games before heeding the call of "time."

Lloyd Hawk, assistant machinist, has returned from a ten days' visit to Knoxville, Tenn., feeling refreshed as a result of his vacation. He states that every minute of his stay was interesting.

French Osthaus, of the ad alley, is confined to one of the local hospitals, where he had to undergo a surgical operation. His many friends wish him a speedy recovery.

YERDEN.

HOMES FOR THE WORKERS

State Federation of Labor Indorsed the Work of the Homestead Commission.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 10.—The recent convention of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor indorsed the work of the Massachusetts Homestead Commission. This commission is endeavoring to solve the problem of providing healthful homes at a reasonable cost for workers. The resolution passed indorsing this work points out that the cost of rent and food is constantly rising, and that there are thousands of acres of unused land in every city that is adaptable to the building of comfortable homes. The Legislature is urged to enact legislation whereby the State can use its credit to aid the workers in securing suburban homes on such land, together with providing means whereby families can be taught how to use such suburban homes profitably. The object sought, aside from that already stated, is the abolition of unhealthful congested districts in the cities.

CHILD LABOR LAW EFFECTIVE.

Baltimore, Oct. 10.—The State Bureau of Industrial Statistics and Information deals directly with the child labor law's enforcement, and that bureau claims that the 2,000 boys and girls of school age enrolled in the schools this year in excess of the number enrolled last year is the result of the new child labor law. The bureau is empowered to issue permits for boys and girls to work during the vacation period, but as soon as school opens these permits become void. Under the law, however, a child, in order to secure a permit to work, must be fourteen years old and have completed fifth grade work, including certain specific branches, such as fractions. A large number of childr under no restrictions would have gone to work this fall, but because they have not completed the fifth grade their attendance at school was compulsory. The law is working out in a satisfactory manner, and is considered to be a long step in advance.

TO PROTECT WORKMEN.

Representative Frank Buchanan, of the labor group in Congress, has renewed his efforts of last session to have Congress provide protection for workmen employed in building construction in the District of Columbia. In a bill presented by him it is provided that contractors shall use material for scaffolding which has been carefully selected and of undoubted strength. The measure, if adopted, will increase the powers of the building inspector of the District and would make any offense punishable by both fine and imprisonment.

YARD CLERKS STRIKE.

Springfield, Ohio, Oct. 10.—The clerks in the Big Four yards are on strike. The men quit their employment because the company refused to increase their wages. The men were receiving $59 per month and were compelled to work every day in the year, and they claim that their wages were far below those received by men on other railroads engaged in similar work. Prominent Big Four officials are filling the places of the striking clerks, it having been impossible to obtain men to fill the vacancies. These men on strike are unorganized.

FOR SAFETY AT SEA.

The Secretary of Commerce and chairman of the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee have consulted the President regarding the American Commissioners to be appointed to the International Maritime Conference at London in November to consider greater security of life and property at sea. The President will soon name these commissioners and send their names to the Senate for confirmation.

SHIP LOAD OF FOOD.

Dublin, Ireland, Oct. 10.—The relief ship, loaded with provisions furnished by the British Trade Union Congress, in aid of the Dublin Transport Workers, has arrived and been distributed. The value of the food was $25,000 and was unloaded by the strikers and carried to food sheds where it was distributed to the hungry strikers, each of whom received a package of rations weighing twenty pounds.

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Increase the purchasing power of the wages of labor by dealing at the

OLD DUTCH MARKET, Inc.

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LAGER, per Case of 24 Bottles.....$1 50
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Write or Telephone for Premium List. TELEPHONES, West 1600, 1601, 1602

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Copper Kitchen Utensils.
Aluminium Kitchen Utensils.
High-Class Kitchen Cutlery.
Complete Laundry Equipments.
Best Coffee-Making Devices.
Imported Molds and Cutters.
Best Anti-Rust Tinware.
Russian Iron Roasting Pans.
Steel Roasting Pans.
Bathroom Fixtures, &c.

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GREEN MEADOW DAIRY,
N. J. Ave. and D street N. W.
J. W. MURPHY, 912 D street N. E.
SWISS DAIRY, 403 E. Capitol St.
J. J. BOWLES, 460 K northwest

All the Leading Brands of Whiskies, 10 Cents
Every Union Man Should Know
Where to Find
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PERIODICALS MAGAZINES
I am the little man that cut out the Non-Union Magazines the time of the Printers' Strike.
I know this to be TRUE. J B. D.

LANSBURGH & BRO.
"DRY GOODS ONLY"
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417 to 425 Eighth Street

M. HOLZBEIERLEIN'S
FAMOUS BAKERY
Cakes and Bread of All Kinds on Sale by all the Leading Grocers.
1849 Seventh Street, Northwest.
Stands: 63-64 Center Market. 107-109 K St. Market. 27 Northeast Market.

MR. UNION MAN!
It will be worth your while to see our NEW FALL HATS. Newest Styles and Newest Colorings. Duplicates of the High Priced Hats. REAL $3.00 QUALITY. $1.90
UNION MADE, OF COURSE
JULIUS A. WEST
The Sweater Shop
800 Seventh St. N. W.
NOTICE: 5 per cent. discount on your purchase if you bring this advertisement with you.

BROCKWELL'S BITS

William E. Weaver, the star pitcher of the Washington printer baseball team, who for some years past has conducted a printing office over at Rosslyn, Va., has disposed of his interests there and will work at the trade in this city, at present showing up in the Evening Star composing room. If "Weave" can print as well as he pitches, he will make a valuable addition to Brother Southland's force.

* * *

Frank D. Seiffert, who has many admirers and friends among his fellow-members of Columbia Union, was the victim of a serious accident a few days since on a Lake boat returning from Minneapolis, where he had been after attending the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows as the representative from this city. As a result of the accident (a fall on the boat during a rough sea) he is now confined to his home with his ankle in a plaster cast, with the prospect of three or four weeks as an invalid. I trust he may soon be entirely well.

* * *

A marriage that will interest many printers hereabouts, especially those in the Government Printing Office, was that of Mr. Walter D. Morgan to Mrs. Ella Carter Ahl, which took place in Alexandria, Va., on September 29, 1913, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Mr. Duffy, of the Methodist Church of that place. Mr. Morgan, now holding a position as proofreader in the Printery, has been employed in the establishment for many years and has numerous friends there, all of whom will join this writer in the hope that the new union will prove one of the greatest happiness.

* * *

From a recent copy of the Elmira (N. Y.) Telegram I learn that Milo Shanks, formerly of this city, has become the owner of the Elmira Daily Advertiser. Mr. Shanks was employed in the Government Printing Office for several years as compositor, reader, and foreman, serving in the latter capacity at the Library Branch and later in what was then known as the Third Division. From this last position he went to newspaper work here, serving on the Times two or three years, and then removing to Elmira (about five years ago) to take up the management of the paper of which he has now become proprietor. Mr. Shanks's work on the Advertiser showed good results from the first, and from a very much run down concern he has developed what seems to be a first-class newspaper property. The Advertiser is a morning paper and is Republican in politics. It was for years the property of J. Sloat Fassett and other prominent Republican leaders of that section of New York State.

* * *

The good old State of North Carolina continues to add to its glories and make its people the wonder and admiration of other Commonwealths. In addition to furnishing President Wilson's cabinet with one of the greatest Secretaries of the Navy the country ever had in the person of Josephus Daniels and giving the United States Senate its greatest chairman of the Finance Committee of that great body in the person of Senator Simmons, there has recently appeared in the eastern section of the Tar Heel State a rugged citizen who, at the age of 120 years, desired to take unto himself his fourth wife, a comely dame who had just scored her eightieth year. An upstart official refused to issue the license for the celebration of the marriage, but I believe that if the gallant would-be groom can get his claim for nuptial bliss before Daniels, Simmons, and Tom Pence—a trio noted for "doing things"—the trick can yet be turned and the devoted lovers allowed to wed and live happily ever after.

* * *

Henry Noyes, a well-known member of Columbia Typographical Union, died at Sibley Hospital, in this city, on Thursday, October 2, 1913, after an illness extending over several years, though he was at the hospital but a few weeks previous to the end. Mr. Noyes was born March 21, 1852, being a native, I believe, of Illinois. He originally joined Charleston (W. Va.) Typographical Union, No. 146, in May, 1883, and came to this city more than a quarter of a century ago. Until his health failed (five or six years ago) he was employed in the Government Printing Office for many years in various positions, his last work, two or three years ago, being that of a reviser in the day proof room. He is survived by several grown-up children.

Henry Noyes was one of the most patient men under severe affliction I have ever known, and for years past I have looked upon him as a marvel of good nature, geniality, and fine feeling. Surely if suffering here fits mortals for the peace that Faith whispers is in the Beyond, he has gone hence to dwell in a fair land. May it be so.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

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ARE REFUSED EXEMPTION

The Application of Several Iron and Steel Companies Were Denied.

Albany, Oct. 10.—The Industrial Board of the Department of Labor has denied the application of several iron and steel companies for exemption of blast furnaces from the provision of Section 8-A of the labor law. This law requires that every employer of labor engaged in carrying on any factory or mercantile establishment in the State shall allow every employe at least twenty-four consecutive hours of rest in every seven consecutive days. The Industrial Board's decision, denying application for exemption, was based on its belief that it was the intent and purpose of the law to grant exemptions from the one-day rest in seven provision only in case of emergency, which could not be anticipated in the statute itself, and that the clear intent of the law is not to exempt industries in continuance operation, or to give the industrial board power to suspend the operation of the law except where an emergency occurs which could not be anticipated by the managers of the industry, and the failure to exempt would cause serious loss of property, life or danger to health, and that the exemption should cover only specific cases and not an entire industry, and for specified periods limited in time.

RAILROAD WRECKS.

Two were killed and one scalded when a Chicago bound Baltimore and Ohio train jumped the track east of Youngstown, Ohio, the engine turning completely over. The engineer and fireman were killed, but no passengers were injured. A special train on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh Railway collided with a switching engine in the yards at Indiana, Pa., seriously injuring three officials of the road. Three young men were killed at Jefferson Junction near Scranton, Pa., in a headon collision of freight trains on the Delaware and Hudson Railroad. Four members of the train crews were also injured. The engineer was fatally injured and several passengers severely bruised when the engine and baggage car of a fast Frisco passenger train went into a ditch sixteen miles North of New Orleans. The train collided with a flat car.

COLORADO MINERS STRIKE.

Denver, Oct. 10.—More than 10,000 coal miners in this State are now on strike. While the mine operators confidently expected a majority of their employes to remain at work, at least 90 per cent of all the coal miners in the State quit work in response to the call of the miners' union. Tents and provisions are being supplied for the strikers, and officials of the United Mine Workers are in charge. It is stated that 3,000 men formerly employed in the mines have already left the State for the purpose of procuring work in the East. Nineteen independent coal companies in the State have signed up with the union and 2,000 miners returned to work. Most of these independent companies operate in El Paso County.

MINERS STEADFAST.

Organizer John L. Lewis, of the A. F. of L., who is now assisting in the conduct of the strike of the Michigan copper miners, recently sent this report of a meeting: "Despite inclement weather, many thousands of miners attended mass meeting in Laurium. Meeting preceded by a parade which took forty-five minutes to pass given point. Intense interest and enthusiasm displayed by strikers. Remarkable demonstration was complete surprise to mining companies that were boasting that recent injunction had dampened ardor of men."

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Central Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 and third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

arbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leibowitz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman, 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
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INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N. W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, Wm. H. Young, 415 7th Street, Southeast.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

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AN INCREASING SCOPE

Journeymen Tailors Considering Change in the Name of the International Body.

Bloomington, Ill., Oct. 10.—At the recent convention of the journeymen Tailors' Union of America, forty-six propositions were referred to a referendum vote of the affiliated unions. One of the propositions includes the changing of the name of the international body from the Journeymen Tailors' Union of America to the Tailors' Industrial Union. A companion proposition in consonance with this proposed change submits a plan for the Tailors to acquire jurisdiction over all persons employed at the trade, including the Pressers, and every one who plys the needle. According to the phraseology used the meaning is evident, that is, that if the plan is indorsed by the referendum vote it means that the Tailors' Industrial Union will claim jurisdiction over the field that is now covered by the United Garment Workers of America and the International Lady Garment Workers. The referendum vote will be taken prior to November 15.

CHANGES PLAN.

Recently it was announced by the Secretary of the Navy that employes would be represented on the wage boards, but it now develops that a change is to be made in that plan, and the United States Department of Labor is to be called upon to determine the wage scale for the different yards. The law requires that "navy yard employes be paid wages equivalent to those in civil establishments in the vicinity." The Secretary of the Department of Labor therefore will make the investigation and report his findings to the Navy Department, thus eliminating the former plan of placing representatives of the navy yard workmen on the wage boards as previously.

INTRODUCES LOAN BILL.

Representative Frank Buchanan, member of the labor group, introduced a bill in the House amending the act of June 25, 1910, an act to establish postal savings depositories for depositing savings with the government. The bill contains an elaborate scheme whereby the government is to receive deposits from individuals and corporations. It is also contemplated that there shall be created a loan bureau, under the supervision of a board of trustees, for the purpose of making loans on agricultural lands and improvements, homes, and for other purposes. The annual rate of interest is placed at 3 per cent, and with a time limit of twenty years. It is further provided that counties, cities, villages, townships, school districts, or any other public taxing body can borrow money from the government for the construction of public works within a prescribed limit. One provision makes it possible for those who desire to purchase homes to borrow a sum not to exceed 50 per cent of the assessed valuation. The scheme of the bill is for the purpose of providing means for those who have small means to secure a home at a reasonable rate of interest on deferred payments, as well as affording states and sub-divisions thereof, empowered to levy taxes, an opportunity to promote public works.

I AM COAL

I am Coal. Nature made me centuries ago. You will burn me this winter and be glad in the warmth which I release.

But you must see in me more than a lump of black carbon. You must see in the red fire the stains of human blood, of the worker who died unnecessarily in bringing me to your service.

You must see in the flames that leap from and about me the crushed spirits of little children who worked against the law to give me place at your fireside, worked themselves out of life in the hope of being able through work to live.

You must see in the comfort I bring to your home the misery and squalor of the homes of those who gave me to your service.

In the smoke that passes from my destruction is a line of black accusation against you and the society you tolerate that builds its comfort on the misery of others.

I serve and die in service. But human beings slaved and died in slavery that you might have me; and you did not care.—Exchange.

CONSERVATION OF LIFE

The annual meeting of the American Mine Safety Association, composed of leading coal and metal mine operators, mining engineers, mine-safety engineers, and mine surgeons, was held in Pittsburgh, Pa., September 22-24 and was an exceedingly interesting meeting. This association, which held its first meeting a year ago, has for its purpose a reduction of the number of accidents in the mines and quarries and the alleviation of more than 60,000 men who are injured each year. This second meeting which has been called by Mr. H. M. Wilson, of the Bureau of Mines, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Association, promises to take up and discuss a number of the problems that have arisen in both the rescue and first-aid work. The members of the association declare that greater progress can be made in saving life and in reducing the seriousness of injuries by the adoption of proposed standard methods.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Nealy Bean, Edward R. Ratcliffe, John E. O'Brien, and Samuel Oscar, probationary messenger boys.

Miss Eva H. Willard, press feeder, transferred from Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Mrs. Flora M. Snow, emergency press feeder.

Allen C. Denham and William C. Evans, probationary bookbinders.

Frank B. Smith, probationary linotype operator.

James W. Cobb, reinstated as skilled laborer.

John J. Fogarty, temporary compositor.

Separations.

Thomas E. Reardon, temporary plasterer.

Ilbert deL. Brayshaw, helper, resigned.

Daniel W. Beach, compositor, resigned.

Edward J. Fahey, probationary messenger boy.

Joseph C. Perry, temporary compositor, resigned.

Jackson M. Waldron, probationary messenger boy, resigned.

William F. Leatzow, reviser, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Michael J. Hagerty, bookbinder, Department of Agriculture, Departmental Detail Roll; Mrs. Nellie R. Grant, press feeder, 271-2 cents per hour, press division night; Robert I. Richardson, probationary messenger boy, foundry section; Burlington L. Balderson, unskilled laborer, forwarding and finishing section; Sterling G. Ansley and Lawrence N. Nops, messenger boys, press division; Thomas E. Blakely, pressman, press division, day to night; Benjamin Y. Martin, helper, 30 cents per hour, buildings division; John L. Dilsaver, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Wm. H. Carpenter, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, monotype section night; August F. Laufer and Elmo D. Norris, monotype keyboard operators, 60 cents per hour, monotype section night; James W. Doocy, deskman, 65 cents per hour, proof section night; John O'Neill, maker-up, 60 cents per hour, hand section; William H. Fisher, assigned to proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Thomas L. McEnaney, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section night; William A. Murphy, messenger boy, $420 per annum, office of superintendent of work; George W. Shaffer, compositor, Samuel W. Taylor, temporary compositor, monotype section; Renne A. Julian, compositor, linctype section; Arthur J. Picotte, pressman, Library of Congress branch printing section; Marcus P. Jackson, temporary compositor, linotype section; John V. Smithson, compositer, linotype section; Charles W. Burnett, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Ernest M. Boss, messenger boy, $500 per annum, office of the superintendent of documents; Frank Hegner, stereotyper, foundry section day to night; Henry S. Newell, counter, cutting and packing section; Albert J. Weber, probationary stereotyper, foundry section, night to day; John K. Stephenson, pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour, press division; Thomas E. Doty, monotype keyboard operator, 60 cents per hour, monotype section night.

TO END STRIKE OF MINERS

Secretary of the Department of Labor Wilson has directed the chief clerk of the Bureau of Labor to proceed at once to Denver, Colo., to make an effort to settle a controversy now on between the coal miners and operators.

A strike of large proportions is pending, and quite a considerable number of coal miners have already laid down their tools. While the operators have refused arbitration, suggested by the State Labor Department of Colorado, yet as indicated, the Labor Department of the Government will use its good offices in an effort to secure a settlement.

YOU AND ME, TOO!

Why in the Sam Hatch don't the men stop criticising the way women dress? They complained about the hoop skirt, they kicked when the pull backs were worn, they fussed about the big hats and when they went barehead, and now they are growling over the X-ray and split skirt Let 'em alone. If they didn't wear anything but a feather in their hair we would look at 'em and love 'em.—Idabel Democrat-Record.

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 70 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

UNPROFITABLE POLICY

Employing Foreigners for Profits Proves to be Rather Costly.

Galesburg, Ill., Oct. 24.—That the non-English speaking foreigner has the right to work wherever he can find it, is patent, for no one should be deprived of the opportunity to work, no matter what their nationality. Some employers, however, seek to use foreign speaking workmen to appease their desire for profits, and in doing so bring about situations that are frequently expensive. A casting company in this city has just entailed a loss by fire of approximately $30,000. According to one of the daily papers, the fire was discovered by the night watchman before it had made any considerable progress, but as the watchman could not speak the English language, he was unable to turn in the alarm, and before assistance could be summoned the fire was beyond control, and the plant destroyed. It is asserted that the company has made it a practice to employ foreigners almost exclusively for the reason that they were not familiar with American customs and the American standard of living and could be secured at a much lower rate of wages than American working men. Much criticism has been indulged in by employers in recent years against the methods of labor unions, and the employers have accentuated and emphasized the plea of "efficiency." In this particular instance it is wondered whether the managers of the concern in question are in harmony with the general cry of the employers throughout the country for "efficiency."

THE CALUMET STRIKE

Union Men are Responding Liberally to the Defense Fund for its Continuation.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 24. — The Daily Mining Journal has this to say anent the copper strike: "It is violating no confidence to say that after two months there is much more strike left in the copper country than the operators two months ago believed would be the case." The Grand Rapids labor paper in commenting on the above expression says: "The above gives in fewer words than we can express it the real situation as it exists in the copper country at the present time. The strike is far from over. A good many papers would have us believe that the strike is practically ended, but such is not the case. The operators are stubborn and refuse to arbitrate, and the miners refuse to return to work until the differences are adjusted. The operators have been circulating a paper, The Coal Dealer, giving a published account of how the miners in West Virginia are losing money by the new agreement they have adopted, yet the facts of the case have not been given. The union men throughout the country are responding liberally to the defense fund to carry on the strike. Already plans have been made to furnish coal for the strikers this winter, and no one on the outside need worry about the miners. Just worry about the operators. They are the ones that will need consolation when the time comes."

VIENNA ALARMED.

London, Oct. 24.—Emigration from Austria-Hungary to the United States and Canada is increasing so rapidly that the authorities in Vienna and Budapest are taking steps to check it. The shortage of recruits this year for the armies of the dual monarchy is said to be about 100,000. The farmers are also complaining about the lack of labor, so many able-bodied young men having migrated. It is asserted that more than 90,000 liable for army service are now in Canada, and not one responded to the recent summons to return. The rivalry between the Austro-American and the Canadian-Pacific companies, the latter of which early this year established a service from Trieste, has resulted in more transport facilities and cheaper fares. It is also understood that the Italian government proposes to stop the Italian emigration to America, both North and South, and divert it to Tripoli.

TO RESUME LOBBY HEARING.

It is stated that the Senate Lobby Investigating Committee will resume its hearings as soon as possible. The committee intends to hear witnesses regarding the alleged labor lobby and also witnesses on the part the press has had in the lobby. Two members of the lobby committee, Senators Reid and Nelson, are members of the Banking and Currency Committee, which is now engaged in hearings on the currency bill. It is intimated that the report of the Senate Lobby Committee will not be made to the Senate before the latter part of December or some time in January.

WANT AN EDUCATION.

Philadelphia, Oct. 24.—A large number of young men and women have qualified for admission to the night schools in this city. In fact, the number reaches approximately 25,000, and they are all employed in the shops and factories in and adjacent to the city.

MEAT SHORTAGE REAL

According to the Bureau of Animal Industry There's a Decided Shortage.

Shortage of meat and the way to increase the supply is discussed by experts in the Department of Agriculture in a special bulletin just issued to the farmers of the country. According to information in possession of the Bureau of Animal Industry there is a decided meat shortage. It is stated by an official of this department that the rise in prices in recent years is the natural result of an actual shortage in production. It is contended that the condition is reflected in the per capita consumption of meat in the United States, which is estimated to have fallen off ten pounds in four years, or from 162 pounds in 1909 to 152 pounds in the fiscal year 1913. The bulletin points out that within the last six years the number of beef cattle in the country apparently has fallen off some 30 per cent, while the population has increased. Department estimates show that the number of beef cattle in the country in January, 1907, was 51,566,000, and at the beginning of the present year only 36,300,000, while the number of dairy cows remained practically stationary. The slaughter of beef, it is set forth, has fallen off approximately 780,000,000 pounds from 1910 to 1913. Meanwhile the country's export trade had greatly fallen off. The bulletin further asserts that there is little hope for exports from Argentina and Australia, because of their great drain by European markets, and that Argentina is already drawing on its live stock reserve. The department says that the farmers of this country have almost unlimited possibilities for live stock production and that all the meat needed could be furnished if the farmers could be shown how to produce it and how to get a ready market. The department urges that the nation's meat supply be increased by a revival of beef cattle raising in the corn belt and its extension in the Eastern States where success depends upon the utilization of pasture and cheap roughage; the use of dual purpose cows on dairy farms, saving the calves for feeders; raising sheep more extensively in the corn belt and Eastern States; increasing hog production on the irrigated farms of the West, increasing production of beef cattle and hogs in the South, "the one section of the United States where cattle still can be raised, fed and sold at a profit of from 5 cents to 6 cents per pound.

WESTERN COAL STRIKE.

According to all reports coming in from the Colorado coal strike state that numerous independent mines have made settlements with the United Mine Workers and the miners are back at work. At Trinidad a short time ago five or six shots were fired from a freight train on strikers at Ludlow, and half an hour later nine shots were fired into the White City from the hills above Hastings, but none took effect. The White City referred to is the tents occupied by the striking miners. In the Northern coal fields an injunction prohibits the striking miners from peacefully picketing the mines. It has been arranged that should the striking miners who are doing picket duty be arrested the women and children are to take their places on the picket line. The scheme is that if the operators carry out their plans the men will submit to arrest and go to jail, their places on the picket line being taken by women, who will also submit to arrest and go to jail. Then it is up to the county to take care of the strikers, their wives, and families. That is not a bad idea.

LIBERAL RESPONSE.

Butte, Mont., Oct. 24. — The Butte unions responded liberally to the appeal of the striking copper miners of Michigan. Aside from the large contributions from the miners' organizations, the miscellaneous crafts have already forwarded $5,550. In addition to amounts already paid in, many unions have levied assessments. The Cooks and Waiters have pledged themselves to donate $100 per month as an organization; the Painters $1 per month each; Plumbers $2 per month each, and the Plasterers $2 per month each. The business men also have subscribed liberally to assist the striking copper miners.

OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

Information comes from Sedalia, Mo., that the recent convention of the International Brotherhood of Blacksmiths and Helpers re-elected its officers for the ensuing term, the convention was harmonious and that provision was made for another year of active organization and agitation.

ROLLER TOWELS BANISHED.

Roller Towels, which have been fixtures in government buildings, have been abolished in the interest of the public health by an executive order of President Wilson. Thousands of individual towels will replace the roller disease breeders.

WORKINGMEN DUPED

Wage Eearners Should Always Look into Advertisements With the Utmost Care.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 24.—The following is from the Birmingham Labor Advocate: "Information comes through the press that a number of Birmingham workingmen allowed themselves to be duped by extravagant and golden promises made by one Taylor, who was a strikebreaker during the Building Trades strike in Birmingham, to leave the city and with nothing more than this man's word to assure them, went to New Orleans supposedly to be transported to Argentina, where they were to make fabulous wages. They found that Taylor had played a huge joke on them and left them in New Orleans with nothing in sight but the prospect of paying railroad fare back to Birmingham or some other place. The man Taylor was one of the foremen employed by a construction company on a hotel job and when the Building Trades strike was called, Taylor was instructed to employ nonunion Carpenters on the job and, notwithstanding the fact that he was a union Carpenter himself, he obeyed orders and worked nonunion men during the strike. When the settlement was made with the union Carpenters Taylor was thrown out of employment and commenced contracting in a small way, but was not successful Workingmen should always look into advertisements with the utmost care, as many of these 'ads' are inserted for the purpose of procuring men to act as strikebreakers against craftsmen who are asking for better wages and conditions."

CIGARMAKERS' UNIONS

Recently Held a Conference to Formulate Demands for an Increase in Wages.

Lancaster, Pa., Oct. 24.—Representatives of the Cigarmakers' Unions, located in the First and Ninth Internal Revenue Districts of Pennsylvania, met here recently for the purpose of formulating demands for an increase in wages throughout Eastern Pennsylvania. The delegates from all points reported that business in the cigar factories is unusually brisk, and that the time is opportune for a raise in the wages of Cigarmakers. It was also reported that several of the manufacturers in the First District have already increased the wages of their employes, and it is the purpose of the organized Cigarmakers to make the increase general, if possible. There has been no material increase in the wages if Cigarmakers in this part of Pennsylvania for many years, and it is felt that the present movement is entirely justified, as trade conditions fully warrant such a move. Even the non-unionists, it was claimed by those in attendance at the conference, are in accord with the present movement and will cooperate with the unions in furthering their demands. In fact, the increasing membership attested by the representatives, indicates that in the near future there will be very few non-union workmen in the great cigar centers of this state. The outlook is better than ever before in the history of the section of the country.

RESULT OF ORGANIZATION.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Oct. 24.—The Street Car Employes' Union, a young organization, has secured an agreement with the local traction company. R. G. Stewart, editor of the labor paper, The Tribune, says: "Although the union is but young in months, it has been very fortunate in its negotiations. While other organizations that are the backbone of the labor movement have had to wait for years and even a decade before securing any tangible benefits, the members of Division 638 have had the satisfaction of having secured an agreement which provides for a substantial increase in the wage scale and provisions for the adjustment of working conditions by means of a joint conference between the proper committees and the management that will insure industrial peace. Under the terms of the agreement no employe will be discharged for petty reasons or discriminated against in any manner. His union card will insure him the right to appeal to the management, where his case will be presented by his duly chosen representatives in the union. Justice and not prejudice will govern in all cases."

ASSIGNMENT OF WAGES.

The Supreme Court of Massachusetts held, in the case of Mutual Loan Co. vs. Martell, that no constitutional right to contract was infringed by requiring assignments of future wages to secure small loans, to be accepted by employers in writing, consented to by the wives of the employes and recorded, to be enforcible.

HORSESHOERS ORGANIZE.

Canton, Ohio, Oct. 24.—The Journeymen Horseshoers of this city have organized a union and secured a new scale calling for a minimum wage of $15 a week. Practically all of the owners of the shops have signed the new scale.

RAILROAD WRECKS

Recent Wrecks With the Usual Fatalities are Selected at Random.

Recent railroad wrecks are selected at random, the following being only a partial list: Two persons were probably fatally injured and more than a score were painfully injured near Attica, Ind., when the Continental Limited on the Wabash Railroad, running fifty miles an hour, ran into an open switch and collided with a freight train. The fact that the passenger train was composed of steel cars is believed to have prevented a greater loss of life. Ten persons were seriously injured when the engine and five passenger cars of a Pennsylvania train were derailed at Garland, Pa., fifty miles east of Erie, Pa., the cause of the accident not having been determined. Seven persons were seriously injured when a train on the Erie Railroad, near Warren, Ohio, crashed through a freight train. The wreckage burst into flames and the injured were rescued with difficulty. A passenger train on the Big Four near Columbus, Ohio, was partially derailed and two trainmen probably fatally injured as a result of a collision with a hand car. The engine was completely overturned and the engineer and fireman were caught under the wreckage. A steel car carrying racing horses, which was attached to the train, is credited with having kept the passenger coaches from leaving the rails. Two dead and eight injured, several seriously, was the result of a head-on collision between two Nickel Plate freight trains at Fairview, Pa. The trains met at high speed and nearly all the injured were buried under the wreckage. Twenty persons were injured, four seriously, when the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul east-bound Olympian train was wrecked forty miles west of Forsyth, Mont. The train was traveling at a high speed and every car was ditched. Fifteen passengers were injured when four cars of a passenger train on the New Orleans and Northwestern rolled down an embankment near Winnesboro, La., spreading rails having caused the wreck. By the derailing of a Pennsylvania train on the Philadelphia and Erie Division at Galeton, Pa., two express messengers were seriously injured and a number of pasengers badly shaken up. The train was ditched in the railroad yards and a broken rail is said to have been responsible.

SEAMEN'S BILL TO VOTE.

Through the efforts of Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, unanimous consent was secured in the Senate to take up the Seamen's Bill, now under the head of unfinished business, on Thursday, October 16, and proceed to its consideration. It was also agreed that this bill should come to a vote not later than 4 o'clock in the afternoon on Thursday, October 23. This assures action upon this important measure, and the bill, which is before the Senate, will in all probability be materially amended for the purpose of securing to the seamen rights which have been long withheld from them. As stated in a previous News Letter, the bill reported is not desired by the seamen, but the parliamentary situation allows amendments to be offered and even the substitution of an entire new bill will be permissible. It is apprehended that a majority of the Senate are favorable to the enactment of a law that will give to American seamen the rights and privileges to which they are entitled, and from which they have long been debarred.

OLD AGE PENSION.

Representative Lafferty introduced a bill providing pensions for all persons in the United States who have reached the age of sixty years and who have been citizens for at least sixteen years, amounting to $6 a week. The measure asks that an appropriation of $1,000,000 be provided for its first year of operation, and places the task of putting the new law into effect upon the Secretary of the Interior. The law is so framed that it would enable all persons to have incomes of $6 a week, while persons having an income of less than $6 a week would receive an amount sufficient to bring the amount up to that figure.

DEMAND WIRELESS.

Just recently a cable dispatch from London says that the Executive Council of the National Sailors and Firemen's Union has decided to take a ballot of members of the union on the question whether they are prepared to refuse after May 1, 1914, to ship on board any ocean going craft not equipped with wireless. Seamen of other nations are to be invited to join the movement.

STATE FEDERATIONS MEETINGS.

The Illinois, Ohio and California State Federations of Labor were all in session during the same period recently. At each of these state conventions legislative matters formed the principal topics for discussion and legislation.

EMPLOYER IS LIABLE

The Question of the Employe's Assumption of Risk Was for the Jury.

An employe of a telephone company, who, with others, was engaged in putting up wireless on a building, was injured by the breaking of the rung of a ladder on which he was standing. It appeared that the rung was made of a piece of board sawed across the grain. The defect was not obvious to a casual observer, but was discoverable by a careful inspection, which was not made. It appeared that ladders for the use of the employes were supplied by the company, but that sometimes, when those were insufficient, the foreman directed the men to borrow such as could be obtained near by, and that the one used by the injured employe had been so borrowed by another workman. The United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit held, in the case of Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company vs. Starr, that ladders of unusual length, such as employes of a telephone company are required to use in putting up wires on buildings, are not simple appliances like mechanics' tools, for defects in which employers cannot be held responsible and the risk from which employes assume; that in legal effect the ladder in question was furnished by the telephone company, which was responsible for its condition to the same extent as though it had been furnished from its own supply, and that the question of the employe's assumption of risk was for the jury.

ORIENTALS EVADE LAW

Hundreds of Orientals are Permitted to Enter this Country to Study.

That hundreds of Chinese and Japanese annually enter the country in the guise of students, only to evade the stringent immigration laws, has come into the hands of the commissioner general of immigration. The commissioner, it is stated, is preparing for a thorough investigation of the subject with the end in view of making still more stringent the regulations to prevent this practice. Under the treaties between the United States, Japan, and China, young men and women are permitted to enter this country to study. No time limit is provided for them to complete their work and thus the present regulations are deemed lax upon this matter. It is asserted that hereafter reports of all Chinese and Japanese students will be kept and it will be required that they make periodical reports, indorsed by the various school officials. When the periods of schooling are ended the privilege of remaining in the country will be withdrawn. In numerous cases, it is said, Chinese and Japanese have entered the country as students, attend classes for a week or so, and then feel that they are secure to remain in the country indefinitely.

"LAMB AND THE LION."

Petitions purporting to be signed by employes of the United States Steel Corporation, urging the Department of Justice to discontinue its prosecution of the steel trust under the Sherman Anti-Trust Law have been transmitted to the Department of Justice of the United States by Representative Burke of Pennsylvania. The petitions declare that the employes are entirely satisfied with the company's treatment. It would be interesting to know how many of these petitioners are recipients of the munificent wage of 17 cents to 20 cents per hour, paid by the trust. The petition casts the same sidelight as did the organization of the Employes and Investors' Association, (now deceased), which was organized at the expense of the various railroad systems, with the evident purpose of dividing the employes of the railroads and decreasing the effectiveness of the recognized brotherhoods.

WANT SKILLED MEN.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—The Panama Canal is within sight of completion, but, of course, there is a large amount of work of an intricate character yet to be performed. The chief of the appointment division of the Canal Commission is in this city for the purpose of securing the services of high-class Electrical Workers who are familiar with high tension work. The operation of the mechanism on the Canal, that is the locks, and other machinery that requires power to handle, is to be entirely done by electricity.

BRITISH DELEGATES.

Word is received that the two fraternal delegates from the British Trades Congress to the Seattle Convention of the American Federation of Labor, Mr. Gwynne and Mr. Greenall, accompanied by Mrs. Gwynne, are due to reach New York by the Carmania on October 25. The party will come to Washington and leave for Seattle with the officials of the American Federation of Labor about November 1.

TENNESSEE LABOR LAWS

A Number of Labor Measures Valiantly Contended for by Organized Workers.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Oct. 24.—The recent extra session of the legislature passed a number of labor measures which have been valiantly contended for by the organized workers of the State. There were seven bills in all which passed during the closing hours, when it seemed that there was but little chance to secure any legislation. The laws secured are as follows: A law to regulate and limit all hours of labor of children and females to fifty-eight per week, this law to be effective Jan. 1, 1914, and a fifty-seven-hour limit to become effective January 1, 1915, the children affected under this act to be under sixteen years of age. A law providing supplies for first aid to the injured in all mines of the State; a law providing for organizing and maintaining rescue crews in the mines; a law providing for fire escapes on workshops and factories that are two stories and over in height; a law providing for semi-monthly pay days for corporations and concerns maintaining commissaries; a law providing for the reporting of accidents to the Department of Workshops and Factory Inspection, and to prohibit the use of any part of the report as evidence in the courts except for law violation cases. Another bill passed was that strengthening the child act in conformity with a recent Supreme Court decision.

M'INTYRE GETS SMASHED

Senator Reed Became Offended and in Consequence Exercised a Physical Rebuke.

Senator Reed, of the Senate Lobby Committe, slapped the face of John McIntyre, of Philadelphia, an official of the National Association of Manufacturers, following an altercation in the Judiciary Committee room at the Capitol recently. Senator Reed, it is claimed, was offended because McIntyre insisted that the Senator had in his possession an affidavit setting forth that Senator Reed had assisted in suppressing the testimony of James J. Reagan in connection with the Mulhall charges. The agents of the National Association of Manufacturers have always acted with great presumption, but the recent investigation and consequent exposure of the methods employed by that delectable band has had the effect of completely discrediting the active spirits of the association. In their distress they have become exceedingly bumptious, and it is quite evident that the agent of the manufacturers referred to exhibited too much authority toward Senator Reed, and received in consequence thereof a physical rebuke.

MACHINISTS WANT MORE.

Members of the International Association of Machinists employed in the Washington Navy Yard last July were granted an increase of 7.8 per cent. This increase was secured because the Navy Department accepted the argument presented relative to the high cost of living in the National Capitol. The Machinists now ask that this increase be applied in all navy yards. The basis upon which the wages of employes of the government is determined is the rate of wages paid in civil establishments in the territory in which the government works are located. A wage board is provided for, before which evidence is submitted as to the current wages and the board determines the rate of wages to be paid. Officials of the Machinists are endeavoring to secure a favorable consideration of their demand.

MAINTENANCE MEN.

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 24.—President A. B. Lowe, of the Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes, states that the representatives of that organization have secured a revision of the schedule, with a fair increase in wages and several improvements in working conditions, on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway. The controversy between the trackmen and the Grand Trunk Railway system, which was referred to the Minister of Labor, has been closed, the company accepting the award, as also have the employes. Every road in Canada now is working under schedule conditions and practically standard rates, the Maintenance of Way Employes having secured these betterments through the efficacy of their organization.

PARCEL POST CHANGE SOUGHT.

It is stated that in order to determine whether or not it should acquiesce in a change in the parcel post regulations so that books would be admitted to the mails as parcel post matter, the Interstate Commerce Commission has ordered an investigation. The Postmaster General has asked the commission to consent to the proposed change, but it was decided first to make an investigation. The commission announced that it will receive objections to the proposed change up until October 20, at which time the matter will stand submitted for decision.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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EMBLEM OF UNION PRINTERS TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON D.C. FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 24, 1913.

JUDGE ANDERSON'S DECISION.

We were very much pleased at the decision rendered by Justice Anderson in the matter of the ouster proceedings against Commissioner Newman, for we have stated before that we questioned the honesty of purpose of those who were back of the movement to unseat this appointee of the President. We care not so much about the elligibility of Mr. Newman as we do his fitness, and we are of the belief from the standpoint of the working-class people that it would be a hard matter for the President to appoint a man who would be more sympathetic with our class. Perhaps some day it will be brought to light the real forces that have been behind the fight on Commissioner Newman and show just who have been furnishing the sinews of war to hire the services of the legal talent that have been engaged in this case, and we think that it will be found that it is those interests who have controlled our District affairs to the jeopardy of the working-class people. We hope that the few soreheads, both in and out of the so-called Home Rule Association, will cease their futile attempts to prevent Mr. Newman from carrying on the work to which he is committed, that of giving to all sections of our city better and more improved conditions instead of the favored section so long catered to.

UNIVERSAL TRANSFERS.

This question has been agitated in the District for several years and various attempts have been made to have Congress enact a law making it compulsory for the local railway companies to issue free interchangeable reciprocal transfers. The attempts seem to have met with failure, for one reason and another, until the last session of Congress, a bill creating a Public Utilities Commission, consisting of the Commissioners of the District with powers of supervision of the various public service corporations. Pursuant to the powers delegated to this Commission, they held a public hearing on last Monday to hear arguments pro and con on this question, and judging by the showing made before the Commission by representatives of the various citizens associations and a representative from the Central Labor Union, we are of the opinion that before long an order will issue to the two railway companies to put into operation a system of free universal transfers. The companies are bitterly opposed to this inovation, and by their attitude they are but maintaining the reputation of traction companies all over this country, for every concession that the people ever received from traction companies was done through force, notwithstanding the fact that they use the highways owned by the people. Not only should the people of this city have free transfers, but arrangements should be made that would make it compulsory for the railway companies to issue half fare tickets for school children, a condition that is in vogue in several cities of this country. We are of the belief that the interests of the people will be well looked after by our present Utilities Commission, and we trust that as soon as they have finished with this question that they will turn their attention to the local gas companies, and then the telephone company, and see if some measure of relief cannot be obtained from what to our mind is excessive charges for the service rendered.

FREE TEXT BOOKS.

The question of education is uppermost in the minds of every thinking citizen of this country, for it has come to be a recognized fact that in order to get the best citizenship possible that too much attention cannot be given to the education of our youths who are to make our future citizens. There was a time within the recollection of the present generation when free text books were almost unheard of, but through the efforts of the trades union movement they have to a great extent been responsible for the introduction of legislation making it compulsory to furnish the children attending school with free text books. This practice to a certain extent now prevails in most every city in our country, and in some cities they are much more liberal than in others, as they not only furnish the text books but the paper and pencils and other requirements of the pupils are furnished them free. It would seem to us that the one city that should be ahead of all others, the one that should set the lead for others to follow would be the one city in which every citizen of this country is especially interested in and that is the city of Washington, the Capitol of the country. But such is not the case, for while free text books are furnished to some of our pupils, there has been a limit set as to the grade at which this practice stops, for after a pupil passes the eighth grade in our schools the parents must furnish them with text books and all the other necessary requiren ents if they are to keep them at school. This is a hardship upon many a family and a burden that they are unable to meet, and in consequence many a boy and girl are deprived of a higher education that would be theirs if they were furnished with free text books. This is a question that should receive some thought from those intrusted with looking after the educational features of our city, and steps should be taken to impress Congress with the necessity of providing sufficient funds to enable the School Board to furnish free text books to the pupils of our high schools, and the money thus invested would prove to be the most profitable investment that could be made. We suggest to the various locals to take this question up and to agitate it and use whatever influence they may have to see if this condition cannot be brought about, for it is the children of the working people who suffer most, for we feel assured that many a boy and girl could be kept at school for a year or two longer if the expense of school books was taken off the shoulders of their parents.

UNION MAN APPOINTED

Last week the President appointed Mr. Charles N. Seitzinger postmaster of Reading, Pa. Reading is a hustling city of 100,000 population, and is in the district represented by the Honorable John H. Rothermel, who recommended Mr. Seitzinger for the position. There was a strong fight waged for the position, as there was sixteen applicants, and, as the indorsement of the Congressman is equivalent to an appointment, it was through the efforts of Mr. Rothermel that appointment was made. This is the first time in the history of Reading and one of a very few cases in which a union man has been appointed to such a responsible position under the Postoffice Department. Mr. Seitzinger is a cigarmaker by trade, and when the announcement was made to him that he received the appointment he was found working at his bench. When interviewed by a representative of one of the Reading papers and was asked what he intended to do he replied: "I will stick to my bench until my commission arrives and my bond accepted. I intend to give Reading the best that is in me and hope to merit the confidence of the entire business community so as to bring credit to myself and credit to the labor movement of which I have been a member for the past twenty-seven years. I am especially thankful to Honorable John H. Rothermel for his kindly consideration of me, and will say that this is not the first time that Mr. Rothermel has shown his friendly interest in those who have to toil for a living, for on every occasion that has presented itself Mr. Rothermel has been on the side of the toiler." The position pays $3,800 per year, and as the salary is based on the business done at the office, and as Reading is a growing and thriving city, the remuneration will increase during the incumbency of Mr. Seitzinger. The trades unionists of Reading and the entire district should feel proud to have a man like the Honorable John H. Rothermel representing them in Congress, and they should see to it that he is kept there not only for the good that he can accomplish for them, but for the aid and assistance that he can be for the entire labor movement.

PRESSMEN HOPEFUL.

San Francisco, Oct. 24.—The Labor Clarion, in its last issue, says: "Another week has passed in the strike of the pressmen and feeders, and the employers are still bemoaning the fact that competent strikebreakers are about as scarce as water in the Desert of Sahara. There are not in all the offices combined enough competent men to properly man one respectable office, and the break from the ranks of the unions that the employers expected 'as soon as funds got low' has failed to materialize. There has not been a single desertion, and this has spread gloom throughout the Franklin Association. Contributions to the strike fund are coming in in sufficient amount to meet all strike benefits, and that this condition of affairs will be continued until the strike is won is assured by the action taken by the Labor Council in requesting affiliated unions to levy a 10-cent per capita weekly assessment."

CONSTRUCTION SHOWS INCREASE.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—An increase in building construction in the United States is shown for the first time in several years in statistics gathered from every important city. The figures show a total of 21,361 buildings, costing $64,926,713, under way for the month of September. This is compared with 20,204 new buildings in the same month a year ago, costing $61,901,245. This is a general increase of about 5 per cent, figures for several preceding years having shown a decline in building operations. Chicago leads the nation in the value of buildings in the course of construction, showing an increase of 9 per cent over last year. New York comes next, Boston third, and Philadelphia fourth.

CHILD LABOR IN GEORGIA.

A medical journal says this. "At least for another year ten-year-old children, who can neither read nor write, will lend their efforts to increasing the fortunes of the cotton-mill owners of Georgia. The Anderson bill, which raised the age limit for working children to thirteen years for 1914 and provided for a further increase to fourteen years in 1915, has been sidetracked in the Legislature, and the session is about to close. Georgia has made practically no advances along this line since 1906. This is not creditable to the traditional chivalry and civilization of the South."

LIABILITY CONFIRMED.

The Supreme Court of Minnesota held Brantman vs. Canby, that where a city undertook to serve both public and private convenience by maintaining a municipal lighting plant to light its streets and also to furnish gas to private consumers it was not exercising a governmental function so as to escape responsibility for negligence in the management of the plant whereby an injury had been caused to the person or property of an individual.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

The many friends of William Norris, of the forwarding and finishing section, will be pleased to learn that he is rapidly recovering from a surgical operation performed at the Sibley Hospital.

William C. Connor, assistant foreman of the cloth section, left last Saturday for New York, where he went to register. Felix Belair is filling his place in his absence.

Joseph Gonzales, casing machine operator, was home on sick leave the past week.

A committee has been appointed by Local No. 4, I. B. of B., to devise ways and means of holding a social session in the near future.

A. N. Jones, of the forwarding and finishing section, has been detailed temporarily to the Navy Department branch bindery.

Mr. Otto Schreiber celebrated his 60th birthday Tuesday, October 21. Brother Schreiber has been a union man over thirty-five years, and he has in his possession a union card issued in Vienna, Austria, in 1879. Congratulations.

Joseph B. Fitzpatrick spent a short vacation in New York recently, to renew old acquaintainships and to register.

Notice is hereby given to the devotees of chess in the bindery that a new knight, Bob Zimmerman, is about to enter the checkered arena. It is rumored that he can see at least seven moves ahead, and that he is one of the greatest diagnosticians in the office. Go to it, Bob. You have our best wishes.

Mrs. Emma McDermott, of the ruling and sewing division, returned to work last Tuesday, after a visit of three months across the Continent.

JOIN FORCES.

North Yakima, Wash., Oct. 24.—The joint conference between representatives of the State Federation of Labor, Farmers' Union, State Grange and Direct Legislation League, held here recently, will make for a powerful force in the directing of progressive legislation in this State. Two years ago a similar alliance was formed between the organizations named, and under its plan of campaign all candidates for the Legislature were pledged on several legislative measures of mutual interest. A majority of the Legislature signed the pledges, but a number violated them and prevented enactment of some of the measures desired. An initiative law, however, was passed, and under its provisions a comprehensive program of legislation will be submitted to the people at the next election. The voting strength represented by the organizations involved is at least 100,000, and the amalgamation of forces is on a strictly non-partisan basis. Men and measures, not parties, is its chief concern, and the non-partisan character of the alliance was reaffirmed by the recent conference.

INTERESTING DECISION.

What do you think of this? Has a workman who is receiving compensation for injuries a right to refuse to undergo a sugrical operation that will restore him to health? This question has been decided in the affirmative by a jury in Geneva, Switzerland. The workman met with an accident and his employer had to pay him compensation for several weeks, but the doctor stated that if he submitted himself to an operation he would be well again in a short time and able to work. The workman, however, feared he would die on the operating table and refused to undergo the operation. The employer has appealed against the verdict.

INJUNCTION RESTORED.

Calumet, Mich., Oct. 24.—The injunction formerly issued against the Copper Miners and later dissolved by Judge O'Brien, has been restored in effect by the State Supreme Court. The Supreme Court, however, modifies the former injunction, the modification permitting peaceful parades and gatherings. That the courts can do no wrong seems to be a mooted question in the State of Michigan, for the history of this injunction shows that one court first issued the injunction, then dissolved it, and then a higher court reinstates the injunction with modifications, thus showing that the opinions of courts in some instances, at least vary, as to their power in issuing injunctions.

CONVICTS BEATEN TO DEATH.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 24. — Acting on charges of cruelty to convicts made against the Huxford Orvin Naval Stores Company, Gov. Emmet O'Neal has canceled the contract for convict labor held by that firm for the last two years. The thirty-four convicts in the stockade at the camp at Atmore, Ala., were ordered removed to the Mobile jail. Prisoners at this camp made affidavits that men were whipped to death in two instances, and that many prisoners were so badly beaten that they had to lie down to eat.

RAILWAY CARMEN.

Kansas City, Oct. 24.—The Brotherhood of Railway Carmen of America has just chartered three new lodges, one at Cambridge, Ohio; one at Quanah, Tex., and the other at Thurmond, W. Va.

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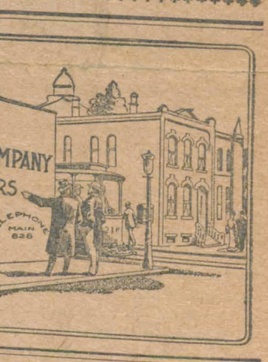

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

Mr. F. C. Roberts, whose critical illness for some weeks past has given his friends extreme anxiety, is considerably improved, and it is believed that he is now safely on the way to recovery. Mr. Roberts has been twice president of No. 101, and also represented it at one of our International conventions, and he is now an officer of the International Typographical Union. He has a host of friends who sincerely trust that he will soon be himself again.

* * *

At its regular monthly meeting on Sunday last Columbia Union initiated more than a dozen new members, and it was a goodly sight to see such a large class entering the ranks of the organization. Among the youngsters was one in particular who attracted my attention—Charles E. Cross. He is the son of Joel W. Cross, one of the old-time square men of this town, who held numerous terms as chairman of the Congressional Record in the old hand-set days (in which position he was certainly one of the best that that period of rock ribbed unionists ever produced), represented this union in the International at the Philadelphia session in 1891, and performed other valuable service for us, notably much excellent committee work at the Capitol in the interest of G. P. O. workers. If young Cross makes as good a unionist as Joe has always been he will attain high rank among his brethren.

* * *

Mr. T. N. Surguy, one of Washington's veteran printers, who lives out at Riverdale, Md., has gone into business in that village, handling household specialties of the labor-saving kind and conducting the enterprise on the co-operative basis. I wish him success in his undertaking, and bespeak for him the patronage of his neighbors and friends.

* * *

The office of Gibson Brothers, long out of the fold, is now manned by a full force of union men. Mr. James West, who recently resigned a foremanship in the Government Printing Office, is the superintendent, and the chapel has eleven members. Gibson's was long considered one of the best offices in this jurisdiction, and under its present organization bids fair to regain and hold that title. At its October meeting Columbia Union unanimously passed a resolution thanking its officers for the splendid work done in unionizing this office—a commendation thoroughly deserved.

* * *

It is a pleasure to announce that Mr. Jerome V. Johnson, treasurer of Columbia Union, whose severe illness was herein noted three weeks ago, continues to improve, and it is believed the brave old war horse will soon be again in the harness.

* * *

The regular quarterly meeting of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association will occur at Typographical Temple on Sunday, October 26, 1913. At this meeting the officers for the ensuing year will be elected, amendments to the constitution considered, and other important business transacted. All who are members should attend. Hour of meeting, 3.30 p. m.

* * *

It was recently rumored among us that Ernest E. Wear, a former member of Columbia Union, was in very poor health and had left his home in New York for some health resort. A letter to Mr. William F. O'Brien, of this city, indicates that the report is incorrect, as the gentleman is working every day in New York, and to read his letter one will easily see that "Ikey" is in fine form—which will be good news to many Washington printers, for few craftsmen have more friends than the genial Ikey Wear. He represented this union at the Birmingham (Ala.) session of the International some years ago.

* * *

This, from the Truth Seeker, on the exhaustless subject of typographical errors, is well worth passing along:

"There are tragedies in printing offices a knowledge of which would broaden the scope of all who sympathize with human woes. The reader of books and newspapers jeers and gets gay or vexed over errors of commission or omission done by the printer, and forgets the wight who suffers for them and whose life they sadden. To allow an error of typography to go through the press entails the keenest anguish of mind on the conscientious party to whom it can be traced, and there are no ameliorating circumstances. There was no fun in it and never will be. Men have committed suicide under burdens of guilt more easily borne. Some errors in print have to be corrected by sacrificing a whole edition, as when, a few years since, the pressman ran off THE TRUTH SEEKER with one side reversed; he had not turned his sheets right, and there was nothing to do but run both sides again on fresh paper—a costly operation, but unavoidable. Once the comic paper *Judge* suppressed an edition for an error of a single letter—it printed Blaine for Elaine as the caption of a funny picture in a year when the Plumed Knight was its candidate for President. Imagine the suffering of the typo who put in that B where it did not belong! We knew one printer who, in correcting a form on the press, turned a portrait wrong side up and stood a hero on his head. That cost him his job. Thirty-odd years ago we did the same thing with a line of type in a Bennett editorial, and it lies heavy on our conscience still."

W. N. BROCKWELL.

THINGS HE DIDN'T KNOW

They were many, but that didn't keep him from giving an opinion. A well-known architect was summoned as a witness in a Long Island court in a suit over the cost of a building. The lawyer, whose duty it was to cross-examine, started in to attack the credibllity of the witness.

"Do you know how much a hundred these bricks cost?"

"I do not."

"Do you know how much this cement cost per bag?"

"No."

"Do you know how expensive sand is down here?"

"I can't say that I do exactly."

The lawyer looked at the witness with fine scorn.

"And yet you pretend to come here and qualify as an expert. How can you give any kind of an opinion on how much this building ought to have cost wnen you don't know the prices of the material it's made of?"

The witness looked at the lawyer with a flash in his eye that boded ill.

"Well," he said, "I don't know the price of needles nor the price of thread nor how much cheap cotton material costs, but I don't hesitate to express a solemn opinion that that suit of clothes you're wearing cost about $5.50."—New York Post.

OLD-AGE PENSION PLAN

The Bricklayers' Union of the District of Columbia, at a special meeting held Tuesday, October 14, 1913, indorsed the Old-age and Disability Pension Plan as drafted by the committee appointed at the last convention of the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers International Union of America, held in St. Joseph, Mo., in January of 1912.

With the exception of a few minor amendments to the plan as presented, the Bricklayers of the District were unanimously in favor of the proposition as a whole. We feel that the time has come wherein we must broaden our scope of activities for the protection of our membership. Not only in our trade-union societies, but also as individuals, we must contribute to an International fund for the protection of our incapacitated and old-age members.

We sincerely trust that the coming convention, to be held in Houston, Tex., will adopt the plan as presented by the Pension Committee, and thereby relieve the anxiety of some of the old warriors who through their untiring efforts have made the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers International Union of America the grand organization that it is today.

P. A. SUGRUE.

EVIDENCE ALL IN.

New York, Oct. 24.—The evidence is all in and arguments have been made before the Arbitration Commission, which is to finally determine the controversy between the Eastern Railroads and their Conductors and Trainmen. A great mass of evidence on both sides has been presented, together with the arguments, and the arbitration commission will at an early date receive an additional brief from each side. Following that the commission will have until October 25 to review the evidence and make its award.

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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 and at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Tpyo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

arbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 935 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Lecke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines, 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m. Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 1 street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman, 5229 Georgia Ave, Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Journeymen Stonecutters' Association of North America: Headquarters, 520 Sixth street northwest. Jo Evans, president; James F. McHugh, general secretary-treasurer.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, Edward Stansfield, 1407 6th Street Northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans, Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

JUST EVERY-DAY LIFE

H. S. Sutton.

Does anybody know a job printer who would like to go to Florida, or a foreman or a proofreader willing to accept a situation in a nearby State? These are among the positions I have on the hook for this week.

Word comes in from the West that Voler V. Viles, now residing in Salt Lake City, has entered upon matrimonial venture No. 3.

Mr. Parsons is at the White House this week with a protest from Manila union against a 40 per cent reduction in wages of the members of the printing bureau by the Filipino legislature.

On the 15th instant W. A. Roberts celebrated the fifty-eighth anniversary of his entry into the printing business.

Joseph Stelle, expert lino operator, resigns, and will take up his residence in Southern California, being accompanied by a newly acquired life partner. Mr. Stelle, always a staunch unionist, has many friends in this jurisdiction who will regret his departure and wish him a speedy return to health.

Eddie Sturm is back to the lino section, after a three months' vacation spent in the West.

Flourney Roberts is improving, being encouraged by a daily stream of visitors.

Mr. Bryan's Commoner carries a feature, making good copy for any monthly publication, headed: "What the Departments in Washington are Doing." Among other items it gives current publications from the Department of Agriculture, with the (nominal) price.

In this connection I would suggest to Scribes Ramsey, Maynard, and Brockwell that they have from time to time an item reading something like this: "A recent issue from the G. P. O. presses is an entertaining treatise on the cooking of fish (after you catch them), which can be obtained by sending seven cents to the Superintendent of Documents."

Among the names presented for membership in the Knights of Momus at their recent meeting were Messrs. Bragg, Peake (Charles), and Wilson (George).

Cartoonist Berryman should adorn the front page of the Star with a drawing, "Bringing home the Spoils," depicting the printer-baseballists returning from Pittsburg with the Herman cup and the District riflemen returning from Camp Perry and Seagirt with their medals.

INDIANAPOLIS BATTLEGROUND.

Word comes that the situation in Indianapolis is but little changed. The managers of the traction system are still continuing their tactics of maintaining an army of thugs and gunmen to intimidate their employes and for the purpose of endeavoring to scare the organizers now on the field with the hope that they may leave the city. Even though innumerable assaults have been committed upon certain organizers, these organizers still remain in Indianapolis for the purpose of protecting the best interests of the workmen involved in this controversy. The Employers' Association has developed a bitter feud-provoking war, determined to have its way, irrespective of law, without any consideration for the community. These traction employers assume that they have the right to treat men as they will, but there is being put up a battle against this stand to the end that the men who work shall have the right to have some part in determining the wages they shall receive, the hours they shall work, and with whom they will work. The other unions of the city are giving material assistance in this contest.

BRICKLAYERS REACHING OUT.

Kansas City, Oct. 24.—It has been announced here by one of the officials of the Bricklayers and Masons' International Union that an agreement has been reached with the National Association of Marble Dealers, giving the bricklayers the contract to set all interior stone work for the next five years, except the jobs now under construction. The bricklayers' officials claim that 90 per cent of the marble contractors of the United States are members of the National Association of Marble Dealers and, aside from this, it is also claimed that an agreement has been reached with eight of the principal marble companies of the United States for the exterior marble work. It is further given out that the marble setters must leave their organization and become a part of the bricklayers' union. This opens up an interesting controversy that will not be solved in the immediate future.

CONSTRUCTION DATA.

The battleship Texas, Newport News, is 95.2 per cent completed, and heads the list of vessels now under construction. The New York, being built at the New York Navy Yard, stands second, having advanced to 89.9 per cent toward completion.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

James H. Mathiot, probationary pressman.

John L. Als, probationary messenger boy.

John Pridgeon, bookbinder, reinstated.

Mrs. Katie T. Bean, permanent charwoman.

Charles J. Crouse, skilled laborer, reinstated.

Marcus Coleman, Elmer B. Brammell, Paul H. Brattain, Herbert R. Young, Edward A. Dore, Sewell Shreve, Henry P. Ewing, probationary skilled laborers.

Mrs. Mary E. Whaley, Mrs. Jennett S. Tyler, Mrs. Otelia T. Taylor, Mrs. Katherine Nolan, temporary press feeders.

Mrs. Sarah I. Andrus, Ethel M. Barrick, Katherine R. Biondi, probationary press feeders.

Miss Charlotte Davis, Katherine V. Kiefer, clerks.

Separations.

George W. Scaggs, Arthur B. Penn, temporary skilled laborers.

Harlan Frey, messenger boy, resigned.

Edward J. Davis, temporary skilled laborer, resigned.

James P. Knight, temporary pressman, resigned.

George F. Seidenspiner, messenger boy, resigned.

Miss Charlotte Davis, folder, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Earle S. Carlin, skilled laborer, press division day; Samuel Washington, unskilled laborer, sanitary section; Miss Eleanor M. Chambers, helper, $870 per annum, office of superintendent of documents; Gurnzie M. Lucas, probationary skilled laborer, postal card section; Edward R. Ratcliffe, probationary messenger boy, monotype section; Miss Ella A. Giusta, clerk, $900 per annum, office of superintendent of documents; John J. McCauley, electrotype finisher in charge, 65 cents per hour, foundry section day; Clinton O. Buckingham, electrotype finisher, 60 cents per hour, foundry section intermediate; Harry Johnson, electrotype finisher, foundry section intermediate; Frederick E. Weber, bookbinder, forwarding and finishing section; Miss Ethel D. Jones, machine operator, 27 1-2 cents per hour, ruling and sewing section; Edmund Shaw, compositor, 50 cents per hour, hand section; Benjamin F. Tyler, unskilled laborer, hand section night; Sidney Solomon, messenger boy, $420 per annum, office of superintendent of documents; William H. Bohannon, messenger boy, $500 per annum, office of superintendent of documents; Charles H. Cooksey, clerk, $1,000 per annum, office of superintendent of work; Joseph S. Jackson, probationary messenger boy, proof section night; Richard E. B. Wakefield, probationary messenger boy, linotype section day; Charles Indermauer, compositor, monotype section; William H. Bright, compositor, job section; Charles I. O'Neill, copy editor, departmental detail roll; William J. Thompson, skilled laborer, foundry section.

SUBMIT 8-HOUR AMENDEMENT.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 18.—Among the constitutional amendments which the voters of Pennsylvania will have an opportunity to vote upon at the November election will be one known as the eight-hour day amendment. It permits the legislature to fix the working hours and conditions of all men or women employed on state or municipal work. The constitution does not now permit the legislature to pass any laws giving the hours of employment. The amendment to be submitted passed the 1911 and 1913 sessions of the legislature. There are at the present time a number of state laws and city ordinances aiming to establish the length of the working day, but it is asserted that if these laws were contested in the courts they would not stand, there not being authority in the constitution for the passage of such measures. The amendment will provide the legislature with power to enforce an eight-hour day upon all contractors employed on state, school, or municipal work.

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OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 73 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

AUDITOR SAYS NO

Treasury Bankrupt and No Money Available for Extraordinary Expense.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 14.—The militia has been called out by the Governor to take a hand in the coal miners' strike now on in this state. The state treasury is bankrupt and no money available to pay for this extraordinary expense, but the mining companies, in order to unload their heavy expense in maintaining guards to beat the miners into submission, have at last been successful in influencing the Governor to comply with their wishes and put the state militia in the field. Roady Kennehan, former International Secretary-Treasurer of the Horseshoers' Union, is now State Auditor, and through his hands must pass all bills against the state. In order that money may be provided to meet the expense, it appears that arrangements have been made between the bankers, coal operators, and the Governor whereby certificates of indebtedness are to be issued and sold to the banks and operators for 94 cents on the dollar and bearing 6 per cent interest. Poor old Colorado! In a letter to the Governor in response to a request for his attitude on the prospective loan, Kennehan says (this request having been made prior to the actual issuance of the order calling out the militia): "Pursuant to your request to know my attitude on the issuance of certificates of indebtedness at this time, I desire to state that at this time there is nothing for me to pass upon. If any demand is made on me at any time in the future for the issuance of certificates of indebtedness I will at that time do that which the law requires me to do, namely, pass on the demand in accordance with the law. Under no circumstances would I issue any certificates of indebtedness unless the claim against the state was a legal and valid one. I do not want any of you gentlemen to go away from here with any idea in your minds that I have made any promises as to what I will do. I must determine my duty when the question arises. My present judgment is that it is not proper at this time to call out the militia and thereby saddle upon the people of this state an enormous debt. I see no reason why Huerfano county should not take care of its own troubles as Boulder county has been doing for the past three years. My judgment is that the coal mine owners should be required to negotiate with their employes concerning a settlement of the strike. If this is done the strike would undoubtedly be settled in a short time."

FIRST POLICY ISSUED.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 14.—The first policies in a state life insurance fund in America have just been issued by the Insurance Department of Wisconsin. Former Speaker Charles A. Ingram, who introduced the bill in the 1911 session to create state insurance, received the first policy. Applications have been received from several states, but under the laws policies may be issued only to residents of Wisconsin. No policy is issued for a larger amount than $1,000, but when the number of policy holders reach 1,000 the maximum policy issued will be for $2,000, and when the number reaches 2,000 the maximum policy will be for $3,000, the highest amount authorized. The existing governmental machinery will be used in the administration of the law without the creation of additional offices, and no paid agents are to be employed.

PENSION CITY EMPLOYEES.

Montreal, Canada, Nov. 14.—The Board of Control and the City Council have passed the Civic Employees' Pension Law. It is provided that an employee who has been in the service of the city for a period of ten years or more and becomes unable to work by reason of a chronic or incurable disease or a permanent infirmity contracted outside of the discharge of his municipal duties, he shall be superannuated and entitled to an annual pension equal to one-third his annual salary. If he shall have been employed for twenty years the annual pension is to equal one-half of the annual salary. The minimum pension to be paid is $300 per year, and the maximum $3,000.

UNREST AMONG TRAINMEN.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—There is much unrest among the various railroad organizations employed by Western lines. Many thousands of men are practically of one mind, that a substantial increase in wages should be granted by the railroad companies. Some of the organizations are demanding an eight-hour day, and there is a general sentiment prevailing favoring a shorter workday for all railroad employes.

HAMS WITH UNION LABEL.

St. Louis, Nov. 14.—The Butchers' Union in this city announces that hams can now be purchased on the St. Louis market bearing the union label of that organization.

PENN. STATUTE EFFECTIVE

Hours of Employment for Women and Girls Will Be Fifty-four Hours per Week.

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 14.—Pennsylvania's new women's employment law went into effect on November 1, and the limit of hours of employment for women and girls will be fifty-four per week, except in the home and on the farm. The new law prohibits the employment of women or girls for more than six consecutive days and not more than ten hours in any one day. One of the features of the act is that forty-five minutes must be allowed for the midday meal and a rest period of the same length after continuous employment for six hours. Night employment is limited to telephone operators over eighteen years of age and to women employed as managers, superintendents, clerks, and stenographers. The Department of Labor and Industry is charged with the enforcement of this law. The effect will be to cause many changes in industrial and mercantile establishments. There is already a question as to its applicability to theatrical people and various classes of employes, which will have to be worked out agreeable to the advice of the Attorney General's Department or a final resort to the courts.

DEMANDS RAIL SAFETY

Human Equation is a Considerable Factor in the Operation of Safety Devices.

Means of obtaining the highest degree of safety formed the keynote to the final proceedings of the annual convention of the National Association of Railway Commissioners. It was emphatically stated that the operation of the standard signaling system with the overlap would have prevented most of the recent accidents on the New Haven road. It was added that the human equation was a considerable factor in the operation of any sort of safety devices, and it was pointed out that many railroads had reduced the speed of their fast trains, thus increasing the safety of travel quite 50 per cent. The general consensus of opinion seemed to be that the reduction of excessive speed was an advantage not only to the public, but to the railroads as well, thus affording an impressive example of the folly of high-speed competition, it being a better policy to run trains behind time than to take chances of accidents.

VICTORY IN SIGHT.

Indianapolis, Nov. 14.—According to the Labor Bulletin the Moving Picture Operators have practically won their long fight against the theaters, a strike having been inaugurated on Labor Day. A joint conference has been held between the representatives of the Picture Operators' Union and the Exhibitors' Organization and an agreement reached, which will probably result in a settlement. A few controversial questions remain to be settled, but it is asserted this will be accomplished without friction. The new scale provides for better conditions than have ever been obtained before in this city and is considered a great victory for the operators.

CONFIRMED BY SENATE.

The Senate has confirmed the appointment of Frank McManamy as Chief Inspector of Locomotive Boilers. This confirmation was held up owing to the fact that the Boilermakers protested against the appointment of McManamy because he was a locomotive engineer, the boilermakers insisting that a member of their craft should receive the appointment because Boilermakers are employed in constructing locomotive boilers.

WANTS AMENDMENT.

A resolution to amend the constitution so as to permit the President to veto any item in a bill and to approve the remainder of the bill, and also providing that in the future only a majority vote will be required in Congress to override the President's veto, has been introduced in the Senate by Senator Overman of North Carolina.

CASE ADVANCED.

The contempt cases against President Gompers, Vice President Mitchell, and Secretary Morrison have been advanced for hearing in the Supreme Court to the first Monday in January, 1914. The advancement of these cases was secured as a result of a petition recently filed by the attorneys for the American Federation of Labor.

MAY RE-OPEN NAVY YARD.

It is rumored the Navy Department is considering the re-opening of the Pensacola Navy Yard. If this is done a large force of mechanics and machinists will be employed there for temporary repairs to naval vessels spending the winter months in Gulf waters.

EMPLOYEES ARE EXEMPT

Railway Companies Do Not Come Within the Purview of the Compensation Act.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 14.—The State industrial accident board has held that street railway companies do not come within the purview of the Texas Workmen's Compensation Act; that they are exempt under the provisions, which provide that common carriers are not subject to the new law, thus making all steam and street railways exempt. The board further construed the new law to exempt ranches because an exemption is made of farm laborers. There are hundreds of ranches in Texas which employ more than five workmen, and some of the ranchmen wanted to come under the law, but the board says the law does not include them. Another ruling is as follows: "Where an employer, corporation, or otherwise, operates a number of plants of a like industry and these plants are entirely disconnected as to their work or their employes, and there is no interchange of employment between the plants, then it is optional with such employer to insure all the said plants or any one of them. This rule, however, does not apply to a contractor carrying on more than one contract at the same time."

LINDSAY VINDICATED

Has Proven His Work As a Judge to Be in Accordance With the Law.

Denver, Nov. 14.—After six weeks of incessant searching for proofs and many sessions given over to questioning of witnesses, the committee appointed by the Taxpayers' Association to probe the record of Judge Lindsay, of the Juvenile Court, has formulated and signed a report which is a complete vindication for the Judge. Since the Judge published his famous book based on the doings of venal political characters in Colorado, he has been the object of intermittent attacks from sources in some instances that did not appear on the surface. Through all of these secret and open attacks the Judge has been able to clearly demonstrate to the public that his work as Judge of the Juvenile Court has not only been in accordance with the law, but has been of vast benefit to society as a whole. The sociological work that he has and is performing has been the means of interesting a large number of other cities in adopting the policy of Judge Lindsay in dealing with juvenile wrongdoers.

TO TEST ALASKAN COAL.

Seattle, Nov. 14.—A steamer is now on its way from San Francisco to Seattle to take on a large number of heavy draft horses and supplies to be landed at Knik, Cook Inlet, Alaska. The horses are to be used in hauling 300 tons of coal mined last summer in the Mataluska field by the United States Government expedition. This coal is to be tested by a man-of-war to determine its availability for naval purposes. It has been the understanding that the entire winter would be consumed in hauling out the coal, but the purchase of a large number of horses is taken to mean that the Government is to bring the coal out this fall.

OBSERVE MITCHELL DAY.

Hazelton, Pa., Nov. 14.—Hardly a wheel turned on October 29 in the anthracite coal fields of Pennsylvania. The miners celebrated Mitchell Day in honor of the anniversary of the successful termination of the strike of 1900, the first conducted in the hard coal belt under the leadership of John Mitchell, then President of the United Mine Workers of America. In proclamations issued from the union headquarters from the three anthracite districts all miners were urged to remain idle on Mitchell Day, except those whose services were necessary for the operation of pumps and other necessary machinery.

BAR GIRLS UNDER 21.

Philadelphia, Nov. 14.—On November 1 a new law went into effect which forbids employment of women under 21 by theatrical companies. The widespread effect of the law was not fully comprehended until it was examined by the local theater managers, when they discovered that women under twenty-one years of age are prohibited from working after 9 o'clock at night. The only exception contained in the law is in the case of telephone operators, who may work all night if they have reached the age of eighteen.

CONSIDER ARBITRATION BILL.

Seattle, Nov. 14.—The Railway Department of the American Federation of Labor in annual convention here, consumed considerable time in discussing the Newlands Arbitration Bill. The convention had under consideration the asking of the convention of the American Federation of Labor to assist in obtaining an extension of the provisions of the bill to include shopmen.

INDIANAPOLIS CAR STRIKE

Thirty Patrolmen Resigned Rather than Protect the Strike Breakers.

Indianapolis, Nov. 14.—One of the unique incidents occurring in the traction strike in this city was that thirty patrolmen turned in their badges rather than ride on street cars and protect strike breakers. The Mayor defended a policeman who had been ordered to turn in his badge for refusing to board a car to aid strike breakers, the Mayor ordering the policeman to return to patrol duty. "I took this stand because I do not believe it is the duty of the policemen to run these cars. It is their duty to protect lives and property and not to operate or assist in operating cars of the street car company." The Mayor is reported as asserting that if charges are brought against policemen for refusing to ride on cars he would defend them before the trial board. While there are several hundred strike breakers in the car barns, yet the operation of the lines is practically at a standstill, and the organized traction men are confident that they will eventually be accorded the right to a hearing before the company in the adjustment of wages and other conditions.

WHAT'S THE GAME?

An Absurd Story Has Appeared In a Few Newspapers Refering to the A. F. of L.

Recently a story has been printed in a few newspapers that the National Association of Manufacturers and the officials of the American Federation of Labor have come to an understanding, and that "sweet serenity" now prevails. The reason for the promulgation of this comic story does not appear on the surface. After the long, relentless and unjustifiable war carried on by the National Association of Manufacturers against the labor organizations of this country, it is difficult to conceive how a complete summersault could be taken by this delectable band. The National Association of Manufacturers, however, during the recent lobby investigation, suffered seriously and as a consequence its influence has been practically nullified. In its efforts to retrieve its former ground it could be plausible to suppose that stories of the kind mentioned might naturally spring from sources not difficult to determine. The Association started on its career for the purpose of destroying the organized labor movement, but it has made progress backward. Even with its tremendous influence prior to the lobby investigation it failed utterly to stop the progress and the growth of the labor organizations. The National Association of Manufacturers is still, even with its remaining slender influence, endeavoring to carry on its old practices, but it will be unable to delude the organized working people with any story that an understanding has been reached with the organized labor movement. Whenever the rights of the workers are recognized by any association, no matter what its character, an understanding can be reached, but otherwise the organized movement proposes to stand for the protection of all workmen against the unjust encroachments of any association of employers.

SHAKE.

Just recently an interesting incident has been brought to light with reference to one of Iowa's Congressmen. Hon. Sanford Kirkpatrick of Ottumwa, Iowa, Representative in Congress from the Sixth Iowa District, is extensively engaged in coal mining and agriculture in his home State and has considerable literary ability. He is the author of a volume entitled "Letters From Grandpa," and recently was negotiating with a publishing company in Baltimore to publish the book, but when about to sign the contract he learned that the publishing house was operating as a non-union establishment. Negotiations were immediately broken off, Mr. Kirkpatrick stating that the union label would appear on his book or it would not be published.

AT THEIR OLD GAME.

Ex-Gov. Brown, in his last message to the State Legislature, made an attractive bid to the opponents of organized labor by delivering himself of sundry opinions with reference to unions and their affiliates. No doubt, according to the Ex-Governor's idea, he gave the unions a "good trimming" and consigned them to a zone of activity not unlike that obtaining near the equator. This was a delicious morsel for the active agents of the National Association of Manufacturers, and now pamphlets containing this denunciation are being widely circulated by the discredited Manufacturers' Association. The circulation of this sort of literature shows the desperate straits into which the Manufacturers' Association has been plunged.

PAPERCUTTERS ON STRIKE.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—Two hundred members of the Blank Book Forwarders and Paper Cutters' Union, employed by forty printing firms, are on strike for an increase in wages from $19.50 to $22.50.

HOW VERY STRANGE

The Press is Beginning to Realize Why Laboring People Organize Labor Unions.

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 14.—The Labor Leader, the local labor paper here, in its last issue, commented on an editorial clipped from the Bakersfield Californian. While the comment was to the point, the editorial of the Bakersfield Californian is of much interest as indicating that in at least some portions of the country the press is beginning to realize the reasons why laboring people organize labor unions. The editorial, in part, follows: "Raisin growers at Fresno are to receive 4 cents a pound for their product this year, and a paper of Fresno congratulates the community because organization has resulted in securing a living price for the output of the vineyards. * * * Equally is the same thing true in the field of labor. * * * Union men know that their wages depend not upon the tariff but on two things, supply and demand and organization, the latter probably being the most potent factor. The unions of this nation have forced reluctant employers to give them fairer wages and better hours, and the tariff is not a factor. It never was a factor. And neither was it the case of the raisin growers. The vineyardists of Fresno, like the wage earners of the country, have a fairly effective organization now, and they are, therefore, better able to say what the price of raisins shall be, just as wage earners are in a position strong enough to say what compensation they must have for their labor."

SCALE TO ARBITRATION

Conferences Revealed the Fact It Was Impossible to Reach a Solution.

Springfield, Mo., Nov. 14.—The local Typographical Union entered into negotiations with the publishers of the daily newspapers for an increase in wages. Conferences revealed the fact that it was impossible to reach a solution. As is well known, the International Typographical Union is in agreement with the National Newspaper Publishers' Association to arbitrate the differences of all members of that Association where mutual agreements cannot be arrived at. The regular procedure, however, is first for local arbitration, and, therefore, that plan will be followed in this instance. The Printers are asking for an increase of $3 per week, the present scale being $22 per week for day work and $24.50 for night work. Practically all of the local unions in the city have received a substantial wage increase in the past year. Only a few weeks ago thousands of employes of the 'Frisco shops received a raise.

COURTS SUPREME.

Buffalo, Nov. 14.—The right of a Supreme Court Justice to call out troops has been affirmed by the Court of Appeals. The decision was rendered in the case wherein Justice Brown called on the brigadier general of the state to put three regiments into action in the Buffalo street car strike last April. The treasurer of Erie County refused to pay them. The court ordered the treasurer to issue a certificate of indebtedness for the three days' service performed. The county attorney advised the board of supervisors and the county treasurer to refuse to pay the troops, stating he was of the opinion the military law under which pay was asked was unconstitutional, and that Justice Brown had no right to call out the soldiers. The case then went to the courts, and as indicated above, the Court of Appeals, the highest court in the state, has affirmed the former judgments and the county will now be required to pay the fiddler.

UNION INFLUENCE.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 14.—The announcement that the scope of the present pension system for employes of the Westinghouse Air Brake Company will be widened to include the widows and children of employes has been made. A member of the firm stated that while the present system gives relief to men only, the new system will include the families after January 1. It is stated that the company has pledged the Association 5,000 shares of stock or $250,000 for the relief fund, which, with the present $110,000, makes a total of $360,000 for relief work. The interest in the welfare of the employes by employers in non-union establishments is but a reflection of the influence exerted by organized labor on industry.

ENDS STRIKE HEARINGS.

The investigations of the West Virginia coal strike district by a sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Education and Labor has been brought to a close. At the conclusion of the hearing the committee agreed to permit Counsel, if they desired, to file briefs with it before December 1. It is the intention of the committee to frame its report to the Senate as soon as possible.

AUGUST IMMIGRATION

Southern Italians Have Outstripped Every Other Race in Point of Numbers.

The record of Southern Italian Immigration is indeed marvelous. While it is true that many of these Southern Italians return to their native land after either short or long periods in this country, yet numberless thousands remain here. For many months the Southern Italians have outstripped every other race in point of numbers landing at American ports. The record of the last ten years ended June 30, 1913, of Southern Italian immigration shows that there have landed at American ports 1,824,293. In order to show the full Italian immigration there must be added 354,398 Northern Italians to the record of the last ten years, which makes a grand total of Italian Immigration during the period stated of 2,178,691. For the month of August, 1913, Southern Italians in point of numbers outstripped all other nationalities again, 27,554 being admitted. Next in point of numbers for August comes the Hebrews, with 17,969, closely followed by the Polish, with 15,667. Germans, 7,890; Crotians and Slovenians, 6,174; English, 5,221; Russians, 5,086; Ruthenians, 4,438; Northern Italians, 4,208; Lithuanians, 3,081; Slovaks, 2,971; Scandinavians, 2,894; Magyars, 2,748; Irish, 2,545; the balance being scattered between twenty-five other nationalities, usually recorded by the Bureau of Immigration, while a small number is listed under "Other Peoples." Designated according to occupations declared by those landing during August, 30,989 were farm laborers, 23,345 laborers, and 12,857 as servants. Of those declaring themselves as skilled workers there were 3,456 Tailors, 1,918 Carpenters and Joiners; Clerks and Accountants, 1,603; Seamstresses and Dressmakers, 2,247. Other trades are represented by a much smaller number. The distribution of these immigrants forms also another interesting portion of this story, New York being the recipient of the largest number, 37,476 having gone to that state, while Pennsylvania received the second largest number, 20,664. Then comes Illinois with 11,824; Ohio, 7,830; Massachusetts, 7,564; New Jersey, 6,218; Michigan, 5,950; Connecticut, 3,735; the remaining number being scattered to the various states in the union. There were debarred during the month under consideration 2,479, the cause excluding the greatest number being that the immigrants so excluded were likely to become public charges. Emigrant aliens leaving this country for August reached 23,242. The total immigration for the month was 126,180, showing an increase over the immigration of August, 1912, of 43,803.

FOR PUBLIC WELFARE.

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 14.—As a result of the Industrial Welfare and Efficiency Conference held here, in which representatives of the Federal and a dozen state governments participated, steps will be taken by the Pennsylvania authorities to bring about a series of meetings in which uniformity in records and effort for correction of conditions will be discussed. It is proposed to institute round table meetings of chiefs of the industrial or labor departments or commissions of the various states in this part of the country in order to find out what each is doing, and especially to devise a general form of statistical information so that conditions that are unfavorable may be ascertained and concerted action agreed upon for correction. In this way all industries will be reviewed and welfare and efficiency work can be prosecuted.

CLAY MAKERS STRIKE.

East Liverpool, Ohio, Nov. 14.—Claymakers employed in the general ware potteries of East Liverpool and Wellsville, Ohio, and Chester and Newell, W. Va., have quit work, they having been refused an advance in wages. A number of plants are closed, and if the strike is not settled immediately all the potteries in the district will be compelled to shut down, effecting about 5,000. The Claymakers recently formed an independent union and are not affiliated with the National Brotherhood of Operative Potteries, whose officials recently signed a tentative scale for two years with the United States Potters' Association.

BURLINGTON ARBITRATION.

Chicago, Nov. 14.—An arbitration board that will investigate and make an award in the controversy between the conductors and trainmen and the Burlington Railroad have taken up their work. As to the time required in the presenting of the evidence of both sides there seems to be no idea at present. The board will continue in session until all evidence is presented.

PRESSMEN STILL FIGHTING.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 14.—The strike of the Printing Pressmen and Feeders is still on, though conferences are in progress looking to a settlement. There appears a wide difference of opinion, but the Pressmen on strike feel confident of an ultimate victory.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

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John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF UNION PRINTING TRADES LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 14, 1913.

Duty and slavery are often synonymous.

Saw your own wood—don't expect your neighbor to do it.

Organize yourself first, and then urge organization upon others.

An honest worker is the one who works with both his brains and hands.

To be good to the ungrateful is to throw rose water into the sea.—Proverb.

Some of the frauds of today flourish by reason of the very brazen of them, the open confidence and the blaze of ingeniousness which is thrown about them. The very slightest mystery would excite suspicion and spoil it all. Such strategy may be compared to the stars—they are only discoverable by darkness and hidden only by the light.

WHAT UNIONS HAVE DONE.

The next time some one asks you: "What have your unions done?" don't pity his ignorance, but take this uninformed gentleman in hand and open up his mind to the greatest force of good the world's workers have ever known.

Show him how labor unions spend their dollars to secure labor laws that benefit union and non-union alike. Show him how unions were the first to take up the fight for direct legislation against child labor and scores of other reforms.

And more than all these combined, show him the effect of unionism on the character of man—how it develops independence and manhood, how it equips man to assert himself instead of standing cowed and servile, with cap in hand, before his employer.—Labor World.

LABOR WORKER WINS.

One of the pleasing happenings in the recent election was the victory that came to Frederick W. Mansfield, who was elected State Treasurer of Massachusetts. Mr. Mansfield has been the legislative counsel for the State Federation of Labor for several years, and he has also been engaged in many of the court injunction cases, growing out of industrial difficulties, and be it said to his credit that he has always worked faithfully for the interests of the toilers. Each year has seen him appearing before the Legislative Committees, plugging away incessantly in the interest of labor legislation. The cause of labor has been his life work, and the confidence that has been reposed in him by the members of organized labor has never been misplaced, and it is a credit to the movement to have such men as Frederick W. Mansfield elevated to such a position of trust.

A. F. OF L. PLATFORM.

1. The abolition of all forms of involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime.
2. Free schools, free text books, and compulsory education.
3. Unrelenting protest against the issuance and abuse of injunction process in labor disputes.
4. A workday of not more than eight hours in the twenty-four hour day.
5. A strict recognition of not over eight hours per day on all Federal, State, or municipal work, and at not less than the prevailing per diem wage rate of the class of employment in the vicinity where the work is performed.
6. Release from employment one day in seven.
7. The abolition of the contract system on public work.
8. The municipal ownership of public utilities.
9. The abolition of the sweatshop system.
10. Sanitary inspection of factory, workshop, mine, and home.
11. Liability of employers for injury to body or loss of life.
12. The nationalization of telegraph and telephone.
13. The passage of anti-child labor laws in States where they do not exist and rigid defense of them where they have been enacted into law.
14. Woman suffrage, co-equal with man suffrage.
15. Suitable and plentiful playgrounds for children in all cities.
16. The initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate and right of recall.
17. Continued agitation for the public bath system in all cities.
18. Qualifications in permits to build, of all cities and towns, that there shall be bath rooms and bath-room attachments in all houses or compartments used for habitation.
19. We favor a system of finance whereby money shall be issued exclusively by the Government, with such regulations and restrictions as will protect it from manipulation by the banking interests for their own private gain.
20. We favor a system of United States Government postal savings banks.

The above is a partial statement of the demands which organized labor, in the interest of the workers—aye, of all the people of our country—makes upon modern society.

Wage-workers of America, unite!

G. P. O. OBSERVATIONS

Among recent transfers from the job room to mono hand section are the following: G. H. Ball, J. N. Kause, J. T. Harris, W. H. Bright, J. H. Polkinhorn, H. P. Slaughter, G. B. Tallman, H. J. Mills, H. J. Redfield, A. Thomson, J. T. Morsell, and W. H. Geisbert.

* * *

An advertising man who has considerable business dealing with printers, tells the following story:

"I had a book to print with advertisements interspersed with reading matter, the advertising being essential to pay for its printing. The collections were good until we reached an advertiser in the northeast section. He said the address was left out. Then we called his attention to the fact that his phone number was given. On investigation it showed that the phone number was wrong. Then we appealed to the fact that his name was printed prominently in the advertisement. Further investigation developed the fact that the name was spelled wrong. We retired gracefully. Can you beat it?"

* * *

The mayor-elect of Cincinnati (F. L. Spiegel) was a printer in the 70's and a card man, too. Improving his opportunity he studied law in his leisure moments and after a number of years at the bar was called to the bench as a judge of the superior court. He is well-read in the law and popular with the masses, which accounts for the fact that he defeated a reform mayor (Hunt) who claims his devotion to the people's interest has cost him $20,000 in two years. Judge Spiegel will make an excellent official, as he is liberal in in his views and will strike an even keel between liberty and license in the administration of his office.

* * *

The attempt of the Pilipino Assembly to reduce the salaries of the higher ups in the printing bureau at Manila has been a failure according to recent advices. It resulted however, in the dismissal of Director Leech, and his chief (Hogsette) for activity in notifying the Washington authorities of the attempt to reduce salaries and protesting against it. It is in keeping with John S. Leech as master and man to do everything on the impulse of the moment, and if he erred in this instance his friends know that it was due to the ever-present impulsiveness of his nature. E. E. Gessler, who is acting director, is well known as a former G. P. O. man, and eminently fitted for the position. While George A. Tracy and other names have been suggested for the directorship, it is safe to say Gessler will get the plum.

* * *

Dennis Sheehan, of the mono hand night, is with us again after a sojourn in upper New York State. Report had it that Denny was called over to see Murphy about the Sulzer case, but he says he kept hands off in that fight. Denny has a host of friends up home who are expecting to hear of him getting something good in the distribution to the faithful. He is chief of the auxiliary force and his memory never fails him in an emergency when a rush job is wanted and the material must be found to advance it.

* * *

F. C. Roberts recent illness brought out the fact that he is very popular, scarcely a day passing without friends calling to cheer him up. He is now convalescing and it is hoped that he will regain his health and have a long period of usefulness in his work of advancing labor's cause among the toilers organized and unorganized.

* * *

The November issue of the I. T. U. Journal has a half-tone portrait of John N. Breen, of New Orleans Typographical Union. Mr. Breen was a G. P. O. employee about ten years ago and was best known as a worker for union-label articles, at one time being a delegate to the Central Labor Union. He is secretary-treasurer of New Orleans Union and has been re-elected for the fifth time.

* * * *

A. J. Arnold, assistant foreman mono hand night, has returned from a trip to New York State.

* * * *

Jim Alford, hand section night, has been transferred to the night proof room as a reader.

* * *

Stephen Smith, mono hand day, has been detailed to the war and navy branch.

* * * *

M. J. Meany, C. E. Houghton, A. L. Bodwell and Joseph Williams are on detail to the mono keyboard room.

* * * *

Peter Blauboer, mono keyboard night, is on leave.

* * * *

W. G. O'Connell and W. C. Wood, are on leave from mono hand night.

* * * *

D. A. Taylor and C. W. Williams, have been detailed to the keyboard from mono hand night.

* * * *

Sandy E. Freeling, one of Sheehan's most efficient members of the auxiliary force, has resigned to take a position as a letter carrier.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

P. J. Byrne returned to work in the map section last Monday, after visiting his son in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Michael Hagerty, of the Library, has been detailed on a special line of work at the Agricultural Department. Prior to this Brother Hagerty was employed in the Library of Congress on Chinese books, having a good knowledge of the Chinese characters, which was essential to the construction of these particular books.

Miss Anna J. Smith, after spending a month's leave at her home at Waverly, Md., returned to work last Monday in the stamping division of the bindery.

On November 22d Local Union No. 4, I. B. of B., will hold their annual social session at the Saengerbund Hall, 314 C street northwest. The committee in charge, composed of Luke F. Ludlow, chairman; Leonard Kukart, Lewis Stark, George W. Jordan, and Fred Arends, are sparing neither time nor expense to make this affair eclipse all previous social gatherings. The best talent that can be secured will serve to entertain those who attend, and the full membership of Local No. 4 are expected to be present on this occasion.

Every member of the Bookbinders Union should read THE TRADES UNIONIST, it being the only labor paper in the National Capital, and the only paper that prints true facts concerning Trades Unionism.

Bob Zimmerman has been sick with the grip for ten days.

The present campaign in Local No. 4 promises to be a quiet affair, as Leonard Kukart isn't in the race, so we needn't look for cigars or blue streaks.

Frank Wallace has returned from Indianapolis, where he spent one week. As the street cars were all tied up, he reports that he had to walk from place to place, but the blame, he says, lies with the company, as the men were willing to arbitrate from the start, which is usually the case.

The following members were initiated in Local No. 4, I. B. of B.: F. N. Kraft, Walter Cook, John H. Keenan, John D. Fletcher, David F. O'Brien, and Lewis Gladding.

The following brothers deposited their traveling cards in Local No. 4: William Schnabel and Austin Brown.

Members of Local Union No. 4, International Brotherhood of Bookbinders, can look forward to a gala time on the eve of November 22, when they will hold their social session at Saengerbund Hall.

Officers nominated at Bookbinders meeting Tuesday, November 4, 1913:

President, F. J. Belair, E. A. Strudley; Vice-President, P. R. Flanagan; Recording Secretary, Edward Fuhrman, Lewis Stark; Financial Secretary, John A. Patterson, A. C. J. Lindstrom; Treasurer, Joseph B. Fitzpatrick, Harry Yauchler; Inspector, Terrence Mahoney; Guide, Albert Kirchner; Sergeant-at-Arms, Dom. Fowler; Statistician, Harry Arnold; Executive Committee, F. L. Arends, Leonard Kukart, Frank Meridith, C. A. Mattimore, W. S. Schlick, William Gunthram, Edward Paudert, Edwin Waters; Downtown or Private Employ, Frank Lanman, A. J. Rose; Finance Committee, Bright Sonen, George Jordan, C. A. Miller.

EXTENDS AN INVITATION

The Hamline M. E. Church, at the corner of Ninth and P streets, through their pastor, the Rev. Dr. Clark, have extended a cordial invitation to the members of organized labor of the District to be present at their special services on Sunday night, November 16, at 8 o'clock. The Rev. Harry F. Ward, D. D., will deliver an address on "Social Services," and it is the desire of Dr. Clark that the working people of the District attend this service. Rev. Mr. Clark is one of the best known men in this line of work, and it is hoped that the trades unionists will attend in large numbers.

ELECTED BUSINESS AGENT

At the last meeting of the Steamfitters Local, No. 602, they elected as their Business Agent Mr. William Whyte. Brother Whyte is one of the old war horses of the labor movement, as he was one of the organizers of the Central Labor Union and acted as the first sergeant-at-arms. That he will make a success in his new position is a foregone conclusion, and, while he has been on the job but a few days, he has accomplished results that will be a benefit to his local.

THE NEW MOTHER.

"When you kissed your weeping mother goodby and went out into the world to make your fortune I presume her last tearful injunction was for you to be good?"

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

At Carona, Long Island, N. Y., G. Harry Stone, formerly of Columbia Union, passed away on Saturday, November 8, 1913. Major Stone, who came here from the West several years ago and was employed for a good while in the Printing Office, mostly as a copy holder on specification work, left this city about three or four years ago and went to live with a son in New York State. He had a wide craft acquaintance in the country, especially in New York City and the West, and at the time of taking an honorable withdrawal card from No. 101 had held membership in the International for almost fifty years. He was about 75 at the time of his death.

* * *

Edward C. Grumley, one of Uncle Sam's proofreaders and a former president of Columbia Union, was recently called to New York City, owing to the serious illness of a relative, and during the three days passed in the metropolis had the chance to visit some of the places wherein he worked many years ago. Among these was the World office, where Mr. Grumley set type away back in 1875, when the celebrated Manton Marble was at the head of that great newspaper. Of all those who in that far-away time were fellow-workers with Mr. Grumley but a solitary survivor met him on his last visit, but these two, I doubt not, had a "session" that was a revelation to the generation which has come upon the scene since Grumley printed there. Among the employees of the World composing room is a nephew of Mr. Grumley, employed as a lino operator.

* * *

In the death of Ephraim Douglass King, which occurred in this city on Thursday, November 6, 1913, Columbia Union lost one of its oldest members. He was born at Uniontown, Pa., on April 27, 1837, the grandson of Ephraim Douglass, a noted revolutionary patriot who was the first mayor of Uniontown. His long life had been almost entirely devoted to the printing business in its various forms. Back in 1857 he founded the Madison County (Ohio) Democrat, a publication still living and very prosperous; at one time edited the Danville (Ind.) Gazette, now owned by his son, W. A. King; was the originator of the Nashville City Directory, which he published for several years, and had many other experiences as printer and publisher. More than a quarter of a century ago he came to this city from Nashville, Tenn., where he had lived both before and after the Civil War, and since that time had been an employee of the Government Printing Office, relinquishing his work there only about a year ago, owing to ill health.

Mr. King was a veteran of the Grand Army, being a past commander of Kit Carson Post, of this city, and under the auspices of that order his funeral took place on November 8, 1913, burial being at Arlington.

Mr. King was the father of ten children, six of whom survive, these being W. A. King, of Danville, Ind.; Mrs. Florence Hunn, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. L. M. Roche and Mrs. Frank D. Smith, of this city; Mrs. Chester Thayer, of Benton Harbor, Mich.; and Charles King, of Philadelphia.

* * *

That was a pleasant affair which took place in the proof room of the Government Printing Office at the noon lunch time on Tuesday, November 11, 1913, when Mr. James A. Scott, the oldest employee in the chapel and one of the oldest members of the union, was made the recipient of a handsome watch as the expression of the love and high esteem in which the fine old veteran is held by the members of that chapel. The occasion was the eighty-third anniversary of Mr. Scott's birth. The presentation speech was made by Mr. James A. Hennesy, in his brightest and most feeling vein, and was highly enjoyed by all who heard it, while the reply by Mr. Scott touched every heart. Mr. Scott is one of the best preserved printers in the service of the Government, and if good wishes count he will celebrate many more birthdays—but certainly not any holding any more happiness than his eighty-third.

W. N. BROCKWELL.

BARTENDERS TO ORGANIZE

The Organization Committee of the Central Labor Union has arranged for an open meeting for the purpose of organizing the bartenders of the District.

The meeting, to be called under the auspices of the Central Labor Union in conjunction with the Retail Liquor Dealers Association, will be held Sunday, November 16th, 1913, at the Building Trades Hall, 6th and G Sts. N. W., at 2.30 P. M.

The Committee hopes for a large attendance and earnestly request those who are interested in the liquor traffic will attend this meeting next Sunday.

P. A. SUGRUE,
Chairman Organization Committee.

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FRANK A. RODERICK GONE

Prominent Printer and Well Known Citizen Dies at His Home Here.

There was much surprise and great regret in this city, especially among printers, when the announcement was made of the death of Frank A. Roderick, which occurred at his late residence in this city on the morning of Sunday, November 9, 1913, after an illness of about two weeks—an illness which, however, was preceded by a year or more of poor health.

Mr. Roderick was born in Frederick County, Md., on November 1, 1845, removing to Martinsburg, W. Va., during his boyhood and there commencing the work to which most of his life had been devoted—printing. It was in 1870 that he came to this city, and with the exception of some time spent as a clerk in the War Department, had since been employed in the Government Printing Office, most of the time as a proofreader. He was a member of the day proof room chapel, where he had served several terms as chairman in the past, at the time of his death.

During his career as a printer he was for three years corresponding and recording secretary of Columbia Union, serving during 1877, 1878, and 1879, while J. P. Hamilton, John Henry Boner (the poet), and W. H. Towers were, in the order named, presidents of the union.

Mr. Roderick was a veteran of the War between the States, having served in a West Virginia regiment of the Union Army, and was a member of Meade Post of the Grand Army of the Republic of this city. He was also an Odd Fellow, holding membership in Golden Rule Lodge of that order, and was likewise prominent and active in church work, being a member of Temple Baptist Church, in which he had held many offices of honor and trust, being a senior deacon therein at the time of his death.

He had been an extensive traveler, and during the past dozen years, accompanied by his wife, had taken many trips over his own land and toured all the European countries and several of Africa and Asia.

Surviving him are his wife, Mrs. Virginia Roderick; three brothers, E. P. Roderick, of this city; J. E. Roderick, of Rock Island, Ill., and George C. Roderick, of Lanark, Ill,, and a sister, Mrs. C. Beach, of Denver, Colo.

Funeral services were held from his home Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Dr. J. J. Muir, of Temple Baptist Church, officiating, and D. C. Grayson, C. N. Richards, Frederick Bell, Charles E. Vrooman, F. E. Buckland, and L. H. Patterson being pallbearers.

For several years I have known Frank Roderick, and it has been a rare experience with me to meet so fine a character. He was the kind of man to admire—charitable, upright, true to his principles and always ready to give them frank and manly expression—and I sincerely regret that his useful career has closed, a regret, I feel sure, that will be shared by all who intimately knew him.

W. N. B.

GENEROUS.

Father—I want to tell you this, my son. The secret of success is hard work. Son—If it's a secret, dad, you shouldn't have mentioned it. Fortunately, I'm too much of a gentleman to take advantage of information gained in that way.—Boston Transcript.

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Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30 o'clock at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

arbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. II. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast. near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor, Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas. B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall, 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan, 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans.

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each month in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I. Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier, 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, Edward Stansfield, 1407 6th Street Northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

PASTIME PARAGRAPHS.

By Cycle.

Capital is the direct descendant of labor.

—

Unorganized labor is always at the mercy of organized capital.

—

War at any price is the fiendish slogan of the yelping yellow journals.

—

Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, went by the swift route to fossil zone.

—

The greatest good to the greatest number may be made to mean the greatest good to the greatest grafter.

—

Senator Hitchcock seems disposed to give currency legislation another "hitch."

—

With egg prices high or low, what need the hens care? They get it in the neck anyhow.

—

Elections are useful as a means of ascertaining the sentiment of "the people back home."

—

Washington will either come forward with the price or settle down to a mediocre as superintendent of public schools.

—

Huerta has been called a'most everything, but it has escaped our notice if he has been referred to as that "Grand Old Man."

—

Natural resources first came as a gift; then King Capital (by "divine right") appropriated the same, and now poses as a philanthropist while exacting tribute from the toilers.

—

It seems necessary at times for Secretary Bryan to inform the newspaper scribes that the State Department has information quite as reliable as that which emanates from purely imaginative sources.

—

The new Post Office building is to be heated by steam supplied from the Government Printing Office. By reason of the source of supply the rumor was current at one time that a hot-air system was contemplated.

—

The Thanksgiving proclamation is a non-partisan document, else the recall might be applied and a postscript added, as an expression of gratitude for what happened in Jersey and elsewhere on the 4th instant.

—

The individual towel, lately installed at the Government Printing Office, is another step in the direction of needed sanitary reform, and has many advantages over the printing-office towel of fifty years ago, which was as crisp as a burnt codfish skin and easily broken.

WANT STATE-MINED COAL.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 14.—A conference of representatives of organized labor was recently held for the purpose of initiating a bill to be submitted to a referendum vote, providing that the State take over its coal lands and operate its own mines for the benefit of all the people. There are over 20,000 acres of coal lands in Colorado belonging to the State, the profits of which go to the public school fund. It is believed that if the people are given an opportunity to vote upon a measure of this character, it will be adopted by an overwhelming majority. Much interest in being taken in the movement, which bids fair to deal the unfair operators a hard blow. This is one result of the present strike in the coal fields brought on by the arbitrary attitude of the coal operators.

ANOTHER SCHEME.

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—The United Railroads, one of the local traction systems that has for years fought organized labor, now proposes to establish cooperative stores so that the employees of the traction system may have an opportunity to add more profit to the traction company. These schemes are only entered into for the purpose of lulling the employees into a feeling of security, and for the further purpose of seeing to it that the employees pay a Shylock tribute to the company aside from giving their service at a rate which is below that paid for any other class of labor.

CO-OPERATION.

The Federal Industrial Commission is making arrangements with the various bureaus and departments that are engaged in research work whereby duplication can be avoided and mutual assistance rendered. There is a general desire on the part of the bureaus and departments to render whatever service they can to the industrial commission, and with this assistance the commission will be enabled to prosecute its work with method and celerity.

GOV. FOSS SUED.

Boston, Nov. 14.—A suit has been commenced against Gov. Foss asking $100,000 for alleged slander by a former President of the Boston Central Labor Union. The suit, it is said, is based on a statement, signed "E. N. Foss," which appeared recently in a Boston paper, in which the plaintiff was denounced for participation in a strike of the employes in factories controlled by the Governor.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

Albert E. Doe, Jr., emergency monotype keyboard operator.

John D. Powers, temporary pressman.

Miss Marion J. Kennedy, probationary press feeder.

Miss Mary T. Marsh, probationary skilled laborer.

Rozier D. Pearson, permanent unskilled laborer.

Separations.

Urban Jones, probationary pressman, resigned.

Sandy E. Freeling, skilled laborer, resigned.

Russell E. Wood, unskilled laborer.

Clement W. Harriston, unskilled laborer, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Charles E. Malpas, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, office of foreman of binding; William B. Eastburn, electrotype finisher, day to night; William C. F. Waller, linotype operator, day to night; James R. Alford, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section night; Mrs. Annie W. Silence, press feeder, intermediate to day.

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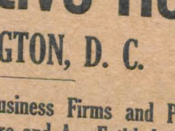

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THE TRADES UNIONIST

OFFICIAL ORGAN CENTRAL LABOR UNION, WASHINGTON, D. C., AND THE TRADES COUNCIL, OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 74 | WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1913. | ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

CHEAP IMITATOR.

An instance occurred in Wheeling W. Va., in a conference before the county commissioners with reference to the giving of a franchise to the Bell Telephone Company. There had been inserted in the franchise a provision for the employment of union labor. The attorney for the Bell Company delivered himself thus: "Did you ever see any humanity about a labor union? They are nothing but a bunch of blood suckers. They prevent honest men from earning bread and butter for their children. Do you think the Bell Telephone Company will be subject to this class of people? No, sir, gentlemen. I am here to tell you that the Bell Telephone Company will never receive such a franchise from any county, municipal government, or hamlet in the State of West Virginia." Thus did Alfred G. Caldwell, late attorney general of West Virginia, and the present attorney for the Bell Telephone Company, deliver himself at Moundsville before the county commissioners when the union labor clause incorporated in the tentative franchise with the Bell Telephone Company was up for consideration. It is enough to say that, of course, the county commissioners struck out the clause relating to union labor and granted the franchise.

CONVENTION OPENS

Conspicuous Among Those Present Was William B. Wilson.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 21.—"I promise you that this convention shall be an open forum," said President Samuel Gompers, addressing the opening session of the American Federation of Labor's thirty-third annual convention. "If we have a word to say of Judge Wright or Judge Humphries or Judge Jefferies, we are going to say it. We believe it is not in the power of a judge to interfere with the exercise of free assemblage, free speech and free press. These rights were won from unwilling monarchs on the other side of the Atlantic and placed in our national and State constitutions at great cost of life. When a judge, clothed in a little brief authority, assumes powers delegated to the President and the Congress, it is a duty to protest." The opening of the convention was in the presence of a large number of delegates and the usual preliminary speeches of welcome were made and routine matters attended to. Conspicuous among those who were present at the opening of the convention was the Secretary of the Department of Labor, William B. Wilson, who occupied a place on the platform. At the session on Wednesday, the Secretary of Labor made an address in which he reaffirmed his loyalty and interest in the humanitarian activities of the great organized labor movement of this country. The many questions which are presented by the report of the Executive Council will require constant and assiduous attention of the delegates during the entire time of the convention, and if all of the important subjects are given the consideration which is due, it is problematical whether the usual allotted time of two week's will be sufficient to transact all the business before the convention.

TEMPLE PROJECT BOOMING.

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 21.—With the stock selling campaign just opened, and with nearly $10,000 subscribed, the directors of the Labor Temple Association are inspired with the wonderful success so far achieved. The first efforts along these lines to secure a home for organized labor were inaugurated only a short time ago, but the union men have shown a wonderful and growing interest in the project, and in the short time that efforts have been made in this direction a site has been purchased and paid for and a snug sum already raised for the purpose of actual construction work. There seems to be no question as to the success of the project. Numerous offers of assistance have been received from outside sources, and a local architect has offered to draw the plans and specifications without charge to the movement. It appears now that a Temple will be constructed and be in use in the early part of the coming year.

TROLLEYMEN GET RAISE.

Detroit, Nov. 21.—The Board of Arbitration in the street railway controversy has made its award. The wage scale has been increased from 30 cents to 32 cents an hour, with proportionate increases for other employes. The demand for shorter hours also was granted. The wage increase will amount to $300,000 annually.

TRAINMEN VOTING ON STRIKE.

New Orleans, Nov. 21.—Four thousand Trainmen employed on the Southern Pacific lines between New Orleans and El Paso are taking a strike vote, the announcement of the result of which will be given about the middle of November.

SCHOOLS WASTE TIME

This Conclusion Follows an Investigation Lasting Nearly Ten Years.

That there is a waste of at least two years in the present plan of American education is the conclusion reached by a committee of prominent educators in their report on education just issued by the United States Bureau of Education. This conclusion follows an investigation lasting nearly ten years by a committee of which President James H. Baker, of the University of Colorado, is Chairman. To do away with the two-year loss the committee proposes that six years be assigned to the elementary school instead of eight, as at present; that the high school period be from the ages of twelve to eighteen, divided into two parts of four and two years each; that college work extend from eighteen to twenty or sixteen to twenty, and that graduate or professional work at a university cover the ages from twenty to twenty-four. This will enable boys and girls to get ample vocational training after the age of twelve and would enable those who go to college to get through their college work at the age of twenty and would save the professional man from having to wait until twenty-seven to start his career. Emphasis is laid on the necessity of concentrating on a few valuable studies. "The great mistake in our education is to suppose that quantity and strain constitute education. The college has committed a grievous mistake in demanding ever more in quantity rather than in quality." The report contains opinions on every phase of the question from representative school men and the general public.

ANOTHER JAB AT LABOR

Outlawing of Trade Unions a Continuous Performance in Numerous Courts.

New York, Nov. 21.—Two decisions of far-reaching importance in labor disputes and involving the question of the open shop vs. the union shop, have been handed down by Judges Henry G. Ward and Julius M. Mayer in proceedings by employers against the United Brotherhood of Carpenters, which have been pending in the Federal District Court more than two years, and in both of which temporary restraining orders had been granted. Summarized, the decisions hold as follows:

First—That any combination formed between a body of workmen to enforce the principle of the union shop upon an employer operating an open shop is illegal; that it restrains competition between individual manufacturers, and a permanent injunction is issued to prevent the pursuance of such illegal conspiracy.

Second—The Court cannot restrain union officers, union manufacturers, and 116 building contractors who are alleged to have refused to handle nonunion materials, made by a group of nonunion woodworking mills. Litigation held to involve no damages nor acts of violence against complainant who began action, and, being an economic question, the court cannot take jurisdiction. The temporary injunction against the carpenters' union and others is therefore dismissed.

In the suit brought by Irving & Casson, woodworkers of Cambridge, Mass., who had contracts for the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and one at the West Point Military Academy, against Elbridge H. Neal, individually, and as Secretary of the Joint District Council of New York and vicinity of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America and the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners of America and their members, Judge Ward held that an unlawful conspiracy had been established and granted a permanent injunction.

PRINTERY SCHOOL.

Minneapolis, Nov. 21.—The establishment of a printery school in the public schools in which boys can learn to set type, print school papers, booklets, &c., has been recommended to the board of education by the superintendent of schools in a plan designed to increase vocational training work. It has been proposed that pupils in a certain school be allowed to dress all the lumber used by the manual training departments of the public schools. Whether the school board has the authority to go into commercial business is one of the questions that the city attorney will have to decide. The school board favors such a plan to help the pupils and furnish them an incentive in their vocational work.

CHURCH TO AID LABOR.

Kansas City, Nov. 21.—Establishment of a Social Service Commission to have charge of the work of extending church aid to labor, and the adoption of an annuity plan for preachers has been agreed to by the National Council of Congregational churches. The Social Service Commission will be composed of nine members. The church plans to carry on an aggressive campaign to aid in righting industrial wrongs. The Secretary of the Commision will be Henry A. Atkinson of Chicago.

WIN 7 PER CENT INCREASE

Trainmen File Minority Report and Railroads Announce Their Disapproval.

New York, Nov. 21.—The long controversy between the railroads of the East and their conductors and trainmen over the latter's demands for more pay has ended. The employes have been granted an increase in wages averaging $6,000,000 annually. The overtime demand by the railroad employes was acceded to by the Board of Arbitration, and the rate has been established at one and one-half of the regular rate. The increase is effective from October 1 and is to continue for a period of one year, and about 100,000 are to share in the increase. This was the result of arbitration under the Newlands amendment to the Erdman Act. The two representatives of the employes filed a minority report in addition, and the two representatives of the railroads a dissenting statement. In raising its award, the Board ruled mainly against the employes on four of the five points submitted as reasons why the increase should be granted and found for them on the fifth—the increased cost of living. Since 1909, when the last increase was granted, the Arbitration Board found the cost of living had increased 7 per cent, without attempting to standardize rates of pay between railroad employes of the East and of the West. The Board asserts its belief that this is desirable, but not possible at the present time. The award voices the opinion that Congress should make an inquiry as to whether there is any longer substantial reasons for the maintenance of a wage differential between the two sections. The award adds: "Those making the inquiry should be empowered to report upon existing wage scales in all territories for the purpose of ascertaining, if possible, a scientific basis for the payment of railroad employes who operate trains." This suggestion does not contemplate that the body making such inquiry should attempt to fix wages. It is further suggested that the Commission on Industrial Relations might be competent to carry out the suggested inquiry. The railroad's contentions that they must either raise rates or cease raising wages is dismissed by the arbitrators as follows: "The Interstate Commerce Commission, and not this arbitration board, has the duty of determining whether the railroads can earn, in addition to their other charges, without an increase in rates, the rates of pay that this board believes at the present time to be due to the conductors and trainmen."

MUNICIPAL MARKETS.

Sacramento, Cal., Nov. 21.—That the establishment of municipal markets is bringing down the cost of living in many California towns, and yet greatly increasing the farmers' profits, is declared in the October number of the University of California Journal of Agriculture. According to the article there is agitation for the establishment of municipal markets all over the State. From Sacramento to San Diego the plan is being tried. Los Angeles already has seven city markets in operation and others planned. It is stated that the farmer has been surprised and delighted, and that it takes him little, if any, more time to sell his products in the retail market than to the wholesaler, and yet he receives a much higher price, while the consumers say that they save often as much as 50 per cent by going to the city market, and besides can assure themselves that what they buy is fresh. One of the valuable features of the Los Angeles market system is that all produce is carefully inspected for evidence of insect attack or fungus growth. In other words, fruit from orchards which have not been properly sprayed cannot be sold. This is a very effective method of inducing the horticulturists to take those precautions which his neighbors have a right to demand, since one unsprayed orchard may prove a source of infection to the whole surrounding region.

INQUIRY ASKED.

Representative Moss offered a resolution instructing the House Labor Committee to investigate the Indianapolis street car strike. Owing to the condition now existing in the House, the inability to get a quorum, no action was had upon the resolution. Representative Keating of Colorado and Representative McDonald of Michigan have also resolutions to investigate the Colorado coal miners' strike, and the Calumet Copper strike, but for reasons mentioned above adjournment on account of no quorum intervenes to defer the consideration of these resolutions.

TO INVESTIGATE RAILROAD.

Senator Luke Lea's resolution for an investigation of the relations between the Louisville and Nashville Railroad with a view to determining whether the anti-trust laws have been violated, was passed by the Senate after a brief debate. The interest of this road in various railways in the same territory, particularly the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis and the Tennessee Midland, will be investigated.

PITTSBURGH ELECTION

Joseph G. Armstrong, a Union Glassworker, Was Elected Mayor of This City.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 21.—At the recent election held in this city Joseph G. Armstrong was elected mayor for the ensuing term, beginning on January 1, 1914, and continuing four years. Armstrong is a union glassworker and was formerly a director of public works. It is asserted that he will stand firmly for the shorter workday and for a bigger, a better, and brighter era for the working people. One of the unfortunate instances was the defeat of P. J. McArdle, former president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, who is a member of the present City Council. McArdle's defeat is attributed to the fact that in his advocacy of the eight-hour ordinance he brought against himself tremendous opposition. The Iron City Trade Journal states that the men of wealth and power were urged to "defeat McArdle at any cost. McArdle is the man who tried to unionize the city of Pittsburgh. McArdle is the man who introduced in the City Council and fought for the eight-hour ordinance. McArdle is always taking a stand for his kind of people and against our kind of people. McArdle is a dangerous man. McArdle must be eliminated." Of the five men whom organized labor championed for the City Council, three were elected.

THE COPPER MINERS

Are Reported as Still Maintaining Their Lines Without a Break.

Information received is to the effect that the striking copper miners of Calumet are still maintaining their lines without a break. During the blizzard of a few days ago, which brought from eight to ten inches of snow in the Calumet region, the striking copper miners, their wives and children paraded in a half dozen towns. The current issue of the Survey carries an article by Graham Romneyn Taylor regarding the strike of the copper miners, which is replete with information. One paragraph of Taylor's article is interesting: "One cannot fail to be impressed by the spirit and perseverance of the strikers, some of whom trudge five to seven miles every morning to join in a demonstration and parade. Company men contend that the union, by threats, forces men to parade, but at most this can involve comparatively few. The downright devotion to the cause on the part of thousands of strikers representing many nationalities is stirring." At the opening of the contest the mine operators of the copper region set out to crush unionism in all its phases from the entire district. That they have laid out a too difficult task is now beginning to be realized by them. Even those who are naturally opposed to the organized labor movement are not in harmony with the drastic and bigoted opinions and actions of the copper mine owners. Efforts to fill the mines with strike-breakers who were competent miners has been a total failure. It is now rumored conferences are being held by the mine operators and that a tentative program has been mapped out to establish the eight-hour day and provide a plan for the rapid adjustment of grievances, but with a total disregard for any combined action upon the part of the miners. Be this as it may, this fact indicates that the strike of the copper miners has been sufficiently effective to compel the mine operators to at least make preliminary arrangements to squarely meet the issue presented to them.

NIGHT SCHOOL INDORSED.

Sioux City, Nov. 21.—At the last regular meeting of the Sioux City Typographical Union the subject of a night school for apprentices was discussed and it developed that sentiment was unanimously in favor of the idea. It was recognized that the average apprentice gets too little opportunity for actual practice in the intricate work of his trade during the greater part of his period of apprenticeship, and this school, as viewed by the union, seems to afford a first-class method for further drilling in the essentials. This plan has been inaugurated by the board of education and seeks to teach important portions of the art preservative of all arts, and the local Typographical Union has appointed a committee to assist in directing the course of study to be given to apprentice printers.

NEW LAW BENEFICENT.

Charleston, W. Va., Nov. 21. — The Workmen's Compensation Law, which recently went into effect in this State, has been in operation sufficiently long to demonstrate its value. The figures for the first month of its operation are now available. As the result of fatalities in West Virginia in October, twenty-five widows and mothers are to be provided for. Temporary disabilities during the month cost the State $13,797. It is stated that the total indemnity for the first quarter, based on the first month, will reach $45,000. This will insure $20 a month to each widow or mother and $5 a month to each child.

VICIOUS JUDGE-MADE LAW

Venality in Full Flower and Code of Legal Morality Completely Destroyed.

Madison, Wis., Nov. 21.—By a decision of the Supreme Court of the State, the workmen's compensation act, which has been in operation for two years, and which has proven one of the most humane and successful pieces of legislation ever enacted by any State, has been delivered very close to a knockout blow. The decision came in what is known as the Miller case and was written by Justice Marshall. The Industrial Commission of this State, which has been universally credited with honestly and fearlessly executing the laws which came within its province, has also suffered as the result of this decision. The chairman of the Industrial Commission, Charles H. Crownhart, says: "To understand this case we must know the facts. Henry Miller, a poor man, aged sixty-six years, was working for the city of Milwaukee in the street department. His foot was run over by a steam roller and was badly hurt and crushed. Miller was without relatives responsible for his care. He was taken to his room and a doctor called. The physician exercised his skill, but gangrene set in, and after ten days of suffering the great toe was amputated. Because of serious infection, two doctors were required to make the amputation. Infection continued, and there was great danger of blood poisoning, and as a consequence the doctor made frequent calls. For over two months the man could not leave his bed. For more than five months he was unable to work. The doctor attended him beyond the ninety days fixed by the compensation act, but for this the commission made no allowance.

"Now for the law. It says that the employer shall furnish the necessary medical attention at the time of the accident and for ninety days thereafter, and failing to do so seasonably the employer is to be liable for the medical expense incurred by the employe. The law also provides that 65 per cent of the workmen's loss of wages shall be paid to him weekly. The city waited forty-eight days, seven weeks, before it even sent a doctor. Neither did the city pay compensation for the loss of wages as required by law. The commission held as a fact that the city did not furnish a doctor seasonably. It was not denied that the city had actual knowledge on the day of the accident of the need of a physician, and it had notice in writing of the claim for compensation, which includes medical attention, twenty days after the accident. The city did nothing for forty-eight days; then it sent a doctor. Then a doctor waited on the sufferer. He presented formal legal notices acting in the capacity of a representative of the legal department rather than as a representative of the medical department. The charge for medical services in the case was $222. The Supreme Court criticised the charge as excessive, but it allowed nothing, which leaves the injured employe to pay the debt as best he can."

In passing upon the treatment of Miller by his employer, the city of Milwaukee, the court holds that the city acted strictly within its "legal rights." In the face of the law and the facts, it is here indicated that the subtle interests which are at work in an endeavor to throttle laws enacted for the purpose of promoting industrial justice are to be strangled and set at naught by court interpretations. This particular law has been accepted without question by the insurance companies, employers, and employes. It may be that this recent decision is a signal given for a general onslaught against the many progressive and humanitarian laws upon the statute books of Wisconsin, but the people of the State are not unaccustomed to the betrayal of their rights. They have always shown themselves as equal to any emergency, and it is now stoutly asserted by those who have comprised the state's most active force for good, that if this decision, so clearly judge-made, is used in an effort to destroy the workmen's compensation law, the result will be that a measure much more stringent in character will be placed upon the statute books in the future. In addition to this will also come an industrial commission with increased power and, last, but not least, a constitutional amendment which will guarantee the enforcement of these humanitarian laws, as well as a curtailment of the prerogatives of the supreme court judges. The infallibility of the courts is no longer a fetich, and the present temper of Wisconsin's people will not permit continued usurpation by the courts of the State.

SHEET METAL WORKERS' SCHOOL.

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 21.—The active members of the local Sheet Metal Workers' Union are taking a deep interest in the Sheet Metal Trades classes, in session every Monday and Wednesday evening, during October to March, inclusive, in the King Edward High School. The course of study includes the practical part of the Sheet Metal business, and provides instructions for those who attend that will prepare them to become competent Sheet Metal Workers. The union is endeavoring to give the apprentices and the young journeymen an opportunity of procuring a sheet metal education that will be of material benefit.

BITS OF HISTORY.

According to historians, the guild was a society or body of individuals associated together for carrying on commerce or some particular trade or business. There existed in Rome various fraternities of tradesmen which bore a considerable resemblance to the modern guild, or as we know it in the United States, as Boards of Trade or Chambers of Commerce, and were permitted to regulate their affairs by their own laws. It is usual, however, to trace the origin of the guilds to the middle ages. Guilds introduced the democratic element into society, and their progress became the bulwark of the citizen's liberty and the depositaries of much political power. At the close of the twelfth century merchants' guilds were general throughout the cities of Europe. The Drapers Company, of Hamburg, dates from 1153, and that of the Shoemakers of Madgeburg from 1157. With the increase of their wealth or strength the guilds either purchased or extorted from their rulers privileges which, once obtained, they were careful never to give up. By the thirteenth century they had acquired much power, and in two successive ages they counterbalanced the power of the nobles.

SHORTER HOURS BENEFIT

Leisure Time Devoted to Educational and Other Useful Purposes.

Investigations into the hours of employment for women have shown that a reduction of the working day has not been burdensome to the industries, according to a bulletin issued by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The report shows the general health of the women whose hours have been reduced has been much better. This bulletin gives a comprehensive review of working conditions of women all over the world, and cites various authorities to carry out the statements contained in it. The reduction in the working day has not made it more difficult for the women to compete with men. In those countries where the hours of labor of women have been reduced there is nothing to show that the greater legal protection given to women has made it more difficult for them to obtain employment. However, this reduction has in a way benefited the men. The protection given to women has led indirectly to the reduction of the hours of work of the men employed in that industry and as a result wages have risen in many cases. The majority of women, so the report continues, makes use of the additional spare time secured to them by the reduction of the hours of labor to a greater care of their homes. Young women are also enabled to cultivate their minds and to obtain domestic instruction. Only when they are employed for short hours is it possible for young women to train themselves for more skilled trades.

PERSONAL INJURY STATISTICS.

During forty-one weeks from January 1 to October 14, the Oregon Supreme Court has handed down thirty-eight opinions in personal injury cases brought under the employers' liability act, according to a compilation issued lately. The injured and maimed workmen, or their widows and orphans, obtained verdicts for less than 16 per cent of the aggregate amount for which they brought suit. Suits were brought against the employers for a total of $652,392. In the lower courts they obtained verdicts for $154,246, but the Supreme Court reversed verdicts involving $50,650, leaving only $103,596 that was affirmed. Of the thirty-four verdicts obtained in the Circuit Courts, the Supreme Court reversed nine, either dismissing the cases or sending them back for new trials. Some of these cases had been in the courts for three or four years. There were twenty-five verdicts affirmed. These averaged a little over $4,000 each. The Oregon law does not contain the workmen's compensation features provided for in California.

SEAMEN'S UNION ACTIVE.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 21.—The International Seamen's Union has been exceedingly successful in organizing the Marine Firemen and Oilers in this city, the charter membership reaching a remarkable number for the size of this port. Organization work is also going on in Vancouver organizing the Firemen and when this work is completed the Seamen's Union will have all the men on the steamers of the Northwest organized, and one of the strongest organizations on the Pacific Coast.

HORSESHOERS' INCREASE.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 21.—The local Horseshoers' Union has been successful in securing an increase of 50 cents per day and the nine-hour day. Added to this, the union label of the organization is to be generally used.

The Trades Unionist

A JOURNAL IN THE INTEREST OF ORGANIZED LABOR

Published Every Friday

John B. Colpoys - - - - - - - Editor

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ONE YEAR, IN ADVANCE - - - - - ONE DOLLAR

The Management of THE TRADES UNIONIST will not be responsible for the opinions of its correspondents. If you do not get your paper, drop a postal to the Editor, and he will see that you do. All matter intended for publication must be received at this office not later than Wednesday noon to insure insertion in current issue.

EMBLEM OF AMER. FEDN. OF LABOR LABOR UNION LABEL TRADES COUNCIL WASHINGTON = 2 FAIR DEALING

WASHINGTON, D. C., NOVEMBER 21, 1913.

Boost in the acting line—not alone by talking.

Do not get the pessimist idea by getting all your pleasure out of knocking those who are at least trying.

"Man is a machine," says an expert in the bureau of chemistry. Well, we know some machines that can't be made to work.

The managers of the Southern Pacific Railroad declared they would never consent to treat with their employees as union men. Consented.

Make a noise—but don't grunt over the telephone. It sounds bad. Smile and the person at the other end of the wire will like you better, whether he sees you or not.

Present indications are that the Regulars and Bull Moosers will come together, as do fast trains on the New York, New Haven, and Hartford Railroad.

PUBLIC UTILITIES INVESTIGATIONS.

The new Public Utilities commission composed of the Commissioners of the District have one of the greatest tasks that ever confronted a body of this kind in the work that they have set out to accomplish and that they are equal to the task and that the interests of the people can safely be intrusted to their keeping is foreshadowed by the manner in which they entered upon their duties.

The inhabitants of no other city in the country have suffered more at the hands of public service corporations than have the people of the District and it is a pleasurable satisfaction to know that the day of reckoning is at hand. The Commission lost no time in having the Washington Electric Company, explain the extra dividend that they recently declared and the order of the Commission to have them produce their books for inspection was timely. The investigation will no doubt take considerable time, but we can have the consolation that when the inquiry is ended that information will be illicited and orders issued that compel this corporation to respect the public whom they are supposed to serve.

We presume that as soon as this inquiry is finished that the Commission will take up the question of the Telephone Company and its obligation to the public, for by an order passed by the Senate that was introducted by Senator Norris, they are directed to make a thorough investigation into the telephone question. This inquiry will be far reaching and will prove to be of inestimable value to the citizens, for the abuses that have been perpetrated upon the people of the District by this monopolistic corporation is beyond our imaginations. After the telephone inquiry, will probably come an investigation into the lighting corporations, so that it looks now, that within a reasonable time that it will be a pleasure to be a resident of the District. The Public Utilities Commission have the best wishes of the citizens of the District in the work in which they are engaged, and we feel assured from the caliber of men that compose this Commission, that the peoples' interests will be well safeguarded.

A NOTABLE ADDRESS.

One of most notable addresses ever delivered before delegates at a convention of the A. F. of L., was delivered by the Honorable William B. Wilson, a member of the President's cabinet, on Wednesday, November 12, 1913, before the delegates to the thirty-third annual convention now being held at Seattle, Wash. He spoke of the conditions of the striking Miners of Calumet, Mich., and the attempt of his department, the new Department of Labor, to bring about an amicable adjustment of the troubles. The proffer of assistance from his department was refused by the mine owners, and it is the intention of the Secretary of Labor to make a thorough investigation into the whole copper mining industry of Mich., and his statement to this effect, and also the figures that he quoted showing the enormous profits that have been taken out of the mines by the mining barons has been the topic of almost every paper in the country. The statement of the Secretary of his purpose to not only investigate the hours of labor and wages paid to the miners, but, also to investigate the titles of the property and the profits derived, has caused a cold shiver to run up and down the spines of the mine owners, for according to the public press, the democratic? mine owners of Mich., are going to have Mr. Wilson removed from the President's cabinet. They had better reserve the attempt, for it is just such speeches as the Secretary of Labor made and the fulfillment of his speech that will keep the Democratic Party in power for years to come, and President Wilson would hesitate a long time before he would ask for the resignation of a member of his official family for giving voice to such sentimemts as those of Mr. Wilson's. He also told the delegates of his hopes in making the Department of Labor, an effective branch of the Government, in its dealings with industrial questions, and he served notice on the entire employing class that there could be no peace in the industrial world until the employers came to realize the justice of collective bargaining such as has been advocated by the A. F. of L., since its inception. The delegates to the convention showed their keen appreciation of the Secretary's words by giving him one of the greatest ovations ever accorded anyone who has spoken before a convention of the A. F. of L.

G. P. O. OBSERVATIONS

C. A. Morgan (night proof room) is off on two weeks leave.

* * *

H. B. Goodrell (night proof room) has returned to work, after a two-weeks absence, due to illness.

* * *

John R. Purvis is on a detail, preparing copy for the next Congressional Directory.

* * *

Sam Taylor, after a brief lay off, is back to work on mono day side.

* * *

George C. Furbershaw is on detail to the War and Navy Section.

* * *

Messrs. Johnson and Boate are recent additions to mono hand day, coming from linotype day.

* * *

Ambrose O'Keefe, who has been at the War Branch Section a great number of years, and subsequently of the State and War Branch, has been appointed proofreader on the night side.

* * *

Steve Walton, Sam Wise, W. M. Camp, J. B. Swinburne, Theo. Gerber, John Onyun, and C. M. Wright were transferred from night to day proof room.

* * *

M. E. Bullock, of the copy editing force, has the sympathy of his many friends in the office on account of the death of his mother. She died at Mt. Rainier, Md., last Friday. Interment at Arlington Cemetery.

* * *

Bob Townsend received an anniversary number of The Florida Star last week. It is printed at Cocoa, Brevard County, Fla., and is a handsome 8-page 5-column paper, well edited, and full of local news. It bears the stamp of prosperity and is the sole product of T. R. Puckett, who will be remembered as an employee of the office a few years ago. Mr. Puckett has again demonstrated that a printer can make good under adverse conditions when pluck and energy are part of his general makeup.

* * *

Andy Campbell, mono night hand, has been promoted to proofreader on the night force.

* * *

Sumner McDonough and R. L. Stidham have been appointed proofreaders on the night force.

* * *

"Big Six" has launched the boom for its president, Marsden G. Scott, to succeed Lynch as president of the I. T. U. Mr. Scott has made a good president of No. 6, and with the support of a union of that size should make a good showing in the balloting. It is rather early to figure out the result, as a number of aspirants may develop as the campaign comes on. At least two or more candidates from the West are expected, and after the elimination period a choice between two candidates may be expected. No matter who may be chosen he will find a well-managed organization and he will be expected to maintain its standard. Starting with Plank, in 1888, the I. T. U. has made wonderful progress. Prescott, succeeding Plank, paved the way as president, and McClevey, as secretary-treasurer, of an organization that has been complimented for its conservatism and still made great strides onward. But under Lynch the organization may have said to advanced far beyond the expectations of even its own members, settling for all time the strike fever on newspapers through the aid of arbitration agreements, which in some cases may not have been absolutely satisfactory, on the whole has saved thousands of dollars to both employer and employee. It was the best card held at the time of the eight-hour strike in the book and job branch, making it safe to expect assessments from newspaper employees to maintain the strike due to agreements with the newspapers.

STRIKE ENDS.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 21.—The strike of the employes of the Indianapolis Traction and Terminal Company was brought to a close on November 7. The employes won their contention for arbitration and the street car service was resumed within twelve hours after the agreement had been reached. According to the terms of the agreement, all the men who were in the employ of the Company, Friday, October 31, the day when the strike was called, and all employes who have been discharged on account of joining the union, are to be reinstated without prejudice. Disputes and grievances as to wages, hours, conditions and service are to be referred to the Utilities Commission of Indianapolis for arbitration if the Company and employes fail to reach a mutual agreement within ten days. Another situation now arises in this territory. Efforts have been made and are proving successful to organize the men employed upon the interurban lines, the terminals of which center in this city, and it may be possible that within a short time, if the interurban men are not accorded a hearing and a settlement of their grievances, another strike may be the result.

G. P. O. BINDERY NOTES

[BY OCCASIONAL.]

H. F. Oehler, of the finishing room, was promoted to bookbinder in charge of the case making section the past week, in place of John McConnell, who requested to be returned to the bench. Brother Oehler was born in New York City, where he learned the trade of bookbinding in 1871. In 1881 he left New York City and traveled through the States of New York and Pennsylvania. While in Pittsburgh he was instrumental in keeping Local No. 73 intact. He also took a very active part in the affairs of Local No. 2 of Philadelphia, consisting of a membership of nearly 800, being elected their recording secretary, but never served on account of receiving an appointment to the G. P. O. bindery, February 1, 1904. On his arrival in Washington he immediately deposited his card. Since that time he has always lent his best aid and efforts in behalf of Local No. 4, I. B. of B.

On November 17, 1913, employees of the finishing room held a smoker (rather secretive). "Nuff sed."

The following applicants were initiated in the Bindery Girls Union last Monday evening: Lottie Davis, Mary Tilton, Miss Taylor, and Mrs. Ridgway. The reinstatements were as follows: Carrie Isham, Bessie MacNamara, Lucy Bailey, Mary Burruss, Eva Fisk, Ella Fitzhugh, and Margaret MacNamara.

On November 12, three prominent binders from the case making section took a trip to Baltimore in their automobiles. On the way over one auto broke down, and on the way back the other one ran over a pet dog, and they are now threatened with a damage suit. Some trip, that.

James McDonald, of the case making section, celebrated his 60th birthday Monday, November 10.

Charles Magill, of the finishing room, received a visit from the stork on November —, who left a 12-pound boy. Charlie is all smiles now, and we believe that he is going to invite us all to the christening.

KEYSTONE CIGARMAKERS.

Reading, Pa., Nov. 21.—A second conference of the union cigarmakers of the First and Ninth Revenue Districts was recently held. The purpose of this second conference was to hear reports and learn what progress had been made in the various localities toward securing the increase of $1 per thousand for making cigars. This increased demand was submitted to the manufacturers some time ago and many favorable reports were made concerning replies received relative to the request, the manufacturers in most instances admitting that the Cigarmakers deserved an increase. The reports also show that a number of manufacturers have already granted an increase to their Cigarmakers. As was to be expected, there are some large concerns in the two districts that do not favor an increase. The question of a uniform bill of prices for all union shops in the two districts was still further discussed, but definite action was not taken and will not be until a greater expression of sentiment can be had from the members of the local unions. The conference adjourned to meet again at Aphrata, within two weeks, when it is expected that additional information will be presented and the representatives of the Cigarmakers more fully informed as to the exact conditions obtaining in the two districts.

PACKERS GETTING WAGES.

San Francisco, Nov. 21.—The salmon packers who are returning to San Francisco from the canneries of Alaska, where they have been employed during the season, are enjoying a novel experience of receiving the full amount of their season's earnings. In the spring of the year the American Federation of Labor, upon recommendation of the San Francisco Labor Council, revoked the charter of the Salmon Packers' Union because that organization had fallen into bad hands, the charter evidently not being used for any other purpose than to prevent the labor commissioner from protecting the workers against robbery. Organized labor of California then prevailed upon the legislature to enact a law which empowered the labor commissioner to enforce the payment of full wages in such cases. Under the provisions of this new law the state labor commissioner and his deputies are now superintending the work of paying off the salmon packers and are not permitting any deductions for questionable debts.

STEEL TRUST THREAT.

A threat covertly made that the Steel Trust will close some of its plants for the purpose of disciplining the United States government seems to have some substance to it. While officials of the Steel Trust have denied the statement, there is a growing feeling that the trust is preparing for just such a program. Rumors are afloat that the big steel mill at Gary, Ind., employing 8,000 men, will close. As a matter of fact, the big plate mill at Gary has already closed, and reports are to the effect that all other departments of the Gary plant are working only three or four days a week. The men who have been at Gary since the plant was first built say that no reason has been given out by the officials for closing down the different departments.

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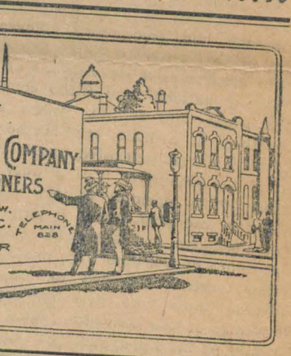

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BROCKWELL'S BITS

A choice Thanksgiving Day programme will be given by the Government Printing Office Chorus on Friday, November 28, 1913. Public Printer Ford will preside and the principal address will be made by Secretary of State William J. Bryan. The exercises will take place on the sixth floor. In addition to Mr. Bryan's address the musical part provided by Mr. Benjamin Lineback and his artists will be exceptionally good and of a range in variety that will make it pleasing to all. The Chorus, which has so often given pleasant entertainments for the people in the Printery, is composed of Director Lineback and about forty other of the most talented musical people in the Government Printing Office.

* * * *

That was a proper and graceful thing which Columbia Typographical Union did at its last meeting. When President Lynch's letter in reference to his resignation was read a member (former President T. C. Parsons) arose and moved that the secretary of our union write Mr. Lynch and assure him of our regret at losing his services as the head of the organization and of our sincere wish for his success in his new field. The motion was unanimously adopted.

* * *

A special meeting of the Washington Union Printers' Athletic Association will be held at Typographical Temple on Sunday next, and as a matter of the most vital importance is to be considered every member ought to be present.

* * *

The annual Thanksgiving ball of New York Typographical Union will occur on the evening of Wednesday, November 26, at Thirty-fourth street and Park avenue. As usual, the proceeds will be devoted to Big Six's hospital fund. This ball has been one of the features of New York printerdom for many years, and is always a great affair, being attended not only by New York printers, but by many from other cities. Washington is nearly always represented, and ex-Delegate William F. O'Brien (and perhaps a number of others) will go from here this year.

* * *

The President of the International Typographical Union appointed these well-known printers as delegates to the National Conservation Congress: John B. Dickman, George G. Seibold, W. J. Manning, T. C. Parsons, and Frank A. Kidd. The convention held its sessions in this city on November 18, 19, and 20.

* * * *

From down in Sunny Tennessee a newspaper has been forwarded me that answers the question rather often and insistently heard in Swampoodle of late: "What has become of Shelton?" According to the aforesaid paper Shelton is—well here is what it says: "C. R. Shelton, Tom Addison, W. F. Stewart, and Dr. H. M. Prettyman have returned from a day's hunting and fishing on Reelfoot Lake. They killed 100 ducks and caught a fine string of fish." One hundred ducks in one day is not so bad—only 25 apiece for each gent in the party! I recall hearing some fairly wonderful things about this Reelfoot Lake, and when I learned that the doughty Shelton was about to make his annual pilgrimage to his native wilds I fondly hoped—nay, expected—something of consequence to eventuate; but this report of a measly one hundred ducks, even with "a fine string of fish" dashed in for good measure, is, I must confess, at least quite disconcerting to me. It chills my faith in humankind—especially Shelton. I had expected better things of the hot sport and game old scout. Of course, one hundred ducks per day, even with four journeymen ducksters working, is, as before remarked, not so bad—in any place but Reelfoot Lake; but in that marvelous place such a pitifully small bag of game is well-nigh beneath notice, especially with Shelton on the job. I am inclined to think (and surely to hope) that the otherwise reputable Tennessee newspaper has been guilty of perpetrating a typographical error on a panting world—methinks "100" should have read "1,000." More like Shelton that would seem—and a whole lot more like Shelton's imagination. I shall, until the last shred of hope is gone, continue to believe that that day's work on Reelfoot Lake netted one thousand ducks and at least two barrels of fish for Shelton and his party. And I believe it did; and until the official returns are in—until the remotest precinct is carefully counted and faultlessly tabulated—I shall hold to that belief. I scorn to doubt Shelton's prowess until the last ditch is reached.

* * *

Although this one has doubtless seen the light of day several times, it has too much in it to stop its travels, and it must help to illume the Bits. My good friend Howell D. Young (everybody calls him Henry, so I disguise him by giving his real name) dug it up from the Boston Globe a few days ago:

"Most anyone can be an editor. All an editor has to do is to sit at his desk six days in the week, four weeks of the month, and twelve months in the year, and 'edit' such as this:

"'Mrs. Jones, of Lost Creek, let a can-opener slip last week, and cut herself in the pantry.'

"'John Doe climbed on the roof of his house last week, looking for a leak, and fell, striking himself on the back porch.'

"'While Harold Green was escorting Miss Violet Wise from a church social last Saturday night, a savage dog attacked them and bit Mr. Green on the public square.'

"'Isaiah Trimmer, of Lebanon, was playing with a cat Friday, when it scratched him on the veranda.'

"'Mr. White, while harnessing a bronco last Saturday, was kicked just south of the corn crib.'"

W. N. BROCKWELL.

BARTENDERS ORGANIZE

The opening meeting of the Bartenders Union was held Sunday, November 16th, at Building Trades Hall.

The meeting was called under the auspices of the Organization Committtee of the Central Labor Union and co-operated with by Brother Jere McCarthy, organizer for the Bartenders and Hotel Employers International Association. Notwithstanding the weather conditions that prevailed last Sunday, there was a very encouraging attendance, which gave the Committee additional hopes of reorganizing the bartenders of the District.

There will be another meeting called for next Sunday afternoon at the above-named meeting place, and the Committee earnestly requests that all those interested in the liquor traffic will respond to the call of the Committee, and co-operate with them in the rebuilding of a permanent organization of bartenders in the District.

P. A. SUGRUE,
Chairman Organization Committee.

DELEGATES ELECTED

At the regular meeting of the Bricklayers Union, No. 1, of the District of Columbia, held November 12, 1913, Brothers M. A. Wolf, M. McNulty, and James F. Murtaugh were duly elected delegates to the Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers International Convention, to be held in January, at Houston, Tex. Out of ten candidates the above named were elected, after a long drawn out campaign.

We wish to congratulate the victorious candidates, and hope they will prove themselves worthy of the support given them by the majority of the membership of No. 1, District of Columbia.

P. A. SUGRUE.

ALL ARE WELCOME

Stationary Firemen, Local Union No. 63, will give a smoker at Costello's Hall on Wednesday, November 26, at 8 p. m. Arrangements have been made for taking care of a large number of people and all are invited. There will be plenty to smoke, eat, and drink. This is the annual smoker given by this local, and anyone who has attended one of these affairs will be sure to attend this one. The price of the tickets are twenty-five cents. Do not fail to attend and enjoy a delightful evening.

PUSH EIGHT-HOUR LAW OUT.

Just recently, the Comptroller of the Treasury, George E. Downey, has decided that the provisions of the act of June 19, 1912, requiring that contracts between the government and other parties providing an eight-hour day for mechanics and laborers, does not apply to the reclamation service. The reclamation service, so it is claimed, is working under the act passed in 1902. The comptroller held that the act of 1912 could not apply to work authorized and finally legislated for previous to that time.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
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ROSTER OF CENTRAL LABOR UNION

[Where not otherwise specified, meetings are held at night.]

Centra. Labor Union meets every Monday night at Typographical Temple.

Bakers and Confectioners, No. 118: Meets first and third Saturdays of each month; first Saturday at 7.30; third at 4 p. m., Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Ed. Stansfield, 1407 6th Street, N. W.

Bakery Salesmens' Union No. 33: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Typo. Temple. Secretary, J. L. Considine, 907 First St. N. W.

arbers Union, No. 239: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Hammel's Hall, No. 936 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, Joseph Handlos, 655 Pa. Ave. S. E.

Barbers Union, No. 305: Meets first and third Thursday of each month, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, Chas. A. Bowman; Financial Secretary, Chas. Walker, 624 Pa. Ave., N. W.

Bartenders League, No. 75: Meets on first and fourth Sundays, 2 p. m., 602 Pa. Ave. Secretary, R. R. Peitsch, 922 23d St. Northwest.

Beer Drivers, No. 234, and Stablemen: Meets on the First Sunday of each month at 10.00 a. m. in Costello's Hall. Secretary, Henry Miller, 5035 Georgia Avenue, Northwest.

Boiler Makers, Iron Ship Builders and Helpers of America: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, at Weller's Hall, Eighth and Eye streets southeast. Secretary, Wm. P. Kilroy, 11 Eye street northeast.

Bookbinders Union, No. 4: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Lewis Stark, 916 6th Street Northeast.

Bottlers Union, No. 251: Meets second and fourth Sundays of each month, Building Trades Hall, 10 a. m. Secretary, Will H. Ryan, Box 67 Rosslyn, Va.

Brewery Workers, No. 118: Meets on the last Sunday in each month, at 10.00 a. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest. Secretary, Frank Rom, 1134 22nd street northwest.

Bricklayers Union, No. 1: Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, M. Wolf, 418 F St. N. E.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, No. 5: Meets every Friday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, C. W. Scherier, 48 Seaton Place Northeast.

Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, No. 132, Meets every Friday evening at Typographical Temple. Secretary, E. B. Byrne, 209 Wilkes St. Alex. Va.

Carpet Mechanics, Local 85: Meets first and third Fridays of each month, 5th and E, northwest, Eagles Hall. Secretary, J. W. Foster, 117 E street southeast.

Carriage and Wagon Workers, No. 72: Meets every Friday night, Costello's Hall. Secretary, Sam'l Murdock, 1341 South Carolina Ave., southeast.

Chauffeurs Protective Union, Local 236: Meets first and third Sunday nights of each month, at 6th and G Streets northwest. Secretary, D. O. Paul, 713 Mt. Vernon Pl.

Cigarmakers Union, No. 110: Meets every Saturday, 737 Seventh street northwest. (Wassaman's.) Secretary, R. Allnutt, 814 D street northeast.

Electrotype Moulders and Finishers, No. 17: Meets fourth Wednesday in month, at Typographical Temple. Secretary, J. T. Noonan, 138 R. I. Avenue northwest.

Elevator Constructors, No. 10: Meets Building Trades Hall, first and third Fridays. Secretary, J. F. Harrity, Arlington, Va.

Engineers, Hoisting, No. 77: Meets Every Friday, at 8.00 p.m. Hall, S.E. Cor. 10th & Penn. ave. n.w. Secretary, Chas. H. Streng, 231 F St. n. e.

Engineers, Stationary, No. 99: Meets Typographical Temple, every Friday night. Secretary, A. W. Leeke, 12th and B streets northwest.

Federal Labor Union, No. 12776, Plate Press Feeders: Meets second Wednesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Gertrude M. McNally, 1715 Jackson street northeast.

Firemen, Stationary, No. 63: Meets every Wednesday, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, N. A. James, 2916 Vista street northeast.

Furriers, No. 14,315: Meets every Saturday night 518 K street n.e. Secretary, S. Leiboutz.

Woodfinishers, Varnishers and Polishers, No. 1053: Meets Building Trades Hall every second and fourth Monday. Secretary, H. Baumgarten, 912 D street southwest.

Garment Workers, United, No. ll. Meets First and Third Mondays at Typographical Temple, Albert Kason President; Secretary, Max Kamber, 605 7th street northwest.

Granite Cutters, Washington Branch: Meets third Tuesday of each month, Building Trades Hall, 6th and G streets northwest. Secretary, Wm. Rosson, 225 R street, Northeast.

Hod Carriers and Building Laborers, No. 21: Meets first and third Mondays, Cadet Armory, 706 O street northwest. Secretary, S. J. Childs, 302 P street northwest.

Horseshoers Union, No. 17: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Wednesdays of each month. Secretary, Daniel Clark, 442 Q street northwest.

Iron Moulders, No. 215: Meets on the first and third Thursday of each month, Rechabite Hall, B St., southeast, near third Secretary, C. W. McCaffery, 403 12th street northeast.

Laborers, Stone and Building, No. 46: Meets the first and third Fridays of each month, 11th and Q streets northwest. Secretary, Jas. Conners, 1632 Fourth street northwest.

Lithographers Union, No. 13: Samuel E. Long, Secretary, 613 Florida Ave. Northwest.

Machinists, Columbia Lodge, No. 174: Meets every Wednesday at Naval Lodge Hall, Fourth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, Wm. W. Keeler, 224 11th street southeast.

Machinists, Washington Lodge, No. 193: Meets every Thursday at 1204 Pennsylvania avenue northwest. Secretary, L. W. Bauer, 722 K St., N.E.

Marble and Slate Cutters, Interior, No. 5: Meets first and third Wednesdays, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Edward Hauser, 1729 1st street northwest.

Moving Picture Machine Operators Protective Union, Local 224: Meets first and third Mondays each month, Gayety Theater, 3rd floor. Secretary D. L. Armes, Gayety Theatre Bldg.

Milk Wagon Drivers Union, No. 247: Meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Fred W. Fox, 235 12th St. S. E.

Musicians, No. 161: Meets on first and third Sundays, 2 p. m., at 936 Penna. avenue northwest. Secretary, John E. Birdsell, 520 13th St., n. w.

Painters, No. 368: Meets every Friday, Northwest Corner 6th and G Sts., Northwest. Secretary, Chas. W. Gaines. 1223 E northeast.

Paperhangers, No. 420: Meets every Wednesday, 430 Ninth Street, northwest. Secretary, C. A. Maidens, 1734 F street northwest.

Pattern Makers Association: Meets first and third Mondays, at 314 Pennsylvania avenue southeast. Secretary, John H. Brown.

Photo-Engravers Union, No. 17: Meets first Monday in every month, Typographical Temple, 8 p. m Secretary, Samuel H. Wood, 928 N. C. Ave. S E.

Plate Printers, No. 2: Meets fourth Tuesday of each month, Typographical Temple. Secretary, Chas B. Cameron, Bethesda, Md.

Plumbers, No. 5. Meets 2d&4th Wednesday at Paperhangers' Hall. 430 9th St., N.W. Secretary, J. S. O'Hagan. 124 Florida avenue northwest.

Press Feeders and Assistants, No. 42: Meets Typographical Temple on the first Thursday of each month. Secretary, Mrs. Annie M. Mills, 15 I street northeast.

Printing Pressman, No. 1: Meets 4th Thursday of each month, Typographical Temple, Secretary, Daniel Leane, 231 H street, Northeast.

Retail Clerks, No. 262: Meets first and third Mondays of each month at Typographical Temple, 423-425 G street northwest. Secretary, August Vogelsberger, 1535A 3rd street northwest.

Sheet Metal Workers, No. 102: Meets first and third Wednesdays of each month, Building Trades Hall. Secretary, Charles T. Thorpe, 1201 21st street northwest.

Slate and Tile Roofers, Local No. 12: Meets second and fourth Wednesday at Costello's, Sixth and G. Secretary, J. D. Huddleston, 2415 Penna. Ave. northwest.

Steam Fitters, & Helpers No. 602: Meets first and third Wednesday at the Paperhanger's Hall, 430 9th St. n. w. Secretary, Wm. Whyte, 222 F st. n. w.

Stone Masons, No. 2: Meets Building Trades Hall on first and third Monday. Secretary, Evans

Stone and Marble Cutters: Meets second and fourth Tuesday of each month, at Jonadab Hall.

Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Typewriters, and Assistants Union No. 11773: Meets first Tuesday of each month, Pythian Temple, 1008 9th street northwest. Secretary, L. A. Sterne, Ouray Bldg.

Tailors, Journeymen, No. 188: Meets first Tuesday in each nonth in Costello's hall. Secretary, I. Geraci, 1451 N street northwest.

Team Owners Union, No. 393: Meets every Tuesday, 8 p. m., 1047 Jefferson St., northwest. Secretary, W. C. Peter, 1068 Jefferson St. northwest

Theatrical Stage Employees International Alliance, Local 22: Meets first and third Sundays every month, Eagle Club House. Secretary, T. I Trundle, 1062 Jefferson street northwest.

Typographical Union, Columbia, No. 101: Meets on the third Sunday of each month, 2:30 p. m., Typographical Temple. Secretary, Geo. G. Seibold, Typographical Temple.

Upholsterers Union, No. 58: Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month, 516 9th street northwest. Secretary, J. G. Maier. 320 A St. N. E.

Washington Building Trades Council: Meets every Thursday evening, Plasterers' Hall, 4 1-2 St. Secretary, W. K. Merryman. 5229 Georgia Ave., Northeast.

FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS

Presbyterian Ministerial Association.
Christian Church Ministerial Association.
M. E. Church Ministerial Association.
Young Men's Christian Association.

INTERNATIONALS.

International Association of Machinists: Headquarters, Rooms 402-407 McGill Building, 908-914 G street northwest. D. Douglas Wilson, editor of the Journal; George Preston, secretary-treas.

Plate Printers of North America (International Steel and Copper): Headquarters: Int. Secretary-Treasurer, Chas. T. Smith, 612 F street N, W.

LOCAL AUXILIARIES.

Bakers Union, No. 118: Meets second and fourth Saturdays; second at 4, fourth at 7:30 p. m., in Costello's Hall, 610 G street northwest Secretary, Edward Stansfield, 1407 6th Street Northwest.

Ladies' Auxiliary, Carpenters: Meets Tuesday nights, Hutchins building, Tenth and D streets northwest.

Woman's Auxiliary No. 13, of Columbia Typographical Union No. 101: Meets at Typographical Temple, Fourth Monday in each month.

Allied Printing Trades Council: Meets last Thursday, in the month at Typographical Temple. C. H. Evans. Secretary, 320 4th street northeast.

PATRONIZE OUR ADVERTISERS.

BAKERY SALESMEN

Brother Thomas C. Fox, who has been confined to his home for the past ten days, is reported as being convalescent, and our members will be pleased to hear that he will again resume his duties at the store conducted by him at No. 1618 U street northwest.

Brother Ralph Dalkin, who will be remembered as having recently recovered from a very serious operation, wishes to hear from friends of his who are still in the business. He is at present located at Tampa, Fla., and is engaged at paper-hanging. Wished a transfer card to that local, but the best we can do for him is to give him a withdrawal card, which he will soon apply for.

Brother Albert Robinson, who was mentioned in this column recently as having engaged in the lunchroom business at 109 Massachusetts avenue northeast, "at the gates of the city," reports business as being all that could be expected, but that he has not been compelled to put on an extra force of clerks on account of the rush of support accorded him by the "Organized Forces" of the city.

As was reported and predicted at the last writing, the matter of the "hitching and unhitching" has been settled, even if one of the bakers concerned does still require the salesmen to go into the stable in order to get the extra feed for the horses, which must be carried along for those to whom it is not convenient to return to the bakery, in order that the horses may be fed at the proper time. This might look like "rubbing it in," but the men concerned fully deserve to have this to do, as at the time of the conferences on the subject, they either were so little interested or were fearful of notifying the committee in charge of the arrangements of the prevailing conditions. So let them do this until the time comes for the signing of a new agreement, which occurs in November, 1914.

Nominations for officers for the coming year will be in order during the month of December, at both meetings, election to be held on the occasion of the first meeting in January, 1914. So it is up to the members to be "on the job," and not to elect "You Fellows" if they consider matters have not progressed as they should during the past year. But it would be well to remember that no matter who is chosen, "you did it," so that when the usual flow of criticism is on tap during the year, you can be assured of picking the parties responsible. Possibly if this is looked after at the proper time the eternal question: "What in H— are you fellows doing?" will not be heard as often as before.

Delegate Mark Jackson, of the Baltimore Federation of Labor, was a visitor at the office of Local No. 33 on Tuesday last. Brother Jackson is well known in this city, having been a delegate to the Washington Central Labor Union.

J. L. CONSIDINE.

WELL PLEASED.

Holyoke, Mass., Nov. 21.—The Artisan, the local labor paper, expresses itself as much pleased over the result of the recent election, especially so in the election of Gov. Walsh. In speaking of him the paper says: "Lieut. Gov. Walsh made the acquaintance of the laboring men from all parts of the State at the Fitchburg Convention of the State Branch, where he addressed them and pledged himself as a friend of labor. As a result he was elected as Lieutenant Governor. He has since kept up the friendly relations, as the result of the recent election shows." The paper also hands a billet-doux to Gov. Foss as follows: "The labor men of Massachusetts are shaking hands with themselves at the good beating they administered to Foss, with the help of other fair-minded citizens. His hat may be several sizes smaller now without being a misfit. A man who would do the things he did last year, both against labor and others, should have warned him of what his fate would be. You can fool all the people some of the time, &c., but Foss found that he was a mighty poor imitator of Barnum. Let him go to Canada (where he threatened to move his factories) now, and get naturalized and try to steal the public offices of that country. This country wants him no longer."

FACTORIES IN SOUTH.

The cotton mill industry, output $650,000,000 in 1900, ranked third among the industries in the number of persons employed and seventh in the value of goods produced. This statement is in accordance with the report just compiled by the Census Bureau. A striking fact of the report is the discovery that the increase in manufacturing was much greater in the Southern States than in the North. Another illuminating feature of the report, and which, to a great degree, explains the greater increase of manufacturing in the South, is the fact that in Alabama, South and North Carolina nearly 19 per cent of all employes in the mills were children under sixteen years of age.

The only Weekly Newspaper devoted exclusively to the interests of Organized Labor. Official organ of the Central Labor Union, affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

CHANGES IN THE G. P. O.

Appointments.

William A. Jones, preeman, transferred.

Lawrence L. Dulin, pressman, reinstated.

James G. Boss, compositor, reinstated.

Samuel W. Taylor, temporary compositor.

Frank R. Cohill, caster helper, reinstated.

Miss Esther Kennedy, probationary press feeder.

Miss Frances B. Price, skilled laborer, transferred.

Arthur Green, unskilled laborer.

Howard B. Thomas, Edgar P. Wheatley, Stanley D. Harman, and John H. Yates, probationary messenger boys.

Separations.

John Murphy and Doyle C. White, pressmen, resigned.

Elmer E. Briggs, monotype machinist, resigned.

Transfers, &c.

Michael Connor, Jr., $1,800; Henry H. Wright, $1,600; Charles H. Carver, $1,400; Harry U. Trestler, $1,200; Henry Y. Dreisonstok, $1,000; clerks, office of chief clerk; Samuel G. Wise, Stephen T. Walton, William M. Camp, Theodore Gerber, John A. Onyun, Joseph B. Swinburne, Charles M. Wright, proofreaders, proof section day; Sumner F. McDonough, proofreader, proof section night; George E. Pyemont, bookbinder, office of foreman of binding; Benjamin L. Fowler, Andrew N. Goebel, Charles J. Duffy, Irwin A. Nicholson, imposers, and Walter C. Duckett, Joseph F. Montgomery, and Harry W. Wade, unskilled laborers, hand section night; Ambrose O'Keefe, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section night; Harry D. Lofland, proofreader, 60 cents per hour, proof section day; John H. Hogan, compositor, Library of Congress Branch printing section; Benjamin L. Stidham, Andrew J. Campbell, proofreaders, 60 cents per hour, proof section night; Alfred J. Baker, Daniel S. Herzog. Patrick H. McCarthy, caster helpers, 35 cents per hour, monotype section; Henry F. Oehler, bookbinder in charge, 60 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; Charles E. McAllister, bookbinder, Library of Congress Branch binding section; John McConnell, bookbinder, 50 cents per hour, forwarding and finishing section; Miss Mary E. Regan, Mrs. Dorothy G. Holland, skilled laborers, ruling and sewing section; George W. Jordon, bookbinder, forwarding and finishing section; Robert T. Frailey, bookbinder, ruling and sewing section; Benjamin H. Swain, Richard Arm, Samuel B. Ragland, Daniel P. Noone, proofreaders, 60 cents per hour, proof section; Maurice J. O'Connor, pressman in charge, 60 cents per hour, press division.

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